"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair, warmer today; Sunday probably showers; southerly winds.
For full weather report see Page 23.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 21,987. ... NEW YORK, SATURDAY, APRIL 6, 1918.—TWENTY-FOUR PAGES. TWO CENTS In Greater New York and Within Commuting Distance. | THREE CENTS Elsewhere.

ALLIES CHECK GERMAN MOVEMENT ON AMIENS; 'THEY ARE COMPLETELY STOPPED,' SAYS FOCH; YESTERDAY'S ATTACK AGAINST BRITISH ONLY

NATION TO LAUNCH LOAN DRIVE TODAY AT HUGE RALLIES

Parades, Mass Meetings, Special Trains, and Ringing of Bells Throughout Land.

PATRIOTIC RIVALRY INTENSE

President at Baltimore Heads List of Famous Men Who Will Make Speeches.

HOLIDAYS IN MANY STATES

Campaign Workers Prepared for a Gentle but Firm "Conscripting" of Subscriptions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—Competition for the honor flag in the race among cities and communities to complete the subscription for allotted quotas of Liberty bonds of the third issue began today. The County of York, Penn., telegraphed Secretary McAdoo that its quota had been finished and asked to be recorded as having anticipated the start in the race which will begin at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning. The town of Glen Ridge, N. J., also telegraphed that it had completed its quota, and laid claim to first honors.

The telegram from Glen Ridge explained that the percentage of individual subscriptions based on population had been absorbed before noon. Forty-three per cent. of the total population of the town, or 1,788, out of 4,100 persons, bought bonds. The total number of houses in Glen Ridge is only 1,025. The town also pointed out that with a quota of $102,000, it sold $800,000 worth of bonds. If this average were maintained in the coming loan, there would be more than 40,000,000 subscribers in the entire country.

As the race for the flag does not start officially until 9 o'clock tomorrow morning and records are to be filed according to the filing time mark on the telegrams reporting the completion of quotas, dispatches received today will not be accepted as official. The first honors will apparently depend on a slight element of chance according as the telegraph companies make quick time with their dispatches.

Knights of Columbus Subscribe.

D. J. Callahan, Supreme Treasurer of the Knights of Columbus, informed Secretary McAdoo today that the Supreme Board of Directors of the order had authorized him to subscribe for $500,000 worth of Third Liberty Loan bonds. This is the largest authorized subscription to the third loan that has been reported by any organization.

The campaign for the sale of the third bond issue of $3,000,000,000 will start with great demonstrations of patriotism in every large city in the country. Reports to the Secretary of the Treasury indicate also that in hundreds of cities and in rural communities there will be similar patriotic support of the campaign.

Four of the largest meetings will be held in Baltimore, St. Louis, Philadelphia, and Cleveland, where President Wilson, Vice President Marshall, Secretary McAdoo, and Secretary Daniels, respectively, will speak. The Baltimore speaking engagement is the only one that the President has made for the campaign, but the three other officials will make additional addresses. Secretary McAdoo is to be booked for another four weeks' swing around the country in behalf of the loan.

Three of the biggest features of the campaign will be the special war exhibit trains that will be run in the St. Louis, Dallas and Atlanta districts. The nucleus of these exhibits, obtained from the French Government, has been supplemented by other exhibits furnished by the War Department.

The trains will be provided with speakers of national reputation and soldiers who have seen actual service either in the French, British, or American armies in the theatre of war. Each district will have two trains, and they will tour throughout the campaign.

Arrangements have been made for dividing the Great Lakes Naval Station band, of which John Philip Sousa is the leader, into several different sections and utilizing them throughout the campaign in the Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, Cleveland, Philadelphia, and New York districts. Mr. Sousa will lead a unit of 350 pieces at the St. Louis opening, and later he will lead other units at different times and in different cities.

Little Canvassing Today.

It is not expected that extensive selling will be done tomorrow as most of the

Continued on Page Four.

Did you ever notice how much war news that you get in the morning paper already appeared in the final edition of the N. Y. Evening Post the night before? The reason is plain. When it is 4 o'clock in New York it is 9 at the battle front. The Evening Post now 3 cents, same as other papers.—Advt.

American Sergeant Wins Five Duels in the Skies

WASHINGTON, April 5.—An official dispatch from France today says that one of the American aviation pilots recently sent to the French front, Sergeant Putnam, has already to his credit four victories, and a fifth which has not yet been certified.

NEWTON, Mass., April 5.—Sergeant David E. Putnam, who is officially credited with downing four German airplanes, is 19 years old and is a direct descendant of General Israel Putnam, revolutionary war hero. He was a student at Harvard University in the class of 1920 when the United States declared war. He tried for two months to enter the army, but was held back by some minor physical trouble. Then he shipped on a cattle steamer as cabin boy, and, finally reaching Paris, succeeded in joining the Lafayette Escadrille.

ASSERTS AUSTRIA SOUGHT A PARLEY

French Official Statement Charges Czernin Reversed Story of Peace Inquiry.

MEETING IN SWITZERLAND

Paris Envoy Told to "Listen and Say Nothing"—Vienna Defends Czernin Version.

PARIS, April 5.—In an official statement issued by the Government today Premier Clemenceau's denial of the truth of the assertion of Foreign Minister Czernin, that a conversation concerning peace had been held between Austria and France, was given confirmation. The note follows:

"Premier Clemenceau, upon assuming the duties of President of the Council, found that conversations had been entered into in Switzerland, upon Austria's initiative, between the Count Revertata, a personal friend of Emperor Charles, and Commandant Armand of the Second Bureau, French General Staff, designated for that purpose by the French Minister at the time.

"M. Clemenceau did not wish to assume the responsibility of interrupting conferences which had yielded no results but which might furnish useful sources of information. Commandant Armand thus was allowed to continue his journey in Switzerland, upon the request of Count Revertata. Instructions were given M. Armand in the presence of his chief by M. Clemenceau as follows: 'Listen and say nothing.'

Quotes Austrian Admission.

"Count Revertata, becoming convinced that his attempt to bring about a German peace was doomed to failure, in order to fully characterize his mission, gave Commandant Armand a letter written in his own hand, dated Feb. 25, 1918, the first sentence of which reads:

"'During the month of August, 1917, with a view to obtaining from the French Government a proposition to Austria which might lead to future peace and be of such a nature as to be susceptible of being indorsed by Austria and presented to the German Government, conferences have been entered upon.'

"Count Revertata, being himself the solicitor, acknowledges it in the following terms: 'That the purpose was to obtain from the French Government propositions of peace, under cover of Austria, for transmission to Berlin.'

"Such is the fact established by an authenticated document which Count Czernin has dared to refer to in the following terms: 'Clemenceau, shortly before the beginning of the offensive on the western front, had me asked whether I was ready to enter upon negotiations, and upon what basis.' In speaking thus he not only did not tell the truth, but told the opposite of truth, which in France is termed 'lying.'

Says Czernin "Reversed" Story.

"It is but natural that Premier Clemenceau should be unable to restrain his indignation when Count Czernin, justly anxious as to the final consequences of the western offensive, reversed the roles with such audacity, representing the French Government as begging for peace at the very moment when, with our Allies, we were preparing for the infliction of a supreme defeat upon the Central Empires.

"It would be too easy to recall to what extent Austria has importuned Rome, Washington, and London with solicitations for an alleged separate peace which had no other aim than to slip upon us the yoke which she professes to find to her taste. Who does not know the story of a recent meeting (in Switzerland, of course,) of a former Austrian Ambassador and a figure high in the councils of the Entente Allies?

Continued on Page Three.

CHU CHIN CHOW—CENTURY THEATRE
7th Big Month—Biggest Success in N. Y.
Eves. 8—Matinee Today at 2.—Advt.

MASS BLOWS NEAR ALBERT

Germans Throw in Six Divisions on a Front of 9,000 Yards.

PRINCE EITEL IN BATTLE

Kaiser's Son Commanded the Guards Division in Fierce Struggle That Took Hamel.

STRAIGHTENS GERMAN LINE

Result of Thursday's Pounding South of the Somme to Eliminate a Small Salient.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, Friday, April 5.—Heavy attacks by the enemy are in progress north of the Somme, from Albert to Aveluy Wood. So far as my knowledge goes, up to the hour of writing, when there is not such certain news, their only gain this morning was to bite off a small salient opposite the village of Dernancourt, across the railway from Amiens to Albert. The British are now counterattacking them at this place.

The enemy's attack was in considerable strength. I believe it may be reckoned as something like six German divisions on a battlefront of some 9,000 yards, or one regiment to every 600 yards, which is rather formidable odds against the British.

It became clear this morning that they had used the last few days of comparative inactivity to get many of their guns over the bogged ground of the Somme battlefields, for their barrage fire which preceded the attack was heavy and deep.

The Attack in the North.

Again the spilling of German blood goes on apace. Further north there is separate fighting in progress today round about the village of Ayette—such a wretched little place of brick-dust and broken walls when I saw it last on the way from Arras to Bapaume—and the enemy is trying to recapture this, his fire reaching to villages several thousand yards behind the British front.

The British troops in this district are defending their positions resolutely, and the first reports indicate that the German storm troops are suffering under their machine gun fire, after being shelled in their assembly places by heavy and field artillery.

South of the Somme yesterday most of the fighting was against French troops, so that I knew very little about it because the army of the French is outside my province. English troops fought shoulder to shoulder with "the forget-me-nots" and the action was very fierce.

The enemy had a prodigious number of men engaged there yesterday, and from twelve to fourteen German divisions can be identified, including three Guards divisions. These are the Third, commanded by Prince Eitel Friedrich, who commanded the attack on Fort Douaumont in the battle of Verdun; the Guards Reserve Division, the Fourth Guards Division, and elements of the famous Brandenburg corps.

Trying to Straighten Their Line.

The main result of the day's fighting, which was of extreme severity, was the enemy's gain of the village of Hamel, southeast of Corbie, on the Somme, somewhat straightening the line of his advance in the direction of Amiens. It is quite obvious that, if his intention is to strike for Amiens itself along the Valley of the Somme, challenging another great battle with the British forces in liaison with the French, he must at all costs push forward his line across the little River Ancre, north of Albert, in order to avoid an acute salient. I have no doubt that this is the object of his attack in that neighborhood today, for already his salient south of the Somme is so dangerous to him that British field guns are shooting his men in the back.

From what I could gather today—and, needless to say, in the beginning of an action information can seldom be very definite or precise—the present action is merely a straightening-out process of the enemy and is not another great drive, which I believe he will certainly attempt later if his object is attained in these manoeuvres for positions.

Meanwhile the British keep him pinned across the Ancre and hold their flank firmly on the north bank of the Somme. East of Amiens their troops are fighting with most dogged resolution to foil his plans. The New Zealanders and other troops in sharp actions, with the initiative on their side, this morning in two assaults on his lines captured 120 and 130 prisoners, respectively, not including several officers. These troops are full of spirit, and the enemy is having a bad time from their activities.

New German Supergun Moving Toward Coast?

AMSTERDAM, April 5.—According to Les Nouvelles of Maastricht, another long-range gun similar to those already bombarding Paris passed through Belgium from Essen on Monday. The length of the barrel is from 20 to 25 meters, (65 to 80 feet,) and the calibre from 20 to 25 centimeters.

AT LEAST 14 DIVISIONS HURLED AT THE ALLIES

Heavy Guns Slow to Come Up and Foe Used Mobile Artillery to Start Fight.

LONDON, April 5.—The Germans have made a formidable effort, probably aimed at getting astride of the Amiens-Paris Railways, says Reuter's correspondent at British Headquarters in France.

Thanks to the stubborn resistance, the only success attained was the driving of a salient of about 7,000 yards wide to an extreme depth of 2,000 yards.

Among the fourteen German divisions (approximately 168,000 men) which are believed to have been engaged were some of the best corps, including the 1st Prussian Guard, commanded by Prince Eitel Friedrich, and two other guard divisions.

Another Reuter dispatch from headquarters, describing yesterday's attack on the British lines, says that the infantry advanced at about 7 o'clock in the morning after a heavy bombardment from a great concentration of his mobile artillery. The usual principle of attacking in dense waves was followed by the Germans. The assault was over a wide front, and appeared to have had for its object a converging movement on the town of Corbil, (nearly four miles northwest of Hamel.)

Along a greater part of the front the Germans were held and lost heavily through machine-gun and rifle fire, the dispatch continues, but in the neighborhood of Hamel a little salient in the line was straightened out under heavy pressure by the enemy. The first counter attack delivered by the British troops was not in sufficient weight to restore the position.

Among the German units fighting on the Somme the famous Brandenburg Corps has been identified, the correspondent adds. Although the enemy has used all the artillery he could concentrate, his fire has not been particularly heavy as bombardments go nowadays. He has trusted mainly to a preponderance of numbers.

Prisoners report that owing to bad communications and the harrassing fire of the British guns the Germans are experiencing great difficulty in bringing up heavy batteries and necessary ammunition.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, April 5, (Associated Press.)—During most of Thursday the main weight of the enemy thrust was against the French on the right of the British.

No less than fourteen German divisions were employed in this drive between the Somme and Montdidier, and three of these were guard units. The Fourth Guards Division was opposite the British on the south bank of the Somme.

The official report of the French War Office yesterday stated that men from fifteen German divisions had been used on "this part of the front," seven being fresh ones.

HINDENBURG ASSERTS VICTORY IS CERTAIN

Says "Entente in the Last Few Months Has Convinced Us" of This.

LONDON, April 5.—"The Entente in the last few months has convinced us that the victory which we require to insure Germany's political and economic future cannot now be taken from us," said Field Marshal von Hindenburg in a telegram to the Essen Chamber of Commerce, according to a dispatch to the Central News from Amsterdam.

"We must suffer still for a short time the present anxieties in order to insure our good future," the Field Marshal is quoted as having added.

BUY THIRD LIBERTY LOAN BONDS.
Hartshorne & Picabia, 7 Wall St.—Advt.

PETAIN IN COUNTERATTACKS

Germans Unable to Resume Drive, and French Regain Ground.

TAKE NEW GRIP ON CANTIGNY

Foe Suffered "Cruel Losses" in His Offensive, Says Paris Bulletin.

AIMED TO SEIZE RAILWAY

But Failed Utterly, Despite the Reckless Waste of Men in Their Efforts.

PARIS, April 5.—German forces on the front north of Montdidier failed to resume today their very heavy offensive of yesterday, according to tonight's bulletin of the French War Office. Taking advantage of the lull in the enemy's operations, Pétain's troops, by vigorous counterattacks, succeeded in improving their positions at several points, notably in the regions of Mailly-Raineval (south of Moreuil) and Cantigny, (northwest of Montdidier,) The northern and western outskirts of Cantigny, which was taken by the Germans several days ago, are now in French hands.

To the eastward of Montdidier the artillery fire today between Lassigny and Noyon has been violent, as it was all day yesterday.

Fifteen divisions (about 180,000 men) were used by the Germans in their terrific blow of yesterday, seven of these being fresh ones.

They aimed to reach the Amiens-Paris railway, but, despite their superior strength, says the day report of the War Office, they failed in this, although they pushed back the French at one point—Castel, (on the west bank of the Avre and about three miles north of Moreuil.) Elsewhere, it is stated, the French regiments held and "inflicted cruel losses on the enemy."

At two points in this area, indeed, the French won some ground. They also gained a success near Orvillers, in the Lassigny region.

The night statement of the War Office is as follows:

The Germans did not resume their attacks on the front north of Montdidier during the course of the day.

Our troops have vigorously counterattacked the enemy and have succeeded in improving their positions at several points, notably the region of Mailly-Raineval and Cantigny, the north and west outskirts of which town are in our hands.

The activity of both artilleries between Lassigny and Noyon have been continuously violent. A further gain of ground was realized this afternoon north of Mont Renaud.

Aviation. — On Wednesday we brought down five German airplanes and one captive balloon was destroyed by fire. During Tuesday night and Wednesday our bombing squadrons made numerous sorties and 23,000 kilograms (twenty-five tons) of projectiles were dropped on cantonments, stations, and enemy establishments. Fires were caused, notably in the stations at Laon and St. Quentin. It is confirmed that from March 31 to April 3 five other enemy airplanes were destroyed by our pilots.

The day bulletin of the War Office reads:

The Germans continued their attacks during the night with undiminished violence, throwing fresh forces into the battle. We have identified fifteen divisions on this part of the front, seven of them fresh ones.

Notwithstanding the marked superiority in the strength of the enemy forces, which the Germans used up recklessly, they did not obtain their objective, which was the railway from Amiens to Clermont, as is shown by documents found on prisoners. French regiments, re-

Continued on Page Two.

"HER COUNTRY"—HARRIS THEATRE.
The play you cannot afford to miss.—Advt.

"All Is Going Well," Says the Allied Commander, Who Adds That German "Tidal Wave" Is Broken

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, April 4, (Associated Press.)—General Foch, the new Commander-in-Chief, in welcoming The Associated Press and other war correspondents tonight, said that he hoped they would continue to work for the interests of the common cause of the Allies as they hitherto had done. Pointing to a map, General Foch said:

"All is going well. Look at the small advances made by the boche—to call them by their real name—during the 27th, 28th, 29th and 30th.

"It is now the 4th of April, and it is clearly evident that the great tidal wave of the German Army has been broken on the shore, evidently because it met an obstacle. Now they are against an embankment and completely stopped.

"The future will show the full measure of our success. We are going to try to do better and to get the upper hand of the boche. I cannot say what will happen, but all is going well."

General Foch then wished the correspondents success in their work. He spoke with cool confidence. Every action, every glance portrayed a strong man, fully alive to his task, and prepared to deal with it.

SMASHED BIG GUN, PARIS BELIEVES

Concentration by French Artillery Probably Destroyed German Super-Cannon.

THEORY IT RUNS ON RAILS

And Hides in a Tunnel Between Shots—Can't Muffle It by Firing Other Heavies.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 5.—German long-range guns which have been bombarding Paris continue to excite a great deal more curiosity among the public than fear. The belief is growing that the statement that one of these guns has been destroyed by an explosion has really been deliberately set afloat by the Germans themselves to conceal the fact that the French artillerymen have succeeded in putting one of the long-range weapons permanently out of business.

It should be noted that the statement of the accidental destruction of the gun originally came from German prisoners taken on the French front, and was embroidered with circumstantial detail to the effect that five of the gun's crew were killed by the explosion. This means of concealing the facts would be quite in accordance with boche methods, whereas it is quite unlikely that they would have allowed a word to leak out if the gun really had been destroyed, as they say it was. The rigid secrecy successfully preserved hitherto in regard to these guns makes it quite unlikely, especially so soon after the event that the boche soldiers would be able to give such detailed facts.

It is now thought possible that like the 15-inch guns which bombarded Nancy and Dunkirk, these guns may be mounted on railway carriages and take refuge in a tunnel after each shot. The nearest suitable French heavy guns are probably at least eleven miles from the emplacement of the German weapons, at which distance so small a mark is very difficult to hit. The guns never fire after dark, hence it is impossible to locate them by the flash, which is one of the commonest means of getting similar information, and photography from airplanes can be of little use in such circumstances for many reasons.

Experts here suggest that the most practical method of silencing the cannon would be to concentrate a large number of heavy guns dropping high explosives over a wide area and to freely deluge the ground at the same time with gas shells which would make use of the gun impossible for the time being.

Charles Nordman, in The Matin, suggests that French artillerymen concentrate their fire on the region where the gun is supposed to be as soon as the report of its discharge is heard. The impossibility of preventing the report of the gun being identified seems to be its weakest point. The Germans are trying to meet this by firing other heavy guns at the same moment, but this does not prevent the voice of the monster being easily identified. Nordman asserts that the gun is not now in the same place as originally, but a mile and a half further back.

The much less frequent fall of shells in Paris during the last few days is proof that the French artillery work is having a serious effect on the efficiency of the Boches' latest invention, and that at any moment a lucky shot may finally silence the German weapon.

LOUIS RHEAD'S new "NYMPH" (creeper) kills TROUT when flies fail. 317 Ocean Av., B'klyn.—Advt.

BERLIN REPORTS 'LOCAL' FIGHTING

That and Artillery Duels the Only Activity on the Somme, It Is Stated.

RECOUNTS THURSDAY GAINS

Two Towns Taken from French and One from British—Counts 90,000 Prisoners.

BERLIN, April 5, (via London.)—There were only local infantry engagements on both sides of the Somme today, according to the official communication issued from headquarters this evening. The statement adds that the Germans repulsed French counterattacks during the day along the Avre River.

The day bulletin told of successes won in yesterday's drive south of the Somme. The capture of Hamel and the woods southeast and northeast of Villers-Bretonneux from the British, and of Castel (northwest of Moreuil) and Mailly, both on the west bank of the Avre, from the French troops was recorded.

The allied prisoners taken in the offensive since March 21 now exceeds 90,000, it is stated, and the number of guns taken more than 1,300.

The night bulletin reads:

There have been artillery duels and local infantry engagements on both sides of the Somme.

Strong French counterattacks failed on the western bank of the Avre.

There has been lively artillery activity before Verdun.

The day communication of the Headquarters Staff is as follows:

After a hard struggle we have taken, between the Somme and the Luce Rivers, Hamel and also the wooded districts northeast and southeast of Villers-Bretonneux and the castle (town of Castel) and Mailly, on the west bank of the Avre.

We attacked yesterday south of the Somme and on both sides of Moreuil and threw the enemy out from his strong positions. English and French reserves advanced against our troops. Their storming attack broke under our fire.

The enemy showed desperate resistance on the whole of the front. His losses are consequently unusually severe. We took several thousand of prisoners.

According to a completed calculation, the number of prisoners brought in by the army of General von Hutier in the period from March 21 to March 29 amounts to 51,218 and the captured guns to 729. With these captures the whole booty up to the present has risen to more than 90,000 prisoners and more than 1,300 guns.

By way of reprisal for the continual bombardment for some days of our shelters in Laon we have taken Rheims under our fire.

In Champagne and on the east bank of the Meuse successful thrusts have brought us prisoners.

Before Verdun the artillery battle, which had increased during the day, was also lively during the night.

"THE BLUE BIRD of Happiness is right at your own door!" — See top of page 8.—Advt.

MOVE ON THE BRITISH FRONT

Turn from Direct Amiens Drive to Strike Haig North of Somme.

MAKE BUT SLIGHT PROGRESS

They Reach the Albert-Amiens Railway, but Are Driven Back by British.

THURSDAY'S GAINS COSTLY

Pressed Forward in Hamel Region by Sheer Weight of Repeated Assaults.

LONDON, April 5.—Giving up for the time, at least, their assaults on the British front south of the Somme, the German forces today delivered heavy attacks on Haig's lines from the Somme northward to a point above Bucquoy, (a distance of approximately twenty miles.)

Trench mortars and other artillery served to give prelude to a series of infantry drives, but, according to the night report from General Haig, the Germans gained "virtually no success anywhere" and suffered heavy losses.

While these operations were going on the British on the same front attacked near Hebuterne and captured machine guns and about 200 prisoners.

The fighting of yesterday on the British front south of the Somme (where today the enemy attempted nothing) was of a very severe character, the official reports issued today and tonight reveal. In the conflict, which lasted far into last night, the Germans threw large forces at the line and compelled the British to fall back a little to new positions east of Villers-Bretonneux, (about three miles southwest of Hamel and nine miles east of Amiens.) Here they held their ground against renewed assaults.

Field Marshal Haig's report tonight reads:

This morning the activity of the enemy's artillery and trench mortars increased north of the Somme and was followed by a series of strong infantry attacks along all of that portion of the battlefront which lies between the Somme and Bucquoy.

The latest reports indicate that these attacks met with virtually no success anywhere and have resulted in further heavy casualties to the enemy.

On the same front our troops carried out a successful attack in the neighborhood of Hebuterne. They took some 200 prisoners and a number of machine guns.

South of the Somme there were no further attacks made on the British front by the enemy today.

It is confirmed that the fighting yesterday on this front was of a most severe and persistent nature, the enemy making repeated assaults on our positions east of Villers-Bretonneux.

A War Office communication issued this evening says:

Since dawn this morning the Germans have delivered heavy attacks north and south of Dernancourt, southwest of Albert, and in the region of Moyenneville.

At Dernancourt and southwest of Albert they succeeded in getting a footing in our defenses. The situation at Albert was restored by a counterattack.

In the region of Mesnil and Beaumont-Hamel our line has been heavily shelled, and some infantry fighting has taken place near Mesnil, but without advantage to the enemy. Enemy attacks on Moyenneville were repulsed.

An attack carried out by our troops southeast of Gommecourt resulted in the capture of 120 prisoners.

On the British front south of the Somme the situation has been quiet.

The day bulletin of the War Office is as follows:

Between the Luce River and the Somme heavy fighting continued yesterday during the afternoon and evening till a late hour. The enemy

employed strong forces and delivered repeated assaults on our positions. These attacks were beaten off with loss to the enemy, but our troops were pressed back a short distance to positions east of Villers-Brettonneux, (about nine miles east of Amiens,) which they now maintain.

North of the Somme the enemy's artillery has been active during the night in the neighborhood of Bucquoy and in the Scarpe Valley.

Hostile concentrations early this morning in the neighborhood of Albert were engaged by our artillery.

The aviation report, issued by the War Office tonight, reads:

Rain and mist greatly interfered with aërial operations Thursday. Our airplanes, nevertheless, reported activity during the battle south of the Somme and fired into the enemy troops.

Of the German machines which appeared on this part of the battle-front, six were brought down by airplanes and one was shot down by anti-aircraft gun fire. One of our machines is missing. Two machines reported missing during the last two days have returned.

About mid-day Friday our airplanes dropped twenty-two heavy bombs on the railway and a very large fire was caused. Anti-aircraft gun fire was considerable, but all our machines returned.

ALBERT ATTACK STRONG.

Germans Get to Railway Only to Lose Ground Again.

LONDON, April 5.—Dispatches from the western front emphasize the strength of the attacks made by the Germans on the allied lines yesterday and today.

A dispatch from The Associated Press correspondent with the British Army in France says:

"Hard fighting was proceeding today north and south of Albert as the result of a heavy attack by the Germans on the British lines along a front of 9,000 yards between Aveluy and Dernancourt.

"About the time of the assault delivered against the British on the Albert sector, the Germans also sent strong forces against the defenses north of Ablainzeville. This offensive move was short-lived, however, for the British threw the enemy back with heavy losses.

"It is believed that the German operations about Albert were undertaken mainly for the purpose of getting hold of the railway running southwest to Amiens, but that it had the additional object of straightening the enemy's lines in this zone.

"The attack was launched at 8 o'clock, after an intense bombardment of the defending position. Six enemy divisions were employed in the early hours of the fighting, which was exceedingly bitter. North of Albert the British clung tenaciously to their line, but just to the south the Germans pivoted out from Albert and swung their front westward from Dernancourt until it reached the railway on which the defenders were making a gallant stand. [The official report from Haig shows that a counterattack won back the British position here.]

"Both these attacks today, and those delivered below the Somme yesterday, appear to have been merely forerunners of what may be termed the second phase of the offensive, when the Germans will strike another great blow with vast forces against some portion of the long battle front."

CALLS OUR AIRMEN BRILLIANT.

British Writer Praises Them—300 Allied Planes Seen Aloft at Once.

LONDON, April 5.—A tribute to American aviators with the British Army in France who are "numerous and always brilliant" is paid by the correspondent of The Daily News. He says that American aviation mechanics also have rendered splendid aid.

Describing the air fighting on the western front, the correspondent says that never before in any army have airplanes been used in such great concentration.

On one sector of the battle front as many as 300 machines are in the air at one time. The use of machine guns on enemy troops, guns, and transports by low-flying machines has been carried to a point far beyond anything in previous experience.

GERMANS FELL BY COMPANIES.

Wounded in Hospitals in Paris Tell of Great Slaughter.

PARIS, April 5.—The accounts of carnage in the German ranks, wrought by the fire of the Allies, as given in official communications and by correspondents at the front, are confirmed by stories of the wounded in French hospitals.

"We cut down the Germans as a harvester cuts down wheat," said a wounded Lieutenant, back from Lassigny. "We went on cutting them down until we emptied our cartridge boxes. Then our dragoons, on their mounts, came right up to the firing line and brought us more cartridges."

A Corporal, horribly burned by gas, but not downcast, said:

"Yes, they fixed me up this way, but that does not matter. I am revenged. It is almost incredible—the way they fell in groups, in companies. I shall survive my burns, but the thousands and thousands of Germans whom I saw fall will never be seen again."

ENGLAND WATCHES ON MAPS.

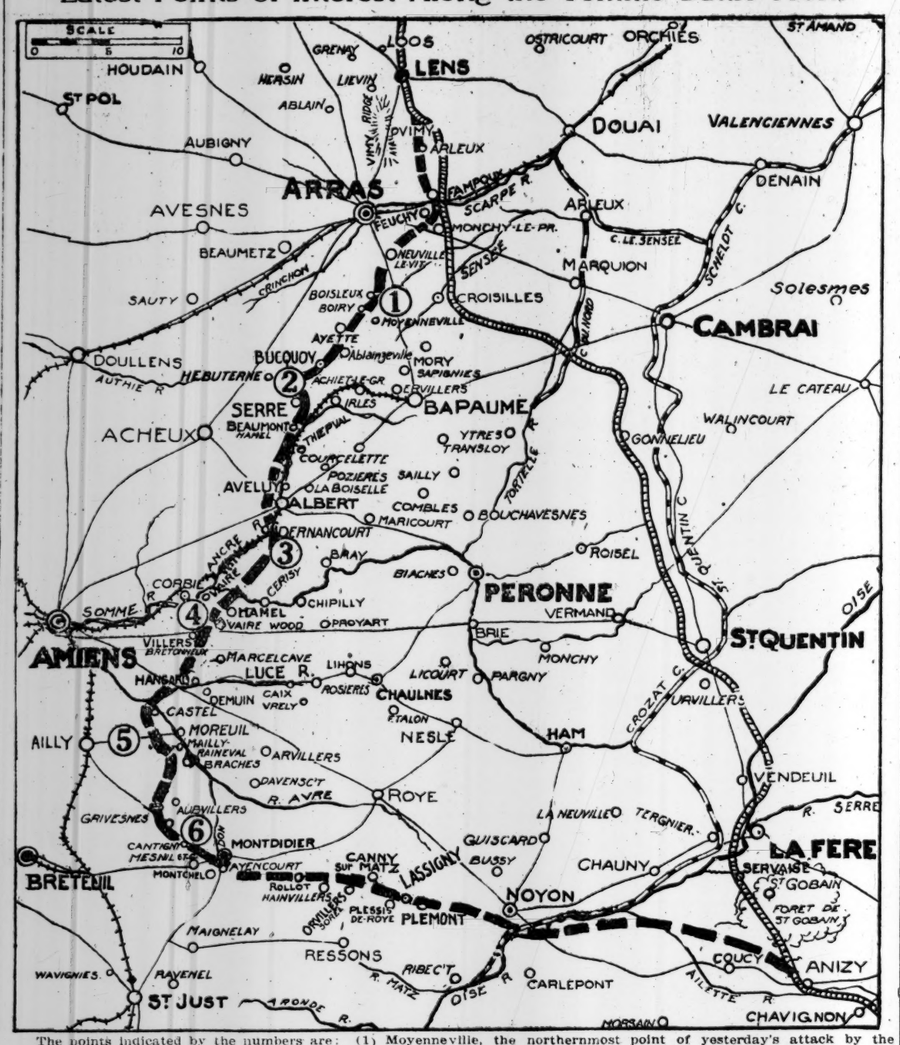
Reserves Won't Be Used Prematurely, Says One Paper.

LONDON, April 5.—England is calmly watching on the maps the result of this latest offensive, and every scrap of news about it is read eagerly.

"Our difficulties and those of the enemy are fairly obvious," says The Standard. "We are suffering from a very heavy blow dealt to General Gough's army. The enemy on his side finds that the salient, created through that local success, is too narrow for his purpose.

"A good many people no doubt experienced a certain disappointment that no great reaction on the part of the Allies followed the exhaustion of the German effort. It should be remembered that the battle is only in its earliest stages, and nothing would please the enemy commanders better than a premature employment of the reserves."

Latest Points of Interest Along the Somme Battle Front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R. MATZ
R. OISE
R. ARONDE
R. LUCE
R. SCARPE
R. SENSEE
R. SOMME
R. CRINCHON
R. ANCRE
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R. HALLUE
R. TORTILLE
R. QUENTIN
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URGE FULL UNITY AGAINST GERMANS

Many in Paris Say It Should Be Political as Well as Military.

WANT OUR AID IN ITALY

American Observers There Say We Should Send a Contingent, However Small.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Friday, April 5.—It is generally conceded that the Germans profited greatly by the lack of unity between the British and French armies when their offensive was launched March 21. They thrust straight at the joint between the two armies, where a certain amount of confusion was inevitable.

It is no secret that this disadvantage was clearly foreseen, and that the British Government labored earnestly to reach the goal of military unity at the last meeting of the Versailles Council. Military pride and prejudice blocked the way which broad-minded statesmanship had opened up. Thanks to American insistence, measures were adopted which had the effect of framing an organization ready for the emergency which afterward arose.

There are those who believe that if the plan proposed by the French and conditionally acquiesced in by the British civil authorities had been adopted at the last Versailles meeting, the German drive would not have got so far. Retrospects are not profitable, however, except for their bearing on the future. There is a large body of opinion which finds an analogy between the military situation two months ago and the political situation today and says: "We must unify allied action eventually—why not now?" During these next months statecraft and generalship must make common cause immediately behind the front of battles which will rock every foundation of civilization. The questions arising from day to day will brook no delay.

One decision that must be made immediately is whether America can send soldiers to Italy. All Americans returning from that country say the same thing: "Hurry a contingent of American troops, however small, to Italy. Make the Italians know that we are in the war and will stay till the finish, and that all they need do to realize their hopes is to stick."

FOCH'S CONFIDENCE IMPRESSES

All Who Visit Him at French Headquarters Bring Good Reports.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 5.—I have talked today with high authorities who returned from headquarters.

They bring good reports and say that General Foch is confident.

The Generalissimo impresses all his colleagues with his mastery of the situation.

PARIS, April 6.—Replying to Baron Uehara, Chief of the General Staff of the Japanese Army, who sent a telegram congratulating the French Army, General Foch has sent the following message:

"In the name of the French Army, I thank you for the congratulations and best wishes sent by the Japanese Army. In close union with all our allies, we will stop everywhere the enemy's rush and gain a victory which will affirm the triumph of our great cause."

Premier Clemenceau telegraphed Lieut. Gen. Oshima, the Japanese Minister of War, as follows:

"The French soldiers are proud of the praise which you addressed to them. They will continue to show themselves worthy of it and will repulse victoriously the supreme assault of the German coalition."

FOE'S SUPERGUN OUTDONE.

American Gun Said to Throw a Bigger Shell 60 Miles.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, April 5. — With a range of approximately sixty miles, what is believed to be a tremendous advantage in mobility, and the use of a projectile of greater diameter and weight than that of the German super gun, which has been bombarding Paris, the giant, long range cannon now under construction "somewhere near Philadelphia" is called a greater military asset than the Browning machine gun.

Its points of superiority have convinced military experts that the new weapon, once in use, will stop the long range German bombardments of cities and hamlets in France.

How Germany fears this new weapon was shown when it was announced that German agents already had attempted to learn the secrets involved in its manufacture and have failed.

Only one man may talk officially about the gun. He is Samuel M. Vauclain, ordnance expert of the Council of National Defense. Mr. Vauclain is expected in this city tomorrow. He attended a conference of munition officials in Washington today, after announcing the fact last night that the gun is under construction.

CATHOLICS HERE PROTEST.

Cardinal Farley Sends a Message of Sympathy to Paris Prelate.

The Catholics of New York, through a message sent to France yesterday by Cardinal Farley, gave voice to their indignation over the killing, by means of the German long-range gun, of innocent persons gathered at religious services in a Paris church on Good Friday. The message, which also pledges unfaltering allegiance in the war for liberty and justice, follows:

His Eminence Cardinal Amette, Archbishop of Paris, France:

Shocked by the brutal killing of innocent victims gathered at religious services to commemorate the passing of our blessed Saviour on Good Friday, the Catholics of New York join your noble protest against this outrage of the sanctuary on such a day and at such an hour and, expressing their sympathy to the bereaved relatives of the dead and injured, pledge their unfaltering allegiance in support of the common cause that unites our two great Republics. May God bless the brave officers and men of the allied armies in their splendid defense of liberty and justice!

JOHN CARDINAL FARLEY,
Archbishop of New York.

ROMANOFFS PUT TO WORK.

Even Former Princesses Toil in Gardens Under Armed Guards.

MOSCOW, April 4. (Associated Press.)—Members of the former Russian Imperial family living in the Crimea have been greatly restricted in their movements. They are not permitted to visit one another. All of them, even former Princesses, are working in the gardens under armed guards.

All the members of the Romanoff family living in the Petrograd district have been ordered exiled to Perm and Vologa, in the Ural Mountain region. According to the Reanneye Outro, the Council of Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates of Vologda has refused to admit them to the city.

ITALIANS' FAITH IN ALLIES STRONG

Sure That the Big German Drive Will Be Checked by French and British.

EXPECT NEW ONE IN ITALY

Belief That Austria-Hungary Wants One Now Because of Internal Conditions—Italians Troops Ready.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS, April 3, (Delayed.) — The German offensive in France has impressed, even more, if possible, than the retreat from Caporetto, the minds of Italians with the absolute necessity of the Allies standing together against what is regarded as Germany's last desperate effort. On the Piave front I heard from officers and soldiers numberless expressions of abiding faith in the ability of the Anglo-French armies to check the advance of the Germans after the latter had exhausted their first reserves.

One Italian Colonel said to me:

"Why should we not have faith in them? We have seen them fighting side by side with us on our front, especially the French, who with unequalled dash and spirit reconquered Monte Tomba for us. Now that they are fighting for the safety of their own country you see what marvels they have accomplished."

Every one here is firmly convinced that Austria is preparing as big a drive against the Italian front as Germany prepared in France. In fact, it is believed that the Dual Monarchy is even more eager for a decisive thrust than Germany, as her internal conditions are much worse than her ally's. Everything denotes that the Italian military authorities have taken all possible measures to check the new offensive.

We motored from Bologna to Headquarters, through mile upon mile of flat, intensively cultivated country, every now and then passing a group of white houses with green shutters, above which the usual Venetian campanile rose straight and graceful against the deep blue sky. To the north rose a chain of snow-capped mountains, those which with so much sacrifice of blood the Italians wrenched from the grasp of the Austrians, who today hold them again—a continual reminder to every Italian that he cannot lay down his arms so long as his country's hereditary enemy occupies part of its territory.

The sun shone upon the peaceful, unmolested country, and if one had not heard the distant roar of cannon one would never have imagined that such a thing as war existed. In passing the peasants' cottages I missed the usual groups of happy, laughing women chattering in the sun with their children rolling about among the pigs and chickens. Women were working in the fields, while children, even those of 10 and 12, were employed in mending and watering the roads, which are kept in wonderful condition, as smooth as a billiard table, while the nearer one gets to the front the better they become.

As we approached Headquarters the peaceful aspect of the countryside changed into one of turmoil and action. Immense lorries driven by English and Italians, automobiles and motor cycles whizzed by at phenomenal speed. There was a kaleidoscopic movement of colors—English officers in khaki uniforms, French in theirs of sky blue, and Italians in gray-green.

The population of ——— has come to consider air raids as a necessary evil of the war. Those who are able to leave town shut their shops and houses at twilight and then go to the country, where they hire quarters in some country house, a whole family sleeping in a single room. Those who are unable to go spend hours in their cellars, coming up after each bombardment with a philosophical shrug of the shoulders as if it were the most natural thing in the world to spend the greater part of one's nights in damp, draughty caves.

Everywhere we stopped we were surrounded and assaulted by anxious queries about the situation in France, which were followed by enthusiastic signs of rejoicing at the good reports. We heard many such remarks as these:

"The French and British are fighting splendidly. They'll lick those barbarians, and so shall we when they attack us. I wish we had some Americans here, too, for the Red Cross ambulance drivers have shown us the stuff they are made of."

THEATRES TO CLOSE WHILE SHELLS FALL

None in Paris Allowed to Open Their Doors During Big Gun Bombardment.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 4.—The authorities evidently think that the German super-gun is still a source of danger, for, in order to avoid all responsibility for a possible disaster, they have ordered that theatre matinées and afternoon performances of concerts and entertainments of all descriptions are to be discontinued. This measure is, of course, only temporary, but it has aroused a lot of discussions. In general, Paris holds that the bombardment is not such a terrible thing, at leas for the present, as to justify the closing of places of amusement.

A strong impression prevails that people should be allowed to use their own judgment and to take risk at their own discretion. Theatrical managers are against the official measure. They declare they will be forced now to suspend the evening performances, too, for receipts have been so bad of late that they counted exclusively on the matinées to cover their running expenses.

Nine theatres have already closed, and thousands of theatre employes and players are faced with a hard situation. Stars and prosperous members of the profession, however, are coming forward splendidly to the help of their less fortunate comrades. The Opéra is about to give a special benefit performance.

Paris Theatre Order Modified.

PARIS, April 5.—The Paris police authorities have decided to allow matinée performances in the theatres as usual on condition that the doors shall not be opened when a bombardment of the city by the German long-range gun begins before the matinée hour, and also that the place of amusement be immediately evacuated if the shelling begins during the performance. This is a modification of an order issued yesterday, when the entire prohibition of matinées was announced.

PARIS, April 4, (Delayed.)—General Pershing sent Brig. Gen. Lewis, commander of the American troops in Paris, to represent him personally at the funeral services today for the four American women killed in a church during the German bombardment on Good Friday. Ambassador Sharp attended the services in the American Church, and various departments of the French Government were represented. After the services General Lewis said:

"I received telegraphic instructions from General Pershing to be present with my staff as the representative of the Commander in Chief to honor the memory of the noble women who had done so much for the sufferers in the present war, and whose relatives and friends are still actively engaged in helping the cause of the Allies."

The women were Mrs. Mullen and Mrs. Edward D. Landon and Mrs. Landon's daughters, Mrs. Ralph Speed and Miss Ruth Landon.

Ingraham's Daughter a Victim.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—The name of Mme. Dutreil, daughter of ex-Justice George L. Ingraham of New York, was added today to those of Americans injured when a church in Paris was destroyed by fire from German long-range guns. Both of Mme. Dutrell's legs were broken, according to a dispatch from Ambassador Sharp.

The Ambassador's dispatch said that the President of France, members of the Ministry, and allied and neutral diplomats attended the funeral of the Counselor of the Swiss Embassy and his wife, killed in the church, and heard a funeral oration denouncing the German methods of warfare.

Mme. Claude Dutreil, the wife of a French artillery officer and herself a staff nurse at a French war hospital at Rheims, is the daughter of former Presiding Justice George L. Ingraham, who is now Vice Chairman of the Draft Appeal Board in this city. Ex-Justice Ingraham lives at 247 Fifth Avenue. He had not received official notification of his daughter's injury last night.

Mme. Dutreil has been living in France since her marriage. Her husband, who has taken part in many actions at the front, was wounded some months ago and after a long convalescence in a French hospital returned to duty recently. Mme. Dutrell has two daughters, aged 5 and 7 years.

ITALIAN TROOPS IN FOCH'S RESERVE

Washington Hears That Large Contingents of Them Are Behind the Western Front.

HOPES RISE AT CAPITAL

Doubt as to Counterblow, but Experts Confident Germans Will Be Held Back.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—It was definitely ascertained tonight that the reserve army of the Allies, which was decided upon by the Entente War Council at Versailles, is composed of units from the armies of all the allied nations represented along the western front.

It not only embraces many thousands of British and French soldiers, but contains large Italian contingents, and American troops also have been placed at the disposal of General Foch for use in the reserve army. It is obviously impossible to give any information relative to the employment of the reserve forces or of the special destinations to which General Foch has ordered them to be sent, but there is the fullest confidence that General Foch will make the best use of the forces at his disposal and that the apparently determined effort of the Germans to win a decision on the western front this Summer will fail of accomplishment.

The fact that large Italian contingents are being placed in the Entente army is not only looked upon here as further evidence of the rapidly developing solidarity of the military strength of the Allies that General Foch will use against the Germans, but is interpreted as meaning that Italian reserves will be used in France, just as British and French reserves have been utilized in Italy.

It is another indication likewise that the Western front from the North Sea to the Adriatic is more than ever regarded as one front in which the man power of England, France, Italy, and the United States will be pooled under a single high command. It was intimated today that General Foch's extended to the higher control of the Italian as well as the French and Flanders fronts.

Foch's Plans Secret.

Nothing is disclosed here regarding General Foch's plans. It is doubtful if the War Department is aware of them. Those who know General Foch assert that he is not in the habit of taking persons into his confidence regarding his strategy outside of those most intimately identified with his plans, and in a military contest so vital and colossal as that of the campaign of 1918, the first stage of which was over when the German thrust across Picardy was halted, it would be both dangerous and important for the Generalissimo's plan of action to be known to the armies under his command.

General Foch has been credited with the statement that the Germans would never take Amiens. The operations during the past week indicate that whatever else the German General Staff may have in mind, the immediate objective is Amiens.

Call 150,000 Men This Month.

WASHINGTON, April 5. (Associated Press.)—Development of the second phase of the German drive in Picardy was watched closely here today, army officers apparently feeling that the critical point of the great struggle is rapidly approaching. Meagre reports gave little information on which to base definite opinions as to the trend of the fighting, although it seemed evident that the Germans were trying to force a foothold in strategic positions before Amiens, and at the same time to increase pressure against the junction point between the French and British armies.

The War Department is forging ahead with its efforts to speed additional American forces across the water to back up the beleaguered lines. One element of the speeding up plans was learned authoritatively. The first increment of the second draft, to be summoned this month, will be 150,000 men, instead of 50,000 as previously planned. They will be the first considerable force mobilized of the 800,000 drafted men to be called to the colors this year. The remaining 650,000 will be called out in monthly increments, the size of which will depend to some extent upon availability of shipping to transport men already in training to the front.

LONE AMERICAN DIVERTS GERMAN RAID

Sergeant's Fire Turns Attacking Force from Our Own to French Trenches.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

From a Staff Correspondent.

CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, AMERICAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCES, April 4.—French officers today are telling the story of an American Sergeant who tried to halt a boche raid by himself. He was in a French dugout on an errand from a neighboring American dugout. He had just started back along the trench on his hundred-foot trip when he saw the Germans coming. Though running rapidly, he fired a hundred rounds into the Germans before getting to the American dugout, diverting the raiding party, which got into the French front line trench instead of the American trench, where they would have gone had not the Sergeant been well supplied with ammunition.

1,238 Drafted Men Off to Camp.

The last contingent of New York City selective draft men, called last week to the colors, reported for duty at Camp Upton yesterday afternoon. There were 1,238 men in the contingent.

Shantung Silk Shirts At $3.75 Each

THE low price does these splendid shirts an injustice, for they are exceptional in wash and wear. "*Tyrite*" is a new John David easy-knot Scarf, $1.

"Ennyweather" Spring Topcoats, $25, $30, $35

THEY transform the roaring-est lion of an April storm in the meekest lamb of a May morn. Showerproofed Dark Oxfords and Vari-Colored Tweeds, close-fitted or loose-draped.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

Lord & Taylor

38th Street FIFTH AVENUE 39th Street

TO-DAY

3,600 Men's Shirts

All Woven Materials

The Best Values We Have Offered This Season.

Sizes 14 to 18 inches

at $1.55

Sleeves 33 to 36 inches

Plain and corded Madras, light-weight Flannels, as well as various other desirable woven fabrics in a choice and comprehensive assortment of patterns.

We venture to say that it will be many a day before Shirts of this quality will be offered again at this price

Ground Floor

Men's Smart Footwear at Economical Prices

Tan or Black Calfskin Lace Boots. Gun Metal Oxfords. 5.85

Fine Tan or Black Boots on English lasts. 8.50

Ground Floor

ASSERTS AUSTRIA SOUGHT A PARLEY

Continued from Page One.

The conferences lasted only a few minutes. Here again it was not our ally who sought the interview. It was the Austrian Government.

"Does not Count Czernin remember another attempt of the same sort made in Paris and London only two months before that of Count Revertata by a person of much higher rank? That again, as in the present case, is authentic, but much more significant proof exists."

VIENNA TELLS OF PARLEY BY ARMAND

Names Count as French Agent in Peace Negotiations in Switzerland.

AMSTERDAM, April 5.—An official announcement made in Vienna today reiterates the assertion of Foreign Minister Czernin, which was subsequently denied by Premier Clemenceau of France, that a conversation concerning peace had been held between Austria-Hungary and France.

An official telegram from Vienna says that Count Armand, a confidential agent of Premier Clemenceau, had an interview with Count Revertata, counselor of the Austrian Legation in Switzerland, at which the question of peace was discussed. Count Revertata declared on behalf of Austria that Foreign Minister Czernin was prepared for a discussion with a representative of France and that he believed it would be possible to carry on negotiations with success as soon as France renounced her plans for the conquest of Alsace-Lorraine. Count Armand replied, the telegram says, that M. Clemenceau was not in a position to accept the proposal for such a renunciation.

"On instructions from the Foreign Minister," says the Vienna statement, "Count Revertata, counselor of the legation in Switzerland, repeatedly had discussions in Switzerland with a confidential agent of M. Clemenceau. Count Armand, attached to the French War Ministry, who was sent to Switzerland to interview Count Revertata. As a result of the interview of these two gentlemen in Freiburg, Switzerland, on Feb. 2, the question was discussed whether and on what basis a discussion concerning the bringing about of a general peace would be possible between the Foreign Ministers of Austria-Hungary and France, or between official representatives of these Ministers.

"Thereupon Count Revertata, after obtaining instructions from the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, toward the close of February declared on behalf of the Minister to Count Armand, for communication to M. Clemenceau, that Count Czernin was prepared for a discussion with a representative of France, and regarded it as possible to hold a conversation with the prospect of success as soon as France renounced its plan for the conquest of Alsace-Lorraine.

"Count Revertata received a reply in the name of M. Clemenceau to the effect that the latter was not in a position to accept the proposed renunciation by France of this disannexation, so that a meeting of the representatives at that time would, in the view of both parties, be useless."

ZURICH, April 5.—Austrian Parliamentary circles believe that negotiations have been opened between President Wilson and Count Czernin. A telegram from Vienna to the Neueste Nachrichten of Munich says:

"Count Czernin's speech has created a profound impression in Austrian Parliamentary circles, where it is believed that communications have been opened between Count Czernin and President Wilson, which already have reached further than Count Czernin's statement shows."

CZERNIN ASTONISHED GERMANS

Suggestion That His Peace Manoeuvres Also Embraced Britain.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, April 5.—The Frankfurter Zeitung, regarding Count Czernin's speech as a "highly satisfactory event," describes his statement concerning a French feeler as an "astounding declaration." The journal does not think that the matter merely consisted of a question from Paris and an answer from Vienna, and goes on to say:

"Count Czernin announced with great emphasis that God was his witness that everything had been done to avoid an offensive. That permits it to be believed that there was rather more negotiation than the Minister thinks fit to make public. Later in the speech he pointedly says: 'We,' by which we may understand Berlin and Vienna, 'came near to negotiation with the Western Powers.' How could we be near to that when everything was completed by a question and an answer, which might have been known beforehand?

"When Count Czernin refers to the Western Powers he shows that he means that not only France but England was behind the French question."

The Zeitung is greatly pleased with Czernin's criticism of the annexationists, and equally delighted that the general tone of his speech shows "unchanged readiness for a just peace, a desire which Germany shares," but regarding the realization of which she is not so hopeful. In conclusion, the paper emphasizes the statement that Czernin made his speech after a long association with von Kühlmann in Bucharest.

Several papers are angry regarding Czernin's courteous words to President Wilson. The Cologne Volkszeitung is sarcastic about the Count's "studied politeness" toward the President, and tells Czernin not to forget that there is war between the United States and the Dual Monarchy.

The Hamburger Nachrichten thinks that Czernin showed indecent haste in "butting in" with words when deeds were being done. It scorns his courtesy toward the head of the United States Government, and sneers about Austria being more favorable ground for the seeds of peace than Germany. It then makes this interesting remark:

"Wilson's four points were so wordy and unreal that the agreement as to them which Count von Hertling signified on Feb. 25 could only have been meant to be ironical."

HYPOCRISY, REJOINS CECIL.

Says Czernin Is Now Disclosed as Standing for Prussianism.

LONDON, April 5.—Lord Robert Cecil, Parliamentary Under-Secretary of Foreign Affairs, told The Associated Press today that, "whatever doubt about Count Czernin might have existed before his latest declaration, there can be no doubt now that he stands for Prussian ideals and Prussian policy."

"I must confess," Lord Robert added, "that I prefer Prussian brutality to Austrian hypocrisy. If you are going to rob and strangle your neighbor it is better not to talk of your moderation."

Lord Robert, taking up what he characterized as Count Czernin's latest peace terms, continued:

"Count Czernin claims with the greatest audacity that he and his allies have just made proposals that are moderate, and even guided by the principles of self-determination, no annexations and no indemnities. As far as self-determination is concerned, in every one of the new States they have set up they have done so without the slightest regard to the wishes of the peoples and no serious attempt was made even to follow racial boundaries or racial antecedents.

"The province of Dobrudja (Rumania,) which has been handed over to Bulgaria, has only 18 per cent. Bulgarians and 50 per cent. Rumanians, and Southern Bessarabia, which apparently is offered to Rumania, is the part of Bessarabia having the fewest Rumanians. As for no annexations, Count Czernin claims that all he has done is to carry out slight frontier rectifications. What he really has done is to take an important part of the Danube and all the passes between Austria-Hungary and Rumania. Not only this, he has driven back the Carpathian frontier eight or ten miles.

"But the most hypocritical part of Czernin's peace terms, while affecting not to demand a war indemnity for the Central Powers, is the fact that they have imposed one of the heaviest war indemnities ever levied. It is a curious provision which applies to the new States that they are to be under no obligation whatever toward Russia arising from former relations with her. The result is to concentrate on the remainder of Russia the debt which hitherto was spread over the whole of Russia.

"From the Ukraine particularly Czernin claims there is to be secured all food obtainable. No doubt this will be not a question of purchase, but of seizure. All the cost of requisitions made by the Central Powers will be written off in Rumania. It will amount to £50,000,000. Beyond that they claim the exclusive right to exploit the petroleum fields, and any disputes arising from this are to be settled by a tribunal set up in Leipsic.

"No wonder that Count Czernin, in a moment of candor, says that both in the conclusion of peace with the Ukraine and Rumania the first thought was to furnish Austria with necessary foodstuffs and material. That has been the object of this peace, and it has been accomplished by giving to Austria-Hungary such economic and strategic advantages as to place these two countries at the mercy of the Central Powers."

Major General Joseph E. Kuhn Just back from France has tested

THE

Doughboy Shoe

On the Western Front

$9.50 and $11.50

"During a period of nearly six weeks on the Western Front in France and Flanders, I wore these shoes almost daily under the severest conditions of weather and ground and marched many miles with them through the trenches.

"I found them exceedingly comfortable and practically waterproof and filling in every way all requirements of a field shoe."

We call this *Some Endorsement!*

Headquarters for the famous DOUGHBOY Footgear

Men's Shoe Shop—2 West 38th Street

Franklin Simon & Co.

FIFTH AVENUE

Officers in Training!

We are glad to offer you an exceptional convenience in connection with the new uniform you'll need soon.

You can select it now, and we will lay it aside 'till you definitely need it. If anything should happen so you don't want it there will be no obligation to take it.

Hart Schaffner & Marx Army Officers' Uniforms $35

When you know they're made by Hart Schaffner & Marx we don't have to argue the style, the all-wool quality, or that they're regulation to the last seam. You take all that for granted.

The big point in connection with Uniforms of such distinction and so finely made is the price—$35, our little contribution to your loyalty.

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Wallach Bros.

Only at Broadway, cor. 29th, in New York and at our Branch Stores at Camp Dix and Camp Upton

NEW YORK ON TIPTOE FOR LOAN CAMPAIGN

Drive Started at Midnight with Celebrations in Times Square and the Bronx.

CITY PLANS TO RAISE HALF

First Anniversary of Our Entrance Into Great War Will Be Marked with Patriotic Exercises.

Patriotic demonstrations, unfurling of flags, parades, and public meetings will mark today the opening of the campaign for subscriptions to the third Liberty Loan. The fact that today is the first anniversary of America's declaration of war against Germany is expected to stimulate enthusiasm not only for the cause of the Allies, but also for the flotation of the three-billion-dollar Government loan which is so necessary for the financing of the great war. In the four weeks of the campaign the public will be appealed to do its utmost in the way of filing generous subscriptions. The New York Federal Reserve district, to which has been allotted by the Treasury Department $900,000,000, or 30 per cent. of the loan, has set as its goal $1,500,000,000, or one-half of the total amount. Just as in the two previous campaigns it has been successful in furnishing one-half of the whole country's subscriptions, so in this drive all efforts will be directed to attain the desired result. Subscription blanks will be available at all the banks this morning, and everywhere will the signing of applications be solicited.

Although the campaign officially starts at 9 o'clock this morning, in many quarters of the city it began at midnight. Likewise, the patriotic demonstrations were begun at the stroke of 12.

Celebration in Times Square.

The loan campaign was launched in Times Square last night at midnight with an enthusiastic rally, during which there was a large sale of bonds to a crowd of more than 2,000. When the clock showed that it was just 12 o'clock sharp a spotlight was flashed from the Times Building to the foot of the subway construction building in the square, and, as the first attraction of the meeting, Lillian Leitzel of the Ziegfeld Follies, in her stage costume, climbed up, hand over hand, to the top of a seventy-foot rope dangling from the top of a derrick on the roof of the building, and performed several feats. Then the Liberty Loan speakers took the crowd in hand. Sergeant Guy Empey, Joan Spargo, the former Socialist leader, Manatozho, a New York State Mohawk Indian, and others made fervid appeals to the crowd.

"On the outcome of the struggle in France, on the fighting spirit of the American people at home, as measured by their response to this call for $3,000,000,000," Mr. Spargo said, "depends whether the world of the future is to be ruled by the gentle, fraternal spirit of Lincoln or the brutal, oppressive spirit of Bismarck."

Mr. Spargo was cheered when he said that the pacifist and pro-German Socialists who still existed were the Socialists who had deserted their ideals. America's entrance into the war, he added, was an occasion which would go down in history by the side of the signing of the Magna Charta, the Fall of the Bastile, and the signing of the Declaration of Independence. Mr. Spargo was cheered when he asserted that President Wilson was a greater exponent of the true principles of socialism than any man living in the world today.

A midnight demonstration was also held in the Bronx.

Billposters Work All Night.

In preparation for the campaign's spectacular opening this morning, billposters worked all of last evening and through the night pasting Liberty Loan posters on various public buildings and in numerous conspicuous places in the city. Members of the old Home Defense Guard, assisted by volunteer workers labored all the evening in hanging pasteboard "Independence Bells" on door knobs, and early this morning small boys will exercise their privilege of ringing door bells without being subject to police interference for so doing.

From the moment the people of this city arise, or even before, they will be constantly reminded of today's anniversary and of the launching of the Liberty Loan campaign. Beginning with the ringing of their door bells, their attention will be continually directed to the loan, for on the streets the Stars and Stripes will wave from buildings, windows, and vehicles in greater number than ever before, and it will be impossible for any one to walk any distance without seeing innumerable posters. The uniformed messenger boys will wear badges, reading "I Invest in Liberty Bonds," all the electric clocks controlled by the Western Union will bear similar mottoes, and even transfers issued by the B. R. T. will betar appeals for subscriptions.

Parades will be held in Manhattan and in Brooklyn. The former will start from Liberty Loan Headquarters, 120 Broadway, at noon, and the marchers will consist of members of the main committee and Liberty Loan workers. They will walk up to City Hall, where Mayor Hylan and Assistant United States Treasurer Vogel will speak. Lincoln's Gettysburg address will be read; and the Liberty Loan choir of sixty voices will render patriotic selections. Military color will be added to the occasion by the presence of 100 soldiers and 100 sailors.

The Parade in Brooklyn.

Those taking part in the Brooklyn parade will gather at 1 P. M. at enry and Remsen Streets. From there they will march to Borough Hall, accompanied by the Navy Yard Band, 200 motor service girls, thirty-two Red Cross nurses, uniformed members of the National League for Woman's Service, including thirty-two canteen girls, and detachments from the 47th, 13th, and 14th Regiments. Borough President Edward Reigelman will review the parade. After a cannon salute the American flag will be formally raised over the Hall, the band playing "The Star Spangled Banner." The exercises within the Hall will be conducted by Edwin P. Maynard, Chairman of the Brooklyn Liberty Loan Committee. Addresses will be made by the Borough President, by the Rev. Dr. Nehemiah Boynton, Captain E. P. Dalmasse, and Sergeant Jenkins. Prior to the parade and exercises the 47th Regiment Band will give a Liberty Loan concert.

Noonday meetings on the steps of the Sub-Treasury in Wall Street will start today, and will be continued every day until the close of the campaign. An allegorical war painting, the work of Henry Reuterdahl and N. C. Wyeth, will be unveiled today. The painting is ninety feet wide and twenty-eight feet high. It will cover the whole upper part of the front of the building and form a background for the meetings. At each side of the building will be a bronze figure of heroic size, supporting an indicator. One figure will be Uncle Sam, pointing out the subscriptions from the whole nation. The other will be Columbia, showing what this district has done for the loan.

At 2:30 P. L. seven American airplanes from Mineola, Long Island, will circle over Manhattan, and drop 20,000 pieces of literature containing a strong opening day appeal to New Yorkers for the support of the Liberty Loan.

Governor Whitman Speaks Tonight.

Under the auspices of the Veterans' Association, an opening day meeting will be held in Mount Morris Park, 124th Street and Madison Avenue. Governor Whitman will deliver an address tonight in front of the Bank of United States, 77 Delancey Street, which will mark the opening of the Liberty Loan campaign on the east side.

Mayor Hylan issued the following proclamation last night regarding the beginning of the Liberty Loan drive today:

On April 6, 1918, the United States Government will offer its people an opportunity to lend their funds to help win the war. This is the anniversary of the day upon which the United States entered this world-wide struggle for freedom. The strength of America is being mobilized and organized to bring victory to our arms and to establish throughout the world a lasting peace. Now, therefore, I, John F. Hylan, Mayor of the City of New York, do request that at noon, on Saturday, April 6, 1918, the citizens of this city, together, give solemn thought to the fundamental importance of this occasion, and do highly resolve to consecrate themselves to this great war service which is immediately at hand. I call upon all organizations to emphasize the opening of this Third Liberty Loan campaign in a solemn and auspicious manner. I suggest to all citizens that they display flags on this day, and that during the four weeks of the campaign they devote themselves in every way possible to co-operate with the United States Government through its accredited representatives in this city, the Liberty Loan Committee.

With the full co-operation of all our citizens, New York will continue to set an example to the American people in generous contribution of the sinews of war. Let the result be so impressive and emphatic as to hearten our soldiers and sailors as well as our allies, and to carry a new message to our enemy of our unalterable determination to carry through to a victorious conclusion the task to which we have set our hand.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the City of New York to be affixed.

Done in the City of New York, this 5th day of April, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

JOHN F. HYLAN, Mayor.

"Liberty Bell" on City Hall Door.

At the request of Liberty Loan Committee officials, the Mayor tied a Liberty Bell emblem on one of the front doors of the City Hall during the afternoon.

Benjamin Strong, Governor of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and Chairman of the Liberty Loan Committee of this district, spoke yesterday at a luncheon of the Bond Club, held at the Bankers' Club. He defended Secretary McAdoo for fixing the rate of the Third Liberty Loan at 4¼ per cent., instead of at 4½ per cent., as had been expected by most bankers. He said he believed the Government could have successfully sold a 4 per cent. bond.

"You are going to find," he declared, "that the very great majority of the people of this country are those who would finance this Government in time of war regardless of rates of interest. I do not believe that the people of this country today are going to submit to having their patriotism measured by premiums or discounts on their Government bonds."

The Liberty Loan campaign was started with great enthusiasm in Hoboken last night with the "launching" of the "battleship" Liberty in front of the City Hall, with 50,000 people gathered about the wooden vessel. Rear Admiral N. R. Usher of the Brooklyn Navy Yard was the guest of honor, and the ceremony was carried through with as much formality as though the ship would go across the sea against the German Navy. Miss Margaret Raymond named the "battleship."

SUBSCRIBES FOR $10,500,000.

Metropolitan Life Takes That Amount and Penn Mutual $1,500,000

Although subscriptions to the Third Liberty Loan cannot be officially filed until this morning, the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company announced last night that it had transmitted an application for $10,500,000. Of this amount $10,000,000 is credited to the New York Federal Reserve District and $500,000 to the San Francisco district. From Philadelphia word was received of the announcement of $1,500,000 subscription by the Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company.

The local Liberty Loan Committee received yesterday from four up-State cities claims for honor flags, which signify that they have obtained subscriptions for their full quotas of the loan. Three of the four cities reported that they had obtained double the amount of their allotments. This oversubscription before the bonds have actually been placed on sale has resulted from the competition to win the first honor flag awarded in this State, and, if possible, to win the first one awarded in the nation. To prevent confusion the Liberty Loan authorities have adopted a rule that no claims for honor flags may be filed before 9 o'clock this morning.

The Treasury Department at Washington will determine the award of the first honor flag for the nation, and the Central Liberty Loan Committee will decide the awards for the Second Federal Reserve District. The committee will settle the question as to which town in New York State is entitled to receive an honor flag. It will also award honor flags to the New Jersey and Connecticut towns of the district. The awards will be reported to the respective State capitals, Trenton and Hartford. These towns will have their full chance to win the first flag in their own States.

A special department, called the Honor Flag Division, has been created to handle the flag awards under the Central Committee. R. G. Page is in charge of it. The following rules for the flag contest have been formulated:

Records of subscriptions for the purpose of awards will be based on:

(a) Actual subscriptions filed by an incorporated bank with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or

(b) Certificates as to amount of actual subscriptions secured, attested by the Chairman of the local committee, and filed with the Honor Flag Division.

Reports of the local committees may be rejected by the Honor Flag Division if there is reason to believe the full subscription was underwritten by banks or individuals so that an honor flag might be obtained without the actual sale of the bonds to the people of the community.

Governor Strong of the Federal Reserve Bank has informed the Chairmen of local committees that they should endeavor to raise $1,500,000,000 in this district. This is two-thirds in excess of the official quota assigned to the district by the Treasury Department. Governor Strong's statement follows:

The campaign to place the third Liberty Loan is now launched. The organization has been greatly improved and perfected; the spirit of the country is aroused and ready to support the Government, and particularly the army in France, and all that is now needed is four weeks of hard work.

The Second Federal Reserve District has set its standard in past loans and should maintain it in this loan, taking one-half the sum asked for by the Government. In order to do this, every committee in this district is requested to continue its efforts without relaxation until the subscriptions close on May 4. Nothing will so encourage the men of our army, the people of our own country and our Allies as a huge oversubscription.

Although the New York banks and trust companies have not yet agreed upon a uniform policy in respect to the rates of interest to be charged on loans secured by Liberty Loan bonds—some institutions having made up their minds to require 4½ per cent., while others expect to charge only 4¼ per cent., the coupon rate—it was reported yesterday from Chicago that the Clearing House of that city had adopted a resolution recommending to banks that loans made for the purpose of facilitating Liberty bond purchases bear 4½ per cent. interest for the first ninety days and 5 per cent for the succeeding ninety days. It was said yesterday that the New York Liberty Loan Committee was considering the subject of interest rates and that an official announcement would be made in a few days. The so-called Money Committee is scheduled to meet on Tuesday.

Among the pledges received at the Liberty Loan Headquarters yesterday was one from the Pawn Brokers Association for $1,000,000. Forty members of the committee have subscribed $75,000.

SUBSCRIPTION URGED BY CABINET MEMBERS

No Freedom for America Unless Germany Is Beaten, They Warn the Nation.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—Unless Germany is beaten, America can hope for no freedom—this is the note running through statements by Cabinet members given out tonight in support of the Third Liberty Loan.

Benedict Crowell, Acting Secretary of War, said in part:

"We realize the enormous task before us, and we are confident of winning, but it will take the combined punch of the whole American people, and will require an immense expenditure of men and money. Did it ever occur to you to think what would happen if we failed? If we are beaten in France, the struggle will probably be transferred to American soil. Plans for the invasion and subjugation of the United States are now on file in the office of the German General Staff. This we know definitely. I strongly urge you to buy all the Liberty bonds that you can afford and then a few more. Remember that the Germans issue no bonds for the money they extort from conquered peoples."

Daniels Calls for Sacrifice.

Secretary Daniels of the Navy said:

"Our men in the trenches and on the ships are counting their lives as nothing and are maintaining the highest standards of American manhood and heroism. It is our privilege at home to sacrifice and sacrifice and sacrifice to provide the Government with the means to carry on the war. No man who values his freedom and loves the principles upon which our Government was established can afford not to contribute to the limit to the Third Liberty Loan."

Secretary Lansing of the State Department said:

"The United States has been at war for a year. The first enthusiasm which followed the declaration that we would take up arms in the cause of liberty and justice has passed, but in its place there has come to the nation a spirit of determination and self-sacrifice. Under the influence of this spirit the Republic is pressing forward to the accomplishment of the mighty task which this war has imposed upon it. Let there be the same patriotic response to the Third Liberty Loan that was made to those which preceded it."

Secretary McAdoo of the Treasury said:

"The least duty we can perform—and we should be eager and happy to perform it—is to lend our money, every available dollar we have or can save, to our Government, in order that our gallant sons may be supplied with all they need to save America."

Every Power Needed Says Gregory.

Attorney General Gregory:

"To save the lives and liberties of ourselves and our children we have been forced unwillingly to take up arms. To prevail we must dedicate to the farthest limit our every power. Shall we give or sacrifice less for freedom than our enemy gives for despotism? What shall a hoarded penny profit us if we may spend it only as slaves?"

Secretary Houston of the Department of Agriculture:

"If we do not win this war we shall indefinitely face the interference of the Prussian autocracy or bear permanently the intolerable burdens of militarism. To win this war we must have both men and money. It is the duty and privilege, therefore, of every citizen who is in a position to do so to participate in the Third Liberty Loan campaign."

Postmaster General Burleson:

"One year ago we took up the gage of battle flung in our faces by Germany. It is a righteous war, waged by our people. No more inspiring exhibition of patriotism was ever made than the response by them to the requests of President Wilson that they contribute to its support by purchasing our Government's obligations. He knows us not who doubts that the response will be far beyond the amount required."

Secretary Redfield of the Department of Commerce:

"Buying Liberty bonds makes our homes safer, our business more secure, helps maintain America against enemies who mock at our power and think us weak because we respect the rights of others."

Secretary Wilson of the Department of Labor:

"The Third Liberty Loan has an even greater significance than the first two. They were the expression of instant and responsive patriotism. This serves a grim notice on the foe that America is in the fight until the lives of its people are safe from the assaults of barbarism, its institutions secure against the attacks of autocracy, and the nations of the earth, including our own, are assured the opportunity of living their own lives undisturbed by the power of militarism. The Third Liberty Loan is in a way the first in which unmistakably we tell the world that America is steadfast in the battle and enlisted for the war."

WASHINGTON, April 5, (Associated Press.)—Campaign workers of the third Liberty Loan, which opens tomorrow, will come near to drafting subscriptions in accordance with the respective financial ability of individuals or businesses. For months the local committees have been working on a system of gauging the capacity of prospective subscribers for Liberty bonds. These records are the powder stores of the campaign. Big business men whose subscriptions do not measure up to the size expected of them may be confronted with concrete figures on their own earnings, together with the urgent suggestion that they raise their subscriptions.

This procedure will be gentle, but firm. Organizers have adopted the attitude that they are not beggars on behalf of the Government loan, but solicitors of what is due the nation. Methods will be businesslike, for business men are running the campaign. The harvest of Liberty bond dollars will be systematic and the gleaning thorough. This is not talk-stuff or the product of national war enthusiasm, for the success of the third Liberty Loan probably will depend less on hurrah methods than did either the first or second campaigns. Organizers have been at work drilling the army of nearly 800,000 volunteer workers.

THIEF GOT LIBERTY BONDS.

Self-Possessed Stranger Beguiles a Wall Street Messenger.

The theft of $15,000 in Liberty bonds from a Stock Exchange firm's messenger boy has revealed the presence of thieves below the old crooks' "deadline" at Fulton Street. The bonds, which were the property of Mabon & Co., 54 Wall Street, were stolen on Thursday afternoon and announcement was made yesterday, when efforts to trace the thief had failed. As a result of the robbery, and numerous others of smaller amount in recent weeks, the Cashiers' Section of the Association of Partners in Stock Exchange firms sent this warning to the houses with Stock Exchange memberships:

Since the Liberty bonds have been issued, there have been innumerable cases where the bonds have been stolen from messengers making deliveries The similarity of the methods employed in various cases where the thefts have been detected makes it appear that these thefts are the work of an organized ring.

It is the practice of the members of the band to follow messengers who are delivering Liberty bonds, accosting them and intimating that they will make the delivery. In self-protection to the members, therefore, the following recommendations are strongly urged: That easily negotiable securities be entrusted only to tried and proved messengers; that for such deliveries messengers be instructed to obtain checks on delivery, or receipts if checks are not ready; that cashiers be requested to have checks ready and signed in advance.

Mabon & Co.'s messenger, a boy long in the firm's employ, took the $15,000 of the second Liberty 4s to the office of Alexandre & Burnet, 7 Wall Street. As he was about to tap at the cashier's window, which is at some distance from the main part of the office, an elderly man of good appearance came along.

"Give me the bonds, son," he said. "I will look after them."

The boy surrendered the package, planning to return later for his check. In order to remove suspicion, the messenger said afterward, the man walked casually with him down the hall, stopping at another broker's to open the door and call to some one within by name. The boy went on, convinced that the man was an employe of Alexandre & Burnet, and it was not until Mabon & Co. sent for the check an hour later that the theft was discovered.

NATION TO LAUNCH LOAN DRIVE TODAY

Continued from Page One.

cities are turnin over all of their forces to celebrate the entrance of America into the war. Aside from gathering up campaign pledges it is expected that the sales forces will do little until next Monday. They will then go into the field better prepared to make a quick and active canvass.

The opening of a war exhibit in the Fifth Regiment Armory at Baltimore, which has been in course of preparation for more than two months, will be the occasion for the President's address there. He will speak at 8 o'clock in the evening.

St. Louis has declared Saturday a legal holiday. Vice President Marshall will make the only address at a big patriotic meeting. A parade of 30,000 persons, headed by the Great Lakes Naval Station band, and including many military and civic bodies, will precede a mass meeting in an amphitheatre holding 150,000 persons. It is expected that all available space will be taken.

Secretary McAdoo will speak at the unveiling of a large Liberty statue in Philadelphia. A parade in which 7,000 marines and soldiers, 1,200 young women singers, and several bands will participate will mark the occasion. After the unveiling at 3 o'clock, Mr. McAdoo will speak in the Academy of Music. Every city in the district has arranged a parade and mass meetings for the opening day.

Chicago will observe the opening of the loan drive with a demonstration which begins shortly after midnight tonight with the firing of guns and the singing of songs in all public places. A large military parade will precede a mass meeting tomorrow in the Billy Sunday Tabernacle. In the afternoon Mr. Sunday will deliver a Liberty Loan address to soldiers from surrounding camps and sailors from the Great Lakes Naval Training Station. Jacob M. Dickerson, former Secretary of War, will preside at the meeting. It is estimated that 50,000 persons will march in the various parades.

Huge Parade in Cleveland.

Cleveland has declared the opening day of the loan a holiday. All business will be suspended, but banks will remain open to receive subscriptions to Liberty bonds. Twenty thousand persons are expected to march in the parade. Eighteen bands, led by the Great Lakes Naval Training Station unit, will participate. Mayor Davis will preside at the meeting, which Secretary Daniels will address. There will be a flag raising in the public square, a dedication of a tank, and a patriotic song festival.

While the New York district has no speaker of national note to participate in its celebration, it will be alive to the occasion. Parades and patriotic meetings will be held. New York City has planned a big demonstration. Seven airplanes from the Mineola field will "bomb" the city with Liberty Loan literature. The Liberty Bank, a reproduction of the Sub-Treasury, will be opened in Madison Square Park. An immense patriotic parade will start from the Liberty Loan Headquarters and proceed to the City Hall, where it will be received by Mayor Hylan. The Mayor and others will make addresses. A huge push ball will be started down State from Buffalo.

Volunteer billposters will start at midnight tonight to post Liberty Loan posters in all parts of New York City. Ten thousand boys, including Boy Scouts, will hang pasteboard Liberty bells on approximately a million door-knobs. By special arrangement with the police the boys will ring the door-bells to call attention to the Liberty Loan campaign.

Reports indicate that the South is alive with interest. A telegram from Richmond, Va., tonight said:

"The spirit animating Liberty Loan workers throughout organizations from central committees down through county sub-divisions is splendid."

Rallies and other patriotic meetings in practically every city in the Richmond district will mark the opening of the campaign.

The Atlanta district reports that the campaign will be opened with "unprecedented demonstrations in every city and town." Keen interest is being displayed in the rural regions.

Legal Holidays in West.

Saturday has been declared a legal holiday in Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma, Nebraska, Wyoming, Colorado, and New Mexico. All the principal cities have scheduled mass meetings and parades. They also will observe a patriotic Sunday on April 7. The Kansas City Liberty Loan army will fire opening guns to signalize the start of the campaign. Special Liberty Day parades have been arranged for Oklahoma City, Tulsa, Wichita, Kansas City, Topeka, Denver, and Colorado Springs.

The Dallas district reported that between 4,000 and 5,000 organizers and committeemen and several thousand salesmen would enter the campaign tomorrow. Airplanes will bomb various cities with literature. Many rural counties have planned to raise their quotas within a few minutes after the opening gun is fired at 9 o'clock.

"Twelfth district organized and ready for Saturday smash on scale unthought of in former drives," San Francisco telegraphed tonight.

The Governors of Nevada and Oregon have proclaimed Saturday a legal holiday. The Governor of Idaho has summoned the people to meet in schoolhouses for patriotic demonstrations. All other Governors in the district have issued suitable proclamations. It is estimated that there will be parades and demonstrations in 200 towns. Community song services will be held Sunday. Fifty towns in the district, it is reported, will qualify on the first day of the drive for the right to fly the honor flag.

Eighty thousand persons, including 20,000 women, are expected to march in a patriotic parade in Boston. One large division will include citizens of foreign birth representing twenty-five nationalities. The float of the woman's service section will be headed by a woman with six sons in the service. Mrs. W. Dabrow, the first New England widow of the war, will carry a service flag bearing a single gold star.

Nine days of oratory and celebration before the beginning of the actual selling of bonds on April 15 is planned by the Minneapolis district. It is in keeping with the plan followed in the district in the last campaign.

Movie Stars to Speak.

The campaign in the District of Columbia will open with public addresses by Douglas Fairbanks, Mary Pickford, Charlie Chaplin, and Marie Dressler, all motion picture stars. They arrived in Washington today. After talking here tomorrow they will start on campaigns in different parts of the country.

Immediately upon the signing of the Bond bill yesterday by President Wilson, the Bureau of Engraving and Printing began turning out completed bonds. Deliveries of bonds will be made as rapidly as possible.

WANTS ALL TO AID LOAN.

Must Do Our Part in Fight Against Savagery, Says Governor.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 5.—Governor Whitman issued a proclamation tonight in which he calls on every citizen of the State to do his duty by subscribing to the Third Liberty Loan and prove to the men at the front that "we are doing our part in this world fight against savagery." In urging support of the loan the Governor said:

"On the battlefields of France, the frontier of civilization, our men are today fighting that this country may endure as a great nation. They are fighting for us. On us is the sacred obligation to meet sacrifice with sacrifice."

Big Collection of Historic Flags.

A collection of 100 flags, copies of the banners carried by American troops since the Revolution and through the history of America since the landing of the Norsemen, is exhibited in the windows of the James McCreery & Co.'s department store as part of the campaign to aid the Third Liberty Loan. Some of the models are done in embroidery and others are oil paintings. Many of the old Colonial flags are represented as well as the first flags of the new Republic. There are also the flags of the Pilgrims, Hudson, Marquette, and many other explorers, as well as the banners carried by men under Perry, Taylor, Grant, and other soldiers and sailors.

Michigan Town Exceeds Quota.

MARINE CITY, Mich., April 5.—Although the third Liberty Loan campaign will not be formally opened until tomorrow, it was announced today that Marine City already had exceeded its quota of $70,000.

City of Chicago Subscribes.

CHICAGO, April 5.—The City Council today voted to subscribe to $3,000,000 of the third Liberty Loan.

PRAISES PERSHING FOR AID.

Daily Mail Says His Opinion Decided Secretary Baker.

LONDON, April 5.—The recent visit of Newton D. Baker, the American Secretary of War, The Daily Mail says, was a historic one, and will leave a lasting impression on Anglo-Franco-American relations, as it was while Mr. Baker was in France that it was decided that American regiments should be brigaded with British and French troops on the western front.

Premier Lloyd George, The Daily Mail says, acquainted Secretary Baker with the situation and expressed the lively desire of the British Government for the immediate employment of the American fighting forces. The Secretary was much impressed and went to France the next day and saw General Pershing.

"The American Commander in Chief," adds The Daily Mail, "in that spirit of soldierly generosity and sportmanship which characterized him in his subsequent pronouncement to General Foch, assented unhesitatingly. To General Pershing belongs the credit for the prompt adoption of the scheme now in effect."

In conclusion The Daily Mail says:

"It only remains to be said that the American troops at the disposal of General Foch are seasoned veterans of the regular United States Army. They are troops of the same hardy fibre as the immortal British First Hundred Thousand."

HENEY RESIGNS POST WITH TRADE BOARD

Said to Have Come Into Disfavor of Food Administration by His Actions.

SAYS HIS WORK IS DONE

Packing Inquiry Will Be Continued by Murdock—Heney May Run for Governor.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—Francis J. Heney, who was retained at $100 a day as special counsel for the Federal Trade Commission during the recent investigation of the packing industry, has resigned that post and has started for his home in California. It is reported here that he will shortly announce his candidacy for the Governorship of that State.

The only statement made by officials here was to the effect that Mr. Heney had completed his work and that a report was being compiled for the President by the experts of the Trade Commission. The report will be ready soon.

There were reports afloat that Mr. Heney's work as investigator for the Federal Trade Commission was not entirely to the liking of the United States Food Administration. For one thing it was reported that Mr. Heney, when he sought certain correspondence which had passed between the Food Administration and the packing interests did not ask the Food Administration for it, although that organization was ready to turn it over, but made his demand upon the packers.

On March 26, without waiting for the report of the Heney investigation, the Food Administration asked President Wilson to create a board, including the Secretary of Agriculture, the Chairman of the Federal Trade Commission, the Chairman of the Federal Tariff Board, the Secretary of Labor, and the Food Administrator, to make a survey of the packing industry and determine what steps were necessary to place it under proper restriction and control. To this the President assented, and it is probable that he will soon set the wheels in motion.

There had been reports that Mr. Heney, because of the work he had done, would be engaged as special counsel in making the survey. There was some surprise, therefore, when Mr. Heney dropped out of the situation and started for the West. It was said tonight that no special counsel would be retained.

The information which Mr. Heney obtained during his investigation will be turned over to the new board, it is understood, and be used by them in prosecuting the inquiry. Certain phases of the investigation will be continued under the direction of Commissioner Victor Murdock.

The Heney investigation was brightened each day by more or less sensational scenes. In getting at facts, Mr. Heney put aside all thought of diplomacy. There has been no intimation as to the recommendations to be made in the report as a result of the disclosures during the hearing.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 5.—Francis J. Heney, who arrived in Chicago today, when told of the report in Washington that he had resigned his position with the Federal Trade Commission, said:

"I was specially engaged by the commission to conduct the investigation into the operations of the packers," he said. "I am making up my report, and that will take some time. I can't tell how long it will be. When that is turned in I shall be through."

BLOCKED PEACE DELEGATES

British Crews Refused to Take Labor Men to This Country.

LONDON, April 5.—Joseph Havelock Wilson, Secretary of the Seamen's and Firemen's Union, asserts that the union has frustrated two attempts recently made by three British labor delegates to sail for the United States. One attempt was made by an American boat and later one by a ship from France, but the crews refused to sail with the peace delegates.

NAMES WAR STAMP AGENTS.

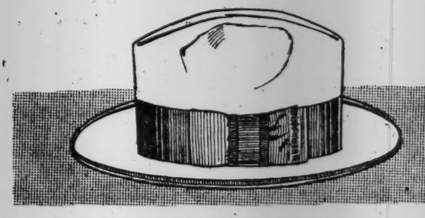
One Merchant in Every State in Charge of the Store Campaign.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—Appointment of merchants to have charge in their respective States of the campaign to sell $100,000,000 worth of war savings stamps, through the retail stores, announced today, includes:

Colorado, A. D. Lewis, Denver; Idaho, E. S. Chadwick, Boise; Illinois, Charles A. Stevens, Chicago; Iowa, A. L. Killian, Cedar Rapids; Kentucky, C. E. Brett, Louisville; Louisiana, S. J. Shwartz, New Orleans; Minnesota, D. Draper Dayton, Minneapolis; Mississippi, R. E. Kennington, Jackson; Nevada, Dr. H. E. Reid, Reno; New Mexico, Gilbert Rosenwald, Las Vegas; New York, Jesse Isidor Straus, New York City; Oklahoma, George G. Kerr, Oklahoma City; Rhode Island, Walter Callender, Providence; Washington, D. E. Frederick, Seattle.

Appointments for other States will be announced soon.

R. H. Macy & Co.



Get Your Spring Hat Now!

Very rarely indeed does a man leave our Hat Department without having his wants satisfied. We buy in such large quantities and in so many varied styles and sizes—that we have little difficulty in fitting and pleasing the most critical.

"The Lansdowne" Hat

In The New Spring Styles

$3.74

These Hats come in the regulation Spring Light Weights, in fawn and olive. Fast colors. Made by expert workmen who do only high grade work. Hats of this quality would cost you much more elsewhere.

Lansdowne Derbies, 5 New Blocks, at $3.74

Also Soft Hats and Flexible Derbies at $2.74

Main Floor, 35th Street

R. H. Macy & Co.

HERALD SQUARE, NEW YORK

ON EXHIBITION TODAY AND SUNDAY

DUTCH AND ENGLISH PORTRAIT ENGRAVERS AND OLD MASTERS 16TH, 17TH AND 18TH CENTURIES

FROM

THE FREDERIC R. HALSEY COLLECTION OF PRINTS

TO BE SOLD MONDAY AND TUESDAY NIGHTS, APRIL 8TH AND 9TH, AT 8:15 O'CLOCK

Catalogues on request. Sales by Mr. Frederick A. Chapman

The ANDERSON GALLERIES

PARK AVENUE AND FIFTY-NINTH STREET, NEW YORK

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are, Prices—Quality—Service

Fifth Floor Broadway Front

Macy's

Herald Square. B'dway, 34th to 35th St.

Fifth Floor Broadway Front

Extravagance This Year Is Unfashionable

But This Doesn't Mean That Old Clothes Look Fashionable

The problem is to find style and satisfaction with less expense in your new spring suit.

When you were given a problem at school to solve you used your eyes and ears and saw how the other boys were doing it.

For the man who does his clothes arithmetic correctly our

Men's and Young Men's SPRING SUITS at $24.75

by fabric, by tailoring, by price, maintain a standard of excellence—maintain a reputation for pleasing those who wear them—maintain our policy of goods of quality at prices less than elsewhere—and solve the problem.

Other Suits from $17.50 to $39.75

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's

Herald Square B'way, 34th to 35th St.

Patriotic Cook Books

To Solve War-Food Problems

Practical recipes are needed by the patriotic housewives who seek to save food. Such recipes and a fund of almost priceless advice may be found in the books listed below. Try any one of them.

Everyday Foods in War Time—*Mary Swartz Rose*	.72
Food in War Time—*Graham Lusk*	.44
Better Meals for Less Money—*Mary Green*	1.12
Wheatless and Meatless Days—*Pauline D. Partridge* and *Hester M. Conklin*	1.12
International Jewish Cook Book—A Modern Economical "Kosher" Cook Book by *Florence K. Greenbaum*	1.34
Mrs. Allen's Cook Book—*Ida C. Bailey Allen*	1.79
American Indian Corn—150 Ways to Prepare and Cook It—*Charles J. Murphy.* Revised and Edited by *Jeanette Y. Norton*	.68
The Corn Cook Book—War Edition—*Elizabeth O. Hiller*	.89
Patriotism and Plenty—*The Hon. Mrs. Lionel Guest*	.44
Cook Book of Left Overs—*Helen Carrol Clarke* and *Phoebe Deyo Rulon*	

Macy's—Main Floor, Rear, 35th St.

KING GEORGE MARKS OUR YEAR IN WAR

Sends Greetings to Wilson on Anniversary of America's Participation.

ASSERTS FOE'S HOPE VAIN

Queen Mother Alexandra Forwards a Cordial Message to American Women.

LONDON, April 5.—King George has sent greetings to President Wilson on the anniversary of the entry of the United States into the war. The King's telegram follows:

"On the occasion of the anniversary of the momentous decision of the United States to enter into this war for the safeguarding of international right and justice, I desire to convey to you, Mr. President, and through you to the American people, the friendly greetings of the entire British nation.

"At this critical hour, when our enemies are sparing no sacrifice and are counting no cost to achieve victory, the French and British troops stand united, as never before, in their heroic resistance to these endeavors. They are buoyed up with the thought that the great democracy of the West, in the same spirit, and with the same objects as their own, is putting forth every effort to throw its supreme force into the struggle, which will once for all decide the destinies of the free nations of the earth.

"The gallant deeds of Americans on land and sea have already indicated to the enemy that his hope is vain. Every day that passes, as American troops pour in ever-increasing numbers into France, diminishes the chances of his success.

"The American people may rest assured that the British Empire, now tried by nearly four years of war, will cheerfully make yet further sacrifices. The thought that the United States, under your leadership, are with us heart and soul emboldens us in the determination, with God's help, finally to destroy the designs of the enemy and to re-establish on the earth the rule of right and justice. GEORGE R. I."

Commenting on the anniversary, Lord Robert Cecil, Minister of Blockade, said to The Associated Press today:

"The entry of the United States into this war was the greatest event in the history of the world for a century, and longer, perhaps. Much already has resulted from it, and far more is expected in the future.

"I always expected that there would be cordial relations between the Governments of Great Britain and the United States, but it is no exaggeration to say that the cordiality of our cooperation has exceeded even what we foresaw. There have been criticisms. There always are, but I firmly believe that when the history of the war comes to be written a just view will be taken of the immensity of the efforts of your country and ours."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—The Earl of Reading, Ambassador of Great Britain, has received the following message from Queen Mother Alexandra to the women of America for communication through the press:

"As President of the British Red Cross Society, I wish to send to the women of our great ally, the United States of America, a message of greeting upon the first anniversary of America's entry into the war. It is my earnest prayer that God in His merciful providence may guide and guard our righteous cause. ALEXANDRA."

SEE RUSSIA COMING BACK.

T. W. Lamont and Colonel Thompson Predict Return to War.

The opinion that Russia would again be in the field against Germany was expressed last night at a dinner of the Phillips-Exeter Alumni Association of New York in the Harvard Club by Colonel W. B. Thompson, who went to Russia with the Red Cross Commission, and Thomas W. Lamont of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co. There were about 300 members of the association present and they cheered the speakers, and especially the prediction that Russia would again have a fighting army in the field. Mr. Lamont paid a tribute to Lord Reading and to Lloyd George, whom he hailed as England's "live wire."

"I am certain," said Mr. Lamont, "that the Russian affair is not ended. I believe that something great will happen to bring her back into the fold. I was told by some British officers that Germany was gathering men to give us a box on the ear. They said she was going to push us pretty hard, but she is not going to break through. So, while my heart has been in my mouth in the last two weeks, I have taken comfort in the prediction of those British officers made weeks ago."

Colonel Thompson said that while there had been things to criticise there might not be a France, or perhaps an England, if it had not been for Russia. "As I look at it Russia will come back," he said. "There are only a few Americans there now. The Allies practically left a month ago. Only our seven Red Cross men remain. I feel we will again see a fighting army in Russia."

A feature of the evening was the presentation to the Board of Trustees of a life-size three-quarter portrait of S. Sydney Smith, for twenty-five years President of the Board of Trustees. The presentation speech was made by Frederick S. Duncan, President of the association. Other speakers were Major August Belmont, Principal Lewis Perry, Judge C. M. Hough of the Federal District Court, and Professor James Arthur Tufts, for forty years connected with the academy.

GERMAN PEOPLE NERVOUS.

Which Leads the Press to Issue a Warning Against News.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—An official dispatch from Switzerland says that the German press of all shades of opinion betrays the concern and disillusion of the public beyond the Rhine upon the subject of the great offensive. The Frankfurter Zeitung is quoted as saying that contact has been preserved between the French and English, thanks to the intervention of Foch's army, and it appears doubtful if the hope of an eventful occupation of Amiens may be still maintained.

The following is quoted from the Lokal-Anzeiger:

"No one can say what the outcome of the present battle will be. We are full of hope, but it must not be forgotten that our adversaries, with an invincible courage, are resolved not to let us pass. It is our duty as Germans within the country not to let ourselves be governed by our nerves."

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th St.

Women's Fashionable Capes, Coats, and Coatees

In an important Sale Saturday

at $17.50, $23, $27.50, $33, $38

$38

The smartest of capes, most individual of coatees, and a wonderful collection of Spring coats are in this remarkable offering, featuring those style innovations characteristic of the most original models by European designers.

For Afternoon and Evening, Motoring, Travel and General Wear

$23

this assortment affords almost unlimited latitude for selection. The materials include, among many others, Silvertone, Crystal Cloth, Duvet de Laine, Velour de Laine, Silk Faille, Taffeta, Charmeuse, Poiret Twill, Wool Jersey, Covert Cloth and Showerproof Tweeds in all the new Spring colorings.

Military Wrist Watches

for men or women

at $16.50

¶ New Square model, 7-jeweled Waltham watch in Sterling Silver case, mounted on Khaki strap.

¶ Radium dial makes numerals easily distinguishable at night.

Also—

Military Wrist Watches, $12.95

¶ Seven-jewel Waltham movement and Radium dial. Accurate timekeeper. Remarkable value.

Kitchener Straps at 25c

¶ Attached while you wait free of charge.

These Are the Newest Suits for Misses at $35

$35

—and by far the best values presented this season

Suits at much higher cost could not be more brimful of style, for the various models in this collection reflect Fashion's very newest notes in suits of the better kind.

Eton and Pony Coats, Box-pleated, Belted, Flared and Ripple effects are represented, and the skirts just teem with original style touches. Fashioned of

Men's Wear Serge, Poiret Twill, Tyrol Wool, Heather Mixtures, Tweeds and Shepherd Checks.

Misses' Spring Coats, Saturday at $35

In models for dress and street wear, featuring many innovations in belts, collars and pockets. Tailored in Poiret Twill, Gabardine, Serge, Wool Velour, Silvertone and Wool Jersey, in the fashionable colors of

Monaco Blue, Chinchilla Grey, Rose, Pekin Blue, Beige, Navy Blue, and Black. Sizes 14 to 18 Years.

The New Capes and Coatees

for Misses are enjoying unprecedented favor. We are now showing a wonderful collection of smart models, full and artistically draped, others with vests and belt in front or in military effects. Then, there are smart sleeveless coats with novel belts and Postillion Triple Capes. Fashioned of Poiret Twill, Velours, Wool Jersey, Satin Royalty, Tricolette, Screen Silk and Velveteen in all the new pastel colorings and street shades.

Prices: $22.50 to $39.50

The Unusual in Smart Suits for Women

Very Special at $29.50

An important collection assembled for Saturday

This special offering affords a rare opportunity for the woman interested in a Spring suit, for the models are as chic and as carefully executed as custom productions at double the price. The styles could not be more authentic—their splendid lines so faithfully follow those of their wonderful originals. Represented are

Strictly tailored, Smart Sports, and Dressy afternoon models

beautifully developed in Men's Wear Serge, Gabardine, Tweeds, Oxfords, Heather Mixtures, Wool Jersey and Silk Taffeta. Sizes 34 to 44.

Fourth Floor.

Women's Fashionable Skirts

Saturday Special at

$5.95, $6.95, $8.75, $14.75

Dressy and sports models, the newest for Spring and Summer wear, displaying novel treatments in pockets and belts. Tailored with unusual skill and care in Wool Velour, Silk Poplin, Plain and Novelty Taffetas, Satin, Silvertone Soire, Washable Satin, Men's Wear Serge, and Wool Poplin. Waistbands 25 to 36 inches.

A Sale! 175 Women's Spring Dresses

Regularly $25, $29.50, $35

Special at $18.50

¶ Serge frocks are ideal for immediate wear—there is a splendid selection in this special sale. Satin, Crepe de Chine, and Georgette Crepe afternoon frocks are favored by fashionably dressed women everywhere—these, too, are to be found in this sale in styles that are simply wonderful for their newness of line.

Some are from our regular stock, others are the result of a most important special purchase—all are most extraordinary value at $18.50

Fourth Floor

$25

Fashionable Frocks for Misses at $18.50 and $25

In a large variety of exclusive tailored models and distinctive afternoon styles, cleverly fashioned of Wool Jersey, Mannish Serges, Silk Taffeta, Foulard, Flowered Chiffon, Crepe de Chine, and Georgette combinations in all the most wanted colorings. Sizes 14 to 18 years. One model illustrated.

Second Floor.

New Spring Hats for Girls Saturday at $4.85

In a pleasing variety of very youthful styles—Pokes, Sailors and other girlish shapes. Developed in the newest braids, prettily trimmed with ribbons, flowers and fruit. Ages 6 to 16 years.

Girls' Intermediate Frocks Saturday at $12.95 and $15

Charming tiered and plain models with crushed sashes and Georgette collars. Tastefully fashioned of Silk Taffeta in Rose, Reseda, French Blue and Navy Blue; also Plaid Silk Ginghams and French Challis. Sizes 12 to 16 years.

Spring Coats for Girls and Juniors at $9.95 and $15

At these two prices we are featuring a most unusual selection of smart coats in Plain, Belted, Trench or Naval effects. Exquisitely fashioned of Serge, Burella, Delhi, Shepherd and Velour Checks, and Overplaids. Sizes 6 to 14 years.

The Best Clothing for Your Boy Is Cheapest in the End

The Saks Clothing Department for Boys displays *only* the best there is to be had. The tailoring is of an unusually high standard, and the fabrics in which the various models are developed are not only distinctive in coloring, but of the most serviceable variety. Featured for Saturday are

Dressy Suits for Boys at $13

Extra Knickers Included

The models are exclusive with Saks & Company, tailored in a wide range of new Spring woolens. Sizes 7 to 18 years.

Boys' Serviceable Suits at $11

Extra Knickers Included. Snappy Norfolk models, tailored in dependable mixtures. Sizes 7 to 18 years.

Boys' School Suits at $9

Extra Knickers Included. Tailored to withstand the rough treatment usually accorded to school suits, and may be had in a good selection of serviceable mixtures. Sizes 7 to 18 years.

Japanese Crepe Shirts for Boys at $1

The most durable shirts for boys made. Excellent assortment of smart colorings in new striped effects. Sizes 12 to 14½ years.

Eight Hundred New $5.85 Wonder Hats

I

in every color and combination for wear with the new Spring gowns, will be presented today in a special week-end display, introducing many new styles shown for the first time.

Large Dress Hats, White Hats of Milan Straw, Leghorn Hats in combination with Georgette Crepe, Small Brimmed Hats

Illustration I shows the new fringe rosette Turban in White and Navy Blue. | Illustration II shows a smart White Milan Hat with Velvet loops.

Illustration III shows a Black Dress Hat of Hair and Maline, with burnt feather trimming.

II

III

Children's Colored Dresses at ⅓ Below Regular

Dainty, washable little frocks, offered at these remarkable prices because of an unusual trade opportunity. Style assortments incomplete, but all sizes are included from 2 to 6 years.

Dresses.....Regularly $2.....Saturday at **$1.35**
Dresses.....Regularly $2.75.....Saturday at **$1.85**
Dresses.....Regularly $3.....Saturday at **$2.00**
Dresses.....Regularly $4.....Saturday at **$2.65**

A Special lot of Rompers at 59c

Made of striped Gingham in Beach Leg model. Sizes 2 to 6 years.

R. H. Macy & Co's Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

Robes That Please The Most Exacting Motorists

In a variety that will meet the needs of every car owner—irrespective of the car he drives. Robes that give full measure of service throughspring, summer and early fall. Robes that command much higher prices elsewhere.

Plaid Robes

Steamer rug style, of all wool, plaid patterns on both sides. Size 54 x 72 inches. $12.74

Green and Black Plush Robes

Well made robes of animal hair-plush, green on one side and black on the reverse side.

50 x 60 inches. $3.49
54 x 72 inches. 5.74
54 x 84 inches. 6.24

Wool and Mohair Robes

Your choice of four color combinations, maroon and tan, mustard and tan, blue and gray, black and mustard.

54 x 72 inches. $14.74
54 x 84 inches. 16.74

Cloth Robes

Of good quality tan and gray covert cloth. Size 54 x 72 inches. $6.94

Rubber Robes

Two qualities, each in a different size, the lower priced one being black with black and white check lining, the other with plain back is a softer grade.

54 x 72 inches. $1.96
54 x 84 inches. 2.24

Macy's—Fifth Floor, 34th St.

Put Your Fur Coat in the Frigid Zone

In our cold air storage vaults where it will be secure from the ravages of moths and dust—insured against loss by fire or theft.

The charges are so small that home storage methods with their attendant risks are sure to prove more costly.

Minimum Charge for storing each article valued up to $50.00. $1.00

2% is charged for storing each article valued over $50.00.

Phone The Frigid Zone—Greeley 6100—and we will call for your furs.

Macy's—Third Floor, 34th St., B'way.

Let Us Help You Solve Your Shopping Problems

If you are in doubt about the appropriateness of any gift offering or you wish the advice of "some one who knows" about things for women folks, you should consult the attendants at the Personal Shopping Bureau.

Macy's—Main Floor, 34th St., B'way.

TIMES WAR REPORTS ARE USED IN SCHOOL

Newark High School Teacher Finds Philip Gibbs Dispatches Stimulate Interest.

GIVE WIDE VIEW OF BATTLE

"With Freshness and Truth and in a Style That Could Hardly Be Surpassed."

THE NEW YORK TIMES dispatches from Philip Gibbs, at the British battle-front, are daily used in the "discussion of current events," a part of the history course in the South Side High School at Newark, whose pupils number between 1,000 and 1,500. Miss Helen G. Stevenson, the instructor, said yesterday that since the great battle began the dispatches had stimulated an especial interest in the students, though for the last two years Mr. Gibbs's correspondence had been employed in the history class, for the information of the students and as a basis for exercises.

Miss Stevenson added that in her opinion other teachers of history should employ the dispatches for class-room use, as through them a better realization of the magnitude of the world struggle might be had.

"Yesterday we talked about the 51st Division," she said, "and the day before we discussed the conduct of the New Zealanders and Australians. Through these articles we can appreciate the real character of the whole British people, holding to their purpose with a grim tenacity. Mr. Gibbs's sympathy and understanding of the great war has an added value; it serves to discourage impressions formed in the minds of American children about the British—misinformation engendered through incomplete textbooks. This prejudice, which amounts in many cases to an active anti-British feeling, has not been inculcated through a desire on the part of the authors of American histories to spread a propaganda of hatred, but in an ill-conceived attempt to glorify ourselves.

"The American public school student is too immature to realize the many factors that entered into our diplomatic differences with other nations in times past. The routine accounts of the battles in the wars are read with avidity, but there is no ability to read between the lines. Enthusiasm thus stimulated in the youth often renders them oblivious of the remote or immediate causes of these battles. The corrective element is to be found in Mr. Gibbs's dispatches, because his detailed accounts, especially when they bring out some notable shade of British conduct or character, ring true.

"The British are our allies in this war. Sympathy, strict accord, and affection for our allies are essential to success. My history class, the seniors in the high school, to the number of 160 have been vitally interested in Mr. Gibbs's dispatches since last Spring. Copies of THE TIMES we have had in the classroom for two years. Now that we are fighting side by side with the valiant men of whom Mr. Gibbs writes, the class, evenly divided as to sex, I feel sure, has this sympathy. The articles furnish just what the students need to feel the war at home. The news is brought home in its freshness and truth in a style that could hardly be surpassed.

"American history, more so now than ever, is a most important branch of study. The study of American history in its especial bearing upon other nations is now an essential part of the school curriculum. American history, now an elective course in many schools, and too readily overlooked by the youthful student in favor of some more specialized form of study, should be made a requirement for every high school graduate."

Miss Stevenson is a native of Pennsylvania. She was graduated from Syracuse University with the class of 1908. Before going to Newark three years ago she was an instructor in the Ossining High School.

WOULD BAR STATE ROADS TO ARMY TRUCKS

Bill in Albany Suddenly Advanced to Final Passage in the Senate.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 5.—A bill to deny use of the State roads to army motor trucks and other five-ton trucks has been introduced in the Legislature by Senator Hewitt at the request of the State Highway Department. Constant use of the roads in the last two or three months, during which time hundreds of new army trucks have passed through New York on their way to France, has resulted in tearing up the roads, the department asserts.

Opponents of the measure believed it would be quietly killed and were greatly surprised today when it was suddenly advanced to the order of final passage in the Senate. It will come up for passage Monday night or Tuesday. Charles G. Bond, counsel to the Motor Truck Club of America, spokesman for the opposition, declared that the bill is a menace to the war preparations of the country and the children of the State.

"New York City, Buffalo, and other big cities will be confronted with a milk famine if this bill passes," declared Mr. Bond.

ASK PARDON FOR DYNAMITER

Commutation of F. M. Ryan's Sentence Recommended to President.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—Investigators for President Wilson have recommended immediate commutation of the sentence of Frank M. Ryan, formerly President of the International Iron Workers, serving a seven-year term at Leavenworth, Kan., for conviction in the dynamite case.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 5.—Frank M. Ryan, with thirty-two others indicted in the dynamite conspiracy case, was convicted in the United States District Court here before Judge A. B. Anderson in December, 1912. Ryan, who was sentenced to seven years at Leavenworth, and Michael J. Young, a board member of the union, from Boston, Mass., are the only two of the thirty-three sentenced who are now in prison. Young was sentenced to six years.

Ryan has served approximately three years and ten months of his seven-year sentence.

ARMY APPRAISAL BOARD.

New Body Appointed to Facilitate War Department Business.

WASHINGTON, April 5. A board of appraisers for the War Department, to determine compensation for property already taken over or to be taken over later by the Government, and to assist in the drawing up of War Department contracts, was appointed today by President Wilson.

Lieut. Col. John S. Dean and Lieut. Col. R. H. Montgomery were named on the board, but it is provided that additional members may be appointed.

The board is authorized to render services, upon approval by the Secretary of War, for any department, bureau, or official of the Government when its services are formally requested. Upon the board's request the Judge Advocate General of the army will assign a Judge Advocate to act as legal adviser to the board.

National Campaign Against Colds.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—A publicity campaign to protect the soldiers and the general public against spread of respiratory diseases caused by promiscuous coughing, sneezing and spitting was announced today by Surgeon General Gorgas. A series of slogans urging people to use handkerchiefs during the processes of coughing, sneezing and spitting will be published in newspapers and by means of other advertising mediums.

TREASURY CALLS FOR INCOME TAX FIGURES

Internal Revenue Commissioner Orders Estimate Based on Returns Filed.

$800,000,000 IN NEW YORK

Financial District Prospects Drop, but Brooklyn and Upper Manhattan Show Increase.

Acting under telegraphic instructions from Daniel C. Roper, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, all activities in the New York Revenue Office were devoted yesterday to figuring out the approximate total amount of income and excess profit taxes shown by returns received up to the close of business yesterday.

Similar instructions were sent to all other Internal Revenue Collectors throughout the country, of whom there are sixty-four. Commissioner Roper advised the Collectors that the forecasts must be telegraphed last night so that they would be in Washington the first thing this morning. He said the information was urgently needed by Secretary McAdoo in arranging to meet fiscal requirements of the Government. So urgent was the demand that Collectors were authorized to employ temporary clerks and rent any equipment that might be needed.

Late last night four telegrams were sent by the New York Revenue Collectors that will tell as nearly as can be figured out at this time what New York City's income and excess profit tax collections may be expected to approximate. While the Collectors were instructed by the Commissioner not to divulge this information, it was thought in well-informed circles that this city's total would be close to $800,000,000, the estimate made last Tuesday after the returns had been scanned.

The reports sent to the Commissioner last night were said to show a sum considerably in excess of the $100,000,000 previously estimated for the Brooklyn district, while an additional $25,000,000 in apparent taxes was credited to the previously reported $100,000,000 from the upper Manhattan district. There seemed to be doubt whether the Second District, covering the territory below Fourteenth Street, would come up to the earlier estimates of $800,000,000. Commissioner Roper was advised, it was reported, that the downtown district could be counted upon for between $500,000,000 and $550,000,000.

Commissioner Roper's desire for a complete estimate was frustrated to some degree by the many extensions granted for the filing of returns. It was learned yesterday that 5,000 such extensions were granted in the Second District and nearly as many in the Third. Many of these extensions cover returns to be made by the very largest taxpayers.

Commissioner Roper is expected to tell the country today what the estimated grand collection of income and excess profits taxes is expected to be.

REPUBLICANS CHARGE DRAFT BILL IS HELD UP

Kitchin Denies It and Reiterates Congress Can Adjourn by July 1.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—Representative Claude Kitchin, Democratic floor leader, reassured the House today that Congress could enact the necessary legislation and adjourn by July 1, if the members would shorten debate and speed up the passage of appropriation measures.

Representative Gillett, one of the Republican floor leaders, said he welcomed early adjournment, but characterized the prediction of Mr. Kitchin as "rainbow suggestion."

During the debate it was charged that the Selective Draft bill was being held up by the Democratic leaders. It was brought out that Republican members objected to the continued delay because the War Department had sent word that action should come promptly. Representative Madden of Illinois, Republican, informed the House that the present delay was due to the absence of two Democratic members of the Committee on Military Affairs.

"The Committee on Military Affairs," said Representative Anthony of Kansas, Republican, "is still waiting for some figures and statistics from the Provost Marshal General's office, which have been delayed."

"I am very glad the gentleman stated that," Mr. Kitchin said. "I do not want the House and the country to believe we are putting anything ahead of that. The War Department is doing its best to get such figures and facts as the committee desires, and the committee is doing its best to get the bill in shape for passage."

Stern Brothers

West 42nd and 43rd Streets

Window Awnings, Shades and Furniture Slip Covers

Made-to-order at moderate cost.

The Upholstery Sections, Fourth Floor, are now showing a wide choice of dependable fabrics for the above requirements. Deliveries will be made to suit the purchaser.

Lace Curtains Cleaned

at reasonable prices, and, if desired, they will be stored free of charge during the Summer months.

Draperies Stored at Minimum Rates

Fur Storage, Repairing and Remodeling—3rd Floor

Paris **Best & Co.** *London*

Fifth Avenue and 35th Street

Established 1879

Important for Today!

Sale of Women's Coats
34.50

Suitable for motoring and street wear.

The materials are gabardine, tricotine, silvertone, duvet de laine.

There are four new styles, featuring the new lengthened lapel line; smart yoke effects, distinctive belt lines and soft wielding of pleats and fullness that is particularly charming in these materials.

Convertible collars that add exceptional fineness and elegance.

Sale of Women's Capes
34.50

Four distinctly new models in the smart Spring cape now so highly the vogue for fashionable street wear.

Materials are navy and black poiret twill and fine serge, handsomely lined with silk.

The distinctive originality of line which is associated with the tailored garment of the most exclusive type.

Charming innovations as to collar and draping mark them as high grade models. *The opportunity is most unusual.* **3d floor**

"You Never Pay More at Best's"

BUY LIBERTY BONDS **Gimbel Brothers** 32nd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST. BUY LIBERTY BONDS

Gimbel-Greenhut Sale

Savings of 10 to 50 Percent.

Greenhut's Was Famous for Sporting Goods!

So it means a tremendous advantage for you to share our savings from the purchase, to choose from the $100,000 Greenhut stock, plus special "fill-in" purchases of our own. The earlier you come the better you'll be pleased with what you find in

The Gimbel-Greenhut Sale
$100,000 Worth of Sporting Goods

"Pope" Motor Cycles, $145.00

18 Only—"Big Twin"—Model "L"—18 Specials

Sale Price $145

Makes as high as 60 miles an hour on a level road! Only one speed, so don't expect great hill-climbing power. But for Long Island riding, for instance, you'll look far to find a better motor-cycle, even for a hundred dollars more.

Sixty-miles-an-hour speed, health and recreation for $145!

Motor — Overhead valve type, developing 16-18 H. P.

Carburetor—Schebler type.

Ignition — Dixie Magneto, shaft driven.

Starter—New segment model.

Transmission — Duckworth roller chains.

Clutch — Eclipse, Multiple Disc; one speed only. List $250.00. Price $145.00

Fishing Tackle

Salt Water Rods, Bank and Bay Rods—with agate guider and tip. Each $2.75

Reels—Frostco, Wood, ballbearing bank Reels; 6¼ inch. $2.25

Lines—pure Irish flax cuttyhunk Lines; 18, 21, 24 thread; 100 yard spools. Spool 50c

Hooks—salt water Hooks, three ply; Chestertown, Virginia, Carlisle, Sproat, etc. Dozen 24c and 30c

Salt Water Tackle Books—Canvas 35c and 50c; Imitation Leather, 75c; Genuine Leather, $1.45

Salt Water Sinkers—Bank, Pyramid and Dipsie, Per oz., 1½c

Pearl Squids—weakfish and fluke, Each 5c

Fish Knives—all steel, Each 10c

Fish Hook Disgorgers—aluminum, Each 12c

Sweaters and Sport Clothing

Men's Jumbo Weave Sweaters—heavy shawl collar; maroon, navy and Oxford; sizes 36 to 46 inches. Each $3.50

Men's Shaker Knit Sweaters—wool; heavy shawl collars; maroon, navy and Oxford; inverted pockets; sizes 36 to 46 inches. Each $6.95

Boys' Cardigan Stitch Sweater Coats—V neck, 2 pockets, pearl buttons; colors: cardinal, navy and light Oxford; sizes 28 to 34. Each $2.95

Corduroy Norfolk Coats—two outside and two inside pockets and full game pocket; heavy, durable lining; sizes 38 to 46 inches. Each $4.95

Corduroy Riding Breeches—reinforced seat, two hip and two top pockets and fob pocket; sizes 34 to 40 waist. Pair $4.75

Corduroy Reversible Coats—black leather lined, snap fasteners, pockets on each side; sizes 38 to 48 inches. Each $4.95

Auto—Tires—Seconds—Sold Without Guarantee

23 only—Firestone	30x3	clincher	plain tread	Each	$7.00
6 only—Portage	30x3½	clincher	Non skid	Each	$11.65
11 only—Norwalk	30x3½	clincher	Non skid	Each	$14.75
4 only—Norwalk	32x3½	clincher	Non skid	Each	$16.50
3 only—Portage	32x3½	2 D	Non skid	Each	$14.50
3 only—Nelson	32x4	2 D	Non skid	Each	$13.00
3 only—Firestone	32x4	2 D	Non skid	Each	$16.50
3 only—Norwalk	33x4	SS	Non skid	Each	$22.50
6 only—Nelson	33x4	2 D	Non skid	Each	$15.25
4 only—Portage	33x4	2 D	Non skid	Each	$17.00
3 only—Norwalk	34x4	SS	Non skid	Each	$27.50
5 only—Batavia	34x4½	SS	Non skid	Each	$27.50
2 only—Norwalk	34x4½	SS	Non skid	Each	$27.50
2 only—Nelson	34x4½	2 D	Non skid	Each	$27.50
2 only—Marathon	35x4½	SS	Non skid	Each	$29.50
2 only—Firestone	36x4½	SS	Non skid	Each	$23.00
2 only—Norwalk	36x4½	SS	Non skid	Each	$30.25
3 only—Firestone	36x4½	2 D	plain	Each	$23.00
3 only—Portage	36x4½	SS	plain	Each	$27.50
2 only—Marathon	36x4½	SS	Non skid	Each	$20.50
2 only—Nelson	36x4½	2 D	Non skid	Each	$23.00
6 only—Nelson	35x5	SS	Non skid	Each	$22.50
2 only—Portage	35x5	SS	Non skid	Each	$28.50
2 only—Nelson	37x5	2 D	Non skid	Each	$27.50

Auto Tubes—Seconds—Sold Without Guarantee

3 only—Portage, 32x3½,	$2.65	14 only—Firestone, 30x3,	$1.65
4 only—Portage, 33x4,	$3.50	14 only—Nelson, 34x4,	$3.45
4 only—Portage, 36x4½,	$5.20	4 only—Norwalk, 33x4,	$2.25
3 only—Norwalk, 34x4½,	$3.65		

Greenhut Camera and Photo Supplies

Erector Camera No. 3 Folding, 3¼x4¼, R. R. Lens. $10.45

Vest Pocket Seneca Camera, 1⅝x2½, Anastigmatic. $11.50

No. 1 Folding Ingento, 2¼x3¼, S. A. Lens. $6.75

Seneca Filmette Camera, 4x5, R. R. Lens. $4.95

2 A Seneca Box Camera, 2½x4¼. $2.65

Photo Albums specially priced at 12c to $2.00

Photo Mounts, all sizes, specially priced. 10c & 20c doz.

Rubber Comp Tray, 4x5 to 5x8 inches. 8c to 20c

Pea Crystals Hypo Soda. 4c lb.

Acid Fixing Hypo. 9c ½ lb.

Glass Graduates. 5c to 28c each

Ruby Lamp Ingento. 20c to 76c

Printing Frames, 3¼x4x½ to 5x7. 12c to 20c each

Dog Furnishings

500 dog collars, slightly shopworn, all sizes in the lot, 35c each

Spratte Cod Liver Dog Cakes,	24c
Spratte Fibo Dog Cakes,	24c
Spratte Puppy Dog Cakes,	24c
Spratte Dog Cakes, 10 lb. pkg.,	98c
Bennett's Dog Cakes and Dog Food,	10c, 24c, $1.30
Dog and Cat Sleeping Baskets,	5 sizes, $2.80 to $4.00
Dog and Cat Carriers,	$2.00 to $7.25
Dog Blankets, assorted sizes,	50c each
Muzzlers, collars, whips, leads, brushes at special prices.	

GIMBEL-Greenhut Sale—Second Floor

Greenhut Clothing!

Men's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats at Prices That Sound as Though the War Was Over

Good clothes are selling now at prices possible only to a condition such as is responsible for the closing of the Greenhut business.

The merchandise is of good standard, well worthy of a place in any reliable, popular priced store. And at the reduced prices we have made for this sale, this is just about the most important clothing sale of the season.

Men's New Spring Suits at $18.50

Suits that have all the dash, the fabric, the finish and the fit of those usually priced higher.

Well tailored are these garments in every respect. A wide choice may be had of **Plain Greys, Brown Fancy Mixtures Fancy Worsteds and Striped Effects in Numerous Patterns.**

He whose tastes incline to the model conservative may be perfectly gratified. No less well catered to is the man whose ideas incline to lighter moods.

Men's Suits at $23.50

Plain Blues, Plain Oxford Greys, Fancy Mixtures, Striped and checked effects.

Men's Separate Trousers at $4.75, $5.85 and $7.50. A wide choice of business and dress wear.

Overcoats for Men at $18.50, $22.50 and $27.50. Spring and heavier weights; some with velvet collars; others with self collars; some full silk lined, others quarter silk lined; still others serge lined.

Men's Raincoats at $8.75, $11.75 and $15. Excellent rain-shedding garments that will give perfect service.

Men's Full Dress, Tuxedo and Street Vests at $1.35. These are "odd" vests in an amazing variety and in all sizes.

Men's Oxford Grey Overcoats at $15.75. Spring weights; full lined; all sizes.

Boys' Norfolk Suits at $8.75

One and two pairs of knickers. Some of Serges, with one pair of knickers.

Boys' Raincoats, $2.35. Black rubber with white back. Very serviceable coats.

Boys' Blue Serge Norfolk Suits. Splendid quality, with one pair of knickers. $6.50

Boys' Wash Suits at $1.65, $1.85, $2.35 and $2.85. A wonderful array in many kinds of fabrics in the season's best models and in all colors; Middy and Junior Coat styles.

Boys' Junior Norfolk Suits at $6.75. Some with straight knee pants; others in knickerbocker style. Sizes up to 10 years.

Boys' Norfolk Suits at $11.75. One and two pairs of knickers.

GIMBEL-Greenhut Sale—Fourth Floor

SENATORS FAVOR SHOOTING TRAITORS

Lodge Declares Dynamiters and Incendiaries Should Be Dealt With by the Military.

BORAH DENOUNCES BERGER

Calls Him a "Despicable and Contemptible Creature" in Debate on Anti-Sedition Bill.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—After a stormy session in which the death penalty was demanded for traitors and German propagandists, and Victor Berger, late Socialist candidate in Wisconsin for United States Senator, was branded a traitor, the Senate today failed to agree on a time for final voting on the bill to punish seditious and treasonable utterances regarding the war and the Government. The debate will continue tomorrow, with Administration forces eager to get a vote.

Senator Borah declared that Victor Berger had advocated for America just what Lenine and Trotzky did to Russia—a surrender to Germany.

"That is treason," said the Senator. "I cannot think of a more despicable and contemptible creature under the protection of the American flag. Mr. Berger enjoyed all the privileges of a representative republic. He was allowed to run for office, and was given all the rights of a free citizen to acquire a place in the Government, a Government he stood ready to surrender to the Hohenzollern dynasty."

"I am glad he ran and was defeated," said Senator France of Maryland. "I know that thousands of the men who voted for him were not disloyal, but they voted for him because they hold a theory of government which they think, if adopted, might mitigate some of the unnecessary evils we have allowed to exist in this Government."

Borah Rebukes Him.

"I trust," shot back Senator Borah, "that upon reflection the Senator from Maryland, out of respect to the Senate of the United States, will strike out part of his language."

"What part would the Senator wish to see stricken out?" asked Senator France.

"When the Senator says he is glad that a man ran for the Senate upon the platform on which Mr. Berger ran and received 100,000 votes," replied Senator Borah, "I think it is not creditable to this body."

Senator France then explained that he meant Mr. Berger's defeat at the polls was a better way of dealing with him than simply forcing him to withdraw from the race, without a test of sentiment regarding his candidacy.

Senator Hardwick then engaged in a long colloquy with Senator Borah, followed by a speech tinged with considerable bitterness. Senator Hardwick, a consistent opponent of the war and all war measures, declared nobody could tell him when to talk peace and when not to.

Senator Lodge took up the Berger platform.

"Mr. Berger advocated withdrawing American troops from France, and I think in the present situation that is an absolutely disloyal proposition."

"It is not only disloyal," Senator Borah added, "but in my opinion it ought to be brought within the purview of treason in this country."

Senator Lodge then addressed himself to the activities of German agents, spies, and propagandists in the country and to the Berger candidacy.

"Whoever cherishes the hope of splitting the Teutonic allies asunder cherishes the merest delusion," he said. "Under the circumstances, the Berger candidacy was unfortunate."

Senator Lewis interrupted to ask whether Senator Lodge thought the Senate would seat a man with the views held by Mr. Berger, and elected on such a platform as his.

Lodge Wants Them Shot.

"I think it very unlikely that the Senate would grant him a seat," said Senator Lodge. "The worst offenders in this country are those who have been engaged in dynamiting factories, putting bombs on ships, starting fires, poisoning food, and such things. They have been treated altogether too gently, too delicately by the courts. They get some short term in prison—punishment for which they care nothing. The only way to put an end to their activities is to try them by court-martial and shoot them. Other nations do it. Germany does not hesitate to do it."

Senator Chamberlain here said he was glad Senator Lodge favored turning such offenders over to a military tribunal.

"If the military code isn't broad enough to take care of this, it ought to be amended," said Senator Chamberlain, "to include men, yes, and women if you please, who are guilty of these crimes."

Senator Lodge resumed. "Undoubtedly these crimes increase in number and violence because of the tender way we treat the criminals. And I am of the opinion that if we do not enact laws to handle this situation adequately, it will be handled by popular justice or injustice, through mob courts and lynch tribunals."

Senator Borah then read to the Senate the account of the hanging of the German miner Prager at Collinsville, Ill.

"This is an example of what I have just mentioned," said Senator Lodge.

Senator Shields of Tennessee said: "Of course, I would rather not have mob law, but if we can't take care of them any other way, popular justice will do it. I do not say this ought to be, but—well, it will be, that's all."

"ACID TEST" LETTER UNDER FIRE IN HOUSE

Frear of Wisconsin Resents Wilson's Support of Davies—Heflin Would Oust La Follette.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 5.—In a speech in the House today Representative James A. Frear of Wisconsin denounced the "acid test" letter which President Wilson wrote to promote the candidacy of Joseph E. Davies for the Senate and the speech of Vice President Marshall in behalf of Mr. Davies. The speech brought Representative Heflin of Alabama to his feet, and he assailed the patriotism of several Republican Congressmen, including Congressman Britten of Illinois.

Mr. Frear said that one-third of the members of the House would be unseated if the "acid test" proposed by President Wilson were applied. He included Messrs. Kitchin, Mann, Cannon, and many others in the list.

"The Democratic Senatorial whip declared in the New Hampshire special election last Fall that a vote for the Republican candidate for Congress was a vote for the Kaiser," said Mr. Frear. "This statement was repudiated by an intelligent electorate and a Republican member from New Hampshire was added to those on this side of the aisle, all of whom are loyally supporting every war measure in the present world conflict. The same Democratic Senatorial whip has recently presented his unusual arguments to the people of Wisconsin in the Senatorial election, with like results—the election of a Republican.

"Democratic Governors, Democratic Senators, and heads of bureaus from Washington joined in this drive to make Wisconsin 'safe for partisan Democracy.' The partisan methods are to be deplored, but the result is a triumph for the American spirit of fair play and high ideals, even in politics."

Representative Heflin answered the attack made yesterday by Mr. Britten of Illinois upon the War Department for not permitting marines to go to France. He said that Mr. Britten had given the German spies information which they could not have obtained otherwise, and that such an attack upon the military authorities came with bad grace "from a man who offered a resolution at the outbreak of the war to prevent troops going abroad without their consent."

In the course of his speech Mr. Heflin called for the unseating of Senator La Follette and the internment of Victor Berger.

War Anniversary Service at Trinity.

A service marking the first anniversary of the United States' entry into the war will be held at noon today in old Trinity Church. It will be of a patriotic character. The Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, who is voluntary chaplain with the 302d United States Engineers at Camp Upton, will deliver an address. Every initial step of the United States in the war has been marked by Trinity with a special service at the time.

EDGE IS OUT FOR FULL SENATE TERM

New Jersey's Governor Declares for a "100 Per Cent. Military Policy."

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., April 5.—In a formal statement issued today, Governor Edge announced himself a candidate for the Republican nomination for United States Senator for the full six-year term, beginning March 4, 1919. He says he stands for a hundred per cent. military policy and pledges himself to support the Federal war program with "no taint of puny partisanship."

The Governor's candidacy is the third to be announced in the Republican ranks, Colonel Austen Colgate of Essex County and George L. Record of Hudson County having previously thrown their hats into the ring. As yet, Alexander Simpson of Hudson County is the only avowed Democratic candidate. Mr. Edge's action is regarded as making it certain that former Governor E. C. Stokes will not get into the fight.

TRAPPED FORGER ENDS LIFE

Arizona Man Who Got $28,000 Shoots Himself in Providence.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 5.—John H. Frye, wanted in New York on a charge of embezzling $28,000 from a bank on forged checks made out in the name of the Prescott National Bank of Prescott, Ariz., shot and killed himself here today when detectives called at his apartment to arrest him. He had been employed in the Prescott bank as a stenographer, the police said.

Frye came here on March 1, and the next day opened accounts in four local banks, after requesting that he be permitted to send deposits by mail, because, as he explained, he worked at night. He deposited $100 a week at each institution until he had more than $4,000. His actions aroused the suspicion of bank officials, and detectives were put on the case. They got a picture of the missing Arizona man, but could not make sure of the identification, for Frye had dyed his hair and otherwise altered his appearance. The police were called in to talk to Frye today. At first he denied all knowledge of the Arizona case, but later admitted his identity, and directed the police to a bureau drawer, where he said they could find the money. As soon as their backs were turned he shot himself.

On the strength of letters he had forged, John H. Frye obtained $28,000 in cash from three banks here on Feb. 19, four days after his arrival in this city from Prescott, Ariz. He had written to the three banks with which the Prescott bank was doing business, saying that John A. Frye, a customer of the Prescott bank was leaving for New York and that it would be a favor if the New York institutions would honor his check for $5,000.

Frye was represented as carrying a draft on the Anglo-London and Paris Bank of San Francisco for $15,000, which he would like to have cashed. He had forged the Prescott Bank cashier's name to his letters. He raised $11,000 on the draft, stating that he would not require the balance, or $4,000, for several days. Through a forged letter he raised an additional $17,000 and left this city. Before going, however, he mailed a draft for $600 to a bank in Seattle, Wash., where he had been employed before going to Prescott.

The Pinkerton Detective Agency, which was in charge of the case through its Providence branch, learned that a young man known as "Charles Bantum" was spending money freely in Providence. A photograph of the missing Frye was forwarded.

5% INCOME CLEAR

Our Tax Exempt First Mortgage Participation Certificates are the best investment for those who cannot afford to lose their money.

Just now you can invest any sum from $200 up and receive 5% interest.

These Certificates are parts of a specific Guaranteed First Mortgage.

No investor has ever lost a dollar

BOND & MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO

Capital & Surplus, $10,000,000

176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn. 350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

We Fight Again For Liberty

Washington led our first fight for liberty and fought seven anxious years before winning. His victory gained freedom for our forefathers, ourselves and for our children.

It is only a little over 140 years since, in the words of Lincoln, "our fathers brought forth on this continent a new Nation, conceived in liberty, and dedicated to the proposition that all men are created equal." Fifty years ago this pledge was renewed. In fancied security these later years have passed in peaceful progress. We believed the battle for human liberty had been completely won.

Devastated and ravished Belgium and thousands of other bloody deeds of a misguided people proved the error of this belief. Again in the world's history a crafty, selfish, ambitious ruler has threatened to destroy freedom and world peace forever, and, as we now know, had planned to make of America another Belgium.

Again came the call "To arms!"

The citizens of the great Republic which first lighted the way to individual freedom, changed themselves from a people of peace a year ago today to a vast, united, determined army—"that this nation, under God, shall have a new birth of freedom, and that government of the people, by the people, and for the people shall not perish from the earth."

We stand before the world dedicated to a holy cause. Each man, each woman, and each child in this land has a task to perform, something to do to help his country. If we cannot fight with our boys in France, we can stand behind them here, presenting a solid, cheerful, unwavering front to our enemies abroad and to their agents here.

If we, collectively or individually, falter in any effort to further our Country's cause, just in the same degree do we prove recreant to the trust placed in us by our brothers, our fathers, our sons, who have gone forth to fight—to bleed—to die, on the battle fields of France.

This is the Platform of Every American:

THEREFORE

I, as an individual, do solemnly promise I will constantly support our boys by every means in my power:

By my Faith; by hard, daily, thoughtful work and thrift, that I may earn more, have more and give more; by Cheerfulness in the face of war news of any character; by Confidence in our Government, our Army, our Navy, our future; by taking upon myself a personal responsibility for the success of the Liberty Loans, the War Savings Stamps, American Red Cross, Food and Fuel Conservation and all other national service movements; by helping others to know how to be TRUE AMERICANS and by thinking of these Duties when I talk of our country and the war.

Lord & Taylor

38th Street FIFTH AVENUE 39th Street

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Service Uniforms For Officers

FRESH stocks of uniforms for army officers—in whipcords, serges and gabardines—have just arrived from the Kirschbaum shops . . . . Uniforms suitable for warm Spring days here in the U. S. A.—and others for the rougher climate of Picardy and Flanders. . . . . Offered at the actual wholesale cost.

Serges, 14 oz.,	*$27.00*
Serges, 12 oz.,	*$25.00*
Whipcords,	*$27.00 and 30.00*
Gabardines,	*$23.50 and 30.00*
Overcoats,	*$30.00*

Stern Brothers

WEST 42nd AND 43rd STREETS

Young Men's and Men's Clothes—Third Floor

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

Announce Six Special Offerings in

Men's Furnishings

for the week-end

Men's Silk Neckwear at 55c

¶ A wonderful collection of new four-in-hand scarves, made of richly colored Silks in new Spring designs. Neckwear of the same quality is now being shown around town at seventy-five cents.

Men's Japanese Crepe Shirts at $1

¶ Well-tailored shirts of genuine imported Japanese Crepe. Shown in a splendid selection of colorings in neat stripe effects, such as were recently included in a collection of shirts at $2.

Men's Summer Pajamas at $1.50

¶ Purchased far in advance—now impossible to obtain to sell for less than $2. Made of Woven Madras, and trimmed with mercerized frogs.

Men's 'Kerchiefs, 6 for 59c

¶ Soft white 'kerchiefs with white satin or corded borders, made of soft, silk-like imported material.

Men's Leather Belts at 55c

¶ Made of old quality leathers, now very difficult to obtain. Choice of Gun Metal and plated buckles.

Men's Imported Jap. Crepe Bath Robe Sets, $2.95

¶ Set consists of robe, slippers and envelope bag to match. In novelty stripes with solid color trimming. Thoroughly shrunk, and guaranteed fast color. Mail and 'phone orders filled.

B. Altman & Co.

The Boys' Clothing Dep't

is displaying

Boys' Trench Coats

just received from England.

These coats are made of rubberized double-texture cloth and will immediately commend themselves for rainy-weather wear.

The model is a counterpart of the regulation trench coat worn by British army men, having the regular sleeves, inverted plait at back, convertible storm collar and buckled belt that are distinguishing features of that comfortable outergarment.

The coat may be obtained in sizes for boys of 10 to 18 years. The price in regular stock is

$28.50

(Boys' Clothing, Sixth Floor)

Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

The Blue Bird
of Happiness,
So says the beautiful story, is right at your own door,—and it's true! It's right in your own garden—but if you don't cultivate it and make it pretty and alluring enough for the Blue Bird—it will fly away! Let's help you keep the Blue Bird at home!
Come out in your car today—and talk over your Garden Plans
I. HICKS & SON
Sixty Years of Growing Here
WESTBURY (near) L. I.

Buy Thrift Stamps

Smart Fur Stoles only $14.75

A luxury at an economy price. Long stoles of pieced Hudson Seal (dyed muskrat), lined with crepe de chine. May be adjusted to suit the wearer. Fur Department.

Main Floor
ALL CARS TRANSFER TO
BloomingdaleS
59th to 60th St., Lexington to 3d Ave.

American Taximeter Company
1,765 Broadway, New York
Service Stations in 15 Cities

NEW YORKERS haven't waited for the daylight saving bill. They have long known how easily they can lengthen their days and shorten their shopping trips by always using the swift, dependable

Fifth Avenue Bus

Wounded Coming

Hundreds of Army and Navy men are already being treated in New York by the 45 United Hospitals.

Surgeon-General Gorgas says ten per cent. of the soldiers sent abroad will have to be brought back here for hospital treatment.

America was slow in waking up to the need of military preparedness. Let us not wait till our hospitals are crowded with suffering Soldiers before we provide for the proper care of these men.

We must have $50,000 at once. Will you send a dollar or more to day to

ALBERT H. WIGGIN, Treas., 57 B'way.

UNITED HOSPITAL FUND OF NEW YORK

HENRY J. FISHER, W. FELLOWES MORGAN, GEORGE BLUMENTHAL, ROBERT OLYPHANT, HENRY R. KUNHARDT, E. H. OUTERBRIDGE, ARNOLD WOOD, JAMES SPEYER.

Betsy Ross Yarns

sold at wholesale makes it possible for Patriotic Women to knit for Army and Navy Men.

65c. Per 4 oz. Hank

$2.50 per lb., in 5-lb. lots.

366 Fifth Ave., nr. 34th St.

(Take elevator to 4th floor)

Address Mail Orders Dept. T.

N. Y. Herald says: "He brings the fighting lines right before the eyes of his readers and makes them realize what war is at close quarters."

OVER THERE AND BACK
By Lieut. Joseph S. Smith
FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

INDICT ROTHENBERG AS COHEN'S SLAYER

District Attorney's Dragnet Brings In New Evidence in Murder of Gambler.

CASE READY FOR TRIAL

Parallel of Rosenthal Killing Grows as Tenderloin Characters Reveal Workings of Gang.

Morris Rothenberg was indicted by the Grand Jury yesterday for the murder of Harry Cohen, known as "Harry the Yot," who was shot dead Monday morning in the hallway of the apartment house at 7 West Ninety-second Street, in which he lived, two hours after he had telephoned to Assistant District Attorney Smith, making an appointment at which he promised important disclosures about several of the principal gambling houses in New York City. Mr. Smith said that the case against Rothenberg was strong enough for trial today.

One of the new witnesses against Rothenberg who came to light yesterday said that he had seen the man at 12:30 o'clock on Monday morning, less than seven hours before the shooting, and that Rothenberg had said:

"I am going to get a wad of money today, and I expect to take quite a trip."

Several other witnesses were found yesterday who said that they had seen Rothenberg and another man between 8 o'clock and 9 o'clock on Monday morning, a short time after the shooting, walking up and down Seventh Avenue and Broadway between Forty-fifth and Fiftieth Streets, dropping into saloons and restaurants, and eagerly inquiring after a man who had, they said, failed to keep an appointment with them.

Police Captain McKenna and several detectives were busy yesterday looking for this same man. He is alleged by District Attorney Swann to be the "paymaster" who was to deliver the price of silencing Cohen to the man who dispatched him. According to District Attorney Swann, there was some red tape connected with the payment of this money, and the representative of the alleged conspiracy of big gamblers failed to make his appearance at the place agreed upon in Times Square early on Monday morning. Later, it was asserted, the red tape, which was principally concerned with the question of proof that Cohen had been murdered, was cut and the money paid.

The testimony on this subject which was obtained yesterday was considered interesting by the District Attorney's office, because it tended to make the Cohen case more and more like a ghost of the Rosenthal murder. In the latter case, the actual murderers had agreed to meet "Jack" Rose in a restaurant at Seventh Avenue and Forty-ninth Street after the murder, but they missed connections and wandered about for two hours before they met.

Six tenderloin characters, who were arrested because they knew Rothenberg and had been in close touch with him before the killing, were questioned at the District Attorney's office yesterday and gave other information indicating that those implicated in the Cohen murder were the successors of the east side gangsters who figured in the Rosenthal murder. The Assistant District Attorney who questioned them said:

"Morris Rothenberg and his associates used to be Second Avenue men, and changed their habitat because the police went after gangs in that vicinity with too much energy after the Rosenthal case. In successive migrations most of them came uptown and made their headquarters in saloons and restaurants along Seventh Avenue from about Forty-sixth Street to Fiftieth Street, putting in a good deal of their time along Broadway. A number of them still call themselves 'The Boys of the Avenue,' the name which the members of the Hester Club, Herman Rosenthal's old place, adopted after the club closed its doors."

ACTS IN CARPENTIER WILL.

Court Appoints Administrators Pending Contest of a Nephew.

Pending a contest of the will of General Horace Carpentier, who gave the bulk of his $3,500,000 estate to Columbia University and Barnard College, Surrogate Fowler has appointed the Lincoln Trust Company, Caroline F. Crocker, and Cortlandt S. Van Rensselaer, the executors named in the will, as temporary administrators. The contestant is Edward Carpentier, who alleges that he is a nephew, and contends that th will cutting him off was the resul of undue influence.

The contestant has been involved in matrimonial litigation, in course of which his wife is alleged to have written to the late General Carpentier threatening to create a scandal involving the Carpentier name unless General Carpentier induced her husband to withdraw proceedings brought against her. Counsel for the Carpentier estate objected to an application by the contestant to be appointed one of the administrators and the Surrogate refused to appoint him.

RED CROSS PREPARES HOME

Women Relatives of Wounded Will Find Shelter on Staten Island.

The American Red Cross announced last night that when the American wounded from the battle of Picardy and other parts of the French front arrive from France and are transferred from the hospital ships at Quarantine to the new Military Base Hospital at Fox Hills, Staten Island, they will find their women relatives waiting to greet them. This has been made possible by the women of the Richmond County Chapter of the Red Cross, who have fitted up an old stone mansion, near the quarantine station, for this purpose.

IRISH CONVENTION ENDS.

Grand Committee's Draft Report of Deliberations Adopted.

LONDON, April 5.—The Irish convention which has been discussing the question of home rule for several months concluded its deliberations today, says the Central News Agency.

The convention adopted the draft report of the deliberations of the Grand Committee as presented by the Chairman.

Certificates for Women's Law Class

The Woman's Law Class of New York University will hold its twenty-seventh annual commencement exercises this afternoon in the University Law School, Washington Square. Twenty-three young women will receive the Chancellor's certificate, and two of them the University Prize Scholarships, valued at $360 each, in the form of three years' free tuition in the School of Law. The awards will be made to members of the morning and the evening classes who pass the best examinations for the Chancellor's Certificate. The Woman's Law Class is in no way a part of the School of Law, except as it is the stepping stone conducive to the further study of law, and carries the two free tuition scholarships.

Nicaragua Fears Costa Ricans.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, April 5.—The Government of Costa Rica is actively recruiting an army to combat the revolutionists in that country. President Federico A. Tinoco has sent to Panama a protest against permitting armed political exiles to cross the frontier.

BERNSTORFF'S SON SUED FOR ALLEGED SLANDER

Baron Radek Brings Action in Berlin Against Husband of His Divorced Wife.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, April 4.—A remarkable scandal involving members of the highest Berlin society is revealed in an action in the civil courts of the German capital, where Baron von Radek, a retired Prussian officer, is bringing an action charging slander and calumny against Count Gunther von Bernstorff, a son of the former German Ambassador to the United States.

Radek, who lived in England for some years, joined the German Army on the outbreak of the war and did distinguished service at the front. While the Baron was fighting Count Gunther, it is alleged, sought to induce the Baroness, formerly Miss Marguerite Vivian Burton of Philadelphia, to divorce her husband.

The scandal came to the ears of the Baron, and, as an outcome of the inquiries he caused to be made, he sued for a divorce. This was granted by the court on the ground that, during her husband's service on behalf of his country, the Baroness von Radek had been guilty of improper conduct.

Shortly after the divorce Count Gunther married the Baroness, and, subsequently, at a chance meeting in a Berlin hotel, there arose a violent quarrel between the Baron and the Count, in the course of which the former tore the epaulettes from Count Gunther's uniform. To this assault the Count replied with the remark:

"I refuse to cross swords with you. You are known to have been a German spy in England."

This observation led to Radek's retirement from the army and to the suit against Count Gunther for calumny.

The action is causing enormous interest in Berlin, where the Bernstorff-Radek marriage made a great stir a few months ago, and it is announced that about a hundred witnesses are to be heard. As some extremely unsavory revelations will be made, it is believed that the case will be heard in camera. Not the least remarkable aspect of the affair is that this is said to be the first time a Prussian officer has ever declined to settle a quarrel of this kind by means of a duel.

Count Christian Gunther von Bernstorff and the former Miss Marguerite Vivian Burton were married last Dec. 8. He is 26 years old, and in 1913 was a clerk in the offices of Speyer & Co., New York bankers. The Count entered the German diplomatic service shortly after the outbreak of the war.

Countess von Bernstorff is about 30 years old. Her first husband was an American carriage manufacturer named Bisch, from whom she was divorced, after which she married Baron von Radek. She was born in Stroudsburg, Penn., of English parents, and was adopted by E. J. Thomasen of Burlington, N. J.

After her first marriage she met Baron von Radek in New York, and they were married in London in 1911. Four years ago the Countess fell heir to an estate of $100,000 from her foster mother.

Baron von Radek was formerly an Attaché of the German Embassy in London. His father was a General in the German Army.

INCREASE FOR TEACHERS.

President Somers Says Higher Salaries Will Come Soon.

The salaries of the lower paid teachers in the elementary schools of the city will soon be increased. President Somers at the meeting of the Board of Education yesterday said that these teachers received less pay than a common laborer. The schedules submitted by the Teachers Council would add more than $12,700,000 to the school budget. Another plan proposed would make the added cost about $4,000,000. Many teachers, he said, received only $16 a week. The board, he said, would soon take up the matter and come to a decision about the salaries that would be somewhere between the two amounts named. The teachers were doing excellent work. He did not take any stock in the complaint that they worked over ten months in the year. They did the work they were asked to do and very few of them watched the clock, being too intent in the instruction of the pupils.

There may be a change in the time at which these teachers receive their maximum salary.

WAR PLEA BETWEEN ACTS.

Gov. Whitman Commends Mrs. Duryea, Who Urges Women to Knit.

Mrs. Chester B. Duryea, who organized the Duryea War Relief, which has clothed more than 78,000 persons since the war began, made an address between the acts of "The American Ace" at the Casino last evening, being introduced by Governor Whitman, who spoke highly of the work and urged the people to patriotic endeavor.

Mrs. Duryea told of the seventeen villages in the devastated part of France that had been taken over by her society at the request of the French Government, and of the clothing, garden implements, and seeds distributed among the people. Mrs. Duryea made a strong appeal to the women to knit. "Since returning to this country," she said, "I have heard an American woman of intelligence and sympathy criticise the incessant knitting she sees and remark that no woman between 16 and 60 should waste her time knitting. I would remind that woman that while machines do the work quicker, there are not enough machines, and a woman can often knit by hand when other things are going on. If every woman between 16 and 60 would knit an hour a day our forces and those of the Allies would be kept in warm socks.55

The Duryea War Relief besides the central depot in Paris has sixty-five branches in this country, the headquarters here being at 9 East Thirtieth Street.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566-568 Fifth Avenue, AT 46TH ST.

Direct attention to
SATIN DRESSES
Tailored and draped effects for street and afternoon wear—especially featuring charming styles in conservative shades, at
—$65 and $95.—

SMART DAY DRESSES
in Tailored Serges—Braided Embroidered—and beaded effects also Semi-tailored Jerseys in smart but simple models at
—$45, $65 and $85.—

Best & Co.
Fifth Avenue at 35th Street
Established 1879

CLOTHES
for
Young Men and Boys
Tailoring—That Meets War-time Demands for Service

There is a great deal left to your imagination in the tailoring of a garment. Fully 60% of the tailoring, the most vital parts, is entirely hidden.

There are many garments that to all outward appearances are beautifully made, but which prove to be disappointing after wear because all the tailoring *was on the outside* and the hidden parts were slighted.

The parts that give a garment its *permanence*, its *style*, and *service* are the parts that *are not seen*, and *no garment can be better than its inside tailoring*.

That every Best & Co. garment shall be fully as good in the INSIDE as the OUTSIDE is why Best & Co. tailor their own garments. No risks will be taken with this vital feature of our clothes. So important is this that the tailoring has always been under direct supervision of members of the firm.

Best & Co. Clothes Are Backed by a Reputation

Children's Wash Suits
There are no other wash suits that wear as long or retain their original style after laundering as do ours. *One* does the service of *two* of the usual kind. 2.65 3.75 4.75

Norfolk and Knicker Suits
of distinctive mixtures, cheviots, English and Scotchy effects and smart velour cassimeres, as well as the famous Best & Co. blue serges, for boys from 7 to 18 years. 13.50 16.50 18.50

English Style Spring Coats
English fabrics, as well as our own, including coverts and tweeds in trench models. For boys 8 to 16 years. 15.00 18.50 21.50

Top Coats—*For Young Gentlemen*
English models—boxy and raglan models, as well as form tracing styles; English fabrics, coverts, tweeds and knitted fabrics, many of which are rain repellent, in sizes 32 to 42. 21.50 24.50 28.50

Norfolk & Reg. U. S. N. Middies
Regular Best & Co. quality. Made of fine selected woolens and worked out carefully, both as to cutting and finishing. Conspicuous values, for boys 3 to 9 years. 9.75 11.50 13.50

Reefers
The largest assortment of reefers in New York, including tweeds, coverts, velours and the famous Best & Co. serges, for boys 2 to 10 years. 8.50 10.50 13.50

First Long Trouser Suits
Mannish but not awkward, cut properly to hang right. Exclusive Best & Co. models, made of carefully selected fabrics. 21.50 24.50 27.50

Young Men's Suits
Models for College Men, Business or Professional Men who demand authoritative style, choice and careful tailoring, exclusive fabrics and good value; unusual assortments; sizes 32 to 42. 21.50 24.50 28.50

Best & Co.
Fifth Avenue at 35th Street
Established 1879

Gimbel Brothers
33rd ST - BROADWAY - 33rd ST.

Paris Hats
for
June Brides and Tourists

From Paris Hats, wonderful copies and adaptations at $8.75 to $22.50, are the talk of New York. They are so beautifully made. They are so correct, and so exactly in the mode. Materials are the best obtainable—some imported, some American.

Small, close-fitting hats; large, luxurious picture-hats; chapeaux much bent and twisted; some hats very severe and tailored; others as coquettish as a debutante; and some hats that are hand woven, and others "quilted." *French Salon, Third Floor.*

Exquisitely made mourning hats. *French Salon, Third Floor.*

Hats—unusual, for the unusual dainty mature woman who likes a simple hat such as the mature matron of Paris wears. Those who have been to Paris know this toque-type that the Parisienne gentlewoman simply loves. *French Salon, Third Floor.*

In short, there's no hat wanted but can be found here—either already made, or can be made quickly, easily, and inexpensively. Just try Gimbels. Millinery Salons, Third Floor

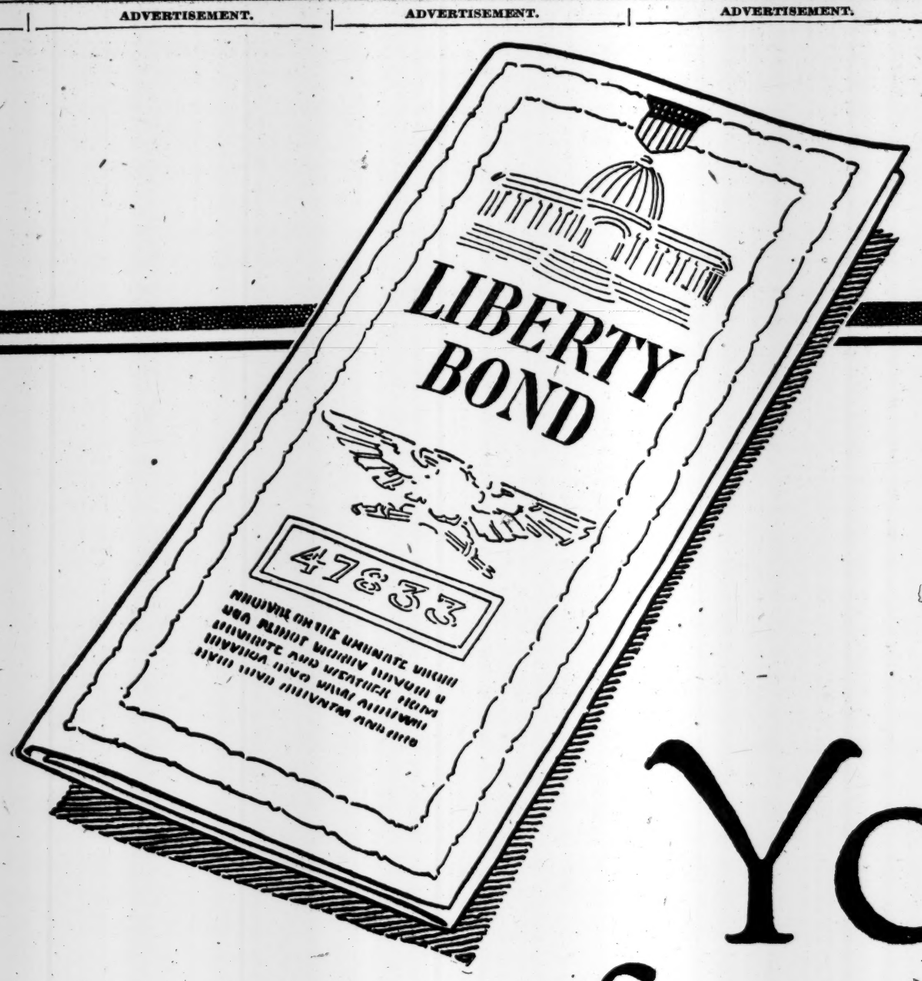
MEN'S TOPCOATS—
AN APRIL NECESSITY
—$25 and $30

WITH a touch of English in their lines, a smack of Scotch in the fabric effects and the influence of Paris in the French facings—these topcoats belong to the realm of international affairs. . . . In Spring-weight cassimeres, double-twists, cheviots and tweeds. . . . Skeleton lined with silk sleeves. . . . Kirschbaum tailored, which means thorough workmanship, inside and out, - - $25 and $30

Quarter silk lined suits in fine unfinished worsteds, $30

Stern Brothers
WEST FORTY-SECOND AND FORTY-THIRD STREETS
Young Men's and Men's Clothes, Third Floor—Elevators Convenient

ADVERTISEMENT. | ADVERTISEMENT. | ADVERTISEMENT. | ADVERTISEMENT. | ADVERTISEMENT. | ADVERTISEMENT. | ADVERTISEMENT. | ADVERTISEMENT.

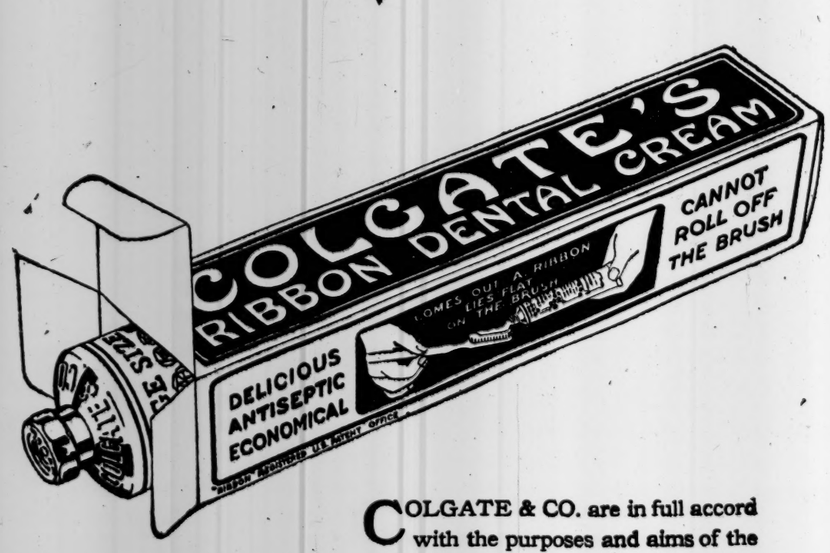


Yours—
for your future
Safety

THE bonds of your country are *your* bonds—they are based on your strength, your abilities, your effort, your money, your sacrifice. And they go to help your sons, your brothers to win your rights and privileges — for the safety of your future. That is one reason why the Liberty Bonds are your bonds.

But the Liberty Bonds you buy are yours in the more ordinary sense, too — they are your valuable property, safeguarded by the strongest backing in the whole world—the pledged word of the U. S. Government. There again the Liberty Bonds are for the safety of your future and that of those dependent on you.

Any policeman or postman will tell you where to buy your bonds—today.



COLGATE & CO. are in full accord with the purposes and aims of the Government in the conduct of the War. They are therefore glad to use this page to call the attention of the readers of this paper to the vital importance of the Liberty Bonds.

COLGATE & CO.
Established 1806
Makers of Ribbon Dental Cream
A Safe Dentifrice

Buy Your Liberty Bonds—TO-DAY

"OUR WAR AIM"

All money received during the next four weeks for SARATOGA VICHY WATER, less cost and operating charges, will be invested in Liberty Bonds.

These Bonds will be held for the duration of the War.

Sold by all *First Class* Grocers.

Saratoga Vichy Water Dist'g Co.,
Tel. Murray Hill 866.

JACK TAR

Lion Collars

OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA

UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO., TROY, N. Y.

The

HAT

for Men & Women

Buy a Liberty Bond

KNOX

452 Fifth Avenue at 40th Street
506 Fifth Avenue at 43rd Street
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Vaughan's Seeds

For Hotbeds

Delicious crisp Radishes and Lettuce on your table in six weeks, and other vegetables ready to plant out. A temporary structure will do. Our Bulletin tells you how.

For 30 years New York's Popular Seed House. Catalogue FREE.

VAUGHAN'S SEED STORE,
41 and 43 Barclay St. Both Corners.

SUNDAY NIGHT DINNERS
CUISINE FRANCAISE

MAISON Arthur

5 EAST 45TH STREET.

The thrilling, personal story of the fighting airman.

CAVALRY OF THE CLOUDS

By Capt. Alan Bott, M. C.
Net, $1.25
DOUBLEDAY, PAGE & Co. DP 36

Use Cuticura Soap For Your Skin

All druggists; Soap 25, Ointment 25 & 50. Talcum 25. Sample each free of "Cuticura, Dept. 6 B, Boston."

6 O'CLOCK TONIGHT.

All want advertisements intended for insertion in The Times tomorrow must be in the Times Building before 6 o'clock tonight.—Advt.

MAY SEND DR. BUENZ TO U. S. PRISON TODAY

German Sea Raider Conspirator Ordered Into Court for Health Examination.

21 ENEMY ALIENS INTERNED

Question of Moving Germans from Staten Island and South Brooklyn Still Undecided.

Dr. Karl Buenz, former German Minister to Mexico, and at the time of the entrance of this country into the war the highest official of the Hamburg-American Line in the United States, who is under sentence to serve eighteen months in the Federal Penitentiary at Atlanta for conspiring to make New York a supply base for German ocean raiders, was ordered yesterday to appear before Judge Harland B. Howe in the Federal District Court this morning. Dr. Buenz has been at liberty, under $25,000 bail, because of the alleged condition of his health. On his appearance in court this morning the question of his health will be the subject of inquiry by the Federal authorities, on the outcome of which will depend whether or not he is to be taken to Atlanta to begin serving his term.

Two other Germans, both underlings, who were convicted at the same time as Buenz, are now serving their sentences. Buenz for some months made his home in the German Club, which was closed ten days ago following a somewhat thorough inspection of the club by agents of the Department of Justice. Recently Buenz, according to information in possession of the authorities, has been spending much time automobiling about the city.

The twenty-one enemy aliens, among them Baron Gustav von Hasperg, Dr. Karl O. Bertling, the propagandist, and Dr. Isaac Straus, former Secretary to Dr. Dernburg, who have been ordered interned in a Georgia prison camp as dangerous enemy aliens, left for Fort Oglethorpe yesterday afternoon. The prisoners were in charge of a platoon of soldiers of the Twenty-second United States Infantry from Governors Island. They are due at Oglethorpe early tomorrow morning.

Two important arrests are known to have been made within a few days. One is said to be among the most important since this country entered the war. It was said yesterday that details of the two cases may be made public today.

No decision has as yet been made on the suggestion to order all enemy subjects resident on Staten Island and along the South Brooklyn waterfront to move to other parts of the city. There are several thousand enemy aliens living in these parts of the city, every one of whom is in a position to keep track of naval and transport arrivals and departures. With great troop movements in prospect, it has been pointed out that it would seem to be a wise precaution to order these people into a part of the city where they would not be subjected to temptation to keep track of military and naval movements in New York Harbor.

Wilhelm Bergher, a graduate of the University of Göttingen, who says he came to this country six years ago "to perfect himself in office management" and to do "newspaper work on the side," was questioned by Captain Roger B. Hull, U. S. A., on duty with the Enemy Alien Bureau, yesterday. Bergher was recently released from the White Plains jail, where he was held as an enemy alien.

"I suppose you know this country is at war?" said Captain Hull.

"Yes, I know New York is at war, but I don't know whether Chicago and Cleveland are," he replied.

"Are you a German subject?" he was asked.

"I refuse to answer; you have no right to ask that question," was his reply.

The man finally admitted that he was a loyal German.

Captain Hull ordered his examined at Bellevue to determine whether or not he is feigning insanity.

Charged with using seditious language while addressing a crowd in Madison Square, Robert Hamovitz of 3,741 Third Avenue was sentenced to serve twenty days in the Workhouse by Magistrate Brough in Yorkville Court yesterday afternoon. Two witnesses testified that Hamovitz said that after this war there would be a bigger war between capital and labor and also that after this war "there would be no more Kaisers, Emperors, Kings or Presidents."

Michael Kosgel, a Russian, in this country four years, of 188 East Third Street, was held by United States Commissioner Samuel M. Hitchcock yesterday afternoon in $2,000 bail for the Federal Grand Jury for refusing to sign his draft questionnaire. Kosgel has recently been working at the Remington Arms plant in Bridgeport, Conn.

GERMAN EX-OFFICER IN JAIL.

Ritter, Boston Book Dealer, Held for Circulating Propaganda.

BOSTON, April 5.—Theodor J. Ritter, a bookseller, with a shop in Boylston Street, who is said to have been formerly an officer of a Prussian Guards regiment, was arrested as an enemy alien by John J. Mitchell, United States Marshal, tonight. According to Department of Justice agents, the prisoner is suspected of extensive circulation of books and pamphlets in support of German propaganda.

In a search of his house at Newton Centre, the agents found a Prussian guardsman's uniform. Ritter was removed to the east Cambridge jail. He is 50 years old and unmarried. He has been in this country about ten years.

MUCK TO BE INTERNED FOR PERIOD OF THE WAR

Washington Orders the Orchestra Leader Confined as an Enemy of the Country.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—Internment of Dr. Karl Muck, former leader of the Boston Symphony Orchestra, for the period of the war, was ordered today by the Department of Justice. Dr. Muck, held to be an enemy alien in spits of his claims to Swiss citizenship, supported by the Swiss Legation, will be turned over to the military authorities, who will decide where he shall be imprisoned.

The Department of Justice, after an extensive investigation of Dr. Muck's record of pro-German sympathies and utterances and his close associations in the past with State leaders in Germany, decided it would be dangerous to permit him to remain at large. His claims of Swiss citizenship, based on the fact that his father was naturalized in Switzerland after moving from Germany, were overruled under the Espionage act, which permits the internment of a "denizen" of an enemy country.

Dr. Muck was arrested about two weeks ago and held on a Presidential warrant while the Department of Justice reviewed reports of secret agents who had followed his movements for several years since he obtained special permission from Emperor William to remain in this country. Since his arrest he resigned his leadership of the orchestra.

WINS FROM INTERBOROUGH.

Shoemaker Gets Verdict for False Arrest Following Flag Dispute.

Raffaele Patrone, a shoemaker and owner of a chain of repair shops, living at 4,039 Lowerre Place, Bronx, obtained a verdict for $500 yesterday for false arrest from the Interborough Rapid Transit Company after a trial before Justice Mitchell and a jury in the Bronx County Supreme Court. He sued for $5,000.

Patrone on May 15 entered the Grand Street station of the Third Avenue elevated line with an American flag and an Italian flag, each attached to six-foot sticks. When he attempted to pass the ticket chopper he was stopped and told he could not ride because the flag poles were cumbersome and dangerous to passengers. He appealed to the ticket seller, Morris Weisman, who, he said, declared: "I don't care a damn about the Stars and Stripes or the Wop flag either." A fight followed in which Weisman was cut on the wrist. Patrone was arrested and charged with assault. He was held for the Grand Jury, but was not indicted.

At the trial yesterday Weisman denied making the remark about the American and Italian flags.

TRY TO KILL FAMILY OF CONGRESSMAN

Unexpected Arrival Home of John G. Cooper's Eldest Son Saves Six from Death.

ALL SENSELESS FROM GAS

Wife, Four Children, and Maid Believed to be Victims of I. W. W. or German Spies.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—Advised today that his family had been gassed in Youngstown by plotters who evidently were trying to kill him for attacks on the I. W. W. and German spies, Representative John G. Cooper of the Nineteenth Ohio district immediately laid the facts before the Department of Justice.

A. Bruce Bielaski, Chief of the Bureau of Investigations, who has charge of the national hunt for German plotters and disloyalists, notified Mr. Cooper that instructions would be sent without delay to Cleveland representatives of the Department of Justice to proceed to Youngstown at once for the purpose of running down the guilty parties.

Although the attack on Representative Cooper's home was made Wednesday night, when it was believed he was there for a visit with his family, he knew nothing of the plot which nearly killed his wife, four of his children, and the maid until he received a message this morning from his nineteen-year-old son, Lawrence, who found them all unconscious at 11 o'clock that night. The telegram read:

"Dad, watch what you eat and drink and where you go. I. W. W. workers got in cellar last night, thinking you were home, and took off the flue pipe from the furnace. We were all gassed, but are all O. K. now. No worry or danger, but watch yourself. I think it was because of your part in the Wisconsin campaign."

Mr. Cooper communicated with his son over the long-distance telephone and learned that when the six persons were found in the gas-filled home the children were in convulsions and ti took six hours' work to bring some members of the family back to consciousness.

After the Youngstown Congressman had laid the facts before the Department of Justice, he made this authorized statement:

"I have been expressing myself pretty freely about the I. W. W. and German spies, and have never hesitated to say that, if I had my way, they would face a firing squad. In my speeches last week in Disconsin, where I campaigned for the election of Irvine L. Lenroot to the United States Senate, I made similar statements.

"When I got home Wednesday from my speech-making trip through Wisconsin, Mrs. Cooper told me that she was a bit worried about a man who had been hanging around the house for two or three nights. She said they had seen him looking in at the windows.

"I had planned to stay at home over Wednesday night, but my secretary in Washington telegraphed me that the House was preparing to amend the draft law, and as we had had considerable trouble in Youngstown about the draft act, I thought I ought to be present to vote.

"As a result I left Youngstown at 7:30 Wednesday night instead of staying until Thursday as I had intended. That night the cellar was broken into. We have a natural gas furnace there, and the escape pipe that runs from the furnace to the chimney was taken down. One part of it was hidden in the cellar and the other carried away. The gas was turned off to extinguish the light, and then both burners were turned on so as the gas would fill the house in short order.

"My oldest boy had not been sleeping at home for three weeks on account of his work, but that evening he was calling in the neighborhood, and at 11 o'clock he decided he would stop in at home for a minute to see how the family was. Finding the house filled with gas, he rushed upstairs and found his mother, four boys and the maid all unconscious. The little fellows were in convulsions vomiting blood. The gas was so heavy in the house that one of the neighbors, Mrs. Hughes, who came in to help with the rescue, became very ill and is quite sick as a result of the gassing."

Because Mr. Cooper comes from the labor group and was a locomotive engineer until elected to Congress, it is believed that the I. W. W. is especially antagonistic to him.

CLOTHED BY GOVERNMENT.

Workers Get Even Thread from Imperial Distributing Board.

Clothes, stockings and thread now are being distributed to the workingmen and women of Germany by the Imperial Clothing Distributing Board. According to new measures announced by the board in the German press in February, it will supply workmen engaged in war industries with working garments. All such clothing for women and men will be withdrawn from the open market and distributed only by the Imperial Board.

It was announced also that stockings would be supplied and that about 30,000,000 pairs of undyed stockings were being made. The order says that under the new distribution of sewing thread large communities will be supplied with 200,000 spools of thread.

A new method, the papers say, has been discovered for the manufacture of "linen" from paper. Such cloth may be boiled and washed, it is said, "without danger of falling apart."

To Speak for French Ambulance.

C. de Florez will give a descriptive talk, illustrated with pictures recently taken at the fighting front, at the Plaza Hotel tomorrow evening, for the benefit of the two ambulances provided by the de Florez Fund, for the Hospital Chir, Saint Paul. Frederic R. Coudert will deliver an introductory address.

LINCOLN ARMY LAUNCHED.

Major General Wood Accepts Recruits for Patriotic Service.

Major Gen. Leonard Wood, Honorary Commander in Chief of the Lincoln Patriotic Army, launched a new campaign for recruits at the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday afternoon. The first batch, which had been enlisted by young women of society working for the project, were "sworn in" by the General.

The Lincoln Patriotic Army has begun an intensive campaign to enlist Americans of all ages from 15 and those over draft age for patriotic work of all character. Lincoln's principles and ideals will guard the new army, which demands permanent patriotic service to the Government and the people. Its slogan is "Lincolnize America." General Coleman du Pont is Commander in Chief of the Lincoln Patriotic Army, which is organized and directed by the Lincoln Memorial University at Cumberland Gap, Tenn.

WHITMAN TO NAME JUSTICE.

Nathan Ottinger Believed to be Successor of Justice Scott.

Governor Whitman, who came to the city yesterday to attend the celebration of the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the Chamber of Commerce, will send to the Legislature on Monday the name of a successor to Justice Scott of the Supreme Court, who recently resigned. Governor Whitman would not say whom he had selected for the place, but it is understood that he is favorably inclined to Nathan Ottinger, a brother of State Senator Albert Ottinger.

The Governor is scheduled to spend a busy time today. At noon he will attend a luncheon given to M. Tardieu, the French High Commissioner, at the Ritz-Carlton. At 3 P. M. he will address a delegation of Jewish women at the Hotel McAlpin. At 8 P. M. he will take part in a Liberty Loan demonstration at the East Side Bank, and afterward attend a meeting of Rumanian Jews at the Madison Square Garden.

STUDENT AVIATOR KILLED.

T. W. Eaton of Wilmington in Fatal Collision at Key West.

KEY WEST, Fla., April 5.—Student Aviator Thomas W. Eaton of Wilmington, Del., was killed, and student J. J. Mitchell, Jr., was seriously injured in a collision of airplanes which they were piloting here today.

The machines were flying 100 feet from the ground.

Duke Seeks Citizenship.

Arturo de Majo, Duke Durazzo, of Italy called at the County Naturalization Bureau yesterday and made a formal declaration of his intention of becoming a citizen of the United States. He said he was unmarried and was 39 years old, which makes him three years the junior of the Italian nobleman of the same name who married Elizabeth F. Hanan on Oct. 7, 1914.

He gave his residence as 691 Madison Avenue, and said that he arrived in this country in 1910.

Holeproof Hosiery

The choice of millions of men and women who buy for durability as well as appearance—They should make a particularly strong appeal to you right now when every patriotic American is trying to practice intelligent thrift.

For Men, $2.00, $2.40 and $4.50 the half dozen.
For Women, $3.00, $3.30 and $6.90 the half dozen.

Brill Brothers

1456 Broadway Broadway, at 49th Street 44 East 14th St.
279 Broadway 2 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn 47 Cortlandt St.
125th Street, at 3d Avenue.

We're in It—Let's Win It! Buy Liberty Bonds.

HEARN

Fourteenth Street West of Fifth Avenue

1918 Misses' Coat Days

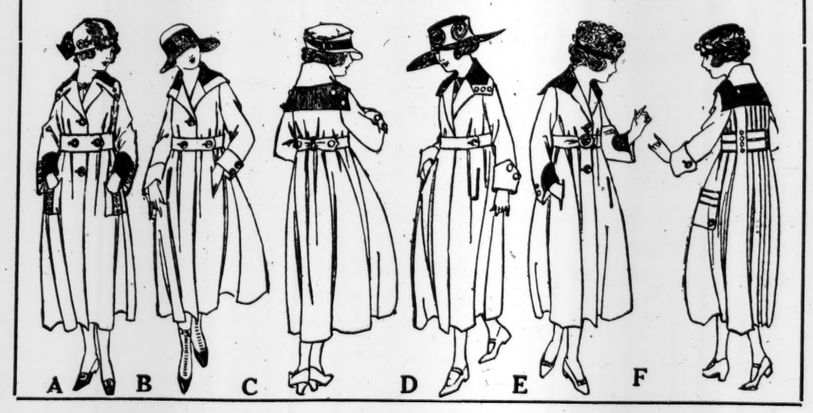
TODAY (SATURDAY) LAST DAY OF

A TWO-DAY SALE

—OF—

MISSES' COATS

SMARTEST SPRING STYLES



Our Regular $17.74 to $21.74 **13.77** *Our Regular $17.74 to $21.74*

Models Illustrated Described Below.

Illustrated (A)

Smart coat of poplin, with wide overlay collar and panel cuffs of contrasting color poplin silk. The belt, which is in back and front, only allows panel sides. The back is pleated. Additional trimming is given by smoked pearl buttons.

Illustrated (B)

Wool Poplin, developed in youthful lines, is attractively set off with a large convertible collar of contrasting shade accentuated by buttons of same color.

Illustrated (C)

Delhi is fashioned here with a convertible collar that has a contrasting border. The belt is an all-around one, beneath which the skirt is gathered in pleasant fulness. This model also in poplin.

Illustrated (D)

Of poplin, has the back gathered gracefully onto a waist that is plain, except for slightly gathered fulness. The belt, which is in sections, buttons with novelty buttons. The moire collar of Pekin blue is stitched in gray.

Sizes 14, 16, 18, 20 years.

Illustrated (E)

A dressy coat in poplin with a collar of a contrast fabric. An all-around belted style that is fastened with buckle.

Illustrated (F)

A youthful belted model in poplin; has a touch of novelty in the big convertible collar which is inset with different color poplin. Pockets are prettily cut, and buttons are plentiful.

Available in the Following Colors:

PEKIN BLUE *CLAY* *BLACK*
NAVY BLUE *TAN* *COPEN*

PLAIN OR FANCY SILK LININGS OF DEPENDABLE QUALITIES

SALE ENDS SATURDAY 6 P. M.

Quantities assure full assortment up to Saturday, 6 P. M.

NO CHARGE FOR ALTERATIONS.

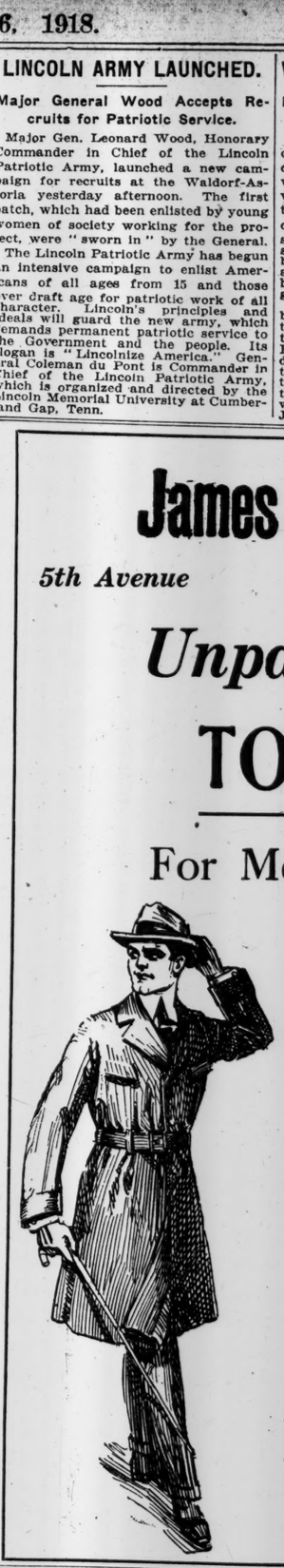
James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue TODAY *34th Street*

Unparalleled Sale

TOP COATS

For Men and Young Men



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White House Cook Books,	89c	With Sabre and Scalpel, by *John Allen Wyeth.* Autobiography of a soldier and surgeon.	39c
Napoleon, 3 vols.; set	$2.50	Everyman's Library, cloth, 40c; leather,	79c
Balzac, 7 vols., cloth; set	$1.95	A Modern History of the English People, *R. H. Gretton*; 2 volumes; set	75c
History of Mexico by *Bancroft*, 5 vols.; set	$8.95		
Tercentenary History of Canada, 3 vols.; set	$2.10		
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GIMBEL-GREENHUT SALE—Main Floor

REVISION OF DRAFT BEFORE PRESIDENT

Radical Changes in Classification Urged to Put Labor Slackers to Work.

IDLERS MAY BE HUNTED OUT

Gamblers and Other Followers of "Harmful" Pursuits Also to Lose Deferred Status.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—Drastic modification of the draft classification lists which would affect in one way or another the status of every one of the millions of registered men is proposed in a plan submitted to President Wilson today by officials of the Provost Marshal General's office and the Department of Labor.

While the primary purpose of the new program is the "purification" of the second, third and fourth classes of registrants who are not engaged in any productive industry, attention also would be given to lower sections of Class 1 and the effect, its framers believe, would be to solve the nation's labor problem and largely increase the output of the necessities of life.

The proposal would utilize the draft machinery for putting industrial slackers to work. Every registered man who has got deferred classification would be given to understand that such deferment was not a legal right, but a privilege, and that if unfair advantage was taken of that privilege it would be summarily revoked.

It is proposed to make a more careful survey of the lower section of Class 1 and of other classes to identify those men who are idlers or who are gaining a living through undesirable or "harmful" pursuits. Under the latter head, officials suggest, might be listed gamblers, bookmakers for races, poolroom touts, and others. Formal notification would be served upon these men that unless within a specified time they obtained employment in some useful industry they would have their classified status changed so as to send them into military service immediately.

Two Benefits Claimed.

The plan is not designed to interfere in the slightest with the so-called non-essential industries. These may be affected to some slight degree, but officials say such injury would be offset many times over by the resulting national good to be obtained from the augmented labor supply and the greatly increased production of essentials.

Administration officials who have participated in the preparation of the plan declare that the next step would be to obtain authority for the industrial classification of the man power of the country up to the age of fifty years.

To make the program fully effective, it is intended to utilize the existing local boards virtually as employment agencies for their districts. Accurate reports would be kept as to the vacancies existing in the neighborhood, and when a man was informed that he must seek a useful occupation he would be told where just such a man as his questionnaire shows him to be was needed.

The status of men on the classified lists, both in Class 1 and in the deferred classes, in the opinion of the Provost Marshal General's office, would be improved. Delinquents who did not heed the warning would be inducted in the military service, reducing the number of men to be called from Class 1. This would operate to delay still further the date when the services of men in Class 2 might be needed. This fact is expected to draw to the aid of the "purification" relatives and friends of boys who are about to be called.

That determined opposition to the plan will develop in some quarters has been foreseen. The effect on the labor market of the addition of many thousands of able-bodied workers might be to reduce the present wage scales. The economic balance will be kept even, according to the champions of the program, by the reduction in the cost of life's necessities through increased output and in the improved situation of the dollar in international exchange. No indication has been given of the attitude which President Wilson will take, though army officials are confident he will give his approval.

Call for 400 Photographers.

A call for 400 photographers registered in the draft to demobilize at Madison Barracks, Sackett Harbor, N. Y., April 15, was sent out to fifteen States today by Provost Marshal General Crowder. They will be put in the air service. The photographers will be asked to volunteer for the work, but if enough registrants do not come forward some will be inducted into the service.

A call also was issued for 2,825 registrants to receive a two months' course in automobile driving and repairing, and other mechanical work. Local boards of Connecticut, Massachusetts, Michigan, Kentucky, Missouri, and Texas were directed to furnish these men. The States called upon for men for mechanical training were directed to send the following quotas to the institutions named:

Connecticut, 230 men to the Parker Memorial School, Boston; 250 to the Wentworth Institute, Boston.

Massachusetts, 250 to the Wentworth Institute.

Michigan, 200 to the Sears Roebuck Y. M. C. A., Chicago; 199 to the University of Michigan, Ann Arbor.

Kentucky, 446 to the Hotel Metropole, Indianapolis.

Missouri, 125 to Washington University, St. Louis; 500 to Iowa State Agricultural and Mechanical College at Ames; 275 to the Jai Alai Building, St. Louis.

Texas, 350 to the Texas Agricultural and Mechanical College.

OWEN'S FEELINGS NOT HURT

Senator Says He Thought Murphy Gloried in Being a Boss.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—Senator Owen of Oklahoma today replied to the criticism of him by Charles F. Murphy, Tammany leader, in leaving the dinner in New York last night of the Young Men's Democratic League. Mr. Murphy's refusal to remain after he found Senator Owen's name on the list of guests was based on the fact that during the last Mayoralty campaign in New York the Senator advocated the re-election of Mayor Mitchel and denounced the methods of Tammany Hall.

"I have no right to complain of Mr. Murphy's disapproval of my political views," said Senator Owen today. "I am hostile to machine politics, and occasionally I say so, and use Mr. Murphy and Mr. Barnes as bad examples. I would not leave the room, however, if Mr. Murphy were an invited guest.

"I am not angry with Mr. Murphy for spurning the mention of my name. He does not know me and, possibly, I do not know him. If he feels seriously angry at being designated a typical machine boss, it would argue that he regards the charge as a calumny. I have taken it as confessed. I thought he gloried in it."

Senator Owen also commented on Murphy's threat that he and other organization Democrats would not attend a dinner to be given by the National Democratic Club on April 13, when Senator Owen is to be a guest of honor.

"The threatened absence of Mr. Murphy and his large host of organization men would make the dinner a failure," he said. "I cannot let my New York friends be embarrassed by Mr. Murphy's threatened absence. My presence there is inconsequential, and I shall be glad to dine elsewhere for the sake of my friend Murphy's digestion."

Politicians discussed with interest yesterday the action of Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, in refusing to attend the dinner of the Young Men's Democratic League at the Hotel McAlpin on Thursday night because the name of Senator Robert F. Owen of Oklahoma was in the list of guests. Senator Owen did not attend the dinner, but as soon as Mr. Murphy saw his name he explained to Frank D. Shelley, President of the league, that Mr. Owen's presence would be objectionable to him. Mr. Shelley said yesterday the Senator was not invited to the dinner.

"We invited Representative Scott Ferris of Oklahoma," he added, "and received a telegram from him on April 2, informing us that he could not be present, and suggesting that we have Senator Owen in his stead. He asked that we communicate with him and with Senator Owen, but because of the short space of time intervening we took no action. When the printing of the menu and place cards was taken up, Representative Ferris's name was stricken out and that of Senator Owen substituted."

Charges Army Favoritism.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—The House today passed the resolution of Representative Anthony of Kansas asking the War Department for information regarding the commissioning of Herbert A. Meyer, formerly secretary to Secretary Lane, as a Captain in the aviation service. Mr. Anthony said there had been political favoritism in army appointments and that the War Department had told Congressmen that men of draft age would be commissioned only after they enlisted.

AMERICANS' THROATS CUT.

Salvation Army Officer Heard Germans Murdered Three Americans.

CHICAGO, April 5.—A ghastly illustration of German hatred of American soldiers is given in a Salvation Army letter made public here today by Adjutant Fletcher Agnew. It was written in France by Adjutant R. C. Starbard, who has charge of a Salvation Army hut, to Commander Eva Booth, who turned it over to Adjutant Agnew.

"I visited a base hospital recently," says the letter, "and had this story from a Sergeant who had passed through one of the raids. The Sergeant was horribly wounded by a grenade, and was passed by the Germans as dead. Before the Sergeant lost consciousness, however, he saw a dozen Germans overpower three American boys and cut their throats from ear to ear. The Sergeant said the murder of the third American was the most horrible. Four Germans held him while a fifth fairly severed his head from his body.

ENEMY CAPITAL FOR SHIPS.

Palmer Suggests Its Use in the Building Program.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—With the suggestion that it would be an effective stroke for the Government to use available enemy capital in this country to build ships, A. Mitchell Palmer, Alien Property Custodian, wrote today to Chairman Hurley of the Shipping Board, offering for this use the total timber supply of the German-American Lumber Company of Millville, Fla. This company is enemy-owned and recently was taken over by the Custodian.

Mr. Palmer said in his letter that near the plant of the lumber company was the Gulf Shipbuilding Company's yard, where one small ship has been built, and where five more wooden ships of 5,000 tons each could be constructed in a short time.

Bolo Loses His Last Appeal.

PARIS, April 5.—It is officially announced that the appeal of Bolo Pacha for a new trial was rejected today by the Committee of Revision sitting at the Ministry of Justice.

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are used by concerns like the Coca-Cola Company, the National Biscuit Company and Knabe & Son. There's a Selden Truck especially adapted to your business.

MANHATTAN Motors Corporation

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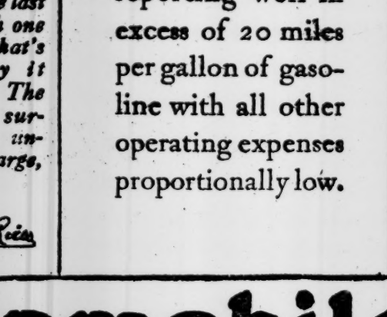
Yes, you could easily pull the hand brake back to the last notch with one finger—that's how easy it operates. The braking surfaces are unusually large, too.

Chas. E. Riess

ON the points of economy the new Hupmobile scores high. Owners are reporting well in excess of 20 miles per gallon of gasoline with all other operating expenses proportionally low.

Hupmobile



Touring Model Price $1250 F. O. B. Detroit

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PRIVATE PEAT

Two years in Hell and back with a smile

EVERY WORD TRUE

Private Peat's smile has not suffered as a result of his two years in hell in the trenches. His adventures are full of the spirit of youth, and he comes with a message of comfort to the fathers and mothers "over here."

—*Brooklyn Eagle*

When many of the graver and more serious war books are forgotten, it is safe to say Private Peat's story will still be read and enjoyed. *Private Peat* is one of the few real human documents of the war.

—*Philadelphia Press*

16 Pictures Price $1.50 net

The Bobbs-Merrill Co., Pubs.

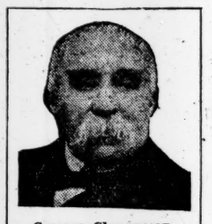
Private Peat is lecturing in the principal cities. He said last night that he could not make a great speech. That was the only incorrect statement he made during the two hours he was on the stage.

—*Washington Post*

HAS WON

The **HEART** *of the* **COUNTRY**

Men Who Control the Destinies of Nations



M. Raymond Poincare, The French President.

President Woodrow Wilson. *Photo by Underwood & Underwood.*

King George V. *Photo by W. D. Downey, London.*

Georges Clemenceau.

General Foch.

General Joffre *Copyright by Harris & Ewing.*

Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War.

Herbert H. Asquith, ex-Premier of Great Britain *Central News Print.*

Lord Derby. *Copyright in England by Lafayette.*

Viscount Milner. *Press Illustrated Service, Inc.*

Arthur Henderson. *Copyright in England by Lafayette.*

Winston Spencer Churchill

Baron von Hertling. *Warner Agency, Ltd.*

Count von Czernin.

in the

Armageddon of the World

The Last Stand of Humanity and Civilization Against Autocracy and Barbarism

Col. E. M. House. *Copyright by H. H. Pierce.*

The names of two Americans, PRESIDENT WILSON and COLONEL HOUSE will stand out in history for the powerful, beneficent, world-wide influence they have exerted in this great world war.

The publication at this time in the NEW YORK EVENING POST of the life story of Colonel House, the most powerful private citizen in the world, is of extraordinary interest to Americans and their Allies.

The Real Colonel House

By Arthur D. Howden Smith

is more than a biography. It is a fascinating, important, historical document. It proves conclusively Germany's responsibility for the war and shows why America, France and England are allied against the Central Powers.

In it is rewritten the entire diplomatic history of the war.

It solves diplomatic riddles.

It tells who Col. House is, his relationship with the Wilson Administration, his activities in National and International affairs.

It answers the questions you have been asking.

It proves the World leadership of our President.

Every American will read it with amazement, pride and profit.

This Biography Explains:—

The international complications brought about in 1912 by the Balkan War, which made this year the most momentous since 1815, and culminated finally in the World War.

Germany's schemes for embroiling the United States with Mexico in 1913.

Warnings issued by the United States to Germany, Great Britain, and France before the war started.

How Wilson became the Democratic candidate for President in 1912.

Wilson's foreign policy.

The complete dominance of the military clique over all Germany and the Kaiser.

Peace propinquity in 1916, just before the outbreak of the unrestricted submarine warfare.

The origin of the new doctrine of the freedom of the seas.

How Germany refused again and again to make peace, although her enemies were willing to make reasonable terms.

The Real Col. House

Starts Monday, April 8th, and will continue each day in liberal installments and exclusively in

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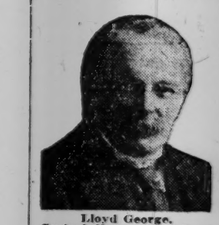


Lloyd George. *Central News Photo Service, New York.*

Sir Douglas Haig.

General Petain. *Central News Photo Service, New York.*

Earl Reading. *Photo by Central News Photo Service, New York.*

Rene Viviani.

Sir Edward Grey.

Robert Lansing, Secretary of State. *Photo by American Press Association.*

Maj. Gen. John J. Pershing *Feldman's Studio.*

Gen. von Hindenburg.

General von Ludendorff. *Copyright by Brown Bros.*

Admiral von Tirpitz.

ONE SON IS KILLED AS ANOTHER IS FREED

Soldier Shot as Escaping Murderer Dies on Day His Brother Is Paroled.

TOOK BLAME ON HIMSELF

Young Vreeland Enlisted After Pardon in Jersey—Parole Board Then Rewarded Elder Brother's Devotion

A few hours after she had received a telegram from her son Perry in the New Jersey State Prison, that he had been paroled by the State Board of Pardons, although his name was not on the list of applicants, Mrs. Elizabeth Perry Vreeland of 117 West Thirteenth Street received a telegram from the War Department that another son had died in an army hospital at Waco, Texas, from wounds inflicted by the military police while he was trying to escape after he had killed Herman Stolte, a merchant, in attempting to rob a store.

Albert Vreeland was 16 years old when he was sent to the New Jersey State prison on March 22, 1912, upon conviction of robbery and burglary. His term was for an indeterminate period between nine and sixty-three years, and under the minimum sentence he would not have been released until April 2, 1921. While Albert was still in prison his brother Perry, two years older, was sent to prison on similar charges for a period of five to fifteen years.

When the two boys met in the prison the heart of the older one was touched by the condition of his younger brother, who was then only 18 years old, and he said that he would confess to the Warden that it was through his influence that Albert had committed the crimes that resulted in his long prison sentence. The older boy notified his mother in Paterson of his intention to get the younger boy out of prison by taking the burden of blame for the crimes upon himself. Through counsel retained by her the papers were drawn up and the application for a pardon was sent to the Board of Pardons at its meeting in Trenton last November.

The result of the applications was favorable, and the members of the board commended the self-sacrifice of the older brother who took the blame for the waywardness of the younger boy. The prison term of the younger boy was ended in December, and immediately he enlisted in the army and was enrolled as a private in the 20th Field Artillery at Waco, Texas. For several weeks his letters were cheerful, and he wrote that he liked the new life.

When the Board of Pardons met again in Trenton yesterday 284 applications for clemency were laid before it, and after a long discussion ninety-eight pardons and paroles were granted. No application for a parole was received from Perry Vreeland, but at the end of the meeting one of the members recalled that he was still in prison after taking the blame for his brother's acts. An order for his parole was made out by unanimous vote, and he was to join the army with his brother.

On Tuesday the mother had received a telegram from the War Department that Albert had been shot accidentally. She received another message on Thursday saying that his condition was worse, and late yesterday afternoon his death was announced by the War Department. Then she received a telegram announcing the parole of her son, and dispatches saying that Albert had been killed by military police who were trying to arrest him on a charge of killing a storekeeper while trying to rob the store.

BAY RIDGE TO HAVE LARGE ARMY DEPOT

Government Takes Over the Langley Estate as Site for Military Warehouses.

The War Department completed negotiations yesterday for taking over the property of the Langley estate on the South Brooklyn waterfront, comprising approximately ten blocks of realty between Fifty-ninth and Sixty-fourth Streets, and extending two blocks to First and Second Avenues. The Government will erect military warehouses and large piers on the property.

Government storehouses and plants are already in operation in the vicinity and the new site will consolidate a long section of the waterfront under Government control. Adjoining the new site on the north side, the Morse Dry Dock and Repair Company is now working on Government contracts, and to the south of that is the Bush Terminal, which is in use for military stores and shipping. On the south side, at the point where the Bay Ridge section begins, is the Brooklyn Connecting Railway, owned by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

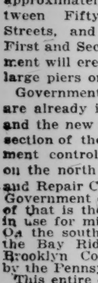
This entire chain of Government warehouses will be under the jurisdiction of the Quartermaster General. The property is near and convenient of access from the headquarters of the Department of the East on Governors Island and the Navy Yard.

War Department officials have not announced the estimated cost of the property and the proposed improvements, but Senator Calder said the property, piers, and warehouses would probably require an expenditure of $25,000,000. It is understood that the Government will take the property as a permanent investment.

While this site, including the Bush Terminal, will have the largest military stores and warehouses in the country a chain of similar depots will be established at other deep water shipping points. It was the suggestion of Major Gen. Goethals that the speeding up of storing and shipping military supplies to keep pace with the needs of the fighting forces required a series of great depots along the Atlantic Coast. It is intended to maintain at all times a thirty-day supply of everything needful for military service, and it is expected that better service, speed, and more economic operation will result from this plan.

The Langley estate is the largest individual holding of commercial property on the Brooklyn waterfront. It is part of the property formerly known as the Langley farm, which then extended west to Seventh Avenue.

Great Western Champagne



BRUT SPECIAL (Absolutely Brut)
SPECIAL RESERVE (Very Dry)
EXTRA DRY (Medium)
Only American Champagne ever awarded Gold Medals at Foreign Expositions

Produced by the old French slow method of fermentation in the bottle, taking from six to seven years of time.

Pleasant Valley Wine Co., Rheims, N. Y.

AMERICA'S OLDEST & LARGEST PRODUCERS

AMERICAN PAINTERS LEAD IN SALE OF ART

Inness's "Looking Over River" Brings $3,900—A Murphy, $3,800—178 Paintings, $57,270.

Paintings of American artists again took first place in the sale of valuable modern works from different estates which were sold last evening at the Plaza under the auspices of the American Art Association. Thomas E. Kirby in the auctioneer's chair. A pleasing inness, "Looking Over the River," brought the highest price of the evening, going to Seaman, agent, for $3,900. It was a picture which in composition suggested "The Wood Gatherers," which at the Hearn sale brought the record-breaking price of $30,800. J. Francis Murphy's "A Cloudy Day" brought the second highest price, going to E. H. Bernheim for $3,800. The third highest price of the evening was brought by a Wyant, "The Bridge in the Meadows," which went to Knoedler & Co. for $2,800.

Three pictures were withdrawn—Millet's "La Bergere," a pastel and crayon, the property of the estate of Mary L. McMillan, widow of United States Senator James McMillan; George Morland's "Selling Fish, Fresh Water Bay, Isle of Wight," property of a private collector, and Jules Dupre's "Caught in a Storm."

A Ziem, "Venice at Sunset: Entrance to Grand Canal," which brought one of the higher prices of the evening, going to Knoedler & Co. for $1,025, belonged to the estate of the late Miss Mary E. Garrett of Baltimore. Miss Garrett was a very wealthy and prominent woman of Baltimore, a friend of Miss M. Carey Thomas, President of Bryn Mawr College, to whom she left the greater part of her wealth.

The returns last night were $47,300, making a total for the sale of 178 paintings of $57,270.

Following is a list of the pictures bringing $200 and over:

96—Blue Mountain Lake—Alexander H. Wyant; Bernet, agent	310
97A—Fruit Shop — Fortuny; Seaman, agent	260
98—Autumn Sunset—J. Francis Murphy, N. A.; Bernet, agent	500
99—Autumn Sunset—Homer D. Martin, N. A.; G. J. Foran	200
100—The Cardinal—Vibert; J. G. Haas	675
102—A French Soldier — De Neuville; Holland Galleries	220
105—Along the River — Martin Rico; John Levy	250
106—A Wallachian Team — Adolph Schreyer; H. F. Miller	1,500
108—Homeward Bound — Emile Van Marcke; John Levy	550
109—Landscape—Jules Dupre; Knoedler & Co.	900
110—Forest Landscape—Diaz; John Levy	275
116—Cattle and Landscape—Friedrich Johann Voltz; Augustus W. Clarke	225
117—Off Duty—Berne-Bellecour; Bernet, agent	275
121—Landscape—Alexander H. Wyant, N. A.; H. F. Miller	475
123—In the Pasture—Julien Dupre; Irving Brokaw	250
124—Les Ruines du Chateau de Pierrefonds, (before its restoration by Viollet-le-Duc,) — Corot; Knoedler & Co.	2,500
125—The Refractory Model—Ludwig Knaus; Henry Schulthels	375
126—Venice—Felix Ziem; Bernet, agent	400
127—Winter Landscape—John Henry Twachtman, Seaman, agent	275
128—The Gleaner—Julien Dupre; J. W. McCarthy	275
130—The Bridge in the Meadows—Alexander H. Wyant; Knoedler & Co.	2,800
131—Looking Over the River—George Inness; Seaman, agent	3,900
132—A Cloudy Day—J. Francis Murphy; E. H. Bernheim	3,800
133—In the Woods—Theodore Robinson; W. Mahon	330
134—Near the Wigwams, Waterford, Connecticut—Robert C. Minor—H. F. Miller	385
136—At Longchamps — Jean Beraud; Bernet	250
137—Moorish Dancer—Jean Leon Gerome; Holland Galleries	330
139—A Showery Day in Normandy—Charles Francois Daubigny; E. K. Richards	1,150
141—Sunrise at Venice—Thoman Moran; Bernet, agent	400
144—Afterglow—Ralph Albert Blakelock; A. W. Clarke	450
145—Landscape—George Inness; Henry Schulthels	775
146—Landscape—Henry W. Ranger; John Levy	360
148—Sheep—Verboeckhoven; Clapp & Graham	575
149—The Farm—Leon Richet; J. N. McCarthy	325
150—Landscape—Ferdinand Jan Monchablon; A. W. Clarke	350
151—Holland Shipping Paul Jean Clays; Holland Galleries	410
152—Shepherdess and Sheep—Charles Emile Jacque; Jacob Strauss	360
157—Evening, Milking Time—William H. Howe; P. M. Gotterdam	325
158—Winter Landscape—Barend Cornelis Koekkoek; Bernet, agent	400
159—The Word of a Girl—Harry Willson Watrous, John Eatman	325
160—The Sentinel Pine—Emil Carlsen; Robert Handley	475
161—Sheep and Fowl—Eugene Joseph Verboeckhoven; Holland Galleries	350
162—Venetian Boats—Felix Ziem; Clapp & Graham	2,000
163—The Washerwoman — Fritz Thaulow; Knoedler & Co.	1,525
164—Gleams of Summer Light—Leon Richet; Seaman, agent	625
165—Queen Clotilda, Wife of Clovis, First Christian King of France, Instructing Her Children in Time—Lauren Alma-Tadema; Holland Galleries	1,000
166—Woods—Emil Carlsen; C. P. Byrnes	500
167—Venetian Sunset—George H. Bogert; W. J. Mahon	300
169—October Oaks—Emil Carlsen; P. W. Gotterdam	425
171—Les Noces d'Or—Cesare Detti; Jacob de Jongh	350
172—Venice at Sunset: Entrance to Grand Canal—Felix Ziem; P. Knoedler	1,025
173—Sheep in Pasture—Eugene Joseph Verboeckhoven; Seaman	425
174—Petite Fille au Chien—Leon Bazile Perrault; E. K. Richards	225
175—Looking Up the Yosemite Valley—Albert Bierstadt; Bernet, agent	725
176—Hesitating Between Love and Riches—William Adolphe Bouguereau; Seaman, agent	1,150
176A—Landscape — Francois; Herman Lowenstein	200
177—The Charge—Adolf Schreyer; Bernet, agent	1,325
178—Sunset in the Yosemite—Albert Bierstadt; Bernet, agent	550
179—Harbor of Granville—Eugene Isabey; Clapp & Graham	1,700
180—At the Opening of the Gate—Sir Thomas Lawrence; J. M. McCarthy	650

The Lawrence, which was sold to close an estate, was purchased at the Lambert sale for $1,925 and had lost in color since that time, having been stored in a dark warehouse.

SUSPECT PLOT IN BIG FIRE.

Kansas City Fire Warden Believes $2,000,000 Blaze Was Incendiary.

KANSAS CITY, April 5.—The fire which destroyed about three city blocks in the wholesale and manufacturing district in the western section of the city last night, entailing a heavy financial loss, was of incendiary origin, according to James E. Marvin, fire warden. He added, however, that no clew had been found to establish the theory definitely. He placed the loss at between $2,000,000 and $2,500,000.

"I grew suspicious when it was called to my attention that the fire had burned 'against the wind,'" Marvin declared. "Almost as soon as the fire was discovered other fires began to break out in adjacent buildings. That would indicate the fires were deliberately started as they were not situated so that sparks from the first fire could have been thrown upon them."

Several of the larger warehouses in the vicinity of the fire area contained food and those inclined toward a plot theory, used that fact to prove their claim that enemy agents may have been responsible for the fire.

WALKS ROPE IN WALL ST.

Circus Star Wins Many Orders for War Savings Stamps.

Appearing under the auspices of the War Savings Stamp Committee Bird Millman, one of the stars of Barnum & Bailey's circus, walked a tight rope stretched from the office of J. P. Morgan & Co. to the Sub-Treasury Building yesterday, and after pirouetting up and down the rope several times, a throng of financial district workers showered her with contributions. Boy Scouts, delegations from the Women's Overseas Hospital, and members of other patriotic organizations made their way through the crowd selling the stamps.

During Miss Millman's performance a naval band played martial airs. Without the accustomed parasol or balancing stick she danced along the rope at a height of 100 feet, starting from a platform placed at one side. The War Savings Stamp Committee did not announce what sum had been realized by the exhibition, but Postmaster Patten, who headed a delegation of postmen working in the interest of the War Savings Committee, said that the amount was large.

CHURCH SERVICES TOMORROW

Baptist

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH—West 57th. REV. WILBERT W. WHITE, D. D.
11 A. M.: "The Servant of God."
8 P. M.: "Some More Things Which Are Plain in the Book of Revelation."

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH,
S. E. corner 92d and Amsterdam Av.
FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor.
11—"TREMBLING FOR THE CHURCH."
8—The first of a series of three lantern lectures in recognition of the end of our first year of war.
"AMERICA AND FRANCE."
Illustrated with many impressive views of the war front.

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
4 to 8 West 46th Street.
Dr. Cornelius Woelfkin at 11 and 8.
Sunday School, 9:30. Bible Classes, 9:40.
Mr. Harry N. Holmes, Y. M. C. A. worker "Over There," addresses Men's Class 9:40.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH,
Broadway and 79th Street.
PASTOR, I. M. HALDEMAN, D. D.,
11 A. M.—"OUR LORD JESUS CHRIST IS COMING BACK IN BODILY FORM AND GLORY. EVERY INCIDENT OF THE WAR PROCLAIMS IT. EVEN POST-MILLENARIANS BEGIN TO SEE IT. WHAT EFFECT WILL THE SIGHT OF THE LORD HAVE ON CHRISTIANS AND THEIR SONSHIP WITH GOD?" (Right hand of fellowship to many new members. Baptism at close of service.)
8 P. M.—"SEVEN LETTERS TO SEVEN CHURCHES IN ASIA; OR, THE FORECAST WHICH OUR LORD JESUS CHRIST AFTER HIS RESURRECTION DICTATED TO THE APOSTLE JOHN CONCERNING THE COURSE OF THE PROFESSING CHURCH IN THIS AGE; HOW HE WILL REPUDIATE IT AS HIS WITNESS JUST BEFORE HE COMES THE SECOND TIME. ARE WE NEAR THE HOUR WHEN HE WILL SPEW IT OUT OF HIS MOUTH?"
In this Exposition Dr. Haldeman will discuss the now important questions: "WHO ARE PROTESTANTS? WHAT DO THEY STAND FOR? ARE PROTESTANTS PREVING FALSE TO THE TRUST THE REFORMATION GAVE TO THEM? IS GOD ABOUT TO SET ASIDE THE PROTESTANT CHURCH?"

JUDSON MEMORIAL CHURCH,
Washington Square South.
11 A. M.—Rev. A. RAY PETTY, pastor, preaches. 8 P. M., HARRY N. HOLMES, in charge of the British Y. M. C. A. work at the front, speaks.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
MADISON AV., COR. 31ST ST.
C. A. EATON, D. D., Pastor, (In service.)
11 A. M., H. M. FILLEBROWN, ESQ., of PAWTUCKET, R. I., will speak.
8 P. M., Rev. DAVID ROSS will preach.
10 A. M., Eaton Class for Men, 30 E. 31st St. Women's Bible Class, 9:45. Rev.C.F.Hall,Ldr.

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH,
5th Av., between 126th and 127th Sts.
JOHN HERMAN RANDALL.
11 A. M.—"Born from Above."
8 P. M.—"An Organized World."

Christadelphian.

A Religious People of the 20th Century looking for Christ's Second Coming and the establishment of the Kingdom of God Upon Earth.

BERGEN LYCEUM,
651 Bergen Avenue, Jersey City.
Sunday Memorial Services, 10:30 A. M.
Bible Classes and Sunday School, 9:45 A. M.
FREE LECTURE, Sunday, 7:45 P. M.
Subject: "IS HEAVEN A PLACE OF ENDLESS IDLENESS?"
Public invited. Seats free. No collection.

Christian Science.

Services are held in the following CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES
Sundays, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Wednesdays, 8 P. M.
First Church—Central Park West & 96th St.
Second Church—Central Park West & 68th St.
Third Church—125th St. & Madison Av.
Fourth Church—178th St. & Fort Washington Av.
Fifth Church—Aeolian Concert Hall, 34 W. 43d St.
Sixth Church—1,935 Anthony Av., Bronx.
Seventh Church—Hotel Marseilles, Broadway & 103d St., on Sunday, morning service only.

Congregational

BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
BROADWAY AND 56TH ST.
11 A. M. and 8 P. M.—Dr. Jefferson preaches.

MANHATTAN,
Broadway and 76th St.
Rev. Dr. William Thomas McElveen.
11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Disciples of Christ (Christian

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH, 142 West 81st. Dr. Finis Idleman, Pastor. Services 11 and 8. Dr. IDLEMAN will preach.

BRONX CHRISTIAN CHURCH, 595 E. 169. Rev. O. L. HULL, Pastor.—Services, 11, 8.

Divine Science

FIRST CHURCH OF DIVINE SCIENCE. Services 11, Grand Ballroom, The Waldorf. Speaker, Rev. W. JOHN MURRAY, Pastor. Subject: "Suggestion and Auto-Suggestion." Bible Study and Talks on Truth, Wednesday evening, 8:15, the Waldorf.

Ethical Culture

THE SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE of New York. Founded 1876.
Meeting House Cent. Park West and 64th St.
11—Dr. S. K. RADCLIFFE, Speaker. Subject: "Liberal England to America."

Interdenominational

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH,
8TH AV. AND 44TH ST.
Rev. A. B. SIMPSON, Pastor. 10:30 A. M., preaching by Dr. W. M. Turnbull. 8 P. M., Evangelistic Service, Rev. E. B. Fitch.

THE METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE,
N. E. Cor. 128th St. and 7th Av.
11 & 8—Rev. JOSEPH W. KEMP will preach.
3:30—Monthly Prophetic Conference. Address by Rev. HERBERT McKENZIE of Cleveland.
"Jerusalem and the Jew—What Next?"
Thursday, 8 P. M.—Mid-Week Bible Study. Discourse by Mr. Kemp.
Topic, "The Millennial Reign of Christ."

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.
Service in the Chapel, Claremont Avenue, between 120th and 122d Sts., at 11 o'clock. Preacher—The Rev. PAUL MOORE STRAYER, D.D., of the Third Presbyterian Church, Rochester.
The attendance of all not regularly worshipping elsewhere is cordially invited.

Jewish

CENTRAL SYNAGOGUE, Lexington Av. and 55th St.—Dr. KRASS preaches today, 10:30, on "Pillars of the Church." All welcome.

BETH-EL TEMPLE,
5TH AV. AT 76TH ST.
REV. DR. SAMUEL SCHULMAN.
SATURDAY MORNING, (Sermon,) 10:30.
SUNDAY MORNING AT 11,
"THE WAR AND ITS UNDERLYING DOGMAS."

TEMPLE EMANU-EL,
Fifth Avenue and Forty-third Street.
Saturday, 10:30 A. M.—Dr. Silverman on "Revival of Jewish Idealism."
Sunday, 11:15 A. M.—Dr. Silverman on "A New Humanitarianism."
Daily noon service, 12:30.
All are welcome.

FREE SYNAGOGUE,
CARNEGIE HALL, SUNDAY AT 10:45.
HON. THOMAS MOTT OSBORNE,
Lieut.-Commander, Naval Prison:
"The War and the Prisons."

TEMPLE ISRAEL OF HARLEM,
Lenox Av., at 120th St. Dr. M. H. HARRIS,
Today, "Light and Life."
Friday, April 12, Dr. NATHAN KRASS.

Lutheran

CHURCH OF THE ADVENT,
Broadway, at 93d Street.
Rev. A. STEIMLE, D. D., Pastor.
10 A. M.—Pastor's Adult Bible Class.
11 A. M.—Confirmation service.
8 P. M.—Musical service.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY,
65th St. and Central Park West.
GOLDEN JUBILEE.
11 A. M.—Historical Sermon by Dr. SMITH.
4 P. M.—Anniversary Sermon by Dean HENRY E. JACOBS.

ST. JAMES LUTHERAN CHURCH, Madison Av., 73d St.—Dr. Junius B. Remensnyder, "The Resurrection and Doubters," 11 A. M.

Methodist Episcopal

OLD JOHN STREET CHURCH,
(Mother Church of American Methodism.)
Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

MADISON AVE. CHURCH, 60TH ST.
Rev. RALPH W. SOCKMAN, Ph.D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—DR. SOCKMAN.
8 P. M.—WILLIAM T. BOULT, just from France.
6 P. M.—Social Hour. Soldiers and Sailors invited.

Methodist Episcopal

ST. ANDREW'S, 76th St. near Columbus Av.
11—8—DR. MACROSSIE will preach.

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH,
86th St. and West End Av.
Rev. CHARLES L. GOODELL, D. D., Pastor.
BISHOP WILLIAM F. OLDHAM, L.L. D., will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Moravian.

FIRST CHURCH, Lex. Av. and 30th St.—Rt. Rev. MORRIS W. LEIBERT, D. D., Pastor, 11 A. M. Cordial Welcome to All.

New Church (Swedenborgian)

NEW CHURCH,
35th St., bet. Park and Lexington Avs.
Rev. Julian K. Smyth, Pastor.
Sunday School, 10 A. M.
Church Service, 11 A. M. Easter Music. The Pastor will preach. Subject: "The Power of the Resurrection."

New Thought.

LEAGUE FOR THE LARGER LIFE,
222 West 72d Street.
Sunday, 11:15 A. M.—Miss Edith A. Martin.
4:00 P. M.—Mrs. M. C. Stoiber.
8:15 P. M.—Mrs. Rosalie M. Beatty.
Wednesday, 8:15 P. M.—Miss Mary Allen. HEALING.
Thursday, 3 P. M.—Mrs. Maud Pratt Messner. Daily services at noon for SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

THEODORE G. NORTHRUP.
Hotel Majestic, 72d St. Central Park West.
11:15 "THE RESURRECTED LIFE."
Sunday Evening Meeting, 8:15, 1,939 Madison Av., Harlem.
"TEACHINGS OF THE CHURCH OF SILENT DEMAND."
Thursday Evening Meeting, 8 o'clock, Hotel Majestic.

MRS. CHAPIN—THE BILTMORE
SUNDAY, 11:15 A. M.
"OVER THE TOP."
In the struggle of Life we need a strong, confident spirit.
Soldiers and Sailors invited. Good music. Interviews and Classes Sat., Mon., and Tues. Free Prosperity Class Mon. Eve., 8:15, R.114.

DR. SEARS SUCCESS LECTURES
cheer people up and make life worth living. Criterion Theatre, Broadway at 44th St. Sunday, 11:15 A. M., F. W. Sears, Orator. Subject: "What the Sears Philosophy Teaches." A most wonderful lecture by a still more wonderful man.

SOCIETY OF THE INNER LIFE.
Service, 40 West 58th St., 11 A. M.
Speaker, Mr. WALTER NEWELL WESTON. Subject: "The Getting of Understanding." Soloist, Miss Hilda Deighton.

M. EDITH RARICK, Park Av. Hotel, 33d St., Wednesdays, 8:15 P. M. We invite you to study advanced spiritual philosophy with our class through the Summer. Cool room. Free-will offering.

TALKS ON TRUTH.
Sunday at 3, all welcome. Paula Verdu, 40 West 58th.

Presbyterian

BRICK CHURCH,
Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street.
Minister—William Pierson Merrill.
Dr. MERRILL preaches at 11 o'clock and the Rev. TERTIUS VAN DYKE at 4.
Bible School at 9:40 A. M.
Men's Bible Class at 10:15 A. M.
NOONDAY SERVICE daily at 12:30.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Broadway and 114th St.
Rev. WALTER DUNCAN BUCHANAN, D.D., Minister, preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Preparatory Service Wednesday Next, 8 P. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 57th St.
Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, Pastor.
Preaching 11 A. M. by the PASTOR.
4:30—Rev. J. DOUGLAS ADAM, D. D.

FIFTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 5th Av. and 55th St.
Rev. J. H. JOWETT, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. JAMES PALMER, Ph.D., Associate Pastor. Services at 11 and 4:30.
Dr. Jowett will preach at both services.
Men's Bible Class at 10 A. M.
Offering for Lord's Day Alliance and New York Sabbath Committee.
The mid-week service in the Chapel on Wednesday at 8:15 P. M. will be conducted by Dr. Jowett.

OLD FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, FIFTH AVENUE AND ELEVENTH ST.
HOWARD DUFFIELD, 11 A. M., 8 P. M.

FORT GEORGE, St. Nicholas Av. and 186th, 11 A. M.—Holy Communion and reception of members. 8 P. M., "Fighting" Sam Benson, "Back from Hell."

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
West End Av. and 91st St.
EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor, 11—Celebration of Communion.
8.—Musical. Organ, Choir, and Harp.

HARLEM-NEW YORK, 11 and 8.
122d St. and Mount Morris Park West.
Rev. FREDRICK W. HINETT, D. D., Ph. D.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Northeast Corner of 73d St.
HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. CHARLES R. BROWN, D. D., at 11.
Rev. GEORGE H. SMYTH at 4:30.
Dr. COFFIN at 8.
ALL SEATS FREE.

MADISON SQ. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 24th St.
REV. C. H. PARKHURST, D. D., PASTOR, preaches 11 A. M.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., corner 141st St.
Minister, Rev. ELLIOTT W. BROWN, D. D.
Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
523 West 155th St.
11 A. M. and 8 P. M., Dr. MACKAY.
Morning—"American Manhood."
Evening—"Camp Experiences and Impressions."

PARK AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Park Av., at 85th Street.
Rev. TERTIUS VAN DYKE, Pastor, at 11.
Rev. WILLIAM P. MERRILL, D. D., at 8.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Broadway and 73d St.
REV. DANIEL RUSSELL, D. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
SECOND WEEK POST-LENTEN SERVICES 8 P. M.
Tuesday—Rev. James Oscar Boyd, Ph. D., D.D.
Wednesday—Rev. Chas. H. Parkhurst, D. D., LL. D.
Thursday—Rev. David J. Burrell, D.D., LL. D.
Friday—Rev. Henry Sloane Coffin, D. D.
Special Music At Every Service.

SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, cor. 96th and Central Park West.—ROBERT WATSON, Minister. Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

UNIVERSITY PLACE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Corner 10th St.
Ministers: Thos. Guthrie Speers, 11 A.M. George Alexander, 8 P.M.

PRESBYTERIAN.
WEST END, AMSTERDAM, COR. 105TH.
Dr. A. Edwin Keigwin preaches, 11 and 8.
Anniversary Sermons Entrance Into War.
8—Madam Frances Alda sings; Lucile Orrell, 'Cellist. New York Mozart Society Church Service.

WEST-PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
86th St. and Amsterdam Av.
Rev. Anson P. Atterbury, D. D., } Pastors.
Rev. Anthony H. Evans, D. D., }
DR. EVANS preaches at 11 A. M.
Dr. ATTERBURY preaches at 8 P. M.

Protestant Episcopal.

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE,
Amsterdam Avenue and 111th Street.
8 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
10 A. M.—Morning Prayer.
11 A. M.—Service for First War Anniversary, Preacher, Dean Robbins.
4 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. Dr. Alex. G. Cummins.
Daily Services, 7:30 A. M.; 5 P. M., (choral except Saturday.)

ALL ANGELS' CHURCH,
West End Av. and 81st St.
Rev. S. De Lancey Townsend, D. D., Rector.
Holy Communion..... 8 A. M.
Holy Communion & Sermon, (Rector).11 A. M.
Evensong, (Rev. W. J. D. Thomas.). 4 P. M.
Strangers Welcome.

ASCENSION, Fifth Av. and 10th St.
Rev. Percy Stickney Grant, D. D., Rector.
11—Dr. Grant, "Who's Looney Now?"
4—Music: "The Creation," Haydn.
8—Forum: Mr. J. A. H. Hopkins, Vice Chairman of the National Party, former Treasurer of Progressive Party, will speak.

CHURCH OF THE BELOVED DISCIPLE,
80th St., near Madison Av.
REV. HENRY M. BARBOUR, D. D., Rector.
Services at 7:30, 10, 11, A. M., (Rector.)
4, 8 P. M., (Rev. Dr. Leach.)
Special music, instrumental and vocal, at 4. Violin, 'Cello, Harp, and Organ.

CALVARY CHURCH, 4th Av. and 21st St.
Rev. THEODORE SEDGWICK, Rector.
Services 8 and 11 A. M., (Rector.)
8 P. M.—PATRIOTIC SERVICE, to mark anniversary of entering war. Speaker, the HON. JAMES M. BECK.

Protestant Episcopal

CHRIST CHURCH, Broadway at 71st St.—The Rev. John R. Atkinson, D. D., Rector.
11 A. M.—Preacher, G. A. Strong.
8 P. M.—"Which Wins—Sword or Spirit?"

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION,
20th St. and 6th Av.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Preacher, Rt. Rev. Dr. Beecher.
12:00 M.—Holy Communion.
8 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. Dr. Mottet.

CHURCH OF THE EPIPHANY,
Lexington Avenue and 35th Street.
The Rev. Arthur Ketchum, Acting Rector.
EASTER SUNDAY SERVICES: 6:30 A. M., Holy Communion, with Easter Carols; 8 A. M., Holy Communion, plain; 10:30 A. M., Morning Prayer; 11 A. M., Holy Communion and Sermon, (Acting Rector;) 4 P. M., Easter Festival.

GRACE CHURCH,
Broadway and 10th Street.
Rev. Charles Lewis Slattery, D. D., Rector.
Holy Communion.....8 A.M.
Service & Sermon (The Rector).....11 A.M.
Later Evensong (Rev. E. C. Chorley), 8 P.M.
Daily Noonday Service and Address, 12:30.

CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST,
8th Av., above 45th St.
Rev. HERBERT SHIPMAN, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M., Holy Communion.
11, Rev. WILLIAM C. RODGERS.
8, Rev. E. E. Matthews, Assistant Minister.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION,
Madison Av. and 35th St.
EASTER SERVICES.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
10 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Litany, Holy Communion, Sermon, Rev. STUART L. TYSON, D. D.
4 P. M., Confirmation Service by Bishop CHARLES H. BURCH.

CHAPEL OF THE INCARNATION,
240 East 31st St.
Rev. E. M. H. KNAPP, Vicar.
Services 8 and 11 A. M., 8 P. M.

CHAPEL OF THE INTERCESSION (Trinity Parish,) Broadway and 155th St., Rev. M. H. GATES, D.D., Vicar. Holy Communion, 8 and 8:45; Sunday School and Service, 9:45 and 10:30. 11 A. M., Dr. Gates, preacher. 4 P. M., Popular Vespers, Dr. Gates, preacher. Soloists, Leo Riggs, Recital Organist; Hans Kronold, 'Cellist. 8 P. M., Mr. McCormick, preacher.

CHAPEL OF THE REDEEMER, Dyckman District, Seaman Av. & Isham St. (W. 208th).
Rev. C. A. WOODWARD.
10 A. M.—Sunday School.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon. FOURTH ANNIVERSARY.

Dr. VANDEWATER preaches 11 A. M. on "Peace and the Sword," also 4 P. M. at ST. ANDREW'S,
Corner 5th Av. and 127th St.
Organ Recital after Vespers by Wm. A. Goldsworthy.

ST. ANN'S CHURCH, St. Ann's Av. and 140th St., Rev. H. G. WILLIS, Rector.—7:30 A. M., Holy Communion. 11 A. M., 8 P. M., Fr. Huntington, O. H. C. Children's Mission, April 7-21, every afternoon, except Saturday, 4:15-5:30. Fr. Huntington and Fr. Tiedemann.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH,
Madison Avenue and 44th Street.
The Rev. LEIGHTON PARKS, D. D., Rector.
8:30 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11:00 A. M.—Holy Communion and Sermon. Preacher, Rev. Percy Gordon.
2:45 P. M.—Sunday School.
4:00 P. M.—Evensong and Address. Preacher, Rev. Percy Gordon.
5:15 P. M.—Organ Recital.

ST. JAMES'S CHURCH,
Madison Avenue and 71st Street.
Rev. FRANK WARFIELD CROWDER, Rector
8 A. M.; 11 A. M., (RECTOR;) 8 P. M., (Rev. J. M. NEIFERT).

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH,
Convent Av. and West 141st St.
Rev. WILLIAM T. WALSH, Rector.
11—"How to Overcome the World."
8—Applied Religion, I.: "The Divine Power in You."

ST. MARK'S IN-THE-BOUWERIE,
10th St., West of 2d Av.
WILLIAM NORMAN GUTHRIE, Rector.
11 A. M.—Service and Sermon by the Rector. Subject: "Jeremiel: The Will of God."
4 P. M.—Symposium of American Poets.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN,
139 West 46th St.—Rev. J. G. H. BARRY, D. D., Rector. Easter music repeated. Low Masses, 7:30, 8:15, 9. Solemn Mass, Procession and Sermon, (rector,) 10:45. Vespers and Procession, 4. Annunciation, April 8: Low Masses, 7, 7:30, 9:30. Solemn High Mass, 10:45. Solemn Vespers, 5.

ST. STEPHEN'S CHURCH,
122-128 West 69th St.
Rev. NATHAN A. SEAGLE, D. D., Rector.
Services at 8, 11, 4.
4—Annual Service Princeton Club.
Preacher, Dr. CYRUS TOWNSEND BRADY, Chaplain.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH,
FIFTH AV. AND 53D ST.
Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D.D., Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11—Morning Service and Sermon (Rector.)
4—Evensong and Address, (Rector.)
8 P. M.—Hour of Organ Music.

CHURCH OF THE TRANSFIGURATION,
1 East 29th St.—DR. HOUGHTON, Rector.
COMMUNIONS: 7, 8, and 9 o'clock.
HORNS, DRUMS, AND ORGAN.
10:30—MARTIN'S MASS—SERMON, VERY REV. DR. FOSBROKE.
4 o'clock—CHORAL EVENSONG.
8 P. M.—EASTER CAROLS and SERMON.

TRINITY CHURCH.
Sunday Services.
7, 8, and 9 A. M., Holy Communion.
10:30 A. M., Morning Prayer.
11 A. M., Holy Communion and Sermon.
3:30 P. M., Evensong and Sermon. (Patriotic Service.)
8 P. M., Service and Sermon.
Week-Day Services.
7:30, 9 A. M., 3 P. M.
Short service for business people

LAURETTE TAYLOR IN SHAKESPEARE

Three of the Great Heroines in Dramatic Tabloids for Friday Matinees.

THE SHREW, JULIET, PORTIA

Very Interesting and Promising Results in an Experiment Ill Conceived.

To the great public of her admirers and beneficiaries, Laurette Taylor is an actress of cherry gamin parts—Peg, 'Aunted Annie, Happy Jenny. To the few who have known and admired her from her now forgotten origins—notably as the Hungarian imp in "Seven Sisters" and the wild little Kanaka heroine of "A Bird of Paradise"—she is an artist of wide versatility, touched with color, passion, and indeed with poetry. Foremost in this latter class is Miss Taylor herself. "Have you ever seen a yellow pup who thought he was a bloodhound?" That is Jenny's actress even more than it is Jenny. And with actresses quite as much as with millin-ers' slaveys, 'tis thinking makes it so.

Some of the thinking that resulted in yesterday afternoon's performances was misdirected. Those who have shone in the great Shakespearean characters have approached them through small parts in "support." Since this was impossible to Miss Taylor, it would, perhaps, have been the part of caution to attempt a single leading character, and preferably one of those which are not associated in the public mind with the performances of great actresses of the past. But to Miss Taylor caution is a thing unknown. So she has leaped, with more than a blood-hound's impetuosity, upon three of the most familiar and famous—Kate the Shrew, Juliet, and Portia.

To do this she has been obliged to reduce each play to a dramatic tabloid, or rather to select a single scene or a group of excerpts. The result is a series of portraits without background perspective. More than anything else, it is great plays that make great acting. The leading performance rises as it were on the crest of a wave, the consummation of a dramatic impulse that is elemental, cosmic. Without the inner impulse of great drama, even the most masterly performance seems self-willed and lacking in deep significance.

Miss Taylor's shrew was especially distorted. In the first meeting with Petruchio her anger was so intense as to transcend any possible motive. She was superhuman, diabolic. Her mask was that of a classic fury, frozen in insensate rage. From this mood to the ultimate mood of submission, no transition was possible, only a blank contrast. In the scene of her repentance she was quite cold, apathetic. If the part had been created with reference to the play as a whole, in sustained and even development, it could not have failed to gain a more lifelike modeling, a deeper sincerity and humor. For, crude as the performance was, it revealed powers that are, potentially, of the highest order. The error was one, not of poverty, but of superabundance of energy. Only the more experienced technique, the more leisurely process of creation, was needed to transform the performance into one of true originality and power.

The two poetic parts were marred by lack of experience in speaking blank verse. It was not that the measure was slurred or ignored. At times it was almost painfully insisted on, especially in Portia's "quality of mercy" speech. Nor was there any lack of an attempt at least at simple and natural speaking. But Miss Taylor has apparently not yet learned that for the proper utterance of Shakespearean verse it is necessary to fuse the most colloquial tone with the iambic rhythm which, though infinitely varied and flexible, is yet exquisitely musical.

Histrionically, this Juliet was girlish, impassioned, poetic—touched even with a sensitive, wistful humor. The true spirit of the balcony scence was there. The Portia was surprisingly manly, authoritative. One could quite imagine that Bassanio did not recognize the mistress of his heart. In both parts, as was the case with Kate, a surer technique, working in the inspiration of sustained drama, would have resulted in a highly distinct characterization and in a performance of genuine originality and force.

It cannot be said that Miss Taylor is already a Shakespearean actress—far from it. Yet beneath the surface of her many shortcomings it is already evident that she has powers which, with experience and study, will carry her to the heights. In her modest little curtain speech, which was much applauded, she spoke of her performances as a crucifixion. It was—both to her and to Shakespeare. But in a deeper sense it did them both rare honor. Nothing could be more beautiful than this, that in every generation the rarest spirits should lay at the feet of the master the little bouquet which, however humble, is yet their best. In this present generation there is no one who, by virtue either of ambition or of native genius, is as likely to make the heroines of Shakespeare live again for us.

The supporting company was quite surprisingly capable. Shelley Hull as Petruchio; Lynn Fontaine as Bianca and Nerissa; José Ruben as Romeo; Leonard Mudie as BBassanio, and O. P. Heggie as Shylock, all coped with their parts on fairly equal terms. First and last there is a great deal of nonsense talked about the disappearance of Shakespearean acting. The Shakespearean parts are always there, and they are the best in the world. Actors who have intelligence, as all these actors have, need only experience to interpret them adequately, beautifully.

CARTER SHOWS HIS TRICKS.

Magician Gives Legerdemain of Familiar Sort at the Belmont.

The erstwhile Norworth Theatre, being the house that Jack built in Forty-eighth Street, was reopened last night as the Belmont with an exhibition of legerdemain as the attraction. The performer was Charles J. Carter, an American magician, whose black art is said to be highly regarded abroad, but who has not revealed his wares in this part of the world in recent years.

Mr. Carter's illusions, for the most part, run the familiar gamut—handkerchiefs which fly from bottle to bottle, a card torn and put together again, valuable rings chopped to bits and then found safe within a nest of boxes, astral hands, bottles from which come any beverage desired, and later a guinea pig, card tricks, trunk tricks, and tricks of disappearance. There was also a lion trick, none too expertly performed, which had for its climax the disappearance of the lion.

The entertainment as a whole was rather suggestive of Town Hall at 7:30, and could not but inspire the thought that Mr. Carter would have done better to have remained in Europe. A city grown accustomed to Houdini and disappearing elephants is unlikely to marvel greatly at the Carter illusions.

Signs Bill to Bar Alien School Teachers.

ALBANY, April 5.—The Amos bill, providing that only citizens shall be allowed to teach in the public schools, was signed by Governor Whitman today. Teachers who are not citizens may continue in their positions on condition that they apply for naturalization within a year after the act becomes effective.

CITY BREVITIES.

A series of lectures on international and constitutional law will be given in the theatre of the Commerce Building, at Twenty-third Street and Lexington Avenue, beginning on April 17 at 8 P. M. Arthur K. Kuhn will deliver the first lecture on treaties; on May 8 and 15 Maurice Leon will talk on Alsace-Lorraine, and on May 22 Laurence Arnold Tanzer will lecture on "Local Government."

L. F. Ayasawa will talk on Japan at the meeting of the University Settlement Forum to be held at 184 Eldridge Street at 8 o'clock tomorrow evening.

MME. MATZENAUER SINGS.

Gives Our Anthem Amid Patriotic Decorations in Carnegie Hall.

Margaret Matzenauer, the Metropolitan contralto, paused half way in her recital at Carnegie Hall yesterday afternoon to sing a popular war song, "Dear Lad of Mine," and after it "The Star-Spangled Banner," to a big audience already interested in novel decoration of the hall with banners and posters of the national war savings campaign, and presently stirred by a speech from Mrs. Slade of the Women's Committee and by others who sold the war stamps during intermission in the hall. Mme. Matzenauer, who was in excellent voice, sang her entire program of songs in English, French, Italian, Russian, Norwegian, and after the patriotic interruption, many others in French and English again, including American composers, Marion Bauer, John Carpenter, and the accompanist, La Forge.

The versatile and statuesque contralto, after a season in French and Italian opera exclusively for the first time in her career, was mistress of the varied languages and styles in which she sang at this matinee. At a time when all things German and all persons formerly identified with the art of Teutonic peoples are affected by the war, she opened her house, so to speak, in wholehearted fashion to a patriotic cause. At the outer doors the audience saw color posters of Uncle Sam greeting a woman volunteer with the words "She's good enough for me," while inside were a dozen others bearing the legend "Joan of Arc saved France—Women of America, save your country." Over the stage was a huge battle picture of great guns and fighting men, inscribed, "These boys are giving their lives—will you lend your quarters?" The Benefit Committee sold a large sum in War Savings Stamps before the crowd left the hall.

MME. OBER, SINGER, WINS.

Court Upholds Her Right to Sue Metropolitan Opera Company.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court decided yesterday that Mme. Margaret Ober, the Metropolitan Opera mezzo-soprano, whose contract with the opera company for the present year was canceled when the Directors decided to give no German operas, may press to trial her suit against the Metropolitan company for $250,000 damages for breach of contract. Counsel for the opera company contended that Mme. Ober was an alien enemy, and as such her suit must be held in abeyance during the war.

The Appellate Division based its ruling on the fact that while it is against public policy for a resident subject of an enemy country to prosecute an action in our courts during the war, an entirely different question is presented when the plaintiff lives in this country. "In the case of a resident the right to maintain an action in our courts is clearly established, both in principle and by authoritative decisions," said the court. Justice Shearn, writing the decision, says that under the language of the President's proclamation Mme. Ober is not an alien enemy, but even if she were "she would be entitled under that proclmation to maintain a suit here so long as she was guilty of no misbehavior during her residence."

Mme. Ober, the wife of Arthur Rudolf Arndt, and lives at 840 West End Avenue with her husband and two-year-old child, William, born in the Adirondacks. Both Mme. Ober and her husband are subjects of the German Empire.

"Shanewis" and "L'Oracolo" Sung.

Cadman's American opera, "Shanewis," and Leoni's "L'Oracolo," American in scene, were performed at the Metropolitan last evening before a sold-out house, even without the ballet in Gilbert's "Dance in Place Congo," which had been announced and canceled owing to the illness of Rosina Galli. Miss Braslau for the third time sang and acted the Indian heroine of "Shanewis," with Mmes. Howard and Sundelius, Messrs. Althouse and Chalmers. The Chinese characters of "L'Oracolo" were for the fifth time in the hands of Miss Easton, Messrs. Scott, Dufur, Althouse, and others. Miss Mattfeld was new as the nurse in the picture of San Francisco's Chinatown, and Mr. Moranzoni conducted the entire evening.

Yvette Guilbert Sings Songs of Poets

Yvette Guilbert gave the second of three farewell recitals at the Maxine Elliott Theatre yesterday afternoon, assisted on this occasion by Elizabeth Moffat and by Virginia Fox Brooks, a daughter of the late Joseph Brooks. The program included a talk in English on the works of Francis Jammes and also of Charles Peguy, the latter recently killed in the war. Mme. Guilbert sang songs of both poets, to music by Gustave Ferrari. Miss Moffat was heard in Jammes's "J'Allais à Lourdes," and Miss Brooks in Peguy's "Jesus, l'Inspirateur de Jeanne d'Arc."

The Flonzaley Quartet Plays.

The Flonzaley Quartet gave the closing concert of the People's Symphony series last evening at Washington Irving high School, a wartime season, with the orchestra programs of former years replaced by twelve leading organizations in chamber music. The Flonzaleys played David Stanley Smith's manuscript quartet in A major, Op. 37, with that of Mozart in D major, and Dvorak's in F major, Op. 96, known as the "American Quartet."

Reinald Werrenrath in Concert.

Reinald Werrenrath, who may be the next American artist of distinction to go into grand opera, sang the "Pagliacci" prologue at his concert last evening in the Hall of Fame at New York University. The baritone, assisted by Harry Spier, gave his favorite old Italian and English airs, some modern French and American, including a cycle of "Chinese Mother Goose Rhymes," by Bainbridge Crist.

TWO HELD IN STOCK FRAUD.

Promoters of Film Concern Accused of False Financial Statements.

The District Attorney's investigation of stock promoters in the financial district resulted in the arrest yesterday of R. S. Davidson, a broker, at his home, Ninety-first Street and West End Avenue, on the charge of making a false financial statement concerning the stock of the Standard Film Industries Corporation.

Louis B. Jennings, President of the corporation, was brought here yesterday from New Orleans, where he had been arrested on a similar charge. They were held for trial in $25,000 bail each by Judge Mulqueen. Davidson was bailed out by a surety company and Jennings was sent to the Tombs.

Paintings

Ancient and Modern

At the Galleries of

Scott & Fowles

590 Fifth Avenue

Between 47th and 48th Streets.

2,000 START ARMY OF HOME SERVICE

Lord & Taylor Employes Begin Movement to Mobilize All "Behind the Front."

INSPIRED BY BORAH SPEECH

They Will Sell Bonds and Stamps, Visit Families of Men at Front, and Aid All Relief Organizations.

Two thousand employes of the firm of Lord & Taylor pledged themselves yesterday to devote a certain number of hours of their spare time to work of a nature which will contribute to America's fighting strength. They formed an organization to find for each person the employment in which he or she can help most efficiently. The organization was inspired largely by the recent speech in the Senate of Senator Borah, in which he said:

"This conflict is distinctly a war between nations. It is one people pitted against another. It calls for the resources and energies and the powers of the people as a whole. No man in this contest can be indifferent to the situation upon the theory that he is not geared up to some activity in connection with the war. It is incumbent upon us to see to it that we do not break down industrially and agriculturally, as much as it is to see that we do not fail to supply the proper men at the front in France."

The incidental duties of war-making which the organization outlined for members to spend their spare time in doing were outlined by S. W. Reyburn, President of Lord & Taylor's, at a meeting of the employes which took place yesterday afternoon when the store doors were closed an hour before the usual time. Patriotic speeches were made by W. Bourke Cockran, Private E. Stackhouse, a Canadian, who was wounded at Vimy Ridge; Sidney Storey and several others. Mr. Reyburn said: "We are initiating this movement and we hope and expect that the idea will spread and the movement grow, until every loyal citizen of the United States is enrolled in this army of personal civilian service until every group of American, whether associated for business, religious or cultural purposes has been mustered as a company or regiment of this 'behind the front army' one hundred million strong. And this, we verily believe, the people of this land, by adding unit of service to unit of service, as bricks are laid in the building of a wall, can provide a platform of solid masonry on which our brave fighting men can find strong and sure footing till that day comes which we all know will come, when their arms shall have made the world safe for democracy. Among the practical ends to which we are consecrating ourselves are the following:

1. To aid and co-operate in the sale of Liberty Bonds and to assume personal responsibility for the success of the next and for any Liberty Loans for which our Government may ask.

2. To aid and co-operate in the sale of War Savings and Thrift Stamps and to assume personal responsibility for the success of this form of Government support.

3. To aid the Red Cross, the Knights of Columbus, the Jewish War Relief, and the Y. M. C. A. by our giving and our personal service.

4. To aid the war work of every patriotic American organization without distinction of race or creed, by our giving and personal service.

5. To procure the records, by name, age, and unit of service, of all members of the Lord & Taylor organization now in the army, navy, Red Cross or other active war work.

6. To compile similar records of any members of the families of Lord & Taylor employes who are now with the colors or in war relief work on the other side.

7. To call for volunteers to visit the families of these soldiers, sailors, &c., and report the condition of their health and finances. Blank forms for distribution to these visitors will be placed in the hands of the store executives.

8. To render such aid as the report of the visitor shows to be necessary to any family of the soldiers or sailors.

9. To allow these volunteer visitors time, at certain intervals, to make their visits, which can also be made in part on Sundays.

10. To call for volunteers to write letters to our soldiers, sailors, &c.

11. To transmit copies of our records to the Paris office of Lord & Taylor, which will be asked to keep in touch with our soldiers, sailors, and others in Paris, and, through the Red Cross, to keep in touch with our men and women in service elsewhere in France.

12. To provide funds to buy gifts and comforts for our boys in service.

13. To "save hours" by each agreeing to devote so many hours weekly to the purposes of our organization.

14. To appoint a committee to study and analyze conditions here at home, changed by the war, so that they may be in a position to give helpful advice.

15. To dispel the fears of the timid regarding the outcome of this war and our future.

16. To be hopeful, cheerful, and fearless, no matter through what dark days we must pass before our ultimate victory brings peace to the world.

17. To ascertain, each of us, in what special personal way we are prepared to render aid more directly bearing on military undertakings.

18. To be ready, should the call come, to give our talent, whatever it may be, fully and freely and devotedly to our country and its cause, which is the cause of all humanity.

19. To affiliate with all others who are willing to join in our pledge of service in the work for which this organization is formed.

20. To render any and all other services which further study of conditions or the trend of events indicates to be useful or necessary.

Mr. Reyburn asserted that every man, woman, and child in America would be called upon to do more and harder work because of the withdrawal of young men from every occupation for the army and because of the demand for more men and women for agriculture and for war industries, a demand which could be supplied only by drawing them from other pursuits.

GIVE THOUSANDS TO AID "BATTALION OF LIFE"

Women's Hospitals Report Fund Up to $151,000, with Many Liberal Gifts.

Subscriptions for several thousand dollars were made at a mass meeting at Aeolian Hall last night for the "Battalion of Life," an organization of women physicians who will serve under the Red Cross abroad. Eight hundred of the four thousand women physicians in this country have volunteered for service, but supplies and funds have been lacking. Forty-five members of the Battalion have already taken up work among the wounded abroad and fifty others are ready to sail as soon as equipment and transportation can be arranged.

Dr. Rosalie S. Morton, who will command the new medical legion, spoke of the great need for women doctors to fill the gaps caused by the acute shortage of men surgeons in the Allied countries. Miss Helen Losavitch, daughter of a member of the Royal Serbian Mission to this country, told of her work at the beginning of the war. She was one of eight women who volunteered to nurse 1,200 wounded men, who were cared for by one surgeon.

Others who spoke were General Azgapetin, a Serbian, who served in the Russian Army Medical Division; Lieutenant Durant, French Consul; S. Stanwood Menken, President of the National Security League; Mgr. Lavelle, representing Cardinal Farley; M. Moneau of the French Official Mission, and John G. Agar.

Wall Street's Poppy Drive for the benefit of the American Women's Hospitals yesterday brought in $2,000. Mrs. Ledyard Stevens, Mrs. Edward Cross, and Dr. Emily Dunning Barringer spoke from the tailboards of the two ambulances, which have been presented to the women, and Miss Louise Homer sang "The Star-Spangled Banner."

The returns from Wall Street and the regular team work brought the fund up to $151,000, it was reported at the daily Biltmore luncheon yesterday. The teams turned in $14,025, and the Executive Committee additional contributions. Mrs. James N. Ross of Brooklyn, who assisted in the Wall Street drive, had a little drive of her own in the subway express on her way up to Forty-second Street. A band of musicians on their way to play for the War Savings Stamp campaign was on the train, and she started an impromptu concert that brought $15.17 for the Women's Hospitals.

Among the larger gifts were: Members of India House, $6,000; J. J. Manwaring, $5,000; Felix Warburg, $5,000; Jacob H. Schiff, $2,000; Mrs. Emma Lewis, $1,500; Mrs. William Church Osborn, $1,000;. Mrs. Mollman, $2,000; Charles A. Coffin, $2,500; William Mitchell, $1,000; Gilbert Colgate, $1,500; J. P. N. Door, $1,000; Gwathmey & Co., $1,000; Julius Goldman, $2,500, and Elizabeth Comstock, $1,000.

Mrs. Henry Clay Frick gave $500 to pay the expenses of a hospital bed for one year in the name of her daughter, Helen, who is in active service in France; Mrs. S. G. Frankel gave $1,000 for an ambulance to be known as the "Frankel Ambulance in France," and seven gifts of $25 each were received for rolling chairs for hospitals.

Abbé Patric Flynn, the fighting chaplain of Fordham, addressed the women and told them he would go back to his boys in the trenches and tell them the women were coming. "They don't know yet that America is sending her women doctors to care for their poor wives and babies," he said. "I was at the side of my boys in the trenches at Verdun, and I know how troubled they were about their families and little ones."

ACT 'MACBETH' AT THE CORT

Walter Hampden and Helen Ware in a Tasteful Production.

The Shakespeare Playhouse continued its series of Shakespearian productions at the Cort Theatre yesterday afternoon with an artistically mounted and well-acted performance of "Macbeth," in which Walter Hampden and Helen Ware, players new to the rôles so far as New York is concerned, took the leading parts. These performances of the Shakespeare Playhouse are among the most tasteful Shakespearian productions which New York has been privileged to see. Gray curtains are used for "Macbeth," and by the use of only a few pieces on the stage an astonishing variety of scene is achieved. The curtains which suffice for the witches' cave later suggest, with only a slight rearrangement, the banquet hall. The method is a compromise with the Elizabethan, the only objections to which, and they are minor, being the waits of two or three minutes between scenes.

Performances in keeping with the production were given both by Mr. Hampden, as Macbeth, and Miss Ware, as Lady Macbeth. Miss Ware, in view of the fact that the performance marked her first Shakesperian rôle, probably was entitled to the greater credit; Mr. Hampden's Macbeth is well known in England. Howard Kyle was a rather declamatory Macduff, and others in the company included George Gaul, as Malcolm; Percival Vivian, as the porter, and C. Hooper Trask, as Duncan. The performance will be repeated at the Cort this morning.

Jewish War Refugees Leave Japan.

A cable message was received yesterday from Samuel Mason, representing the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society of America, in Yokohama, Japan, through Secretary of State Lansing, saying that more than 100 war refugees, women and children, accompanied by a special matron, have left Yokohama for Vancouver. They will be met by the representatives of the Seattle Branch of the society and sent to their relatives to whom they are destined in the United States.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE — B'WAY & 47 ST. — Daily Mats. 25c-$1. — BESSIE McCOY DAVIS, DERWENT HALL CAINE and A. E. ANSON, Nellie & Sarah Kouns, Herman Timberg & Co. & others & James and Bonnie Thornton.

Loew's American Roof — Every Eve. at 8:15. — NAT NAZARRO & CO., WM. DICK, LILLIAN MORTIMER & CO., & SIX OTHER BIG ACTS. — All Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50

Never in the History of the City of New York—

has an audience in any theatre ever shown such enthusiasm, such wild excitement, such a marvelous outburst of applause, as that aroused last night at the initial showing of

D. W. GRIFFITH'S SUPREME TRIUMPH

HEARTS OF THE WORLD

AT THE 44TH ST. THEATRE

THE GREATEST DRAMA OF LOVE-TEARS THE WORLD HAS EVER KNOWN

"Audience rose up and 2,000 people cheered Mr. Griffith's masterpiece in a frenzy of enthusiasm."

FIRST MATINEE TODAY

TWICE DAILY Inc. Sun., 2:15 & 8:15 | EVES. & SAT. MAT., 25c to $1.50 | OTHER MATINEES 25c to $1.00

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42St. Evs. 8:15. MAT. TODAY. Prices 50c to $2, except Sat. Night, $2.50. KLAW & ERLANGER'S RADIANT MUSICAL COMEDY — The Rainbow Girl

ZIEGFELD NEW — TONIGHT 11:30. — MIDNIGHT FROLIC — COCOANUT GROVE, Atop New Amsterdam Thea.

EMPIRE B'way, 40th St. Evs. at 8:15. Matinees TODAY & Wed., 2:15. SMARTEST AND BEST ACTED COMEDY OF THE YEAR. — ETHEL BARRYMORE — The Off Chance

HUDSON West 44 St. NEXT TUES. SEATS NOW. ESTATE OF HENRY B. HARRIS presents — NANCY LEE — By EUGENE WALTER & H. CROWNIN WILSON

GEO. M. COHAN Thea., B'way, 43 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. (Pop.) 2:30 — TOOT-TOOT — New Military Musical Comedy

GAIETY BROADWAY & 46 ST. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed. (POP.) 2:20. — SICK-A-BED — Biggest LAUGH-maker in town.

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE 43 St., E. of B'way. "The Distinctive, Beautiful Playhouse." Bryant 7410. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. — The Fountain of Youth — HENRY MILLER and Notable Cast. MATINEE TODAY at 2:20.

CRITERION B'way, 44 St. TONIGHT 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed. (Pop.) 2:15. — Laurette Taylor — in a new comedy by J. Hartley Manners. — "HAPPINESS"

LIBERTY West 42d Street. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed. (POP.) 2:20. — GOING UP — The Talk of the Town — The Aviation Musical Comedy Sensation.

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30. — DAVID BELASCO presents — POLLY WITH A PAST

FULTON 46th St., W. of B'way. Evs. & Today Mat., 50c to $1.50. — LOVE'S LIGHTNING — A Comedy by ADA PATTERSON & ROBERT EDESON. Tues. & Thurs. Mats., Best Seats $1.

VANDERBILT W. 48 St. Phone 134 Bryant. Evs. 8:20. — OH LOOK! — with HARRY FOX. Mats. TODAY & Wed. (POP.) 2:20.

BELMONT THEATRE. Sensation of New York. 48th St., E. of B'way. Phone Bryant 48. — CARTER THE GREAT MAGICIAN — Evs. at 8:30. FIRST MATINEE TODAY.

ELTINGE W. 42d St. Tonight 8:30. MAT. TODAY 2:30. Pop. Price Mats. Wed. — BUSINESS BEFORE PLEASURE — With Barney Bernard & Alexander Carr.

COHAN & HARRIS W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. — A Tailor-Made Man — FUNNIEST AMERICAN COMEDY OF RECENT YEARS — with GRANT MITCHELL

LYCEUM W. 45 St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Thurs., 2:30. DAVID BELASCO Presents — TIGER ROSE

REPUBLIC W. 42 St. Tonight 8:30. MAT. TODAY 2:30. Pop. Price Mats. Wed. — PARLOR BEDROOM and BATH — with Florence Moore and John Cumberland

PARK Thea., Cols. Circle. Evenings 8:20. MATINEE TODAY 2:30. Military-Naval Melodrama of Today. — 7 DAYS LEAVE — Prices 25c, 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50 — No Horrors—NOT a Motion Picture.

HARRIS THEATRE, 42d, W. of B'way. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:30. — Today 2:30 — Tonight 8:30 — The Patriotic Play — Rosa Lynd (Lady Chetwynd) as "Margaret Tinworth." — HER COUNTRY — DAVID BELASCO Says: "I enjoyed 'Her Country' so much. Hope it will be given a wide hearing." — Good Seats 50c, 75c, $1

FRED STONE "JACK O' LANTERN" | GLOBE Mats. Today and Wed.

TO-NIGHT HOTEL ASTOR 10 P. M. — SIXTY CLUB BALL — IN AID OF THE Stage Women's War Relief — TICKETS $5.00 — At Room 1082, 33 West 42d St. Lambs Club—Friars Club Stage Women's War Relief 366 Fifth Ave. and at TYSON'S AND McBRIDE'S.

St. Nicholas Rink — 69 West 66th St. Phone 3700 Col. — Roller Skating — GRAND OPENING TONIGHT AT 8 P. M. — DAILY SESSIONS, 2 TO 5 & 8 TO 11. Open Mornings for Instructions. ADMISSION 25c. (Including Hat Check). SKATES, 25c. MUSIC. — Exhibition Every Afternoon and Evening By Worlds Champions Chas. & Lillian Franks

YORKVILLE THEATRE, 86th St., nr. Lex. Av. Tel. Lenox 8888. Evg., 8:15. Today Mt., 2:15. Adolf Philipp's — Musical Review — With Mizi Ghi and an excellent cast.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF SAM S. & LEE SHUBERT, INC.

WINTER GARDEN Evgs. 8. Mats. Today, Tues. & Thurs., 2. — AL JOLSON in "SINBAD" — Sunday Night Concert — JOLSON AND A BIG BILL.

48TH ST. THEA., E. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:15. BIGGEST PATRIOTIC DRAMATIC HIT SINCE AMERICA ENTERED THE WAR. — THE MAN WHO STAYED AT HOME — "Will stay home as this theatre for a long time." —Herald.

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evgs. at 8:20. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:20. A. H. WOODS Presents — AN AMERICAN ACE — By Lincoln J. Carter. A BIG PATRIOTIC MELODRAMA AT PATRIOTIC PRICES—50c TO $1.50

Broadhurst Thea., 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2. Lee and J. J. Shubert's Model Musical Production — MAYTIME — Charles Purcell, Peggy Wood & Wm. Norris

44th ST. THEATRE ROOF THEATRE. Ph. Bryant 61. Evs. 8:45. Mts. Today & Wed., 2:30. "Politely audacious; witty, startling."—Herald. — A PAIR OF PETTICOATS — Comedy by Cyril Harcourt, with Norman Trevor—Laura Hope Crews

44th, W. of B'way. SHUBERT Theatre. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:15. — LIONEL BARRYMORE — In "A GALLI-CURCI TRIUMPH."—Mail. — THE Copperhead

ASTOR 45th & B'way. Last Mat. Today, 2:15. Last Time Tonight, 8:15. — WHY MARRY? — By Jesse Lynch Williams. MAT. D. GOODWIN. EDMUND BREESE, SHELLEY HULL, BEATRICE BECKLEY, ESTELLE WINWOOD, ERNEST LAWFORD, LOTUS ROBB. Next Week: Teller's-Shubert, Brooklyn.

Beginning THURSDAY, APRIL 11. Seats Now. CLIFTON CRAWFORD, Marilynn Miller—Harry Conor—Ray Raymond. In a new musical show. FANCY FREE.

Wm. A. Brady's PLAYHOUSE W. 48 St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed. — The LITTLE TEACHER — By Harry James Smith, with MARY RYAN — Greatest Comedy-Drama Since "The Music Master."

Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30 — EYES of YOUTH — With JANE GREY and Original Cast.

39TH ST. THEA., near B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:15. WM. HODGE — In His Best Comedy, A CURE FOR CURABLES

BIJOU 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:30. THE SQUAB FARM — A Comedy of Business by Frederic and Fanny Hatton

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BOOTH 45th, W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:30.

CORT 48th St., E. of B'way. Evgs. at 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed. at 2:20. — FLO-FLO — THE SEASON'S SENSATIONAL MUSICAL HIT

MACBETH — CORT THEATRE — This Morn. at 10:30 — with Walter Hampden, Helen Ware, Howard Kyle and George Gaul.

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LAST 2 TIMES — Nazimova in Ibsen's "The Wild Duck" — Mon., Apr. 8th, "Hedda Gabler." Seats Now

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Vieux Colombier 65 W. 35th. Greeley 1522. Today 2:30 (Popular Prices), 8:30. "La Paix chez soi"; "Le Testament du Pere Leleu"; "La Chance de Francoise." SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT! Commencing Tuesday, April 9, SEASON IN ENGLISH. — EDITH WYNNE MATTHISON — In a New Comedy, — THE ARMY WITH BANNERS — By CHARLES RANN KENNEDY. Seats Now on Sale.

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AEOLIAN HALL, APRIL 10, at 3 — ALMA REAL — in SONG RECITAL — Seats Now.

PUNCH & JUDY Theatre, 49th St., East of B'way. Phone Circle 1366. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Fri. & Sat., 2:30. — TONIGHT AT 8:30. — FIRST TIME ON ANY STAGE — CHARLES HOPKINS Will Present — "APRIL" — AN ODD NEW COMEDY — By Hubert Osborne. WITH A TYPICAL PUNCH & JUDY THEATRE CAST THAT INCLUDES: Pauline Lord, Julie Herne, Mrs. Jacques Martin, Margalo Gillmore, Francesca Rotoli, Mitchell Harris, Alphonz Ethier, Charles Hopkins, France Bendtsen, Jay Strong, Gordon Morris, Burr Caruth, Charles Meredith, Robert Morton.

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The New York Times

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, APRIL 6, 1918.

THE THIRD LIBERTY LOAN.

Our ways with our war loans are not the ways of any other country. They are distinguishable in the first place from the ways of countries where the check system is little used. The result in Russia, Germany, and even in France, has been that they are deluged with floods of currency, unfunded loans which will long plague those countries. Our bitter lesson in that respect appears to have been taught and learned once for all. No one has ventured to suggest that we should print money to win this war. The comparison of our ways with the ways of England even increases our complacency. It used to be said that there were no American bankers of the first class. Now, at least, it can be said that we are not repeating the errors of English bankers in the flotation of our Liberty Loans. England began with the issue of 5 and 6 per cent. Exchequer bonds. There are nearly three billions of them, they clog the banks, and they begin to mature in 1919. There is a greater likeness of these short-term securities to currency than we like to associate with British practice. Our short-term issues are in anticipation of our loans, and they are retired almost as fast as they are put out. The loan offered today is for ten years, and few can think that it will be necessary to refund it before we are enjoying peace.

For the blessing of stability in our war finance we are indebted about equally to the wisdom of our bankers and the patriotism of our people. Our second loan was taken by almost one in ten of us. The organization has been so perfected, and the methods of approaching the people are so much better understood, that it will be a disappointment if this smaller loan is not distributed among a larger number of subscribers. Our largest popular vote for President was 18,538,248. Nineteen million bonds have been printed, and subscriptions against Kaiserism approaching that number would be the sort of referendum which the world would understand.

An appeal like that is not best made in the Wall Street manner. Decimals and yields are little talked of around the firesides which have sent the rising generation over there to make the world safe for liberty. The President has said that this is not a war for national profit. Neither is it a war for personal profit. The yield we want on these bonds is peace, and arithmetic will not show the rate of that yield. War talk is likely to be better "selling talk" than financial talk. The purpose of these bonds is to buy clothes, shoes, food, and fighting tools for our fighting men. To do that and get your money back, with safety for democracy, is all the argument these bonds need.

Nevertheless, there need be no shirking of the financial side of the investment. The shortness of the term reduces the prospect and the proportion of the discount on Liberty bonds which has perplexed so many. But the discount on the outstanding loans is an attraction to those who want more than the Treasury promises with the third bonds. The discount now existing would disappear with peace, and be replaced with a premium which would be smaller in the case of the short-term bonds, for the same reason that the discount would be smaller for the shorter term. The man who thinks most about the war cares little for such considerations. He is likely to prefer to buy from the Treasury rather than from the market, although it makes little difference how he gets his bonds. The man who buys in the market helps reduce the discount on the bonds outstanding. The man who takes his bonds from the Treasury helps the Treasury to end the conversion privilege, which becomes more objectionable with the total of the loans issued.

No one need fear taking too many bonds any more than he need fear having too much money in the savings bank. Where Government bonds are better appreciated than in the past they have been in the United States, it is thought hardly respectable not to be on the list of creditors of the Government. There are no heirlooms more popular than "Governments," and original issues direct from the Treasury to the holder have the same attraction as charter memberships in clubs or societies which are more revered as they grow more ancient. In a very few years the man, woman, or child who owns no Liberty bonds will be quiet about it, or explanatory. In cases where bonds are specially attractive it is customary to advertise that they are all gone, and the advertisement is published only as record. What a grand and glorious triumph it would be if the third Liberty Loan were closed long before the end of the month, with the explanation that there were not enough to go around!

A MESSAGE OF GOOD CHEER.

The end of the second week of the great and probably final German offensive brings the most cheering message that has come out of France since the British assault on Cambrai. It is from the new Generalissimo, FOCH, who saved the day at the Battle of the Marne, and now promises to save The Day, the great and final day. "All is going well," says General FOCH, surveying the field after the German assault of Thursday had been so badly broken that yesterday it could not be renewed on the Amiens front. "The great tidal wave of the "German Army has been broken on "the shore, evidently because it met "an obstacle. Now they are against "an embankment and completely "stopped. The future will show the "full measure of our success."

The German offensive was resumed on so wide a front and with such strong reinforcements that it would have been self-deception not to see that the German tactics meant nothing else than the splitting of the French and British armies in the south or the opening up of a gap in General HAIG'S force broad enough for a drive straight at Amiens. In the north, between the Somme and the Luce, the British had to deal with a great concentration of men and guns, but the defense, while it had at first to yield some ground, proved to be too strong for the enemy, and in that quarter the second offensive failed.

In the south the French identified fifteen enemy divisions, seven of them fresh troops, and a stubborn and successful fight was made to save the railway from Clermont to Amiens. The Germans, attacking with a great force, cannot conceal from themselves the fact that they have suffered a stinging defeat.

The repulse of this second great assault will put the British and French in fine spirits. They hold a series of strong positions and are well supplied with ammunition, and, moreover, a reserve army under the command of the great French strategist.

In fact, it is not an unduly optimistic view that the beating back of the Germans Thursday with very heavy losses may leave the allied armies in a position to prepare for an offensive of their own. In that case the Germans would be in danger of a decisive defeat and rout.

SABOTAGE AND DISLOYALTY.

There are at present before Congress two highly important bills which are designed to give the Government really adequate weapons for dealing with enemy activities and the propaganda of pro-Germanism and disloyalty. Such instruments are not available at present; treason as defined by the fathers, still thinking in terms of the rebellion against the Stuarts, leaves out of account all but a little of the sort of work that has been and is being done by German agents and sympathizers in this country, and the present penalties of the Espionage bill are too light for the offenses.

But because the country wants workable laws care ought to be taken to see that the new measures do not fall between two stools, as one of them seems likely to do. The bill on which conference committees have just reached an agreement provides a penalty of thirty years' imprisonment and $10,000 fine for acts intended to injure or destroy war materials and utilities, among which are enumerated arms, munitions, live stock, clothing, food supplies, railroads, electric lines, canals, engines, machines, vehicles, vessels, dams, reservoirs, aqueducts, water and gas pipes, electric, telegraph, telephone, and wireless plants.

All of these are war materials or utilities as war is waged today. But this bill aims at results, and results in criminal cases have to be obtained through juries. Regarding the acts of a man who has set fire to a munitions plant there is not likely to be doubt; but if a man who has cut telephone wires, dumped a wagon load of wheat into a swamp, or tampered with the mechanical plant of a garment factory sets up the defense that he is a discharged employé actuated by personal malice, or a syndicalist performing the sacramental act of sabotage, a jury which is trying him for espionage will have to consider the question of motive. Motives in practice may have to be determined largely by past records, and the man who does this kind of work, whether for himself or for the Kaiser, is likely to have a record hard to get at.

Attention may be called also to the clause of the bill which legalizes strikes in war industries "when for "the bona fide purpose of obtaining "better wages or conditions of employ-"ment." Here the question of motive is written into the law. Fortunately, there are not many in this country who defend the morality of sabotage as an industrial weapon, but there are some; and convictions obtained over such a plea would be seized upon by our radicals, who are fighting their own war against the majority of the American people, as evidence that the capitalists were using the cover of patriotism for the suppression of industrial unrest. A law less likely to bring doubt and confusion to the juror's mind would produce more convictions.

Considerable opposition was aroused in the Senate by the other bill, which provides that

whoever, when the United States is at war, shall utter, publish, print or write any disloyal, profane, scurrilous, contemptuous or abusive language about the form of government of the United States, or the Constitution, or the soldiers or sailors of the United States, or the flag, or the uniform of the army or navy, or any language calculated to incite or inflame resistance to any Federal or State authority, or who shall by word or act favor the cause of Germany or her allies, shall be imprisoned for twenty years or fined $10,000, or both.

Here again the question of motive enters into the application of the law, but in this case the determination of motive is easier. For that reason there seems to be little point in Senator JOHNSON'S declaration that "it is not "only a bill designed to suppress the "press of the nation and make it sub-"servient to those in power today. "but it is a bill that seeks to make one "refrain from discussion or criticism, "and even purports to prevent one "thinking as he wishes to think." It would not be difficult to determine whether a man thinks the things against which this bill is directed; you can tell what he thinks by what he says and does; and words and acts of the sort described are certainly not permissible while the United States is at war with Germany. The allegation of other motives than hostility to the Government in defense of such words and acts would not be easily sustained, and in most cases the recent behavior of the defendant would provide a measure for the accuracy of his allegation. Criticism of a department of the Government for errors or omissions in preparing for war would not expose its author to punishment under this bill.

THE COLLINSVILLE LYNCHING.

Speaking to the Muscogee Chamber of Commerce on Wednesday, ex-President TAFT declared that "those "who express treasonable sentiments "should be tried and punished" according to forms of law, and he added, with strong emphasis: "Mob vio-"lence, such as is practiced in certain "parts of the United States, should "be everywhere condemned, that the "United States may not sink to the "lawless savagery of the Germans." Within twenty-four hours a mob in Collinsville, a town of 4,500 people in Southern Illinois, elected to vie with the Germans in savagery by lynching one PRAGER, a registered enemy alien, after allowing him an opportunity to pray three minutes for his soul. Then his body was hauled ten feet into the air to the limb of a tree, and left hanging. The abhorrent deed is described as a manifestation of loyalty to the Government—at least that is the only palliation attempted.

A fouler wrong could hardly be done America, which, after protesting against German atrocities on land and sea, entered the war in the crusading spirit to save civilization. In the eyes of the enemy the lynching of a German subject in Illinois was a thing done in the name of America. We shall be denounced as a nation of odious hypocrites. This act will be distorted by organized rumor into a race war on helpless subjects of Germany. Propaganda, as conducted in that country, sticks at nothing. America came into the war with clean hands. They have been soiled by this evil deed of a few persons in Collinsville. The stain cannot be washed out unless the Governor and the officers of justice in Illinois seek out and punish the perpetrators. It must be done not only to vindicate the good name of America before the world but to stamp out lynching as a demonstration of patriotism.

They do things differently in the New England State of Vermont. There the Rev. CLARENCE H. WALDRON has been convicted of sedition, the indictment based upon public utterances urging young men not to register for the draft. WALDRON, a man of education, was sentenced to serve fifteen years in the Federal prison at Atlanta, and he has been taken there. But it would be futile to plead to our German accusers this instance of justice done under the law and in the case of an American.

TIME AND WOMAN.

Will the women voters of New York consent to be bound by the ungallant and, it may well be, unconstitutional view of the election law just set forth by Attorney General LEWIS? Must women who register for the local option elections of April 16 give their age definitely and correctly, or will it be enough for them to declare that they are "upward of 21"?

Certain election officials, whose courteous intention can't be lauded too highly, eager to avoid a superfluous, impertinent, and Chinese inquisition of the years of petticoated registrants, asked the Attorney General if the declaration, round and euphemious, of sufficient legal age wouldn't suffice. No, says Mr. LEWIS, heartlessly, no matter with what support from the frigid and formal statute, never meant for the gracious uses now coming to it. Not to give one's age correctly will be an evasion of the directions of the election law. Inspectors of Election mustn't register any person who refuses to state his or her age.

"His age" doesn't matter; but surely nobody but a verjuiced antifeminist will hold that any theory of equality of the sexes and their political rights or any solemn prosing can alter acts of the Legislature. The immutable and immemorial privileges of women, against whom no almanac can be drawn, are no less secure.

This privilege rests on ample grounds, not transcendental, a priori or of mere courtesy, but walled by precedent and protected by the instinctive feeling of the inferior and waning sex of "menfolks." Moreover, the Constitution of the United States forbids again and again the chronological impertinences of the election law. Ask a woman her exact age, make every Election Inspector repeat the favorite question of WU TING-FANG and LI HUNG-CHANG! Not much. Such pragmatical curiosity is a violation of the right of the people to be secure "against unreasonable searches." It exposes women voters to "cruel and unusual punishments." If we are not mistaken, in some more genial States, in Kansas, for example, women voters are not compelled to bring their birth certificates to the polls. Since "the citizens of each State "shall be entitled to all privileges "and immunities of citizens in the "several States," shall this privilege and immunity be denied in New York? And why plead the Constitution of the United States? It is more than enough to plead the Constitution of Women.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Hardly a Burning Question.

When for a brief period Dr. GEORG MICHAELIS held the position of Imperial German Chancellor he was generally regarded as a person of the stop-gap order who would do whatever was wanted by the military and Junker classes. This theory of his character and quality hardly fits in with the news that just as he was starting from Berlin to assume the smaller, but not very small, post of President of Pomerania he made a speech which certainly cannot have pleased the Junkers or excited much enthusiasm among the war lords.

For he said, or at any rate is said to have said, that were he again in an office that authorized him to speak for the Government he would not ask the foes of Germany to indemnify her for her war losses. And the reasons he gave, or is said to have given, showed a sensitiveness to moral considerations that is almost as amazing in a Pomeranian as it would be in a Prussian. For the getting of indemnities, he declared, would throw the German people into "an abyss of materialism," and he considered it better that they should be poor, in order that they might learn to be "simple, sober, and economical."

Assuming that the speech was correctly reported, it is evident that Dr. MICHAELIS feels sure that Germany sooner or later will win the war, for only after that has been done will the question whether she should take indemnities from her present enemies become enough of an issue to demand an answer. Indemnities, as a matter of fact, are not asked for; they are taken in all cases except when a sinner of some sort or other has had a change of heart and wants to give practical proofs of repentance. The likelihood that the Allies will soon or ever be brought to that frame of mind—to confession, that is, of indebtedness to Germany for having resisted Germany's effort to take full charge of the world and run it in her own peculiar fashion—is so minute that the alternative of expected victory must in reason be accepted.

In the remarks of Dr. MICHAELIS, however, there is a curious implication—the implication that Germany was not benefited but injured by the indemnity she extorted from France after the war of 1870—an admission that hitherto has not come from a German source, though often from others.

A Case for Wise Evasions.

As our Government is forbidden by law to receive gifts from anybody, Commissioner ROPER cannot be criticised for telling the Collectors in the Manhattan Internal Revenue districts that it is unlawful to accept on the Government's behalf money offered by persons who, though not liable under the income tax law, are yet desirous of contributing something toward meeting its present large need for money. Just the same, as there is no other reason than the existence of this law why, in existing circumstances, anybody who wants to serve or help his country in that particular way should not be allowed to do it as much as he pleases, one cannot but regret that the Commissioner did not show the ingenuity which not a few other high officials have displayed in "getting around" that estimable but somewhat inconvenient statute.

In Washington, and all over the country, for that matter, men who can afford it and have the inclination are doing for the Government valuable work for which the annual $1 they are to receive certainly is not "salary" or "compensation" in the plain and usual meaning of those words. So doing, the spirit of the law is violated, and even its letter is kept in a way that would be sternly condemned by any court that had to pass upon it. No court will be thus compelled, of course, and nobody cares, any more than anybody cares that the Navy Department is "paying" $1 apiece—or promising so to do, when it gets good and ready—for field glasses that are worth anywhere from $25 to $50 or more.

The motive for the law thus evaded was presumably to prevent the Government from ever being influenced in its actions by the receipt of presents from patriots expecting to receive in return benefits or advantages at least as valuable. That is all right in principle, but there are times when in practice the rigor of the law might well be mitigated in the exercise of a wise and honest discretion. Moreover, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue need not keep awake o' nights because of apprehension that people will be killed in a mad rush to pay taxes not demanded of them. The police reserves will never be called out to keep crowds of such taxpayers from interfering with other traffic.

Their Stern Object Achieved.

As the men who are fighting so desperately to hold back the Germans on the road to Amiens and the sea find, according to the accounts of all observers, not infrequent reasons for laughter among themselves, those of us who only read the dispatches telling about their heroism and achievements can also be permitted to recognize the amusing features in the colossal combat. Among the episodes that have given what on the stage is called "comic relief," none has served the purpose better, perhaps, than that of the truck loaded with doughnuts and pies against which the deluded Germans for the better part of two days and nights kept up a fierce bombardment with heavy shells.

At last they succeeded in destroying it, thus illustrating anew a peculiarity of German efficiency that has been noted before with respect to more serious matters. They are efficient in doing, but strangely inefficient, often, in deciding what to do and in foreseeing the consequences when done.

In this case the cost of their mistake is only that of the ammunition they have wasted, and the amount hardly counts in the total expenditure now making. It is easy to imagine their solemn satisfaction in the accomplishment of their purpose—that of wrecking what they presumably supposed was a load of high explosives. And possibly they were not altogether wrong, in a way, for battlefield pies and doughnuts have large possibilities.

KERRIGAN'S OLD HOMESTEAD

Memories of a Passing Broadway Landmark.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your paper of March 28 you give a very interesting account of the old landmark at 1,641 Broadway, between Fiftieth and Fifty-first Streets. I like to read of the old landmarks and regret very much to see that they are fast disappearing.

Mr. Kerrigan, the proprietor of the Old Homestead, I know very well, having been introduced to him several years ago, when he was in the Assembly, by his close friend, Assemblyman Owen M. Kiernan of the Twenty-fourth Assembly District. To know John Kerrigan was a pleasure, he was such a fine character of the old school. Your friendship for him increased as your acquaintance lengthened.

I am pleased to see that you speak so highly of the respectable manner in which he conducted his business, in not serving ladies. Aye, and he went a step further—neither would he serve gentlemen when they showed a wild look in their eye. They were politely, but firmly, informed that no more "conversation glasses" would be served them.

RICHARD H. WALSH.
Palm Beach, March 31, 1918.

America and the Balkans.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Permit me to express the sentiments of warmest gratitude of 25,000 Epirotes in America for the bold editorial article in THE TIMES of Monday, April 1, on the Turkish atrocities and the decrepit policy of patience of waiting and pharisaic blandishments.

Why does not America raise her mighty protest against the Turks and against the Bulgars? Why does not a powerful America warn the Turks and the Huns of the Balkans that unless an end is put to crime, to persecution, abduction, and wholesale murders, America shall hold them strictly accountable, and that America shall voice the forfeiture by them of the rights of existing free and independent nations intrusted with the lives, honor, and properties of peoples of other races than those of their own?

Way does not America declare war against Turkey and Bulgaria? Have we not learned our lesson from the extreme indulgence of Great Britain in 1914 and 1915 with respect to the same two Balkan States? Had Great Britain been more determined and less forgiving the war might have been ended now, with victory for the Allies.

We cannot hearten our allies, Rumania, Serbia, and Greece, when we flatter their enemies and ours.

N. J. CASSOWITZ,
General Secretary Pan Epirotic Union in America.
New York, April 3, 1918.

The Reformed Suffrage Party.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As a somewhat interested observer of the idiosyncrasies of women in politics, the writer shared the amusement in noting the change of policy of the Woman Suffrage Party, which formally resolved to allow its members to join the real political parties the day after an "anti" cruelly exposed the former "nonpartisan" policy of holding the suffrage organization "intact" for campaign purposes. But, lest the hard-hearted "antis" take upon themselves too much credit for this reform of suffrage policy, I beg to cite the following paragraphs from The Call:

The New York City Woman Suffrage Party has taken action which will permit every suffrage worker to accept positions in the Socialist, Democratic, or Republican Party—and maintain their full standing in the suffrage movement.

The Socialists, who took such a prominent part in winning suffrage in this State, had given an ultimatum that so long as the suffrage movement remained nonpartisan their women would have to withdraw.

It now appears, for the further amusement of mere male cynics, that the suffrage leaders will have to explain whether the late reform was due to the "anti" criticism, or the Socialist "ultimatum" and threat to withdraw.

MERE MAN.
Washington, April 4, 1918.

America's Interest in Italy.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There are many points in connection with the presence of Italy in the war which have puzzled me. Wherever I go I see a happy combination of the flags of the United States, Great Britain, and France. Surely Italy is a factor of sufficient importance to have her national emblem included in the display. Thousands of loyal Italian citizens of the United States will be delighted to see their old flag associated with those of the countries by whose side they are fighting so valiantly. The malign influence of Germany in Italy was demonstrated too recently to make it necessary for me to go into details. The disaster which nearly placed Venice at the feet of her enemies is sufficient to show the strength of the Teuton propaganda.

Let us too have a bureau of information to teach our Italian allies the value of American friendship and let the first branch be opened in New York. Let us get to Italy, where German policies and German finance have cut to the heart of the Italian people and undermined their patriotism, their commerce, and their industries. Let us do something to expose the vileness of German methods, their utter selfishness and hypocrisy. We cannot do better than to establish some sort of propaganda at once and the Government should take charge of it.

MARIE EDGAR.
New York, April 5, 1918.

FRENCH VIEW OF OUR PLANS

Delay Overlooked and Confidence in Our Preparations Expressed.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am inclosing a letter from a distinguished Frenchman to whom I had written, saying, among other things, that our war preparations were unfortunately proceeding slowly, and that in the meanwhile the valiant French and British armies must stand between horror and a return to primitive life and beauty and the preservation of the finest flower of civilization; and added that though we were slow in getting in motion, we hoped soon to be rapid and powerful in stroke.

ROBERT FERRARI.
New York, April 3, 1918.

[Inclosure.]

Whatever errors, if any, may have been committed by the United States in the period of organization, I persist in feeling unbounded admiration for them. They are the only true idealists in this war. All the other countries, France among them, were more or less drawn into it by the necessity of self-defense. You alone stepped in when you might, without immediate danger to yourselves, have stood aside or simply given comfort and assistance to the victims of the conflict. I don't think that any decision more free and generous than the one you took last year has ever been recorded in history.

Now, of course, being at a great distance, I look upon all the blunders and delays of your preparations, if any such have occurred, as trifling and perhaps inevitable things. They seem next to nothing when compared with the great results which you have already achieved—both from the military and from the economic points of view. I have heard of the hard sacrifices you are voluntarily undergoing in order to provide us Europeans with more food and fuel. These self-imposed restrictions are beyond all praise.

As to our state of mind, it is not very bright, nor can it be expected to be, since the Russian crack. It then seemed as if all our lights of hope had been put out at once, except for that very distant candle called American help. There is no exaggeration in saying that our only remaining prospect of victory rests in you. We trust we, together with the British, can protect our frontiers. But as to winning the war, it appears now more and more to be possible through you alone.

The Men in the Quartermaster Corps

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It was with great interest that I read in this morning's TIMES John Kendrick Bangs's defense of the Quartermaster Corps of the United States Army. No one knows better than the families of the men in the Q. M. C. what it means to these men to be assigned to office work instead of being sent "over there." As the wife of a Lieutenant in the Q. M. C., let me add my defense of the men who, as Mr. Bangs says, have given up their own business, gone through training camps and come out physically and mentally "fit" for "over there" and are now doing office work which is uninteresting and foreign to them.

What interest can a lawyer take in selling socks or inspecting warehouses? It is far harder to do that sort of thing uncomplainingly than to seek for glory on the battlefield; where the inspiration to great deeds of valor comes so frequently. Does it not take courage for a man to work day after day, often Sundays included, at tasks which are irksome and for which a promising career has been given up and then be called a "slacker" merely because the Government has seen fit to put him in the Q. M. C.?

Were it not for the Q. M. C. not a man in the army would be provided with food, clothing, or supplies. Let those who call the men in the Q. M. C. "slackers" give us some example of their glorious deeds in support of Uncle Sam's army and we will be glad to listen to them.

ELIZABETH H. KEYES.
New York, April 4, 1918.

An Experiment in Americanization.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

An experiment is being tried in the evening schools of the city as the result of the insistent demands from the public—an experiment the success of which depends upon the response from the people themselves. Evening School 40, 320 East Twentieth Street, is one of the few schools where the experiment will be tried, mainly because of its active community interests. Since it is the only evening school covering the extensive district from Eighth to Thirty-fourth Street we expect to interest many of those students who attended other evening schools during the Winter season. We socialize and educate; in other words, Americanize, teach English to foreigners, give lectures, concerts, free use of the gymnasium, dances, and have a glee club and a school orchestra. Any legitimate request on the part of our pupils for group activity is immediately organized.

CAROLINE COHN,
Director of Community Work.
New York, April 4, 1918.

WAIT NO MORE, AMERICA!

AN ANNIVERSARY ODE.

O land of proud, unfettered soul,
Whose questing vision sought the skies
As through the far empyrean flies
Thy native eagle—whose high goal
Was e'er through thought and word and deed
To give far wings to Freedom's creed—

Was this, America, said of thee?
Or ceased its truth, once being said?
Is that unframmeled spirit dead—
Can weak apostasy now be?
Has Mammon dulled thy righteous steel,
Or alien cowards cooled thy zeal?

Nay, nay, not thus! 'Tis but unused,
Thy tolerant mood to anger's heat;
Unwonted still thy careless feet
To tread war's wine-press; still confused
Thy trustful soul by treacherous tongue—
By sword in scales of Justice flung.

Steel thee, America! Thine hour
Of purging trial is at hand!
The gates of anguish open stand,
And Death's grim portals near thee tower!
But not for thee disaster's pall,
Let thou doubt's cerements but fall!

What if hid traitors plot and lie,
Or piteous cowards cringe and whine?
Is not stern retribution thine,
And whips of scorn on these to ply?
As part of thy new priesthood's price,
That were but meagre sacrifice!

Up to thy highest potent self
In faith and works thou now must rise;
Uncompromising, must thine eyes
Beyond all paltry power and pelf
Bend steadfast through thy private pain
On all the centuries' menaced gain!

As erstwhile others, thy stern lips
Through suffering cry the spoiler's doom;
In vain his haughty blood shall fume
As thou and they spell his eclipse;
Thou'lt stoic smile through all thy throes,
When Freedom thus to new birth goes!

Zealot once more of lofty soul,
At Liberty's new altars now
Repeat the olden Templars' vow!
The cataclysmic thunders roll—
Thou too must with thy fathers' might
For Life's imperiled sanctions smite!

HERMAN MONTAGU DONNER.

DAVISON TO VISIT DIAZ.

Will View Italian Front and Also Visit Venice.

ROME, April 5.—Cardinal Gasparri, Papal Secretary of State, today received Henry P. Davison, Chairman of the American Red Cross War Council, and congratulated him on the splendid development of the organization and the magnificent charitable work it was accomplishing everywhere.

Mr. Davison also talked with Archbishop Bonaventura Ceretti, Assistant Papal Secretary of State, who praised the response of the American people to the appeal for help from the belligerent populations.

Henry P. Davison, Chairman of the American Red Cross War Council, was received yesterday by General Zupelli, the Minister of War. Ambassador Page accompanied Mr. Davison in his call upon the Minister, who put himself at the disposal of the Red Cross representative for any facilities that might be required to enable him to fulfill his mission to Italy.

Plans have been made for Mr. Davison and Ivy Lee, also of the American Red Cross, who accompanied Mr. Davison to Italy, to visit the Italian front. They are expected to leave for the front Sunday night, accompanied by Robert P. Perkins, Red Cross Commissioner in Italy. The party will be received by General Diaz and will inspect both the Piave and mountain fronts, afterward going to Venice, where notable work is being done by the American Red Cross.

On returning to Rome Chairman Davison will set out again for visits to Bologna and the Adriatic Coast as far as the Ancona-Rimini district, where numbers of refugees are being assisted by the American Red Cross. He will afterward visit Naples and Sicily, and then proceed to Milan and on to Switzerland.

TO AID 50,000 CHILDREN.

Red Cross Will Care for French Infants During the Summer

PARIS, April 5.—The American Red Cross is making arrangements in cooperation with a committee of Parisians to send 50,000 children of this city to a provincial centre, where they will be cared for during the Summer school vacation.

The American Red Cross has just performed another record feat by preparing and shipping to a town behind the French front a tent hospital of 500 beds within twelve hours after receiving a request from the French Government. The hospital was needed to take care of patients suffering from fractured limbs who were being removed from a hospital in Eastern France menaced by German air raids.

The equipment supplied by the Red Cross consisted of twenty-five tents, 20 by 60 feet, and each containing twenty beds. Each tent has an inner and outer wall with an air chamber between so that it can be adapted to either cold or warm weather. When set up such a hospital covers an area about the size of a football field. The equipment weighs twenty-two tons.

$6,200 FOR OLD TAPESTRIES.

Two Aubussons Bring Highest Prices at American Galleries Sale.

Two fine old Aubusson tapestries brought the highest prices at the concluding sale of the furnishings, &c., of a New York mansion at the American Art Galleries yesterday afternoon, going to J. K. Johns for $6,200. These were eighteenth century, each with a Watteau medallion in the centre and without a narrow scroll border and festoons of roses and other flowers. They were in reds, browns, pinks, and yellows, the medallion of one showing a court lady and courtier, in a pastoral scene, under a tree and the other a mother and child with pet lamb and dogs. The first tapestry was 6 feet by 8 feet 7 and the second 7 feet by 5 feet 10.

A sixteenth century Renaissance tapestry, somewhat larger, the scene showing a forest, a group of farm houses, the lord and lady of a manor, hunters, dogs, and game, in low toned, harmonious colors, went to A. Kimble & Son for $2,500. A petit-point tapestry screen, with floral branches, birds, and butterflies, done in silk and wool, the screen having a 9 foot 3 inch stretch, went to a buyer giving the name of Farr for $2,000. An oblong figure tapestry, Aubusson of the eighteenth century, showing a game of blind man's buff, went to Emil Fares for $1,625.

An old Queen Anne carved walnut, two chair settee, eagles' necks and heads forming the curving sides of the chairs, went to J. J. Fox for $400. An old Chippendale mahogany semicircular commode went to J. Robinson for $280, and an old satinwood inlaid secretary to W. E. Benjamin also for $280. Bernet, agent, paid $600 for a pair of bronze torcheres and $300 for an old Chippendale carved mahogany settee. A pair of Irish Chippendale masked console tables went to P. W. Allen for $380, and H. Bremmer paid $400 for an old carved mahogany four post bedstead.

The returns for the afternoon were $30,560, making a grand total for the lot of 280 pieces of $36,941.

DEBT INCREASED 30 TIMES.

Bernhard Predicts Germany Will Owe 150,000,000,000 Marks.

AMSTERDAM, March 23.—Germany's debt after the war will be thirty times what it was at the beginning, Georg Bernhard, editor of the Vossische Zeitung, declared in a recent lecture in Berlin in connection with the campaign for the eighth German war loan. The editor's speech was hardly calculated to afford his hearers much cause for rejoicing. He said that at the end of the war Germany probably would be faced with a debt of 150,000,000,000 marks, as against 5,000,000,000 before the war.

Bernhard said that 14,000,000,000 marks would have to be provided annually after the war through taxation. He estimated the Empire's national wealth at 400,000,000,000 marks, a large part of which is State and communal property. He did not favor a single levy on capital, and said small capital should not be taxed too hard. This, he declared, would mean that the larger fortunes would have to pay as high as 50 per cent., which he thought was not a safe tax from an economic viewpoint.

The latest inducement to subscribe to the war loan is a device by which a man may mortgage his prospective savings for the next ten years by means of a special insurance policy.

LENROOT TO BACK WILSON.

Senator-Elect Pledged to Support Him in War Measures.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 5.—United State Senator-elect Lenroot said in a statement today that he would support President Wilson in the Senate as he did in the House in all measures helpful in the prosecution of the war. He said that Victor L. Berger, the Socialist candidate, received too many votes, and that the campaign of patriotic education must go on.

"But the combined loyalty vote demonstrates beyond all question the loyalty of Wisconsin as a State," he said. "I hope all Republicans and Democrats will work again together shoulder to shoulder and make the third Liberty Loan campaign the most successful of any we have had."

Mr. Lenroot will make two Liberty bond speeches and will return to Washington [illegible]

KING'S GREETINGS TO COMMERCE BODY

Message of Congratulation Is Read at Chamber's Celebration of 150th Anniversary.

TWO GOVERNORS SPEAK

Whitman and Edge Felicitate Mercantile Leaders—President Butler Sees Fixation of War Purpose.

The 150th anniversary of the founding of the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York, on April 5, 1768, was observed at a commemorative meeting held in the hall of the Chamber, 65 Liberty Street, yesterday afternoon. Nearly 800 members of the Chamber and guests attended. Addresses were made by Governor Whitman, Governor Edge of New Jersey, President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia University, and President Outerbridge of the Chamber of Commerce.

A warlike note predominated throughout the meeting, which in itself was substituted, by resolution of the Chamber a month ago, for a dinner which had been originally planned, because of the feeling that at this time rejoicing would be out of place. Each of the speakers, in turn, alluded to the war and to united effort for victory as the great need of the hour. A cable dispatch of congratulation, sent in person by King George V. of Great Britain, in reply to a message from President Outerbridge, was read to the meeting. Here is President Outerbridge's message to King George:

"The Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York, which was founded April 5, 1768, and to which King George III. was graciously moved to grant a royal charter, and which is to celebrate its 150th anniversary by a special meeting of its members at noon April 5, expresses to your Majesty its grateful acknowledgement of the debt which the Chamber owes to those sturdy and courageous pioneers whose foresight, wisdom, and courage left an ineffaceable mark on our citizenship, and tenders to your Majesty our profound admiration of the heroic courage and steadfast determination of the armies, navies, and peoples of the British Empire and of their devotion to the cause of justice and freedom, in which, together with all the allies, our nation is now heartily joined, pledging the full measure of its man-power and resources. The Chamber respectfully extends to your Majesty its heartfelt wishes for your continued health and for complete victory of the allied arms in the great struggle for civilization. I have the honor to be,

Your obedient servant,
E. H. OUTERBRIDGE."

King George replied by the following personal message:

"It has afforded me great pleasure to receive the message you have addressed to me in the name of the Chamber of Commerce of New York, which I most warmly congratulate on celebration of its one hundred and fiftieth anniversary. I recall with special and personal interest the historical associations of your Chamber of Commerce with my illustrious ancestor. I rejoice to think that America's sons, who are today coming forward to join in the world struggle for the triumph of justice and freedom, are imbued with that self-same spirit which animated those sturdy and courageous pioneers to whom you pay so generous a tribute.

"The vast resources of life, treasure, and industry that your great nation has pledged in the cause of civilization must assuredly lead us to prevail against our enemies. Your words of admiration and of encouragement to the fighting forces and peoples of the British Empire will find a worthy response within our hearts. In their name and on my own behalf, I sincerely thank you.

GEORGE, R. I.

Reviews Chamber's History.

Governor Whitman, the first speaker, reviewed the history of the chamber, with especial reference to the part played by its charter members and its first President, John Cruger, Mayor of New York, in the Revolution, and in the agitation before the Revolution, against the Stamp act. He spoke in terms of eulogy of the part played by the chamber in the growth and development of the city.

Governor Whitman concluded by reading, as applied directly to the present day, the words of the then President Perit of the Chamber of Commerce at the meeting at which the news was received that Fort Sumter had been fired on:

"Our flag has been fired on. There can be no such thing as neutrality now. We are either for our country, or we are for its enemies."

Govern

WOULD DRAFT GIRLS TO ACT AS NURSES

Hospital Superintendent Suggests Drastic Plan to the Charities Commissioner.

SUFFRAGISTS FAVOR IT

But Leaders Believe That Women Readily Would Answer Calls for Volunteers in War Crisis.

Suffrage leaders in this city welcomed last night a proposal made by Louis J. Frank, Superintendent of the Beth Israel Hospital, to draft women to relieve the shortage of nurses. All said that women's obligations of service to the country in a crisis were as great as those imposed upon men, but they thought that the response of women to a call for volunteer nurses would exceed the numbers needed.

In a letter to Bird S. Coler, Commissioner of Charities, Mr. Frank suggested that women be drafted primarily to take the places here of the nurses who had responded in great numbers to the calls for volunteers in the military hospitals abroad, but he also proposed that these drafted women nurses should be sent to the military hospitals. His letter has been sent to Representative Isaac Siegel with the request that a selective draft law for women be passed by Congress. His letters says in part:

"The rights and privileges of the women are equal to those of the men in all respects. The women should be called upon to make sacrifices which in the end will inure to their personal benefit, besides rendering a patriotic duty to the country.

Sees Benefits in the Training.

"After our girls have taken the course in a training school for nurses and have served their two years, they will be better fitted to perform their duties as mothers, and I unhesitatingly state that infant mortality will be considerably reduced if the mothers have a practical knowledge of nursing. They will secure knowledge of a vocation that will assure them a livelihood in case of necessity.

"Many objections may present themselves to a procedure of this kind; the mothers might plead that having given up their sons their daughters should be permitted to stay with them; that they should not be deprived of their companionship so necessary in these trying times. But we are confronted with a serious situation and apparent unpleasant means must be employed to meet it."

Although Mr. Frank mentioned that his hospital had been seriously affected by the shortage of nurses, Charles H. Johnson, Secretary of the State Board of Charities, in discussing the proposal said that he thought the drafting of women as nurses would be a drastic measure. A. S. Downing, assistant to the State Commissioner for Higher Education, expressed a favorable opinion of the proposal.

Charles H. Grimshaw, Superintendent of the Roosevelt Hospital, whose letter to Dr. G. D. Stewart, Acting President of the Academy of Medicine, calling attention to the seriousness of the shortage of nurses and urging immediate remedies, was printed in THE TIMES on Thursday, is in favor of any step that will relieve the shortage and provide the needed number of nurses for the military and civilian hospitals. He described the shortage as extremely serious and suggested a reduction of the training period from three to two years and an overcoming of prejudices in the nursing division of the Red Cross.

Approved by Miss Hay.

Miss Mary Garrett Hay, Chairman of the New York City Woman Suffrage Party, said last night that she was in favor of drafting women for nursing service if they failed to volunteer in numbers sufficient to fill the estimated needs of the Red Cross for the first year, which is 35,000 nurses.

"I do think, however, it will not be necessary," she declared, "to draft American women for war service if a proper call for volunteers is sent to them, and if the proper agencies represent to them that their services are needed in the military hospitals. I have great faith in the American woman, and I am sure she would not shirk her duty to the country.

"Most women are engaged in some sort of war work now, and I think if some agencies made it less difficult for women to enter the service, if they made a proper call so that women could volunteer for service near their homes, without traveling long distances or making great efforts to find places to serve, no draft of women would be necessary, because they would volunteer in great numbers. But if they will not enlist they ought to be drafted, because a woman's obligations of citizenship are as great as those of a man."

Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, President of the National American Woman Suffrage Association, could not be reached last night, but it was learned that her opinion upon the obligations of women to the country in a crisis was similar to that expressed by Miss Hay.

Miss Katharine Bement Davis, former Parole Commissioner and a Trustee of Vassar College aiding in the establishment of the Vassar Training Camp for 1,000 war nurses this Summer, said that she did not think a draft would be necessary to enroll sufficient numbers of women for the nursing service. She added that she was in favor of the law if voluntary enlistment failed. Miss Davis said that any draft law would have to be "specially selective" to get the women fitted by temperament and experience for work as nurses. She told of the plans for the Vassar Nurses' Training Camp, and said that the college graduates eligible for the camp were responding in great numbers. Mrs. John Wood Blodgett, the Chairman of the Vassar Committee aiding in arrangements for the camp, is seeking volunteers in the colleges, and the committee members believe they will have large numbers of volunteers for other camps.

Mrs. Harriot Stanton Blatch, Chairman of the Committee on Military Rank for Nurses and a director in the Woman's Land Army, said that it was an excellent idea to draft women for the nursing service.

"But I think we must give them military rank and adequate pay for their services," she added. "We must not draft them into subservicney. I think great numbers of women would respond to a call for volunteers, but I am in favor of a draft if it is necessary."

F.R.C. FRENCH MILITARY CONVERSATION F.R.C.
French by André Tridon
This book contains just the practical help you want, to get a speaking knowledge of Everyday and Military French. It gives valuable information, necessary to the American in France, in the form of natural conversation, commands, remarks, travel, shopping, dining, moneys, weights, measures. A simple system gives the exact pronunciation and accent of every word in a way that makes mispronunciation practically impossible.
"Over There" recommends it "Over Here."
Waterproof khaki flexi-leather binding. $1.25 net. All Bookstores.
THE LANGUAGE PHONE METHOD
928 Putnam Bldg., 2 W. 45th St., N.Y.

LIEUT. LITTLEFIELD MARRIES

Weds Miss Polly P. Damon at Her Home, in Newton, Mass.

The wedding of Miss Polly Pastorius Damon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph N. Damon of Newton, Mass., to Lieutenant W. Joseph Littlefield, son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Littlefield of 76 West Twelfth Street, took place at 7:30 o'clock last night at the home of the bride's parents in Newton. The Rev. Dr. Kirsopp Lake, a Radcliffe professor, performed the ceremony in the presence of a few relatives and friends.

The bride, whose father gave her in marriage, was attended by her sister, Mrs. Walter R. Nelles of this city, who acted as matron of honor. Miss Blanche Cutrer of Clarkesdale, Miss., was the bridesmaid. Owing to the inability of Lieutenant Henry Littlefield of the Aviation Corps, to come on from the West, Leon Jeanneret of Bayonne, N. J., acted as best man in his place. The ushers were Major Attilio Caccini, U. S. A.; John Cronin of Washington, D. C.; Neil O'Hara of Cambridge, Mass.; Paolo Mario de Dominicis of New York, and S. Foster Damon, brother of the bride.

Following the ceremony a large reception was held. Lieutenant Littlefield, who is in the Ordnance Department, was unable to get a long leave, so he and his bride left at once for Washington, D. C., where they will live.

LIEUT. HIGGINS EXONERATED

Appellate Division Reverses Sentence of Dishonorable Discharge.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court in Brooklyn yesterday reversed the findings of the court-martial which sat in the case of Thaddeus Higgins, a Lieutenant in the 69th Regiment, National Guard, and automatically revoked the sentence of dishonorable discharge. Since the dismissal of Lieutenant Higgins the 69th Regiment has gone to France as the 165th Regiment with the Rainbow Division.

The court-martial tried Lieutenant Higgins in March, 1916, on two charges that he failed to carry out an order that he make up a muster roll of his company and that he conducted himself in a manner unbecoming an officer and a gentleman in knowingly making false charges that Colonel Louis D. Conley, then commanding the regiment, had threatened that unless he resigned he would be forced from the organization. The court-martial found him guilty on the first charge and sentenced him to dishonorable dismissal.

MISS PORTER BETROTHED.

Junior League Member and War Nurse to Wed Capt. H. E. B. Pardee.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Hobart Porter of 405 Park Avenue and Lawrence, L. I., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Dorothy Dwight Porter, to Captain Harold E. B. Pardee, Medical Reserve Corps, son of the late Dr. Ensign B. Pardee and Mrs. Pardee of 74 West Forty-eighth Street and Lawrence, L. I.

Miss Porter is a member of the Junior League. She recently returned from France, where she worked in the American Ambulance Hospital at Neuilly, and afterward she nursed in a French field hospital at Cugny, near Ham, for which she had raised money to purchase and support a barracks kitchen.

Captain Pardee is a graduate of Columbia University and the College of Physicians and Surgeons, and is connected with the New York Hospital and Cornell Medical College. He is at present stationed at the base hospital at Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill., as cardiac specialist.

ZOLTAN DE HORVATH TOWED

Miss Cecile Ayres Bride-to-be of Well-Known Amateur Pianist.

Invitations have been issued for the wedding of Miss Cecile Ayres, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Edmond Ayres of Philadelphia, to Zoltan de Horvath, formerly of this city and now also a resident of Philadelphia. The ceremony will take place on April 20 at the Upland Baptist Church, Upland, Penn.

Mr. de Horvath, while a technical chemist by profession, is well known in New York and Philadelphia musical circles as a pianist of merit.

Bailey-Reynolds Engagement.

Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Eddy Bailey of 960 Park Avenue announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Jeannette Fenton Bailey, to William R. Reynolds, Jr., of the 306th Machine Gun Battalion, Company A, stationed at Camp Upton. Mr. Reynolds is a son of Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Reynolds of Jamestown, N. Y., and was graduated from Dartmouth, class of '15.

Today's Weddings.

An interesting group of weddings have been announced for today.

Miss Marion W. Vanderhoef, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. N. Wyckoff Vanderhoef, and Harry Franklin Morse are to be married at 4 o'clock in St. Thomas's Church.

In Grace Church this afternoon Miss Irene Turnure, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George E. Turnure, will become the bride of Rudolph H. Kissel, Jr., Assistant Paymaster, U. S. N., R. F.

The marriage of Miss Maud L. O'Brien, the daughter of former Justice Morgan J. O'Brien and Mrs. O'Brien, and Lieutenant Pierce H. Butler will be celebrated this morning in the Church of St. Vincent Ferrer.

Miss Alice Baldwin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William M. Baldwin of 405 Park Avenue, and Ensign Francis W. Murray, Jr., U. S. N. R., are to be married in the Cathedral of the Incarnation, Garden City, L. I.

In the Church of the Ascension, Miss Margaret Reeve, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sidney A. Reeve, is to marry Robert Nelson Kenyon, with a small wedding breakfast afterward at the Hotel Brevoort. Miss Reeve is a student of art.

JEWISH FUND IS GROWING.

Brooklyn Federation of Charities Sees $500,000 Goal Within Reach.

Many contributions to the $500,000 fund of the Brooklyn Federation of Jewish Charities were reported yesterday. The drive of the federation, which is to enable the society to continue in its support of numerous Jewish charitable institutions in Brooklyn, is confidently expected to be a success. Meetings were held in all parts of Brooklyn, in halls any synagogues. It was said that the entire Borough of Brooklyn was enthusiastically responding to the appeals of the team Captains. In Williamsburg a meeting was held at the Beth Moses Hospital, at which Isaac Levin, the leader of that district, said that he was confident that the quota for Williamsburg of $30,000 would be obtained.

Among the team Captains who reported contributions were Morris Robinson with $2,000 and A. Lamberg with $500. Subscriptions were reported by A. H. Schwartz to the amount of $250; by Schlein & Opolinsky, $500; L. Nevins, $150; David Finkelbrand, $135; A. M. Phillips, $100, and Nathan Lewis, $265. Parades will be held in Bath Beach and Borough Park to stimulate contributions, and 3,000 children, organized by the Jewish Youth of America, will seek subscriptions.

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CABINET DISCUSSES PRAGER'S LYNCHING

Holds Congress at Fault for Failing to Pass Pending Bills Against Sedition.

NO FEDERAL INTERFERENCE

German at Collinsville, Ill., Avowed Loyalty, It Is Said—Tried to Enlist in Navy.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—The lynching of Robert P. Praeger at Collinsville, Ill., for alleged pro-German utterances and activities caused considerable concern among Federal officials in Washington and was the subject of discussion at the regular meeting of the Cabinet this afternoon. From what was said after the meeting it was apparent that the President and his advisers decided that the Federal Government had no warrant for interference.

After the Cabinet meeting Attorney General Gregory said that the Federal Government would be obliged to let the State of Illinois handle the case. The Department of Justice, it was indicated, probably would send some of its agents in the State to investigate, but this was as far as the Government could go.

Members of the Cabinet said that while the lynching was to be deplored the fact remained that the slowness of Congress in enacting pending legislation dealing with enemy aliens was in a measure responsible for such occurrences. One Cabinet officer said that if Congress would not enact the necessary laws similar attacks on enemy aliens would happen. Officials believe that other outbreaks against Germans are likely.

The lynching of Praeger is regarded here as an instance of an aroused feeling among the American people since the beginning of the German offensive in Picardy. This feeling is observed in occurrences all over the country.

INVESTIGATION WAITS ON INQUEST MONDAY

County and State Officials Ready to Press for Prosecution of Lynchers.

COLLINSVILLE, Ill., April 5.—Formal investigation of the death of Robert P. Prager, who was hanged last night by a mob which accused him if disloyalty, will not be made until next Monday, when Roy A. Lowe, Coroner of Madison County, will hold an inquest over the body. No arreses have been made by county officials, who spent the day in investigation, and none is anticipated until after the inquest Monday, according to Coroner Lowe.

Chief of Police Staten of Collinsville declared today that the identity of a number of members of the mob was known, but that the local police would not attempt to make arrests because the crime was committed outside the city limits.

Representatives of the State Attorney General and the Adjutant General will be present at the inquest prepared to carry forward any measures deemed necessary to apprehend those who participated in the hanging.

Mayor J. H. Siegel of Collinsville declared he would launch no investigation, but that he stood ready to co-operate with State and county officials. In a statement tonight he asserted he had telegraphed today to Senator Overman, Chairman of the Senate Judiciary Committee, urging the immediate passage of the law imposing a severe penalty on disloyalty. It was his opinion, he said, that the violence of last night was the result of neglect by the Federal Government to furnish this penalty.

"We arrested a man charged with disloyalty last Sunday," he declared, "but because of insufficient evidence under the present law we were unable to hold him. The crowd last night evidently believed that another disloyalist was about to escape, so took the matter in their own hands. This deplorable act merely emphasizes the necessity for a drastic law to apply in such cases."

So far as could be learned tonight the action of the mob was precipitous and no person has stated concrete instances of disloyalty by Prager. He registered as an enemy alien in St. Louis on June 27, 1917, giving his occupation as a baker. He registered for the army draft on June 5, 1917.

The mob idea had its inception, it was said tonight, in a saloon on the outskirts of the city, where miners from Maryville and Collinsville gathered. Many of the men were foreigners, who understood little English, and it is believed the remarks of Prager were magnified.

Rumors that quantities of powder had been hoarded in a mine by Prager and that in his home were found numerous incriminating maps also were denied tonight by the authorities.

Prager was unmarried and so far as is known has no relatives in this country. He was born in Dresden, Germany, and came to the United States in 1905. Before the rope was placed about his neck Prager wrote the following note in German:

Dear Parents: Carl Henry Prager, Dresden, Germany: I must on this, the 4th day of April, 1918, die. Please pray for me, my dear parents. This is my last letter and testament.

Your dear son and brother,
ROBERT PAUL PRAGER.

In Prager's pocket was found a long "proclamation," in which he stated his loyalty to the United States and to union labor, and told of his difficulty in entering the miners' union. Prager yesterday afternoon put up posters at the Maryville mine, proclaiming his loyalty to the Government. When the miners left the workings they were incensed by the proclamations and began to hunt Prager.

ST. LOUIS, April 5.—Robert Prager, who was lynched at Collinsville last night, in April, 1917, caused the arrest and internment of John Pohl, who boarded at the same house as Prager. Pohl was arrested on a disloyalty charge. Soon after the United States entered the war Prager, then a baker in St. Louis, got a permit to enter all barred zones to seek employment.

Charles Otto, with whom Prager boarded, said today that Prager, though a radical Socialist, declared when this country entered the war that "he was all for the United States." Last Summer, Otto said, Prager attempted to enlist in the United States Navy, but was rejected because he had a glass eye.

LOWDEN URGES PROSECUTION.

Governor Demands Punishment of Collinsville Lynchers.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 5.—After long-distance telephone conversations today with Federal and county authorities at the scene of the lynching of Robert Prager at Collinsville, Governor Lowden today called a conference of Attorney General Edward J. Brundage and Assistant Adjt. Gen. Richings J. Shand in the executive offices to consider the crime.

Governor Lowden in a statement declared he would use the force of his office to see that persons guilty of the lynching of Prager were brought to punishment. Representatives of the offices of the Attorney General and the Adjutant General were dispatched to Collinsville.

If the regularly constituted peace officers in Madison County and vicinity were not able to maintain order, the Governor said there would be nothing left for him to do but declare martial law.

Before the conference Mr. Brundage said he had been in communication with State's Attorney Streuber of Madison County, and that instructions had been given to begin at once an attempt to identify members of the mob that hanged Prager.

District Attorney Charles Karch gave Governor Lowden details of the mob's activities by telephone. It was said that quiet prevailed, but that feeling against others suspected of being pro-German still was running high in the vicinity of Collinsville.

United States District Attorney E. C. Knotts in reply to charges of State's Attorney Streuber that no attention was paid to reports of disloyalty, said that every complaint had been "duly considered."

DR. A. V. V. RAYMOND DEAD.

President of Union College from 1894 to 1907 Expires at 63 Years.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 5.—Dr. Andrew V. V. Raymond, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Buffalo, died at Spartanburg today, according to a telegram received here. Dr. Raymond was a graduate of Union College, and was President of that institution from 1894 to 1907.

Andrew Van Vranken Raymond was born at Visscher's Ferry, Saratoga County, N. Y., Aug. 8, 1854, a son of the Rev. Henry A. Raymond and Catherine Miller Raymond. He was graduated from Union College in 1875 and three years later from New Brunswick Theological Seminary. He was ordained in the Dutch Reformed Church ministry in 1878, and became pastor of the First Reformed Church of Paterson, N. J., serving from 1878 to 1881. Then he went to the Fourth Presbyterian Church of Albany, and shortly afterward was chosen President of Union College. Dr. Raymond was a member of the Century, University, and Alpha Delta Phi Clubs in this city.

Mrs. Hobart C. Chatfield-Taylor.

Special to The New York Times.

SANTA BARBARA, Cal., April 5.—Mrs. Rose Chatfield-Taylor, wife of Hobart Chatfield Chatfield-Taylor of Chicago, died tonight. Last Sunday Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor underwent an operation for appendicitis, and while her condition was serious, it was considered favorable until pneumonia developed.

Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor was the daughter of the late Senator Charles H. Farwell of Illinois, and married Hobart C. Chatfield-Taylor, the author, June 9, 1890. For many years she had been a leader in Chicago society.

Richard Mansfield's Funeral Monday

The funeral of Richard Mansfield, 2d, son of the late Richard Mansfield, the actor, will be held at the Grange, New London, Conn., on Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Mr. Mansfield, a member of the Aviation Section of the Signal Corps, died from meningitis at the base hospital at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, on Wednesday.

Obituary Notes.

Dr. E. MOTT MOORE of Rochester, a member of one of that city's oldest families, died there yesterday.

FREDERICK F. ENDRES of E. H. Henning & Son died on Wednesday at his home, 31 Goodwin Place, Brooklyn.

JAMES K. GUMERSELL, 65 years old, a member of an old New Jersey family, died suddenly last night in a drug store near his real estate office at Newark.

Miss SARAH ANN GAULT, 79 years old, who had lived in Brooklyn for sixty-five years, died on Tuesday of pneumonia. She was a native of Scotland.

SAMUEL S. SMITH, for many years the manager of the Union Square Hotel, died on Wednesday at his home, 147 West Seventy-fifth Street, in his eightieth year.

HENRY LUDWIG PFANNENSCHMIDT, 53 years old, formerly sexton of the Schermerhorn Street German Evangelical Church, died at his home, 9 Court Square, Brooklyn, on Wednesday.

JOHN HENRY McCOY, formerly a member of the firm of Leonard & McCoy, in the mill supply business in Manhattan, died at his home in Monsey, N. Y., on Thursday. He was 67 years old.

TALCOTT M. PECK, 47 years old, connected successively with the Fourth National Bank, the Gansevoort Bank, and the Lincoln National Bank of this city, died yesterday at his home in Flushing.

ANDREW T. BRIDGEMAN, for twelve years Postmaster of Mount Vernon, died at his home there yesterday in his seventy-sixth year. Mr. Bridgeman was a veteran of the civil war. He was a Mason.

ALBERT G. WATERMAN, Treasurer of the Empire Hardware Company, was found dead in his bed at the Hotel Bristol, 8 East Twenty-seventh Street, on Thursday. Mr. Waterman was in his eighty-first year.

THOMAS DAVENPORT, 69 years old, a salesman for Goldenberg Brothers, in Manhattan, sixty-five years, died in a Bergen Street trolley car on Thursday. His home was at 117 Forbell Avenue, Brooklyn.

HENRY SCHROEDER, confidential Secretary to officials of the American Woolen Company, with which he had been conected for six years, died at his home at 600 West 192d Street, in his sixty-first year.

Mrs. MARY ANN WARD, wife of George Gray Ward, who was associated with the late John W. Mackay in the organization of the Commercial Cable Company, died on Thursday at her home, 51 West Fifty-third Street.

Mrs. HELEN SEYMOUR TIEDEMAN, widow of Dr. Christopher G. Tiedeman, who was professor of law at the University of New York at the time of his death, in 1903, died on Thursday at her home, 141 Herkimer Street, Brooklyn.

WILLIAM WALLACE JACOBUS, charter member and Director of the Old People's Bank, East Orange, N. J., and of the Savings Investment and Trust Company of that city, died on Thursday in Summit, N. J. Mr. Jacobus was 73 years old.

GEORGE SECOR, for many years with the Trow Printing Company and later with R. L. Polk & Co., Inc., publishers of the New York City Directory, died in Bellevue Hospital on Wednesday. He was 62 years old and lived at 427 Third Street, South Brooklyn.

DANIEL COMYN MORAN, a member of the banking firm of Moran Brothers, which retired from business several years ago, died on Thursday at his home in this city. For many years Mr. Moran was an owner of fast trotting horses, and one of them, Czarevna, won the Kentucky Futurity ten years ago, ten years ago.

JOHN HALL IVES, a Manhattan lawyer and yachtsman, died at his home, 114 St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn, on Thursday, in his sixty-third year. Mr. Ives had lived in Brooklyn for thirty years. He was a member of the Jamaica Bay Yacht Club and the Bensonhurst Yacht Club.

The Rev. FRANK SIMMONS HUNNEWELL, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church at White Plains, N. Y., died at his home there yesterday from acute indigestion. Mr. Hunnewell was stricken on Easter Sunday, as he was about to preach to his congregation. He left a widow and two children.

Mrs. ALICE MADELINE HERRIMAN, wife of Samuel C. Herriman, a lawyer with offices at 30 Broad Street, died at her home in New York, on Wednesday in her forty-second year. She was born in Brooklyn, the daughter of the late Dr. James H. Ward, a prominent physician of the Eastern District.

ALEXANDER WEATHERBEE, a veteran of the civil war, is dead at his home in Corona, L. I., aged 68 years. Mr. Weatherbee was only 14 years old when he enlisted in the Seventeenth Regiment of New York Volunteers. He was a member of William D. Kennedy Post, G. A. R., and Cosmopolitan Lodge No. 586, F. and A. M.

ARRON A. LEAVITT, said by navy officials to have photographed more enlisted men than any other photographer in the country, was found dead in his studio in Newport R. I., last night. He was 57 years old.

The author of "Bambi" has written another, even better, book.
THE THRESHOLD
By Marjorie Benton Cooke
Net, $1.40.
DOUBLEDAY, PAGE & Co.

SEEK TO HALT ALARM OVER GLASS IN FOOD

Officials of Two Departments Find No Evidence of German Plotting Against Consumers.

BUT COMPLAINTS POUR IN

Candy Which Cut a Woman's Tongue to be Analyzed—Bread Complained of in 9 Bronx Cases.

Officials of the Department of Health and the Department of Justice joined yesterday in quieting the alarm caused by the Federal Food Board's recent notice that the public should be warned against the presence of bits of glass in bread and rolls. Scores of cases have been investigated both by the Board of Health and the Department of Justice and not one has produced evidence of glass in any form, much less any evidence that pro-German fanatics employed in the bakeries of the city were maliciously venting their hatred of America in this fashion. Charles F. De Woody, Superintendent of the United States Department of Justice said yesterday:

"There may be a few sporadic cases of glass in bread, but I haven't as yet heard of one that could be definitely traced back to German plotting. Unless there is more substantial basis for such reports than we have had thus far I think it is a serious mistake to alarm the public over the matter. I will investigate all such cases carefully, but personally I have little faith in them."

By direction of Dr. Charles F. Bolduan of the Department of Health 100 specimens of bread, rolls, and candy yesterday were examined for traces of glass in the city's chemical laboratory in East Sixteenth Street. Of the specimens examined one only was found to contain any foreign substance resembling glass and that was a piece of cheap candy. The piece of glass in this case was so minute, and its appearance in the candy so obviously accidental that no importance was attached to its presence.

Effect of Cheap Substitutes.

At the Department of Health it was said yesterday that the presence of foreign substances in bread was likely to occur now more than ever, not out of any malicious intent on the part of employes in the bakeries of the city, but because many bakers were trying to use cheap substitutes in making bread. One case under observation showed one hundredth of 1 per cent. of sand in a loaf of whole wheat bread. Dr. Bolduan pointed out that this was a one-pound loaf, and that the foreign matter amounted to one-tenth of one grain. Enough, however, to make the bread taste gritty and make the person who ate it believe that he was eating some finely ground glass in his bread. Pieces of wood, sugar, and chaff in bread are also often mistaken for glass.

Even the officials of the Federal Food Board admitted yesterday that the public had become unduly alarmed over its warning. For fear of increasing that alarm, they maintained, they could not give out the details of the cases which caused them to raise the alarm. T. A. Johann, head of the Bureau of Complaints of the Federal Food Board, said:

"There is a lot of unnecessary hysteria over this matter, and the less said about ground glass the better. It would be a good thing if the public exercised care in eating cake, candy, or bread, but there is no ground for any undue excitement. If some enemy alien is resorting to this method of wreaking vengeance we will get him quick."

At the Department of Health it was said that the complaints of glass in bread were so few before the United States entered the war that they could hardly be recalled. The department incensed the following paragraph which appeared in an article in the Journal of the American Medical Association on the "Ground Glass Obsession."

"No sane German spy or even a German diplomat would choose ground glass to kill a community. A meal of ground glass is considered harmless by some, and it has been reported that it has been used as a remedy among the peasants of Eastern Europe."

The alarm raised by the Federal Food Board continued to have its effect yesterday, in all parts of the city. Women and children whose teeth encountered anything gritty in bread ran with their complaints to the nearest police stations or detective bureau. Mrs. Mary Newman, 84 years old, of 1,483 Second Avenue, fell during a meal of eating a piece of candy and had to be treated in the Reception Hospital. The candy will be analyzed. Alphonse Florentine of 336 East Nineties Street brought a loaf of bread to the East Eighty-eighth Street Police Station and complained that it contained glass. From City Island came a complaint that policemen in the squad room of the City Island Police Station ate ginger snaps that were purchased at a nearby grocery was found slivers of glass in some of the snaps.

Nine Cases in the Bronx.

Nine complaints of glass in bread were made to District Attorney Martin in the Bronx yesterday, and he issued more than a dozen subpoenas for persons who are to appear today and explain why the bread complained of contained glass. Meanwhile the bread will be examined at a laboratory.

Twenty-one bakers were summoned by the Federal Food Board yesterday to appear for formal hearing next Tuesday morning to explain why they had failed to abide by the ruling of the board requiring the use of 20 per cent. substitutes in the manufacture of bread and rolls.

It was announced by the Federal Food Board yesterday that beginning on April 14 this country would have no more white bread or rolls, because after that date bread and rolls must contain at least 25 per cent. of substitutes for flour. This announcement was made after the Food Board officials had had a conference with a committee of 100 bakers, at which plans were arranged to put the new ruling into effect. The bakers decided to hold mass meetings in various parts of the city and form "service committees," whose duty it will be to instruct bakers in making the 25 per cent. substitute loaf as cheaply and as economically as possible.

WANTS WOMEN HOME AT 10.

Gibbs Offers Bill Barring Them from Theatres After That Hour.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 5.—Senator Leonard W. H. Gibbs, Republican, of Buffalo, handsome and tall, bids fair to become unpopular among the women folk. The Senator introduced a bill in the Senate today which would keep the women close to the fireside after 10 P. M. Of course, under his bill, it would be permissible for the fair sex to attend the theatre, see a part of the performance, but 10 o'clock would mean "exit" if the measure were read into the statute books.

On the bill as introduced, it is indicated that the Buffalo Senator offered it to the lawmakers "by request."

Subway Strike Avoided.

Chairman Oscar S. Straus of the Public Service Commission announced yesterday that the contractors on the new subways had granted an increase of 50 cents a day from Jan. 1 to the members of the Waterproofers' Union, and had thus prevented them from striking. Mr. Straus acted as arbitrator by request of both sides to the controversy.

Marriage and death notices, intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Engaged.

REYNOLDS—BAILEY.—Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Eddy Bailey of 960 Park Av., announce the engagement of their daughter, Jeannette Fenton Bailey, to William R. Reynolds, Jr., 306th Machine Gun Battalion, Company A, Camp Upton. Mr. Reynolds, a graduate of Dartmouth, 1915, is a son of Mr. and Mrs. William R. Reynolds of Jamestown, N. Y. Miss Bailey finished at Miss Porter's School, Farmington, Conn., the same year.

Died.

ALBRIGHT.—On Friday, April 5, 1918, Christopher Albright, husband of Elizabeth Albright of 506 West 138th St. Funeral services at 710 8th Av. Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

BLAUVELT.—Suddenly, on Thursday, April 4, 1918, Erastus Blauvelt, husband of Ann Rust Blauvelt. Funeral services at his late residence, 103 Ayerigg Av., Passaic, N. J., Sunday next, at 2:45 P. M.

BONDY.—On April 5, 1918, Bella Bondy, widow of the late Sigmund Bondy and mother of Julius, Bertha, Dora, and Alfred. Funeral notice later.

BROOKFIELD.—On April 4, Kate Morgan Brookfield, in her 72d year, wife of the late William Brookfield. Funeral services at her late residence, 516 Madison Av., on Saturday, April 6, at 12:30 P. M.

BROOKFIELD.—The Washington Headquarters Association, D. A. R., announces with deep regret the death of Mrs. William Brookfield, one of its earliest members.
MRS. GEORGE WILSON SMITH,
President.
MRS. ALBERT E. HADLOCK,
Recording Secretary.

BROOKFIELD.—The Mary Washington Colonial Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, announces with deep regret the death of a beloved member, Kate Morgan Brookfield.
MARY VAN BUREN VANDERPOEL,
Regent.
ARDA BATES RORISON,
Recording Secretary.

BROOKFIELD.—The Colonial Dames of the State of New York announce with regret the death, on April 4, 1918, of Mrs. William Brookfield, a member of the society.
ELEANOR VAN RENSSELAER FAIRFAX, President.
KATHRYN R. PIERREPONT, Recording Secretary.

BUTLER.—At Albany, N. Y., April 5, 1918, Beatrice Pinney Butler, beloved and only daughter of Major H. Langdon Butler and Grace Pinney Butler of Brooklyn, N. Y., aged 12 years. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BUTLER.—April 3, 1918, Richard A. Butler of 533 Union Av. Funeral from residence of his son, Richard A. Butler, Jr., 2,850 Grand Concourse, Saturday, 2 P. M., April 6. Interment Calvary.

COLES.—On Friday, April 5, Edward Oliver Coles, in the 74th year of his age. Funeral service at his late residence, 73 West 55th St., Sunday, April 7, at 3:30 P. M.

CROES.—On Thursday, April 4, 1918, at her residence, 205 North Broadway, Yonkers, Helen Robertson Croes, daughter of the late Rev. Robert and Helen Robertson Croes, and wife of the late J. J. R. Croes. Funeral services at St. Paul's Church, Yonkers, Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Interment St. John's Cemetery, Yonkers.

DATTELBAUM.—On April 5, 1918, Lieutenant Harry A. Dattelbaum, U. S. A., aged 38, of 345 Stone Av., Brooklyn. Funeral Sunday, April 7, at 12 noon, from his late residence.

DEAN.—At Shanentales, N. Y., in the 87th year of her age, Louise Gibbons, widow of Joseph Abbatt Dean, Esq., of New York. Interment Greenwood Tuesday morning.

DE BEER.—Frances A. Hanks de Beer, eldest daughter of the late David and Emeline Fithian and wife of Dr. John de Beer, at her home, on Thursday evening, April 4, after five months' illness. Funeral service Sunday afternoon, 439 Hancock St., Brooklyn, at 3 o'clock.

DE ROY.—On Thursday, April 4, Emanuel De Roy, age 76, beloved husband of Joanna De Roy. Funeral services from Chapel of Meyers & Co., 228 Lenox Av., New York, Sunday, 9 A. M. Friends and members of Shakespeare Lodge, No. 750, F. and A. M.; Scottish Rite Consistory of New Jersey, and Mecca Temple are invited. Interment in Newark. Seattle, San Francisco, Sacramento, and Pittsburgh papers please copy.

DE ROY.—Shakespeare Lodge, No. 750, F. and A. M.—Brethren are requested to attend funeral services of our late brother, Emanuel De Roy, at chapel of Meyers & Co., 228 Lenox Av., Sunday at 9 A. M.
JACOB S. SHELDON, Master.
ABRAM FRANK, Secretary.

DE SADELEER.—Etienne, First Marechal de Logis, Belgian Army, killed on duty at Amiens (France) on March 26, beloved son of Louis de Sadeleer, Belgian Minister of State. Requiem mass at the Belgian Church, St. Albert's, 431 West 47th St., between 9th and 10th Avs., New York, on Wednesday, April 10, at 10 o'clock.

DUNHAM.—April 5, 1918, at his home, 342 Fairmount Av., Jersey City, Lewis Dunham, son of the late Jane Haring Kimble Dunham, and husband of Mary Antoinette Ford. Funeral private.

ELLIOTT.—On March 19, 1918, Lieut. Commander Richard McCall Elliott, Jr. Funeral services at the Church of the Redeemer, Bryn Mawr, Penn., on Monday, April 8, at 4:15 P. M. Carriages will meet train leaving Broad St. Station 3:15 at Haverford.

FINK.—April 4, 1918, Annetta, age 18, beloved daughter of Esta Fink, (nee Bergman.) Relatives and friends invited to attend the funeral services at her late residence, 561 West 147th St., Sunday, April 7, 10 A. M.

FRASER-CAMPBELL.—Killed in action in France, March 23, aged 29 years, Lieutenant William Baillie Fraser-Campbell, Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, youngest son of the late Evan J. and of Edna Arnold Fraser-Campbell of New York and Dunmore, Scotland. Memorial service at the University Place Church, corner 10th St. and University Place, on Sunday, April 7, at 4 P. M. Boston, Newport, and Providence papers please copy.

GILLESPIE.—On April 4, 1918, Marion Bellman, at New Britain, Conn., widow of James Gillespie of St. John's, Canada, and mother of Henry E., Mrs. Edwin B. Phillips of Astoria, and Mrs. Conrad Jaki, Jr., of New Britain, and sister of Mrs. H. B. Phillips, Mrs. A. B. Maillefert, and J. J. Bellman. Funeral services at the residence of her son, 194 9th Av., Astoria, on Sunday afternoon, April 7, at 3 o'clock.

GILLHOOLEY.—April 4, John, aged 55 years. Funeral services Chapel Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Co., 161 8th Av., corner 18th St. Funeral services Sunday morning, at 11 o'clock.

GOLDSMITH.—Oliver L., beloved husband of Bessie Goldsmith, died on Friday, April 5, in his 52d year. Funeral Sunday, April 7, at 10 A. M., from Harlem Funeral Chapel, 208 Lenox Av., corner 120th St. New London., Conn., papers please copy.

GRAY.—Gloria, (Lillian Halpren.) Services later THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th St. (Frank E. Campbell's.)

HAGER.—On Wednesday, April 3, 1918, Phebe A. Hager. Funeral services at her late residence, 508 West 113th St., Monday, April 8, at 3 P. M. Interment at Burdette, N. Y.

HERRIMAN.—At Rye, N. Y., April 3, 1918, Alice Madeleine, wife of Samuel C. Herriman and daughter of the late Dr. James H. and Mary C. Ward of Brooklyn. Funeral services will be held on Saturday, April 6, at Christ's Church, Rye, at 11:30 A. M. New Haven train leaves New York at 10:06. Kindly omit flowers.

HOLTON.—On April 5, 1918, Gene C., in his 55th year, husband of Daisy Stanton. Funeral service at his late residence, 1,112 Dean St., Brooklyn, N. Y., on S

TILDEN AND DONALDSON PUT OUT DOUBLES CHAMPIONS IN SEMI-FINAL OF TENNIS PLAY

CHAMPIONS BEATEN IN TENNIS DOUBLES

Alexander and Rosenbaum Are Forced to Abdicate by Tilden and Donaldson.

CONTEST STERNLY FOUGHT

Victory Within Their Grasp, Overconfidence Wrecks Game of the Defeated Players.

There was a championship flavor to the continuation of the national indoor tennis championships on the courts of the Seventh Regiment Armory yesterday. It was only natural to expect that the tournament, as it neared its final stages, would be marked by some spirited play, but it could hardly have been anticipated that it would climb to such heights of brilliancy as were attained.

Perhaps overshadowing all else is the fact that the national doubles team of Frederick B. Alexander and Dr. William Rosenbaum was defeated in a semi-final round match by William T. Tilden 2d and Cecil Donaldson with the score 6—4, 1—6, 12—10. This was an upset, according to the usual standards by which such are measured. Donaldson, a 15-year-old boy, gave such wonderful support to the hard-hitting Tilden that Alexander and Rosenbaum could not withstand the attack.

The other doubles team to come through the semi-final round was made up of G. Carlton Shafer and King Smith, a veteran combination which has taken part in many tournaments of the past. The victims in this case were Arthur S. Cragin and W. Dixon Cunningham, who fell before a score of 1—6, 6—3, 6—4.

Alexander Beats Tilden.

In the semi-final round of the singles event the fortunate ones were Frederick B. Alexander and S. Howard Voshell, the latter the present holder of the singles championship. Alexander earned his place by defeating W. T. Tilden in one of the finest matches ever played on the indoor courts of the armory, with the score 7—5, 10—8, Voshell also had no easy task in making his way to the final round bracket, for King Smith supplied the sternest sort of opposition, especially in the first set, but Voshell finally won at 10—8, 6—3.

The contest in which Alexander triumphed over Tilden will remain in the minds of many as one of the great exhibitions of tennis skill. Handicapped by a sprained ankle, the result of a match two days before, Alexander was able not only to wrest victory from his hard-hitting rival of Philadelphia, but to play tennis of a sort which is seldom seen. It was an artistic bit of tennis that he put forth. There was finish in every stroke, the keenest strategy in every move. He knew from the first that he could not afford to waste an ounce of strength, for Tilden is one of the most formidable players of the East, with a service that is equaled by none.

The very fact that he was held in restraint by his weak ankle seemed to improve Alexander's game. He knew that he could not afford to take chances and his strokes were played with a precision and keen judgment that showed the cool work of the master struggling under difficulties to gain a victory. If a shot was out of reach, he almost invariably was forced to let it go, but when there was the opportunity to make a return his racquet bit into the ball with a firm, confident swing that sent the sphere directly to the place which he had anticipated. It was this ability to place that caused Tilden much confusion. Alexander's strategy was superb. Repeatedly he drew Tilden out of position so that he could send a passing shot sizzling down the lines.

Champion Forced to Hard Match.

Voshell and King Smith had a merry net duel that many times threatened to turn against the titleholder. The latter was in fine form, so that Voshell was forced to play a hard match all the way. There was a little unsteadiness on the part of Voshell and some of his strokes seemed to lack their accustomed sting. This was noticeably true on his ground strokes. Now and then he sent his drives across with severity but more often he lacked the confidence to put power behind them. Having won the sternly fought first set, however, Voshell came through with greater speed in the second, when Smith's game showed signs of weakening.

In the defeat of Rosenbaum and Alexander in doubles there were two important factors—one that Rosenbaum was having something of an off day on the courts, and the other that the 15-year-old Cecil Donaldson was playing a much stronger game than might have been expected. Then, too, there was an element of overconfidence injected in the match which proved disastrous. Rosenbaum and Alexander almost had the victory within their grasp in that last set. Leading at 5—2 on games and 40—15, a single ace was all they needed to clinch a place in the finals today. Rosenbaum threw away two strokes on efforts to make a finishing placement, and from deuce the score turned against the titleholders and the game was lost. Two more games fell to the lot of the rival pair and finally the match was won by Tilden and Donaldson.

The final in doubles will be played at 12:30 this afternoon, the singles final following at 2.

The score:

Singles, Semi-final Round.—Frederick B. Alexander defeated W. T. Tilden 2d, 7—5, 10—8. S. Howard Voshell defeated King Smith, 10—8, 6—3.

Doubles, Semi-final Round.—W. T. Tilden 2d and Cecil Donaldson defeated F. B. Alexander and Dr. William Rosenbaum, 6—4, 1—6, 12—10; G. Carlton Shafer and King Smith defeated Arthur S. Cragin and W. D. Cunningham, 1—6, 6—3, 6—4.

REACH PINEHURST FINALS.

Robeson and Stranahan Survive in North and South Golf Tourney.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., April 5.—Irving S. Robeson of Rochester and R. A. Stranahan of Toledo survived the semi-finals of the North and South Amateur Championship tournament at Pinehurst today and will meet in the 36-hole final contest for the title on Saturday. Robeson defeated E. L. Scofield, Stamford, the medallist, in the semi-final by 6 up and 5 to play, and Stranahan beat Arthur Yates of Rochester by 3 and 2.

Today's matches were played under a cloudless sky, but a wind storm played havoc with the medal scores, and Robeson, who went out in 41 against Scofield, was the only one of the four semi-finalists who played a steady game.

Summaries:

Semi-final, Championship.—I. S. Robeson, Oak Hill, beat E. L. Scofield, Weeburn, 6 and 5; R. A. Stranahan, Inverness, beat Arthur Yates, Oak Hill, 3 and 2.

Beaten Eight.—H. G. Phillips, Moore County, beat P. S. MacLaughlin, Ekwanok, 4 and 2; Dr. C. H. Gardner, Rhode Island, won from Alan Lard, Chevy Chase, by default.

Second Sixteen.—J. E. Smith, Wilmington, beat Melville Peck, Richmond, 3 and 2; W. E. Smith, Braeburn, beat C. H. Hart, Dunwoodie, 4 and 3.

Beaten Eight.—E. M. Taft, Worcester, beat R. C. Shannon, 2d, Brockport, 3 and 2; W. M. Bakewell, Allegheny, beat Thomas Morrison, Oakmont, 4 and 3.

PENN CANCELS YALE RACE.

Quaker Oarsmen Will Compete in Regatta on Severn.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 5.—Yale's race with University of Pennsylvania was canceled tonight because of the plan of the Quaker oarsmen to take part in the regatta on the Severn. The two events were to christen the new course on the Housatonic River May 11. Yale has challenged Pennsylvania, Columbia, Princeton, and Cornell to race on the Housatonic any Saturday during May. Yale, Harvard, and Princeton have declined to row on the Severn.

COLUMBIA CREW IN SHELL.

Coach Rice to Send Oarsmen Out for Trial Spin.

Jim Rice, coach of the Columbia crew, thinks his 'Varsity candidates have had sufficient work on the barges, and at noon today he plans to put them in the shell for the first time this season and give them a spin over the Edgewater course.

Gallico, one of the three experienced oarsmen among the candidates, will watch the practice. He has been caring for a sprained wrist which physicians first thought a break. On Monday he will be back in the boat. His return will greatly strengthen the crew, which will be seated as follows: Steinschneider, bow; Hawkins, No. 2; Kraus, No. 3; Schachtel, No. 4; Parks, No. 5; Taylor, No. 6; Wormser, No. 7; Brown, stroke.

At yesterday's meeting of the University Athletic Committee permission was given for the Blue and White's participation in two regattas—the Child event and the patriotic regatta on he Severn.

OLDER HORSES BEAT COLT.

George W. Avery Loses First Clash with Aged Rivals.

BOWIE, MD., April 5.—After a winning start in his last race, which was against horses of his own age, George W. Avery was started against older horses today, but failed in his attempt, running third to Master Karma and May W. At that the three-year-old colt made a favorable impression, since he had a very long journey. After breaking badly he raced extremely wide, and before Jockey McAtee could get the youngster in line the others had a big advantage. Once straightened out George W. Avery came speedily and was gaining on the leaders at the end.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For maiden 2-year-old fillies, purse $600, four furlongs. Fannie Mehan, 112 pounds, (J. McTaggart,) $3.80, $2.60, $2.30, won; Mrs. Kate Leydecker, 112, (McAtee,) $2.90, $4.10, second; Little Maudie, 112, (Stirling,) $4.10, third. Time—0:48 2-5. Joan of Arc, Loving Lady, Cora W., Milda, Toddler, and Madam Byng also ran.

SECOND RACE.—For 3-year-olds and upward, six and one-half furlongs. Tolerance, 93 pounds, (Denys,) $7.60, $4.20, $3.80, won; Our Nephew, 105, (J. McTaggart,) $10.60, $4.40, second; Genevieve B., 100, (Doyle,) $4.40, third. Time—1:21 2-5. Jimmy Burns, Margot Star, Arrow Smith, Howard Weber, Lady Grey, Kildare, Candidate 2d, Ormlos, and Burney Kurney also ran.

THIRD RACE.—For 3-year-olds and upward, claiming, six furlongs. The Masquerader, 110 pounds, (Stirling,) $7.80, $4.10, $3.50 won; King Baggot, 108, (Dominick,) $3.60, $3, second; Firing Line, 107, (Mergler,) $6.50, third. Time—1:14 1-5. Syphon Boy, Sorcerer 2d, Orderly, and Broncho Billy also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—For 3-year-olds and upward, selling, six furlongs. Master Karma, 114 pounds, (Troxler,) $6, $3.20, $2.60, won; May W., 105, (J. McTaggart,) $5.30, $4.20, second; George W. Avery, 97, (McAtee,) $4.80, third. Time—1:14. Sleepy Sam, Kilts, Xylon, and Josefina Zarate also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—For 3-year-olds and upward, claiming, mile and a sixteenth. Napoleon, 118 pounds, (McAtee,) $27.30, $12.50, $5, won; Caro Nome, 103, (Mergler,) $9.20, $5.40, second; Progressive, 108, (Rodriguez,) $2.90, third. Time—1:51 2-5. Jabot, Kilmer, and Brando also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—For 3-year-olds and upward, claiming, mile and a sixteenth. Arbitrator, 110 pounds, (Jackson,) $7.30, $3.70, $3.30, won; Impression, 112, (Stirling,) $3.90, $2.90, second; Edith Baumann, 103, (Rodriguez,) $2.80, third. Time—1:51. Spectre, Billy Oliver, Stir Up, and Golden Bantam also ran.

SEVENTH RACE.—For 3-year-olds and upward, claiming, mile and a sixteenth. Rosewater, 103 pounds, (Kummer,) $7.80, $3, $2.90, won; Silk Bird, 108, (Ensor,) $2.70, $2.40, second; Richard Langdon, 118, (W. Robinson,) $3.40, third. Time—1:51 1-5. Amphion, Dr. Charcot, Egmont, and Last Spark also ran.

Taberski Wins Handicap Matches.

Frank Taberski played in two handicap pocket billiard games at John Doyle's Academy yesterday. In the afternoon he defeated the combined efforts of J. McCabe and R. Hughes with the score 100 to 53, and in the evening defeated Miss Maud and Miss Florence Flower in another handicap match by 75 to 53. In this contest the world's champion played 20 or no count.

YANKS ROUT BRAVES, BUT LOSE WALTERS

Catcher Dislocates Thumb as Teammates Down Boston Team by 10 to 0.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBIA, S. C., April 5.—The fifth consecutive victory of the Yankees over the Boston Braves here today was a rout for the National leaguers, but it cost New York the services of Al Walters, first string catcher. A foul tip in the third inning dislocated the thumb on Walters's throwing hand, and it will be at least two weeks before he will be available for service again, which means that the Yankees must begin the season with two young catchers, Ruel and Hannah.

The score today was 10 to 0, and it came near being a hitless game for the New York pitchers. The first Boston hit was delivered by Red Smith in the seventh inning. It was an infield single and could have been called an error. The other single was a clean drive to centre by Kelly in the ninth inning.

The largest attendance of the series was recorded here. Four thousand soldiers from Camp Jackson and many civilians filled the stands and completely surrounded the playing field, making ground rules necessary. Major Gen. Bailey threw out the first ball.

Slim Love was in great form, not allowing a hit in the first four innings, and striking out seven of the Braves. Thormahlen was almost as good in the last five periods. Artie Nehf, Boston's best left hander, held the Yanks in check until the fifth, when seven hits, an error, and a pass produced seven runs. After that the game was more or less of a farce, and when it ended just before 7 o'clock most of the spectators had disappeared.

The teams play tomorrow at Greenville to another soldier crowd. Charley Herzog is still unsigned, and says that if he hears nothing from President Haughton of the Boston Club today, he is going home tomorrow with the intention of reporting to the Giants when the season opens.

The score:

NEW YORK, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Gilhooley,rf	5	1	2	4	0
Miller,cf	5	2	2	3	0
Pratt,2b	4	1	1	0	0
Pipp,1b	5	2	1	6	0
Baker,3b	2	1	1	0	0
Beck,3b	2	0	1	0	0
Bodie,lf	5	1	3	2	0
High,lf	0	0	0	1	0
P'paugh,ss	4	1	2	3	0
Ward,ss	1	0	0	0	2
Walters,c	1	0	1	8	2
Ruel,c	4	1	2	5	1
Love,p	1	0	0	0	0
Thormahlen,p	3	0	1	0	0
aVick	1	0	0	0	0
Total	43	10	17	27	5

BOSTON, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Massey,lf	4	0	0	3	0
Kelly,cf	4	0	1	4	0
Wickland,rf	3	0	0	0	1
Konetchy,1b	4	0	1	7	1
Smith,3b	3	0	0	3	4
Rawlings,ss	3	0	0	4	0
Conway,2b	2	0	0	2	1
Wilson,c	3	0	0	4	1
Nehf,p	1	0	0	0	1
Crum,p	2	0	0	0	3
Total	29	0	2	27	12

a-Batted for Love in fifth inning.

Errors—Gilhooley, Pratt, Massey, (2,) Konetchy, Conway, Wilson.

New York	0	1	0	0	7	0	1	1	0—10
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0— 0

Stolen bases—Ruel, Kelly, Conway. Sacrifice fly—Beck. Two-base hits—Miller, (2,) Pratt, Bodie, Peckinpaugh. Base on balls—Off Love, 2; Nehf, 2. Struck out—By Love, 7; Thormahlen, 2; Nehf, 4. Hits—Off Nehf, 2 in 5 innings; Crum, 7 in 4; Love, none in 4; Thormahlen, 2 in 5. Left on bases—New York, 8; Boston, 4. Passed ball—Ruel. Time—2 hours 15 minutes. Umpires—Corcoran and McBride.

RAIN HOLDS BACK GIANTS.

Unable to Play Game, McGraw Gives Players Long Talk.

Special to The New York Times.

DALLAS, Texas, April 5.—Rain prevented the second game of the series between the New York Giants and the Cleveland Indians here today. It was the first time that the Giants have been interfered with by rain since they started training at Marlin, just three weeks ago. The two teams left for Houston, where games will be played tomorrow and Sunday.

The New York defeat at the hands of Cleveland was not pleasing to McGraw. He had the entire team up in his room this morning and gave the players quite a lengthy talk. He particularly impressed on the men that he will stand for no slacking in training, and says they are far behind the form he would like. The Cleveland players appear, to be much further advanced, especially the pitchers.

McGraw also impressed on the players the fact that the season will open in ten days and that a lot of hard, conscientious work must be done before then.

Pitcher Jesse Winters left the team, and will join the Giant youngsters now being put through their capers on John Ganzel's Kansas City club. That still leaves McGraw with ten pitchers, of which two more are to go before May 1. Winters, who is a Texas collegian, has made a favorable impression on McGraw, and John Ganzel has received instructions to give him every opportunity and to report on his progress.

BRONX SEEKS LEAGUE TEAM.

Gibson Wants Franchise in New International Body.

Prospects that the Bronx may be represented in the new International League, organized at a meeting of representatives of Eastern cities at the Hotel Biltmore Thursday, developed at the second day's session yesterday. Billy Gibson, a boxing and athletic promoter of the Bronx, assured the gathering that he could finance such a proposition if it were possible to get the consent of the National and American Leagues for the invasion of the territory.

During the Federal League war organized baseball gave out many interviews of a possibility of placing a minor league team in the Bronx to counteract the strength of the Federals, but whether or not the major leagues would favor such a proposition now is doubtful. The Bronx proposition was left in abeyance when the assembled delegates adjourned late last night after a twelve-hour session, to meet again in Buffalo probably next Thursday.

It was decided at the meeting yesterday that no double headers shall be played until after the clubs have made the first circuit and that no club shall be allowed to transfer a player until thirty days before the close of the season. The rates of admission also were decided upon and the prices fixed at 28 cents, 55 cents, 83 cents, and $1.10, all including the 10 per cent. war tax.

The Schedule Committee also formed tentative plans for the season. All of the clubs, excepting Newark, announced their intention of continuing their respective clubs during the year. No word was received from James Price, who conducted the Newark club last year, but three other Newark parties are said to have put in applications for a franchise. All of these applications are under consideration and unless Price gets in line soon one of the three will get the franchise. No action was taken on the Newark franchise.

The new Directors and those interested at the meeting were Joseph J. Lannin, Buffalo; John H. Farrell, President of the new league; Charles T. Chapin, Rochester; Jack Dunn, Baltimore; J. J. McCaffery, Toronto; Dave Driscoll, Jersey City, and Fay Benedict, representing George J. Johnson, owner of the Binghamton club. The Schedule Committee is comprised of Lannin, Chapin and Farrell. They will draft a schedule by next week.

It was said that none of the owners felt any trouble would arise about securing players. One of the delegates insisted that there are thousands of good ball players seeking jobs and that eight teams could be formed over night.

DODGERS TURN ON BOSTON.

Take Tenth of Exhibition Games by a Score of 5 to 3.

Special to The New York Times.

HOUSTON, Tex., April 5.—In an eighth inning rally, the Brooklyn Dodgers came from behind today and defeated the Boston Red Sox in the tenth game of the exhibition series, by a score of 5 to 3.

The game was played before a good sized crowd, many of the fans having turned out to pay tribute to Jack Coombs, now a resident of Texas, and George Whitman, formerly played here. It was timely hitting by Olsen, Daubert and Myers that gave Brooklyn the victory.

Olsen made four safe hits in the game, Daubert three, and Myers three. They also managed to hit with men on the bases. Boston made all its runs off Coombs in the first five innings. Pfeffer replaced him and stopped the scoring. Young Dick McCabe, for Boston, held the Dodgers safe for five innings, but they got to Sam Jones in the seventh and scored in each inning after that.

Hits by Olsen and Myers, a fumble by McInnes and some good base running enabled the Dodgers to take the lead in the eighth. The series now stands 7 to 3 in favor of Boston. The game today was the last in Texas. The teams begin a two-day stay at New Orleans tomorrow.

MORSE GAINS DASH LAURELS AT GAMES

Former Furlong Champion Beats Fast Field for Metropolitan Title at 60 Yards.

Roy F. Morse, former national furlong champion, last night won the Metropolitan Association senior 60-yard championship in convincing fashion at the annual games of the Smart Set A. C. in the Thirteenth Regiment Armory, Brooklyn. Against a field of six of the best sprinters in the local district, Morse showed superior. With an increased effort in the final twenty yards, Morse edged his way to the front to win by about one and one-half yards. His nearest rival was Freddie Teschner, the Glencoe A. C. star, while Charlie Clark of the Pelham Bay Naval Training Station finished third. Morse's time was 6 4-5 seconds.

In the two-mile walking championship for the senior metropolitan title Win J. Rolker, former outdoor national champion, annexed premier honors in 15 minutes 4-5 second. Rolker displayed superiority over Kurt Zulch, American Walkers' Association, and Alexander Jessup, junior national two-mile champion, who finished in the order named. Zulch was about one-half a lap behind the winner.

George P. Wagner gained the three-mile bicycle championship in a stirring race. He covered the distance in 8 minutes 9 2-5 seconds, leading home the veteran rider, A. E. Rhodes. Several spills occurred during the final half-mile of the race, and these caused the elimination of Eddie Goodwin, with the United States Aviation Corps; William Vanden Dries, and Walter Stein.

The summaries:

880-Yard Relay Race, (closed to 18th Regiment, New York Guard.)—Won by 10th Company; 8th Company, second; 4th Company, third. Time—1:48 2-5.

Two-Mile Walk, (senior indoor Metropolitan Association A. A. U. championship.)—Won by Win J. Walker, unattached; K. Zulch, American Walkers' Association, second; Alex. Jessup, unattached, third. Time—15:00 4-5.

880-Yard Army and Navy Relay.—Won by Camp Dix first team, (Lieutenant Berry, De Kay, Lieutenant Finch, and Lieutenant Kelly;) Pelham Bay Naval Training Station, (Eastman, Hand, Mullen, and Dernell,) second; Camp Dix second team, (Mount Pleasant, Graham, Butterfield, and W. Anderson,) third. Time—1:40 1-5.

1,000-Yard Run, handicap.—Won by H. Cunningham, Paulist A. C., (50 yards;) J. Sellers, New York A. C., (5 yards,) second; W. F. Gordon, Pelham Bay Naval Training Station, (scratch,) third. Time—2:19.

Sixty-Yard Dash, (senior Metropolitan Association championship.)—Won by R. Morse, unattached; F. Teschner, Glencoe A. C., second; C. B. Clark, Pelham Bay Naval Training Station, third. Time—0:06 4-5.

Three-Mile Bicycle Race, (National Cycling Association championship.)—Won by George F. Wagner, unattached; A. E. Rhodes, Empire City Wheelmen, second; William Van den Dries, unattached, third. Time—8:09 2-5.

200-Yard Dash, Handicap.—Won by L. H. Singer, Boys' Club, (11 yards;) J. J. O'Brien, Loughlin Lyceum, (scratch,) second; E. M. Foley, Mohawk A. C., (10 yards,) third. Time—0:21.

One-Mile Relay Race, (colored championship of Greater New York.)—Won by Alpha F. C. C.; Salem-Crescent A. C., second. Time—4:09.

Medley Relay Race, (Intersectional Athletic League.)—Won by Long Island A. L.; Lower Manhattan A. L., second; Harlem A. L., third. Time—4:52 3-5.

Two-Mile Run, Handicap.—Won by A. J. Hulsebosch, Paulist A. C., (110 yards;) L. R. Kaufman, Brooklyn A. A., (25 yards,) second; F. Travelena, Mohawk A. C., (110 yards,) third. Time—9:34 3-5.

BIG GAME FOR COLUMBIA.

Blue and White to Meet Holy Cross Nine Today.

Columbia's baseball team plays its first important game of the season this afternoon when it meets Holy Cross on South Field. The game will mark the conclusion of the latter's Southern trip, on which it has defeated Johns Hopkins by a 13 to 0 score and the Annapolis cadets, 3 to 1.

Gleason, Holy Cross's star twirler, who fanned eleven men in the game with Catholic University last Monday, will probably have Farrell of Columbia as his opponent on the mound.

Holy Cross Beats Seton Hall.

The Holy Cross baseball team defeated Seton Hall College at South Orange yesterday afternoon by a score of 7 to 1. The batteries for Holy Cross were Ryan and Keating and for Seton Hall, Quinn and Fleiger.

Atlanta Gets Washington Pitcher.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 5.—The Atlanta Southern Association Club today purchased Pitcher Joe Engel from the Washington Americans. Engel played with the Buffalo team of the International League last season.

HUB TRAPSHOOTERS AGAIN LEAD N. Y. A. C.

New York Gunners Fall Further Behind in Interclub Match with Boston A. A.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., April 5.—The Boston A. A. further increased its lead over the New York A. C. team to 18 targets in the championship trapshooting tournament being held at the Laurel House Gun Club traps. The New York nimrods in the aggregate broke 669 targets, while the Boston shooters scored 681. The total score, with 500 targets yet to be shot at, stands at 1,378 to 1,360 in Boston's favor.

Dan McMahon again was the cause of his team's downfall, for the best he could do in 150 trials was 121—a poor showing for him. The total scores for the match thus far are: N. Y. A. C.—Dr. G. L. Martin, 278; D. F. McMahon, 249; W. H. Yule, 282; W. S. Silkworth, 274; R. L. Spotts, 277. Boston A. A.—G. L. Osborne, 273; L. F. Curtis, 288; J. L. Snow, 269; L. H. Davis, 280; Jay Clark, Jr., 268.

Fred Tomlin of Penn's Grove, N. J.; Charles H. Newcomb of Philadelphia, and H. J. Pendergast of Phoenix, N. Y., in a field of 145 shooters, tied for first place in today's session with 144 breaks each. In the shootoff this morning in the tie for first honors for yesterday's shoot, L. F. Curtis of Boston bested Clarence Platt of Bridgeton. Frank Wright of Buffalo gathered in 143, and won fourth place. Fred Tomlin turned in a run of 138, the best thus far.

SULLIVAN VICTOR IN BOUT.

Defeats Rosenberg in Friars' Club Amateur Tourney.

James Sullivan of the Union Settlement A. C., metropolitan district amateur boxing champion at 145 pounds, last night defeated D. Rosenberg of Brooklyn in the final bout of the 145-pound class in the Friars' Club tournament. This victory gave Sullivan the prize. The contest was one of the most interesting seen in a local amateur tourney this season. Rosenberg, although outgeneraled, nevertheless gave a good account of himself.

Sam Sieger, Rutgers Place Gymnasium, and Sam Mosberg, unattached, were other champions who were successful in their final bouts. Sieger, New York State champion at 109 pounds, won the prize in this class by gaining the judges' award over Sam Nable, Clark House A. A. Mosberg, Metropolitan 135-pound class, won the final bout at this weight from R. Ebneth, Mohawk A. C., on the judges' verdict in three rounds.

In the competition for the point honors of the tournament, which went to the club whose representatives scored the greatest number of points, the Union Settlement A. C. was successful with nine tallies.

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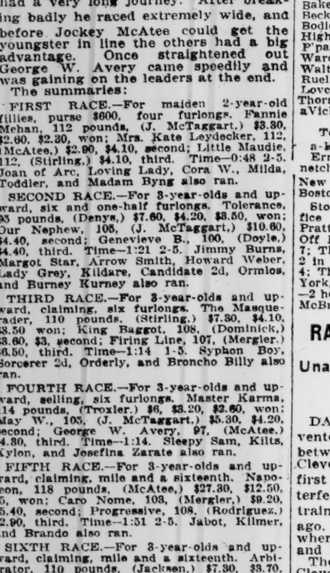

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I know that you will think of them as I do—only of them. I know there will not be a single complaint. I know that you will give up your share of "Bull", however long you have enjoyed it, however close it is to you, as you will give up anything you have if it is made clear to you that our forces over there need it.

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Wilson Consults on Steps Taken and Backs Plan of Better Co-ordination.

PRIORITY IS CENTRALIZED

Denman Tells Senate Committee of $12,000,000 Demand for Hog Island Profit.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—Prompt shipments of steel to the shipbuilding plants of the country, where the great emergency fleet is being built, was assured today as the result of activity and agreement by various Government agencies.

Late in the afternoon Senator Fletcher, Chairman of the Senate Commerce Committee, and Chairman Hurley of the Shipping Board called on President Wilson. At that time they emphasized the pressing need of steel at the yards as a vital adjunct of the great war machine. They were assured of his entire support.

Earlier in the day Chairman Hurley and J. L. Replogle of the War Industries Board conferred with the Senate Commerce Committee in executive session. Mr. Replogle is one of the "big" men in the steel industry of the country and is now Chairman of the committee in charge of steel shipments. He gave his assurance that in two weeks every yard in the country engaged in Government work would have an ample supply of steel.

Much of the delay was due to poor transportation facilities, Mr. Replogle told the committee. He announced that the steel output was now the greatest in the history of the country. The mills fell behind on their orders during the Winter months, he said.

Early Relief at Hog Island.

Fears that the work at Hog Island would be greatly delayed because of lack of steel, which have been prevalent since George J. Baldwin of the American International Shipbuilding Corporation urged the pressing need of prompt shipments there, were allayed by Mr. Replogle. He told the committee that 60 per cent. of the steel ordered for Hog Island had been made at the mills, but that only a comparatively small proportion had been delivered because of delays in transportation. Conditions have now so improved, he said, that there is no likelihood that work at the great plant will be subject to further delays because of the non-arrival of steel.

A better system of co-ordination among the various agencies, which was emphasized as a pressing need by Mr. Baldwin, has already resulted. Under the new plan the War Industries Board will be informed exactly what varieties of steel products are most needed at the different mills, which should greatly expedite delivery of the desired parts.

Before the committee went into executive session, William Denman, former Chairman of the Shipping Board, testified at an open meeting. He said that work in starting the Hog Island Yard had been greatly delayed while officers of the Shipbuilding Corporation haggled over the size of their fee. Had the original contract been adhered to the Shipbuilding Corporation would have acquired profits ranging from $12,000,000 to $15,000,000, Mr. Denman asserted. He said that the present contract was fair, so far as he knew, and that there was little opportunity for large excess profits to the company.

Following the conferences it was deemed advisable to leave the question of preference for all Government agencies, including the army, navy, and Shipping Board, in the hands of the War Industries Board. A representative of that board will be stationed at each of the steel mills. Officers who have been detailed to this work by the army and navy will be withdrawn.

REPORTS PROGRESS ON FEDERAL SHIPS

Submarine Boat Corporation's Plant on Newark Bay 80 Per Cent. Completed.

The Submarine Boat Corporation, in its annual report, throws some light on the progress it is making in the construction of its giant yard on Newark Bay and on its contract to build 200 vessels for the Shipping Board.

"Despite the rigorous Winter through which we have passed," Henry R. Carse, the President, says, "and the tying up of transportation facilities of the country, which prevented material being delivered at the shipyard in accordance with our calculations, very satisfactory progress has been made in the construction of these cargo vessels. It is estimated that about 80 per cent. of the work necessary for the completion of the shipways and plant has been finished, and at the present writing twenty-one keels have been laid upon the ways, and sufficient work has been done on a number of the ships to indicate that the plans of the engineers of the company, in relation to having the parts of the vessels fabricated in over fifty different shops throughout the country and brought to the shipyard to be assembled, will work out satisfactorily.

The Submarine Boat Corporation controls the Electric Boat Company, from which the bulk of its income was received during 1917. The report states that the gross business of the Electric Boat Company and subsidiaries amounted to $23,873,934, from which a net income of $2,612,012 was derived, a decline of $4,400,072. A surplus of $699,060 remained after dividends had been paid on the Electric Boat shares, compared with $1,876,189 the year before.

Ship Board to Try Concrete Tankers

WASHINGTON, April 5.—Growing need for oil carriers caused the Shipping Board to decide today to begin as soon as possible the construction of a fleet of steel barges, ocean-going tugs, and concrete tank steamers to replace the large number of tankers taken from the Mexican and coastwise service for transatlantic trade. It is estimated that seventy-five additional steamers are required. Three experimental concrete ships of 3,500 tons each, which will be built at the Government yard soon to be established in the South, will be fitted as tankers.

ORDERS WOOL HELD FOR GOVERNMENT

Goethals Commandeers Supply to Insure Clothing for Our New Army.

MILLS READY TO COMPLY

Owners Assert Civilians Can Wear Old Clothes for a While—F. K. Nixon to Control Passaic Looms.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—All woolen mills in the country were directed by the War Department today to hold their looms at the service of the Government from now until July 1 in order to insure adequate supplies of cloth for uniforms. Manufacturers of civilian clothing who get any of the output of the mills will do so under special Government permits.

Notices were sent to the mills by Acting Quartermaster General Goethals. It was officially stated that the department now sees its way to fully clothe all men called to the colors. No comment was available as to the amounts of cloth the Government may release to private manufacturers or as to the probable effect of the commandeering order upon the trade.

BOSTON, April 5.—"The Government must have precedence, the soldiers must be clothed, and civilians must take the chance," William Whitman, a leading woolen manufacturer, said tonight on being informed that the War Department had directed all the woolen mills in the country to hold their looms for Government service until July 1.

"If necessary," he said, "we can get along with our old suits for a while. It will not hurt any one to go without new clothes for a few months. But there is one thing certain. The soldiers must have their shirts and uniforms. The main thing now is to get them all equipped."

Trading in wool here was stopped today by vote of the trade, and all the unsold stock was placed at the disposal of the Government at prevailing values.

Frederick B. Peterson, Director of the Bureau of Imports of the War Trade Board, has informed the American Textile Association that F. K. Nixon, one of the best known men in the woolen industry of the United States, has been appointed the representative of the War Trade Board at Passaic, N. J. Mr. Nixon, who has offices at 45 East Seventeenth Street, will have broad powers so far as certain German-owned or partly German-owned Passaic woolen mills are concerned, and these mills, in order to obtain wool, will have to obtain the approval of Mr. Nixon first. The War Trade Board has further instructed the Textile Alliance to release "wool, wool tops, noils, yarn, waste, &c.," only through Mr. Nixon, and "not otherwise."

It is the contention of some of the leading woolen manufacturers of this country that certain German-owned or controlled mills are not supplying as much woolen fabrics to the army as they should. There are several of these mills which are making millions of dollars annually through the sale of the greater part of their output to the civilian trade and thus obtaining profits of 25 per cent., and even more, while the American-owned mills are working day and night for the Government on a 5 per cent. profit basis.

Data now in the possession of the Federal authorities show that in two instances these German controlled mills made profits last year which in one instance totaled more than $6,000,000 and in another more than $3,000,000. These two mills sold practically their entire output, it was said, to civilian dealers.

The Passaic mills which will not have to get Mr. Nixon's "O. K." in order to obtain wool include the Botany Worsted Mills, the Gera Mills, the Forstmann & Huffman Company, the New Jersey Worsted Spinning Company, the Garfield Mills, and the Passaic Worsted Spinning Company. The largest of these mills is the Botany company, which is said to be valued at more than $17,000,000.

HEAVIER DRY GOODS SALES.

Wholesale Distribution Is Far Ahead of Same Time Last Year.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 5.—Marshall Field & Co. in their weekly review of the dry goods trade say:

"Current wholesale distribution of dry goods is very largely ahead of the heavy shipments for the same period a year ago. The total volume of road sales for both immediate and future deliveries shows a marked increase over the large volume of the corresponding week of 1917. Merchants have been in the market in fewer numbers. The market on domestic cotton goods continues strong. Collections are good."

Facts About Baby Carriages.

Indulgent fathers who desire to buy new carriages for their offstring nowadays want to bear some things in mind. One of these is that prices have gone up very sharply on practically all kinds of "buggies," that not many of those now available have wheels with ball bearings in them, and that, even in the most expensive carriages, there is difficulty in getting guarantees from the sellers that the colors will give entire satisfaction. Several hues of enamels are said not to "set" well and to crock, among them being navy blue, green, and white. Repairs also cost more than they used to, due in no small degree to the increased prices for corduroys and other fabrics used in upholstering, as well as the higher cost of wheels and other parts.

TIMES FINDS HER RING.

Mrs. Spadone Recovers $1,500 Jewel and Pays $200 Reward.

Mrs. E. C. Spadone, who lives at the Plaza, recovered a $1,500 ring yesterday which she had left in the washroom of the hotel on Wednesday evening. When Mrs. Spadone, upon missing the ring, went back to the washroom, it was gone. She notified the police and also inserted an advertisement in THE NEW YORK TIMES offering a reward of $200 to the finder. Mrs. Spadone was notified by telephone by Miss Edna L. Gilnell of 215 West Ninety-eighth Street, yesterday, that she had found a ring in the washroom of the hotel on Wednesday night. Miss Gilnell called on Mrs. Spadone at the hotel later with the ring and received the reward of $200.

Labor and Housing Delay Gunmaking.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—Eugene Grace, President of the Bethlehem Steel Company, was examined by the Senate Military Committee today regarding the production of artillery under Government contracts which his concern holds. The meeting was behind closed doors. Mr. Grace told the committee that the Bethlehem Company was making good progress, but that it was having difficulty because of labor and housing conditions.

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(c) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—Room 1, Woolworth Bldg., 13th floor.—At 10:30 A. M.—Equity.

Case on—Am Graphophone Co(Emerson Phone Co.
No day calendar.

DISTRICT COURT—Hand, J.—Room 1, 13th floor, Woolworth Bldg.—At 10:30 A. M.—Equity argument.

U S Light & Heat Corp(Safety Car H & L Co.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 328, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn.

U S(F G Kliemand. U S(Heinrich Olsen.
U S(F L Groth. U S(N Fenimore.

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 812.

U S(George Hoffman. U S(David Osborn.
U S(F Peterson. U S(Joseph McCall.
U S(James Feistein. U S(John Trokas.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DECISIONS.

Harman, respt., v. Jaffe and another, &c., aplts.; matter judicial settlement account of Loser, dcsd., &c.—Motions for reargument denied; $10 costs and necessary printing disbursements.

City N. Y., respt., v. National Security Co., and another, aplts.; MacCauley, as admr., &c., respt., v. American Locomotive Co., aplt.; Liebovitz and others, respts., v. Hudson Navigation Co., aplt.; People ex rel St. George Harvey, respt., v. Duffey, Comr. Highways of State of N. Y., aplt.—Motions for leave to appeal denied; $10 costs and necessary printing disbursements.

Re claim Rogers v. Borden's Condensed Milk Co., &c.—Motion for leave to appeal denied; $10 costs.

Re application Morrisey for a writ of mandamus v. Edwin Duffey, Comr. Highways, &c.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with costs and $10 cost of motion.

Striker, an infant, &c., aplt., v. Daley, respt.—Motion for leave to file brief amicus curiae denied.

Van Ingen, respt., v. Jewish Hospital of B'klyn, aplt.—Motion for leave to appeal granted. Motion by Peck and Hancock, attorneys for St. Vincent's Hosp., and others, for leave to filed a brief amicus curiae denied.

Re claim Littler for compensation, &c., v. George A. Fuller Co.; Frankel, aplt., v. Wolper, respt.—Motions for leave to appeal granted.

Behrmann, as substituted trustee, &c., aplt., v. Seybel and another, &c., respt.; Rea and another, exrs., &c., respts., v. Mills, as administratrix, aplt.; Mississippi Valley Trust Co., ancillary exr., &c., respt., v. Masonic Life Assn., aplt.; Guntrum, admx., &c., respt., v. Prudential Life Ins. Co. of America, aplt.; Union Bank of Brooklyn, respt., v. Fleitmann, as admx., &c., aplt.; Lovas and another, admr., &c., respts., v. International Ry Co., aplt.; St. John, an infant, &c., respt., v. Dimmick, as admr., &c., aplt.; Fernandez, admr., &c., respt., v. Murray, aplt.; Maloney, as admx., &c., respt., v. Levy and Gilliland Co., aplt.; Snyder, an infant, &c., v. Berkshire Life Ins. Co., respt.; Snyder, an infant, &c., aplt., v. Berkshire Life Ins. Co., respt.; Vognetta, admr., &c., respt., v. Fisher, aplt.—Judgments affirmed, with costs.

Cocchia, an infant, &c., respt., v. Rapid Addressing Machine Co, aplt.—Order affirmed and judgment absolute ordered against aplt. on the stipulation, with costs in all courts.

Re application Maltbie, Chamberlain of N. Y. City, &c., respt., for an order examining the N. Y. and Philadelphia Coal and Coke Co., aplt., in supplementary proceedings, &c.—Order of App. Div. reversed and proceedings dismissed, with costs in all courts. First question certified answered in the negative; second question certified not answered.

Bamberger, Trustee, aplt., v. Cantor and another, respts.; Wolf, &c., aplts., v. same.—Judgment affirmed without costs.

Re application of Henry D. Quinby, ind., &c., aplt., and another, for writ of prohibition against Public Service Commission, respt.—Order of App. Div. reversed and writ of prohibition awarded to relator, with costs to aplts. in all courts.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—FIRST DEPT.

DECISIONS.

Montague Mailing Machinery Co., aplt., v. All-Package Grocery Stores Co., respt.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to aplt. Opinion by Shearn, J. Order filed.

In the matter of Laura N. Richards, decd.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. Opinion by Dowling, J. Order filed.

The People, &c., respts., v. Peter Palluch, aplt.—Conviction affirmed. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

The Comerma Co., respt., v. John Comerma and another, aplts.—Judgment modified and affirmed, without costs. Opinion by Dowling, J. Settle order on notice.

Annie Levine, admx., respt., v. New York Railways Co., aplt.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to aplt. Opinions by Shearn and Dowling, JJ., (Dowling, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Leon Larasee et al., aplts., v. The Ferment Co., respt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

Horace N. Dougherty, aplt., v. Houlder, Weir & Boyd, respt.—Determination of Appelate Term and judgment of City Court reversed and motion for new trial granted, with costs to plaintiff in all courts. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

Richard M. Dorsey, respt., v. Same, aplt.—Judgment reversed, new trial ordered, costs to aplt. Opinion by Smith, J. Order filed.

Louis Cohen, respt., v. Sadie C. Mainthow, aplt.—Order reversed, without costs, and motion granted to the extent stated in opinion, without costs. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Settle order on notice.

George Kelly, respt., v. Bernard McGreevy, aplt.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to aplt. Opinion by Smith, J. Order filed.

Louis Cohen, aplt., v. Sadie C. Mainthow, respt.; same v. same; same v. same; same v. same: same v. same.—Orders affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Orders filed.

Margarete Arndt-Ober, respt., v. Metropolitan Opera Co., aplt.—Order modified and affirmed, without costs. Opinion by Ahearn, J. Order filed.

Daniel E. Pomeroy et al., respts., v. Hocking Valley Railway Co., aplt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

Same v. same.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

Israel A. Posner, respt., v. Milton Rosenberg, aplt.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to aplt. Opinion by Dowling, J. Order filed.

Anna R. Orossin, aplt., v. James A. Wood et al., Joseph Schonleben and ano., respts.—Judgment so far as appealed from reversed, with costs, and judgment modified and affirmed. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Settle order on notice.

Amanda Tillman, indv., &c., aplt.-respt., v. Charles A. Coren, as exor., respt.-aplt.—On plaintiff's appeal judgment affirmed, with costs. On defendant's appeal judgment reversed, with costs and complaint dismissed. Opinion by Page, J. Settle order on notice.

Linda A. Painter, pltf., v. Austin B. Fletcher, as exor., deft.—Motion for new trial granted, with costs to pltf. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Settle order on notice.

Ida Tobias, an inft., respt., v. Harry Lewis and ano., aplts.—Judgment and order reversed, with costs, and complaint dismissed, with costs. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

In the matter of Joseph D. Carroll, decd.—Decree affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

City of New York, aplt., v. Brooklyn Union Elevated R. R. Co. and ano, respts.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. Opinion by Shearn, J. Order filed.

John Montagna, as Prest., aplt., v. Rosario Cesareo, impld., respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Giovanni Elefante, respt., v. Louis Pisita, aplt.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and complaint dismissed. Opinion by Smith, J. Order filed.

The people, &c., respt., v. George A. Sipp, aplt.—Judgment affirmed. No opinion. Order filed.

The People, &c., respt., v. N. Y. Macaroni Stores, aplt.—Judgment affirmed. No opinion. Order filed.

Margarita S. Cameron, respt., v. Alpin W. Cameron, aplt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. (Clarke, P. J., dissenting upon the ground that it is not established by the evidence that at the time of the commencement of the action the defendant was a resident of the State of New York.) Order filed.

Jacob Kawanov, respt., v. Jennie Gottlieb, aplt.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to aplt. Opinion by Smith, J. Order filed.

Edmonds Adams, respt., v. Commercial Union Assurance Co., aplt.—Determination and judgment reversed, with costs, and complain dismissed, with costs. Opinion by Davis, J. Order filed.

Herbert R. de Silva, aplt., v. N. Y. Central R. R. Co., respt.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to aplt. Opinion by Shearn, J. Order filed.

Wilford Hall Laboratories, aplt., v. Leonard B. Schoenfeld & Co., respt.—Judgment reversed, with costs, with leave to defendant to amend on payment of costs. Opinion by Shearn, J. (Page, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Beirne Kinney, respt., v. Newark Federal League Ball Club, aplt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Sigmund Igel, as Treasurer, &c., pltf., v. Jesse S. Phillips, as Supt., deft.—Judgment ordered for defendant. Opinion by Smith, J. Settle order on notice.

Re application of Henry D. Quinby, ind., &c., aplt., and another, for writ of prohibition against Public Service Commission, respt.—Order of App. Div. reversed and writ of prohibition awarded to relator, with costs to aplts. in all courts.

Re application Maltbie, Chamberlain of N. Y. City, &c., respt., for an order examining the N. Y. and Philadelphia Coal and Coke Co., aplt., in supplementary proceedings, &c.—Order of App. Div. reversed and proceedings dismissed, with costs in all courts. First question certified answered in the negative; second question certified not answered.

Bamberger, Trustee, aplt., v. Cantor and another, respts.; Wolf, &c., aplts., v. same.—Judgment affirmed without costs.

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NEW YORK COUNTY.

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DECISIONS.

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Louis Cohen, aplt., v. Sadie C. Mainthow, respt.; same v. same; same v. same; same v. same: same v. same.—Orders affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Orders filed.

Margarete Arndt-Ober, respt., v. Metropolitan Opera Co., aplt.—Order modified and affirmed, without costs. Opinion by Ahearn, J. Order filed.

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Anna R. Orossin, aplt., v. James A. Wood et al., Joseph Schonleben and ano., respts.—Judgment so far as appealed from reversed, with costs, and judgment modified and affirmed. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Settle order on notice.

Amanda Tillman, indv., &c., aplt.-respt., v. Charles A. Coren, as exor., respt.-aplt.—On plaintiff's appeal judgment affirmed, with costs. On defendant's appeal judgment reversed, with costs and complaint dismissed. Opinion by Page, J. Settle order on notice.

Linda A. Painter, pltf., v. Austin B. Fletcher, as exor., deft.—Motion for new trial granted, with costs to pltf. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Settle order on notice.

Ida Tobias, an inft., respt., v. Harry Lewis and ano., aplts.—Judgment and order reversed, with costs, and complaint dismissed, with costs. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

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City of New York, aplt., v. Brooklyn Union Elevated R. R. Co. and ano, respts.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. Opinion by Shearn, J. Order filed.

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Beirne Kinney, respt., v. Newark Federal League Ball Club, aplt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Sigmund Igel, as Treasurer, &c., pltf., v. Jesse S. Phillips, as Supt., deft.—Judgment ordered for defendant. Opinion by Smith, J. Settle order on notice.

Eugene Banta, respt., v. Southern Boulevard R. R. Co., impld., aplt.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to aplt., on the ground that the verdict was against the weight of evidence. (Davis, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Annie Murray, respt., v. Union Ry. Co. of N. Y., aplt.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to aplt., on the ground that the verdict was against the weight of evidence. (Davis, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Thomas Gilleran, respt., v. Albert S. Owens, impld., aplt.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied, with $10 costs. Opinion by Smith, J. Order filed. Motion to dismiss appeal denied. Order filed.

People ex rel. N. Y. & Queens Gas Co., rel., v. Oscar S. Straus et al., comrs., &c., respts.—Motion to quash writ granted, with $50 costs and disbursements. Opinion by Page, J. Settle order on notice.

Annie J. Tischner, aplt., v. Albert H. Stekings and ano., respts.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied, with $10 costs. Opinion by Smith, J. Order filed.

F. Harney Shoe Co., respt., v. A. H. Ginsburg-Gordon Co., aplt.—Order modified and affirmed, without costs. Opinion by Shearn, J. Order filed.

Hungarian General Credit Bank v. Edward H. Titus.—Motion granted, with $10 costs. Opinion by Davis, J. Settle order on notice.

In the matter of Detheif C. Hansen.—Respondent disbarred. Opinion by Clarke, P. J. Settle order on notice.

In the matter of Joseph Gans.—Proceeding dismissed. Settle order on notice.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Hotchkiss, J.—Hazvell(Moss—Edward J Dunphy. Union Est Co(Loretta Corp—Harold W Herts. Hancock(Star Co—Townsend Morgan. Union Trust Co(Levy—Donald B Abbott.

SUPREME COURT—Guy, J.—Arnard(Trojan Bldg Corp—Stanhope Foster. N Y Sav Bank(Kaufman—Edmund L Durkin.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Hotchkiss, J.—Mut Life Ins Co(Joseph Rosenberg-Slawson & Hobbs, Inc. Equitable Life Ins Co of U S(Kennedy—Joseph P Morrissey.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM (Chambers)—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM (Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department.

DECISIONS.

W. A. Case & Son Mfg. Co., aplt., v. Young Impv. Corp. and another, respt., and others, defts.—Motion denied with $10 costs.

L. S. Fabre and C. D. Albrecht, as exrs., &c., aplts., v. E. O'Donohue, respt.—Motion for reargument granted and case set for May 7.

Hindley & Pendleton Co., respt., v. Newman & Carey Subway Const. Co., aplts.—Motion for reargument or for leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals denied without costs.

H. B. Horton et al., respt., v. Queens County Machinery Corp., aplt., and others, defts.—Motion denied without costs.

Re supplementary proceedings A. T. Burt, respt., v. H. C. Weir, aplt.—Motion granted on condition, otherwise denied with $10 costs.

Re application of S. Kaufman, aplt., for a peremptory writ of mandamus, &c., v. Prendergast, &c., respt.—Motion for leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals denied without costs.

Re application of the Bronx Parkway Com., Garth Estates, respts., et al., defts.—Motion denied.

Re judicial settlement of the account of the proceedings of J. Van Vliet and another, as exrs., &c., of A. Van Vliet, dec'd.—Motion for leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals denied.

H. D. Snyder, aplt., v. L. J. Snyder, as trustee, &c., et al., respts.; L. J. Snyder, indiv., and S. F. Engs, aplts.—Motion denied.

G. E. Steel et al., aplts., v. W. P. Norton et al., exrs., &c., et al., respts.—Motion denied.

York Bldg. Co., respt., v. Madrai Amusement Co., aplt., et al., respts.-defts.—Motion for reargument and leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals denied without costs.

M. Zeiller, aplt., v. Dandridge Co., respt.—Motion granted without costs.

Albany Heights Realty Co., aplt., v. A. Vogt, respt.—Judgment reversed and case remitted to the Special Term.

C. W. Cameron, respt., v. B. Union Pub. Co., aplt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

J. Campbell, respt., v. W. W. Taylor, aplt.—Order modified and as so modified affirmed, without costs.

W. H. Coyne, respt., v. J. J. Kennedy, aplt.—Judgment and order reversed and complaint dismissed, with costs.

Cron Lands Corp. of S. I., aplt., v. S. S. White et al.,&defts., and Cosmopolitan Devlp. Co. and ano., respts.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event.

E. H. Dalzell, respt., v. Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Rway., aplt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

P. A. Decker, respt., v. J. W. McAvoy, aplt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

J. P. Duffy Co., respt., v. C. N. Y., aplt., and J. J. McLaughlin and ano., respts., and others, defts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

T. L. Earle, respt. and aplt., v. H. E. Earle, aplt., and E. Y. Cowle, deft.-aplt.—Plaintiff's appeal dismissed, without costs. Judgment reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event.

F. J. Felbel, as assignee, &c., respt., v. S. E. Jackman, aplt., and ano., deft.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

P. Hantz, aplt., v. K. Danner, as admx., &c., of A. Danner, decd., respt.—Interlocutory judgment affirmed, with costs.

J. Hearson, respt., v. J. Sheean & Sons, aplts.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

W. and F. Hunt, respts., v. H. G. K. Heath, aplt., and others, defts.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

Re application of the C. N. Y., (Lawrence Ave.)—Order reversed on reargument and petitioner's motion granted, with costs.

Re application of W. H. Nunez for payment of award, &c., in proceedings to acquire title to West 13th St., &c.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

Re judicial settlement of the account of G. and S. Zimmermann, as exrs., &c., of F. Raber, decd., J. and A. C. Raber, aplts.—Decree of the Surrogates' Court affirmed, with costs.

E. S. Lefurgy, as admx., &c., respt., v. M. B. Lefurgy, indiv, and as exrx., &c., of L. T. Lefurgy, decd., aplt., and others, defts.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and complaint dismissed, with costs.

J. K. Lester, respt., v. G. B. Lester, aplt.—Order modified and affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

J. J. Lyman, respt., v. Putnam Coal & Ice Co., aplt.—Judgment and order reversed and complaint dismissed with costs.

C. S. McKenna, aplt., v. I. Levy, respt.—Judgment reversed with costs and judgment directed for the pltf, with costs.

G. Milne, and P. H. Cram, aplt., v. J. H. Cruikshank and W. D. Kilpatrick, respts.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event.

A. E. Mischlich and M. E. Copleston, aplts., v. I. Lubin and Title Guarantee & Trust Co., respts.—Judgment reversed, findings modified, and judgment directed for pltf.

J. D. Myers, an infant, &c., aplt., v. B. H. R. R., deft.; D. F. O'Brien et al., respts.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements and matter remitted to the Special Term.

J. Myers, aplt., v. same.—Order reversed and motion granted, with $10 costs.

National Cash Register Co., respt., v. J. Fruchter et al., co-partners, aplts.—Judgment and order reversed with costs and complaint dismissed.

C. O'Neill, respt., v. Erie R. R., aplt.—Order affirmed without costs.

C. O'Neill, aplt., v. Erie R. R., respt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted, with $10 costs.

Alfred, an infant, by A. O'Neill, his guardian ad litem, respt., v. T. F. Fife, aplt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

Pacific Flush Tank Co., respt., v. Village of Hempstead et al., respts., N. Y. County National Bank, aplt.—Judgment of the County Court of Nassau County affirmed by default, with costs.

M. A. Perry, admx., &c., of P. B. Ross, decd., respt., v. K. L. and C. Westerfield, aplts., and ano., defts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

Re supplementary proceedings A. T. Burt, respt., v. H. C. Weir, aplt.—Motion granted on condition, otherwise denied with $10 costs.

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F. J. Felbel, as assignee, &c., respt., v. S. E. Jackman, aplt., and ano., deft.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

P. Hantz, aplt., v. K. Danner, as admx., &c., of A. Danner, decd., respt.—Interlocutory judgment affirmed, with costs.

J. Hearson, respt., v. J. Sheean & Sons, aplts.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

W. and F. Hunt, respts., v. H. G. K. Heath, aplt., and others, def

The following firms have contributed this space to endorse and recommend the purchase of the bonds of the Third Liberty Loan:

A. H. BICKMORE & CO.
HENRY L. DOHERTY & CO.
C. C. KERR & CO.
LEE, HIGGINSON & CO.
W. C. LANGLEY & CO.
NASH & CO.
C. H. PFORZHEIMER & CO.
S. W. STRAUS & CO.
BIGELOW & CO.
RUSSELL LAW

The Price of American Lives

ALL the money you ever hope to possess will not recompense his mother for the life of one American soldier.

But the money you pay for Liberty Bonds *now* will help save the lives of thousands of our sons, by shortening the war and insuring an early victory.

You should be thankful for the opportunity to put to such a splendid purpose every dollar you can save or borrow.

It may well be that the bond you buy will bring home to the arms of his loved ones an American boy who would otherwise have perished.

LIBERTY LOAN COMMITTEE
Second Federal Reserve District
120 Broadway, New York

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Swing Idly in a Dull Session on the Stock Exchange—Cotton Off.

There were no new tendencies observable back of the movements of stocks yesterday, and the ticker remained quiet for moments at a time. It was the dullest session which the big board has seen in a year and a half, the total transactions running to but little more than 140,000 shares. For the most part, price changes were unimportant. The list opened at slightly lower levels as a reflection of the resumption of the German offensive, and in a number of cases final prices were below those of the previous session. On the whole, however, the changes were too small to attract attention. An idea of the narrowness within which quotations ranged may be gained from the fact that, until within a few minutes of the close, Steel common had fluctuated but a quarter of a point and its maximum range was ⅝. Steel was second in point of activity yesterday, leadership being assumed for the day by Distillers Securities on a buying movement that lifted the price to 41⅜ at the close. American Tobacco gained another 6 points on sales of only 200 shares, and other inactive industrials similarly reflected the extreme narrowness of the market.

It is easy to understand the public's disposition to hold aloof from the market, in view of the almost entire absorption of the financial community's energies by the new Liberty Loan campaign, and while the battle of Picardy continues, with great possibilities always lurking in the background. It is becoming increasingly plain to most financiers that indications point to a very long war. This inevitably means further radical readjustments in taxes and Governmental policies toward business, with uncertain effect upon the security markets.

Beginning today, most of the investment houses will practically close their salesmen's desks and relegate all other activities to making the drive for subscriptions for the new Government bond issue an even more pronounced success than the two previous loans. The outstanding issues convertible into the new bonds continue to sag below the level at which they ought to sell, basing the price upon the value of the conversion privilege. With business almost at a standstill in other departments, the bond crowd on the floor of the Exchange had another busy session, with a large turnover, particularly in the second 4s, which sold down to 96.26.

After the violent rise on Thursday, the cotton market broke almost as sharply at the opening yesterday in a rush to take profits on the advance. There was a rally later in the day, but selling was later resumed shortly, and the list closed at practically the lowest figures for the day. The decline was helped by fresh rumors of the adoption of a Government price-fixing policy.

LONDON MARKET CHEERFUL.

Traders Still Waiting for Outcome of Operations in France.

LONDON, April 5.—The stock market was quietly cheerful today, awaiting the outcome of the operations in France. The war loan advanced, and there was further hardening in other gilt-edged securities. Rubber shares were firm, but mining stocks dropped from lack of support, and the excitement in tin mines subsided.

Money was in plentiful supply, and discount rates were easy.

The banks are buying Treasury bills freely, and this creates the belief that the interest may be reduced soon, which is quite feasible in view of the Government's control of the market. Neutral exchanges recovered partly from the weakness of yesterday.

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, April 5.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 57 francs 50 centimes for cash. Exchange on London, 27 francs 19½ centimes. Five per cent. loan, 88 francs 35 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High	4	Renewals	4
Low	3	Last	3

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	6	Sixty days	6
Ninety days	6	Ninety days	6
Four months	6	Four months	6
Five months	6	Five months	6
Six months	6	Six months	6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.....4½@4¼
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days.....4¾@4½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....5¼@5%

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 60 days.....6
4 to 6 months.....6

Other Names.

4 to 6 months.....6

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Rates of Change.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Demand	4.75421/2	4.75421/2	4.75421/2	+.00¼
Cables	4.76¼	4.76¼	4.76¼	
Francs—				
Demand	5.72½	5.72½	5.72½	—.00¼
Cables	5.70½	5.70½	5.70½	+.00¼

Closing Exchange.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close—Demand	Cables.	Checks on—	Yesterday's Close—Demand	Cables.
London	4.75421/2	4.76¼	Paris	5.72½	5.70½
China—					
Hongkong	75.00	75.25	Peking	118.00	118.25
Shanghai	106.00	106.25	Greece	19.40	19.45
Holland	47.50	48.00	India—		
Bombay	35.75	36.25	Calcutta	35.75	36.25
Japan—	8.83½	8.82			
Kobe	51.75	51.875	Yokohama	51.75	51.875
Philippine Islands—					
Manila	49.875	50.00			
Scandinavia—	*18.55	13.75			
Stockholm	34.125	34.625	Copenhagen	31.50	32.00
Christiania	31.75	32.25	Spain	26.80	26.40
South America—					
Rio	25.64	25.74	Buenos Aires	44.15	44.25
Switzerland	4.28	4.23			

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.72¾	$4.70¼	$4.71¾	$4.69⅞

Actual transactions in currency.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $553,839,279; balances, $63,299,511; United States Treasury debit balance, $2,440,870; Federal Reserve credit balance, $44,913,267.

Domestic Exchanges.

Boston, par; Chicago, 5c discount; St. Louis, 15@5c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $17.50.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 45¼d, unchanged; in New York, 91¾c, unchanged; Mexican dollars, 74c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—Receipts and expenditures:

Customs	$2,882,558	$128,410,913
Internal revenue—		
Income and excess profits tax	11,482,552	113,678,862
Miscellaneous	30,583,249	560,419,457
Miscel. revenue	2,472,781	158,801,992
Total receipts	$86,927,092	$961,306,226
Excess of ord. disb. over. ord. receipts	98,932,035	3,806,064,534
Excess of total disb. over total recpts.	125,161,544	250,587,460
Expenditures	135,859,127	4,767,870,760

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Per.	Pay-able.	Hold. of Record.
Elgin Nat. Watch...	2	Q	May 1	Apr. 24
Illinois Central	1¾	Q	June 1	May 3
Isle Royal Copper	50c	Q	Apr. 30	Apr. 12
Midwest Ref.	$1	Q	May 20	Apr. 15
U. S. Rub. 1st pf.	2	Q	Apr. 30	Apr. 15

Burns Bros. Ice

J.K.Rice, Jr.& Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, APRIL 5, 1918.

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Day's sales	143,077	Holiday.	584,004
Year to date	33,903,974	51,732,739	46,135,662

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
60¾	73	100	Adams Express	66¼	66½	66½	66½	
74½	76	100	Ajax Rubber	57	57	57	57	+1¼
40½	40¾	400	Am. Beet Sugar	74¾	74¾	74¾	74¾	+1
79¼	79⅝	1,200	Am. Can	41¼	41¼	40⅝	40⅝	— ⅛
33	33⅞	2,600	Am. Car & Fdry	79⅝	79⅝	79	79	— ⅝
12	13	100	Am. Cotton Oil	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜	
14½	15	400	Am. H. & Leather	12⅝	12½	12½	12½	+ ⅛
43½	44¾	200	Am. Ice	14½	14½	14½	14½	+ ⅛
31	31½	700	Am. Ice pf	42½	43½	42½	43½	+1½
62	62½	1,200	Am. Linseed	40⅝	31	30⅝	31	+1½
8½	9	200	Am. Locomotive	62	62	61⅞	62	— ¼
46	50	100	Am. Malting	9	9	9	9	— ⅛
99	101	500	Am. Malting 1st pf	47¼	47¼	47¼	47½	— ½
76⅝	76¾	800	Am. Shipbuilding	100	100	100	100	
104	105	175	Am. Smelt. & Ref	77⅝	77⅝	76⅝	76⅝	— 1½
62½	63	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	105	105	105	105	
96½	96¾	7,800	Am. Steel F'dries	62½	62¾	62½	62½	— ⅛
99⅞	100	1,500	Am. Sumatra Tob	97⅝	97⅝	96	96	— 1½
156	163	200	Am. Tel. & Tel	100¼	100¼	96¼	96⅜	— 1⅛
63¼	63½	3,200	Am. Tobacco	156	160	156	160	+ 6
83	83½	300	Anaconda Copper	63¼	63¼	63	63¼	— ½
81½	82	100	Atch., Top. & S. F	82⅝	83¼	82⅞	83	— ⅛
108¾	109	1,500	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	81⅞	81⅞	81⅞	81⅞	— ⅛
74⅝	75	3,100	At. Gulf & West I	109	109	108¾	109	+ ¼
51⅞	52	600	Baldwin Loco	75¼	75¼	74¾	74¾	— ⅛
17⅛	17½	300	Baltimore & Ohio	61⅜	61⅜	61⅜	61⅜	— 1½
77⅞	77⅞	2,000	Batopilas Mining	17	17	17	17	— ⅛
101⅝	101⅞	400	Beth. Steel, class B	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞	— ⅛
38½	40¼	100	Beth. Steel 8 p.c. pf	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	— ⅛
120⅝	122	400	Bkln Rapid Tran	40¼	40¼	40¼	40½	— ¼
20¼	21	200	Burns Brothers	121½	121⅝	121¼	121¼	— ¼
40¾	40¾	300	Butte & Superior	20¼	20¼	20	20	— ¼
15⅝	16	200	California Packing	40¼	40¼	40½	40½	— ⅛
136	136½	400	California Petrol	15⅜	15¼	15⅜	15⅜	— ⅛
39½	40	100	Canadian Pacific	136⅞	136⅞	135⅞	136	— ½
49	49½	1,100	Central Foundry	39	39	39	39	
65⅜	66	900	Central Foundry pf	48⅜	49	48⅜	49	+ ⅛
55½	56¼	1,200	Central Leather	66¼	66⅝	65⅞	65⅞	— 1½
40½	41	900	Central Leather Co	56	56	55½	55⅝	— ⅛
71¼	71½	900	Chesapeake & Ohio	40¾	40¾	40¼	40¼	— ¼
19¾	20¼	300	Chi., Mil. & St. P	71	71½	70¾	71½	+ ¾
65½	66	100	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	19¾	19⅞	19⅝	19⅝	— ⅛
55⅞	56	600	C., R. I. & P. 7 p.c. pf	65½	65½	65½	65½	— ⅛
15	15¼	300	C., R. I. & P. 6 p.c. pf	55¼	55¾	55¼	55¾	+ ⅛
40¾	41	200	Chile Copper	15	15	14⅞	15	— ⅛
37	38	100	Chino Copper	41	41	40½	40⅞	— ⅛
32¼	32¼	200	Do. ex. 7 flat	40¾	40¾	38	40¾	— ⅛
36½	36⅝	1,200	Col. Fuel & Iron	38	38	38	38	— ⅛
62¾	62⅞	1,000	Columbia Gas & El	32	32	32	32	— ⅛
28¼	28½	1,100	Corn Products Ref	38⅝	39¼	36¼	36⅝	+ ⅛
79	79⅜	300	Crucible Steel	62¼	62¼	62¼	62¼	— ⅛
41	41⅜	18,800	Cuba Cane Sugar pf	28⅞	28⅞	28⅝	28⅝	— ⅛
14⅝	14⅞	700	Distillers' Secur	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝	— ⅛
19	20	100	Erie	39¾	41⅜	39¾	41⅜	+ ⅛
30½	32	100	Erie 2d pf	14⅝	14⅝	14⅛	14⅛	+1⅛
137⅞	138½	200	Federal M. & S. pf	19⅜	19⅜	19⅜	19⅜	— ⅛
119	119½	1,100	General Electric	31¼	31¼	31¼	31½	+1½
43½	45	100	General Motors	138⅝	138⅝	138⅝	138⅞	— ⅛
27½	27¾	300	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	121	121	118½	119	— 1⅝
40¾	41½	100	G. N. ctfs. for O. P	43¾	43¾	43¼	43¼	— ⅛
46¾	47	1,100	Greene-Cananea	27½	27½	27¼	27¼	— ⅛
7	7½	750	Inspiration Copper	40½	40½	40¼	40¼	— ⅛
42⅝	44	100	Interboro Consol	47	47⅞	46¾	46¾	— ⅛
43¼	44	300	Interboro Con. pf	7¾	7¾	7¾	7½	— ⅛
43¼	44	30	Int. Agricultural pf	44	44	44	44	— ⅛
24⅝	25¼	700	Do., odd lot	44	44	44	43¾	— ⅛
24⅞	25	5,500	Int. Mer. Marine	44½	44½	44½	44½	— ⅛
28⅝	28⅝	300	Int. Mer. Marine pf	92	92½	91⅞	92½	— ⅛
29⅜	29⅝	300	Int. Nickel	28½	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	— ⅛
30	31	100	Int. Paper	29½	29½	29½	29½	— ⅛
30¾	31	700	Kan. City South. pf	40½	40½	40½	40½	— ⅛
76½	77	100	Kennecott Copper	49½	49½	49½	49½	— ⅛
9	10⅛	100	Lackawanna Steel	31⅛	31⅛	30⅝	30⅝	— ⅛
57⅞	58¼	100	Lake Erie & West	77	77	77	77	— ⅛
62½	64	100	Lehigh Valley	94	94	94	94	— ⅛
92⅞	93¼	300	Mackay Cos. pf	58½	58½	58½	58½	— ⅛
28⅛	28½	4,700	Mexican Petroleum	62¼	62¼	62¼	62¼	— ⅛
45⅛	45¾	900	Miami Copper	93⅜	93⅜	92⅜	93	— 1
21⅝	22	900	Midvale Steel	28¼	28¼	28¼	28⅜	— ⅛
110	111	200	Missouri Pacific	45¾	45¾	45¼	45⅝	— ⅛
23	25	25	Nat. Biscuit pf	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	— ⅛
13⅜	14	200	Nat. Cond & Cable	110	110	110	110	
49	49¼	1,500	Nat. Enam. & St	14	14	14	14	
59	59¾	500	Nat. Lead	48⅞	49¼	48⅞	49¼	— ⅜
18⅜	18⅞	600	Nevada Con. Cop	60⅝	60⅝	59⅞	59⅞	— ⅝
69¼	69½	300	N. Y. Central	104⅞	105	104⅞	104⅞	— ⅛
103⅞	104⅞	100	Norfolk & Western	84⅜	84⅝	84⅝	84⅝	— ⅛
84⅜	86	100	Northern Pacific	37¼	37¼	36½	36⅝	— ⅛
36⅜	36¾	3,557	Ohio Cities Gas	9¾	9¾	9½	9⅝	— ⅛
9⅞	10	8,500	Ontario Mining	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞	+2
29	29¼	100	Pacific Mail	44	44	44	44	
23½	24	800	Penn. R. R	30	30	30	30	— ⅛
38	38¼	100	Pere Marquette pf	24	24	24	24	— ⅛
51	52	100	Philadelphia Co	38⅞	38⅞	38⅞	38⅞	+ ⅞
100	106	100	Pierce-Arrow	52	52	52	52	
52	53	100	Pitts. Coal cash	100	100	100	100	— ⅛
23¾	24½	100	Public Service N. J.	53	53	53	53	— ⅛
81	81¼	4,100	Railway Steel Sp	23½	24	23½	24	+ ¼
78⅝	78⅞	2,000	Ray Con. Copper	81⅞	81⅞	81	81	— ⅛
78⅝	78½	50	Reading	78⅝	78⅝	78¼	78½	— ⅛
73	73½	900	Rep. Iron & Steel	78⅝	78⅝	78¼	78¼	— ⅛
9¾	10¼	300	Do., odd lot	73½	73½	73½	73½	— ⅛
6	9	200	Royal Dutch f r	10½	10⅞	10	10	+ ⅝
140¼	142½	400	St. Louis-San Fran	7	7	7	7	— ⅛
16	16½	100	Saxon Motor	142¾	143	141	141	— ¾
28¾	29	4,000	Sears, Roeb. & Co	16	16	16	16	+ ⅛
50¼	52	200	Shattuck-Arizona	27⅛	27⅛	26⅞	26⅞	— ⅛
82⅝	83	1,600	Sinclair Oil Refin	51¼	51¼	51¼	51¼	+1¼
22⅞	22⅝	600	Sloss-S. Steel & I	83	83	82¼	82½	— ½
58½	59	100	South. Pacific	22¼	22¼	22¼	22¼	— ⅛
40¾	41	4,000	Southern Railway	58⅝	58⅝	58⅝	58⅝	— ⅛
17	17¼	800	Southern Ry. pf	40½	41	40¼	41	— ⅛
143	144	100	Studebaker Co	17⅞	17⅞	17	17⅛	— ⅛
52¾	53	2,100	Tenn. C. & C	143⅞	143⅞	143⅞	143⅞	— ⅛
39	40	100	Tobacco Products	53	53	52½	52⅞	— ⅛
119¼	119¾	400	Transue & Wms	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾	— ⅛
88¼	89	200	Union Pacific	119	119¼	119	119¼	— ⅛
87¾	88	600	Un. Alloy Steel x d	88¼	88⅞	88¼	88⅞	+ ⅛
10	12	200	United Cigar Stores	87¾	87¾	87¾	87½	— ⅛
14	16¼	60	United Rys. Inv. pf	11	11	11	11	+ ⅛
122⅝	122⅞	2,200	U. S. Express	14	14	14	14	
54½	55⅝	200	U. S. Indust. Alco	122¼	122¾	122	122⅞	+ ¼
103⅞	104	200	U. S. Rubber	55	55	55	55	
90½	90¼	16,600	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	104	104	104	104	
109¼	110	200	U. S. Steel	90	90¼	89⅞	90¼	— ⅛
78½	79	200	Utah Copper	109½	109½	109½	109½	— ⅛
43	43½	500	Va.-Car. Chemical	78⅝	78⅞	78¾	78¾	— ⅛
70	71	100	Va. Iron, Coal & C	43¾	43¾	43	43	— ¾
22	23	200	Wabash pf. A	68	68	68	68	— ⅛
14¼	15	400	Wabash pf. B	41¼	41¼	41¼	41½	+ ⅛
12½	13½	100	Western Maryland	22¼	22¼	22¼	22¼	— ⅛
39½	40	300	Western Pacific	14	14	14	14	
17½	17⅝	1,200	Westingh. Elec & M	13	13	13	13	
42	43	100	Willys-Overland	40¼	40¼	40	40	— ⅛
62⅝	63	100	Worthington Pump	17½	17½	17⅜	17⅜	— ⅛
			Worth. Pump pf. B	42¼	42¼	42¼	42½	— ½
				62¾	62¾	62¾	62¾	—1

SHORT TERM NOTES

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. For. Sec.	5	Aug., 1919	94¾	95¼	8.40
Argen. Gov.	6	May 15,'20	95	95⅝	7.25
City of Mont.	5	May, 1918	99½	100	5.00
City of Que.	6	Aug., 1920	93	97	6.65
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	96	96¼	7.10
Fr'ch Gv.con.	5½	Apr., 1919	95¾	96¼	9.90
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	95	98	6.60
Norway Govt.	6	Feb., 1923	101	102	5.50
Russian Gov.	6½	June, 1919		41	..
Russian Gov.	6½	Dec., 1921	37	38	..
Do rubles	5½	Feb.14,'28	86	89	..
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	93	95	7.75
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1920	100¼	100¾	4.75

Company Issues.

Am. Cot. Oil	5	Sep., 1918	99¼	99⅜	6.50
Am. Cot. Oil	5	Jan., 1919	98	98⅜	7.80
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	90	93	7.50
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1919	99	99¼	6.00
Am. Thread.	4	Jan., 1919	97¾	98¼	6.00
Ark. Val. Ry. L. & P.	6	July, 1919	96	99	7.00
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1918	90¾	99¾	6.35
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	98	98½	6.10
Beth. S. Corp.	5	Feb.15,'19	97½	98¼	7.10
B. R. T.	5	July, 1918	95½	96¼	..
C., B. & Q.	4	July, 1921	92½	93¾	6.60
C. & W. Ind.	6	Sep., 1918	98¾	98¾	8.70
Can. North.	6	Sep. 2,'18	98¾	99½	7.00
Can. Pac. R.	6	Mar. 2,'24	97¾	98	6.35
Cub.-Am.Sug.	6	Jan., 1919	99	100½	6.65
Cub.-Am.Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	97½	98¼	7.00
Cub.-Am.Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	98¼	97½	6.90
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	97½	98	5.75
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1919	94¾	94½	..
Fed. Sug. R.		Jan., 1920	95	96¼	7.00
Gen. Elec. Co.	6	Dec., 1919	100	100¼	5.80
Gen. Elec. Co.	6	July, 1920	100	100¼	5.90
Gen. Rubber	6	Dec., 1918	99⅜	99	6.65
Gt. A. & P.	6	June, 1921	97	99	6.25
G. T. of Can.	5	Aug., 1918	99¾	99¾	8.00
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	97¼	99¼	6.75
Hocking Val.	6	Nov. 1918	99¾	99½	7.50
Kan. C. Ry.	5½	July 1918	98	99½	7.50
K.C. Ter. Ry.	4½	Nov.15,'18	99¾	99	5.00
K.C. Ter. Ry.	4½	July19,'21	93	94	6.00
Louis.&. E.	6	Sep., 1920	95¾	97¾	6.00
Mich. C. R.R.	5	May, 1918	99¾	99¾	5.75
Miss. V.G.&E.	5		90	100	5.00
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1919	85	90	9.00
Morgan & W.	5	Dec., 1918	99	100	5.00
N. Y. C. R.R.	5	Sep., 1919	97½	97½	7.00
N.Y.,N.H.& H.	5	Apr.15,'18	99¾	100	5.00
Okla. G. & E.	6	June, 1919	95	98	7.75
Penn. Co.	4½	June 15,'21	96	96¾	6.70
P. C. C.	4	Mar., 1919	95¾	96¼	6.70
Phil. Elec. Co.	5	Mar., 1919	95¾	96½	9.00
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	98¾	99	6.30
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	100¾	100¾	6.10
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	100¾	100¾	6.65
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	100¾	100¾	6.80
Read. T.&L.	6	Sep. 1, '19	99½	99¾	6.85
Sears, Un. Met. Co.	5	Feb. 1, '19	83	87	..
San Diego Con. G. & E.	6	Dec., 1922	95	100	6.00
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2,'19	97¾	98¼	7.20
United Fruit	6	May, 1918	99¾	100¼	6.25
Utah Sec. Cor.		Sep. 15,'22	84	88	..
United Lt. & Rys. sec.	6	1920	94½	97½	7.50
W. E. & M.	5	Feb., 1919	99	99¼	7.10
Win. R. Arms.	7	Mar., 1919	99¾	99¼	7.50
Wis. Edison.	6	May, 1924	88	92	7.50
W. V. T. & E.	6	May, 1919	94½	95¼	6.75

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Lead	7.00		7.00	
Spelter	7.20	7.25	7.50	7.40
Antimony	12.25	8.00	7.75	8.00
Quicksilver	$125.00	12.75	12.25	12.75
Aluminium			$125.00	
Iron, No. 2X fdy.		*32.00		*32.00
Nickel		34.25		34.25

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market, all deliveries, 23¼c. per pound bid.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Thursday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	110	0	0	110	0	0
Copper, futures	110	0	0	110	0	0
Tin, spot	316	0	0	316	0	0
Tin, futures	316	0	0	316	0	0
Spelter	54	0	0	54	0	0
Lead	29	10	0	29	10	0

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1918-'27	4 @4½	6.00	5.75
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'33	4½@5	6.00	5.60
Canadian Pacific	1918-'28	4½	6.00	5.60
Ches. & Ohio	1918-'27	4½	6.25	5.75
Chic. & N. W.	1918-'27	4½	5.80	5.40
Chi., R. I. & P.	1918-'27	4½	6.00	5.50
C., St. L. & N. O.	1918-'24	5	7.00	6.00
C., C., C. & St. L.	1918-'29	5	6.00	5.50
Del. & Hudson	1922	4	6.60	6.00
Erie Railroad	1918-'27	4	6.25	5.75
Illinois Central	1918-'27	4½@5	6.60	6.00
Louis. & Nash.	1918-'28	5	6.00	5.50
Michigan Central	1918-'30	5	5.99	5.50
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1918-'29	5	6.25	5.75
Missouri Pacific	1918-'22	5	7.00	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1918-'26	4½@5	7.00	6.00
New York Cent.	1918-'32	4½@5	6.60	6.00
North. & Western	1918-'24	4½@5	6.25	6.00
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1918-'28	4½@5	5.80	5.40
Penn. Gen. Frt.	1918-'23	4 @4½	6.60	6.00
Seaboard A. L.	1918-'28	5 @6	5.75	5.50
Southern Pacific	1918-'28	5 @6	7.00	6.60
Southern Railway	1918-'24	4½	5.90	5.50
		4½@5	6.50	5.50

PENNY A WEEK FOR WAR.

National Special Aid Society Launches New Movement.

Pay a penny a week, wear a Lincoln penny badge with a tricolor ribbon, and refuse to talk peace or listen to it. This is a new scheme of the National Special Aid Society, 259 Fifth Avenue, to raise money and to promote patriotism. The society, of which Mrs. William Alexander, now in France, was the foun

UNTERMYER WARNS OF OVERTAXATION

Tells Ohioans They Must Buy Bonds or Capital Might Be in Danger of Confiscation.

REPLIES TO WAR CRITICS

Declares History Will Have Nothing but Unstinted Praise for What We Have Done.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, April 5.—Samuel Untermyer of New York, in an address at the opening of the Liberty Loan campaign here tonight, told his hearers that if they would avoid confiscation of private property they must lend their money to the Government. Although long an advocate of the income tax, Mr. Untermyer said the present levies were about as heavy as enterprise would stand, and he declared that the revenues from this source had been greatly underestimated.

"There are just three ways in which to raise the money needed by the Government in this war," said the speaker. "By taxation, by bond issues, and by the confiscation of private property. We are now raising fully 25 per cent. of the annual needs of the Government through the income tax and excess profits tax laws. In my judgment, the revenues from this source have been greatly underestimated. I believe the tax will yield at least $3,500,000,000 and probably over $4,000,000,000.

"Having been for twenty-six years or more a constant champion of the income tax law, and at a time when it was regarded as a reproach and a socialistic assault on property rights to entertain such views, I have no tender regard for the inviolability of great incomes. If we could in the interest of the prosperity of the country impose still further taxation, I should be heartily in favor of doing so. It is purely a question of governmental policy and not of sympathy with the inviolability of great incomes. If the recent proposal to take all incomes in excess of $100,000 a year were not to my mind destructive of the very purpose sought to be attained, I would favor such a law, but I believe we have well-nigh reached the border line of safety in the way of that form of taxation. Any further substantial burdens in that direction will serve only to provoke evasion and to destroy industry, initiative, and enterprise.

"By far the most serious objection, however, to further taxation is its effect upon enterprises which in these days involve the investment of large amounts of capital.

"For these reasons I maintain that we cannot afford to add to the load that we have imposed upon capital, nor can we look forward to the appreciable reduction of that burden after the war. If that be true, the only other alternative for you, unless you will lend your money to the Government upon its inexhaustible credit and security, is to confiscate private property, and I doubt whether any of us is prepared to advocate such a course."

Turning his attention to those who assail the Government for not preparing in advance for the war, Mr. Untermyer said:

"It sounds like 'thrashing out old straw,' to refer to events preceding the war bearing on the question of our preparedness, but it is just as well to silence our few but noisy 'might have beens' and other Doubting Thomases who never contribute anything to the common welfare in times of stress but wails and lamentations.

"In truth there is no ground for criticism and the time will come soon when there will be nothing but unstinted praise for the marvels that have been accomplished in the brief space of one short year. It is a vindication of the genius of our people and institutions and a revelation of our resourcefulness to which we in common with all mankind will pay tribute when the facts have been analyzed."

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE—

	1918.	1917.	Increase.
Feb. gross.....	$648,036	$615,721	$32,975
Net	73,154	149,298	*76,142
2 mos. gross....	1,138,757	1,378,261	*239,503
Oper. deficit...	51,776	†389,819	431,095

DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC—

Feb. gross.....	272,113	290,726	*$8,613
Oper. deficit...	38,610	†43,380	$1,900
Def. after chg.	131,068	46,880	$5,088
2 mos. gross....	525,420	561,900	*$36,481
Oper. deficit...	98,950	†149,827	167,783
Def. after chg.	261,359	88,947	172,412

*Decrease. †Income.

MINN., ST. P. & SLT. STE. MARIE—

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Feb. gross.....	1,237,119	1,069,928	1,385,024
Def. after tax.	90,269	*28,120	*321,780
2 mos. gross...	2,543,768	2,537,441	3,136,024
Def. after tax.	98,371	*447,910	*962,741

*Income.

Chicago division:

Feb. gross.....	799,782	835,425	972,343
Def. after tax.	37,478	*174,263	*337,924
2 mos. gross...	1,478,104	1,890,208	1,895,545
Def. after tax..	145,746	*531,126	*626,712

*Net after taxes.

MINERAL RANGE—

	1918.	1917.	Increase.
Feb. gross.....	84,346	90,617	*$6,271
Operating def..	3,427	*365	3,892
Def. after chg.	14,743	12,926	1,817
2 mos. gross...	182,277	192,170	*9,893
Operating def..	5,037	†6,196	11,233
Def. after chg.	27,952	20,889	7,063

*Decrease. †Income.

NORTHERN PACIFIC—

Feb. gross.....	6,016,437	5,436,116	601,321
Net after tax..	861,846	1,555,732	*693,886
2 mos. gross...12,196,207		11,719,591	476,676
Net after tax..	1,643,811	3,783,076	*2,139,265

*Decrease.

Public Utility.

REPUBLIC RAILWAY & LIGHT CO.—

	1918.	1917.	Increase.
Jan. gross.....	$484,586	$370,782	$104,803
Net after tax.	134,176	122,677	11,498
Sur. after chg..	55,621	44,796	10,824
12 mos. gross...	4,994,719	4,048,083	946,635
Net after tax..	1,550,231	1,650,033	*89,802
Sur. after chg.	622,336	829,550	*207,214

*Decrease.

Miscellaneous.

ELECTRIC BOAT CO. and subsidiaries for year ended Dec. 31—

	1917.	1916	1915.
Net op. profit.	$2,370,588	$7,012,084	$5,622,854
Other income..	241,424		
Total income...	2,612,012	7,012,084	5,622,854
Depreciation ..	531,074	532,635	457,143
Net income....	2,080,938	6,479,449	5,165,705
Dividends	1,380,978	4,603,260	1,764,183
Surplus	699,000	1,876,189	3,401,522

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.03	Jacket	.07
Alta	.02	Justice	.02
Andes	.17	Mexican	.13
Best & Belcher....	.02	Ophir	.10
Bullion	.01	Overman	.01
Caledonia	.04	Potosi	.04
Challenge Con....	.02	Savage	.03
Chollar	.03	Seg. Belcher	.01
Confidence	.04	Sierra Nevada....	.13
Con. Virginia	.24	Union Con.	.09
Gould & Curry....	.01	Mexican dollars.	73½
Hale & Norcross..	.02		

TONOPAH.			
Belmont	3.00	Booth	.05
Cash Boy	.12	Goldfield Cons....	.84
Halifax	.10	Goldfield Merger..	.03
Jim Butler	.10	Great Bend	.05
McNamara	.10	Jumbo Exten.....	.12
Midway	.07	Kawmax	.06
Mizpah	.05	Silver Pick	.03
Monarch Pitts....	.05	Spearhead	.07
Montana-Tonopah	.03	MANHATTAN.	
North Star	.05	Nevada Hills	.08
Rescue	.07	Rochester	.33
Tonopah Divide..	1.82½	Round Mountain...	.33
Tonopah Exten..	1.85	United Eastern...	4.40
West End	.75	Hay Four	.03
West Tonopah....	.22	Consolidated	.10
GOLDFIELD.		Morning Glory	.02
Atlanta	.11	Union Amalg.....	.04
		White Caps	.45

COLORADO SPRINGS.

Cresson	4¾	Isabella .. 5	6½
Dr. J'pot..	4¼	McKinley.. 5	7
Elkton .. 4	5	Portland .. 99	101
El Paso.... 12	20	U. Gold M. 15	15½
Golden C..15	16½	Vindicator. 29	45
Granite 30	40	Rose Nicol. 10¾	10¾

6 O'CLOCK TONIGHT.

All want advertisements intended for insertion in The Times tomorrow must be in the Times Building before 6 o'clock tonight.—Advt.

LEADING BANKERS PLAN BIG DISCOUNT COMPANY

Announcement of Proposed Concern Follows Chartering of Foreign Trade Banking Corporation.

It became known yesterday that officers of some of the leading banks and trust companies had had under consideration the plan of forming a discount company with a capital of $5,000,000 or $10,000,000. Definite plans have not yet been formulated, although such institutions as the National City Company, the Guaranty Trust Company, the Bankers Trust Company, the Chase National Bank, and the First National Bank have indicated their willingness to participate in the organization of a discount company.

The announcement that powerful banking interests are contemplating the establishment of a discount company comes right on the heels of the incorporation of the Foreign Trade Banking Corporation, with a capital of $2,000,000, by George A. Gaston, President of Gaston, Williams & Wigmore, Inc., and Max May, formerly Vice President of the Guaranty Trust Company.

In some quarters there was a disposition yesterday to believe that Messrs. Gaston and May had "stolen a march" on the Guaranty Trust Company and other institutions in the organization of the first discount company in America. On the other hand, it was stated in other quarters that Mr. May had for several years past been thinking of forming a discount company, and that when he retired from the Vice Presidency of the Guaranty Trust Company early this year he immediately started out to interest capital in the venture.

Both the Gaston and May enterprise and the new discount company which is under consideration have for their object the transaction of business in bills and acceptances along the lines of the long-established discount companies of London.

A certificate of organization of the Foreign Trade Banking Corporation, at 35 Wall Street, has been filed in the New York County Clerk's office. The incorporators are George A. Gaston, with 15,000 shares of $100 par value; Max May, with 2,000 shares; Harry T. Hall, Vice President of the Merchants National Bank, with 2,000 shares; Wade Robinson, with 2,000 shares, and Benjamin S. Guinness, with 500 shares. The certificate of organization was approved by State Banking Superintendent Skinner a week ago yesterday.

TORRENS BILL IS PASSED.

Will Greatly Benefit Property Owners, Says Its Author.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 5.—Assemblyman Wilfred E. Youker's Torrens bill passed the Senate today. According to the introducer, the passage of the measure is the consummation of a fight started four years ago by John J. Hopper, then Register of New York County, to obtain a "workable Torrens law."

This law will enable property owners in New York City to free themselves from the grip of the title companies, who will doubtless continue their opposition by attempting to defeat its use," said Mr. Youker tonight.

"The registering of titles is not only a public function, but also is now made practical. Every property owner will find it to his advantage to avail himself of the benefits of this law."

The bill now goes to Governor Whitman.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am Oil....	9	11	Iron Elos..	60	65
B S Gas..	8	10	Iron Cap..	17¾	18
Begole	50	60	La Rose..	55	62
Blk Hawk	1	1¼	Majestic ..	22	24
Bohemia ..	90	100	Mex Metals	46	49
Bos Elec..	1½	1¾	Mol Tung..	6	8
Boa & Mon	52	54	New Baltic	90	1¼
Butte & L.	20	22	Nat Z & L	20	25
Boa & Ariz	1	2	N Cornelia	16¾	16¾
Calaveras..	1¾	2	New Doug.	80	90
Crown Res.	20	25	Nixon Nev	1	1½
Con Ariz..	2	2¼	Oneco	20	30
Cortez	10	15	Oondaga..	20	25
Champion ..	6	7	Ray Herc..	4	4¼
Chief Cons	2	2¼	Rilis	2	3
Eagle &BB	2	2¼	S W M pp.	75	100
Earl-Eagle.	3	4	Do fp....	100	101½
Fortuna ..	4	6	Uni V Ext	37	38
G. Lake ..	2	5	Utct Mines		80
Houghton...	75	100	Yuk Gold..	¾	1¼
Homa Oil..	60	61			

NATIONAL LEAD CO. EARNS $4,896,952

Reports a Net Profit for 1917 $1,919,253 Larger Than in Previous Year.

PROPERTIES CONSOLIDATED

Balance for Dividends in Terms of Common Stock Equals a Trifle Over $15 a Share.

The National Lead Company earned a net profit of $4,896,952 in the year ended Dec. 31, an increase of $1,919,253 over the preceding year. In terms of the common stock the balance for dividends was equal to slightly more than $15 a share after providing for the preferred stock disbursement. The annual statement issued yesterday went into considerable detail in regard to the year's business, with especial application to the consolidation of properties which was made during 1917.

The company took over all the property of the St. Louis Smelting and Refining Company, except the smelting works and some minor plants. The stock of this concern has been owned by the National Lead Company for a long time. After the property transfer took place the St. Louis Company's surplus was declared as dividends. The stock of the subsidiary, formerly carried on the books at cost, $1,658,287, was then lowered to $500,000. The surplus declared as dividends amounted to $4,071,148 and appeared on the National Lead Company's books as part of the earnings of 1917.

The report contained a statement representing the National Lead Company's condition before the change and another showing the effect of the transfers and also the consolidated position of the parent concern and the companies in which it owns all the capital stock. Total assets of $58,722,630 in the first statement were increased to $58,713,859 in the second; the property account rose from $25,229,672, less depreciation and depletion reserves, to $41,557,963, and the surplus from $8,341,563 to $15,015,-424.

Edward J. Cornish, President, told stockholders that the year brought great activity in certain lines of manufacture and a decline in others. Business having to do with war requirements taxed the capacity of the plants engaged on it. In regard to the United States Cartridge Company, in which National Lead has a half interest, Mr. Cornish said large profits in proportion to the stock were expected this year and small profits in relation to the volume of business. The National Lead Company of Argentina was formed during the year to manufacture mixed metals.

The report said it was believed by the management that the 5 per cent. dividend could be maintained. Stockholders numbered 7,102 at the end of the year, a gain of 512 during 1917. Half the shareowners are women.

SALVATION FUND NEXT.

Army Will Begin Drive for $250,000 in New York.

A campaign for the purpose of raising $250,000, New York's quota of the Salvation Army War Fund, will be conducted from May 5 to May 12, inclusive, it was announced at a luncheon given at the Railroad Club yesterday by Wilbur C. Fisk, President of the Hudson and Manhattan Railroad Company. Among the speakers were Horace Andrews, President of the New York State Railways, and E. H. Eldridge, State Secretary of the Y. M. C. A.

The committee in charge of the drive in this city will be George Gordon Battle, Chairman; E. E. Olcott, George T. Brokaw, James H. Post, Mrs. William Grant Brown, Henry W. Taft, Miss Mary Garrett Hay, Mrs. William Cutting Story, Colonel W. A. McIntyre, George T. Wilson, William M. Kingsley, Adolph Lewisohn, Samuel Untermeyer, Abram I. Elkus, William A. Prendergast, Frank L. Dowling, Mrs. Charles S. Whitman, John D. Finley, Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw, and Commander Evangeline Booth.

THE COTTON MARKET

Net Loss of 62 to 69 Points on Report of New Attempt at Fixing Prices.

Taking advantage of the weakened condition of the local cotton market yesterday, as a result of the recent rapid and continued advances, a report from Washington indicating the possibility of a new price-fixing attempt in cotton by the War Industries Board was made the starting point of a bear speculators' coup which knocked prices down by from 60 to 70 points, practically overturning the results of the big advance of Thursday. The market closed barely steady, at a net loss of 62 to 69 points.

The price-fixing report started with a dispatch from Washington that the War Industries Board had called a meeting for next Wednesday with representatives of the cotton trade to discuss prices of cotton goods on behalf of the Government, which is now by far the largest buyer of cotton fabrics. This dispatch was accompanied, when it reached the ring, by statements attributed to unnamed officials that there was "a runaway market" in cotton and goods and that it was time to call a halt. The story arrived at the ring at the psychological moment, in the late afternoon, when the market was wavering. Prompt and heavy selling, in big blocks, led a selling drive which swept prices before it all down the list, and even after the close there were many big selling orders still to be placed around the ring.

After the close, however, advices were received by many in the trade from Washington which put a different appearance upon the report which had caused the break. One large spot dealer, not himself a speculator, received a telegram from Senator E. D. Smith of South Carolina which said: "War Industries Board has not the authority to fix the price of raw cotton or products. Meeting called Wednesday is for the purpose of getting prices on cotton fabrics from the manufacturers for war purposes."

Exports yesterday were 1,500 bales. Southern spot markets were 60 points higher to 50 lower. Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
April	....	....	....	33.95	34.64
May	34.45	34.47	33.80	33.80@33.86	34.49
June	....	....	....	33.39	34.08
July	33.75	33.75	33.05	33.09@33.15	33.78
Aug.	33.36	32.36	33.16	32.70	33.43
Sept.	....	....	....	32.22	32.90
Oct.	32.88	32.88	31.73	31.82@31.85	32.45
Nov.	....	....	....	31.65	32.30
Dec.	32.05	32.05	31.48	31.50@31.54	32.15
Jan.	31.90	31.90	31.40	31.40@31.48	32.02

The local market for spot cotton was 65 points lower, at 35.35c, for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 34.25c; New Orleans, 34.50c; Savannah, 34.50c; Augusta, 35.25c; Memphis, 34.25c; Houston, 34.10c; Little Rock, 34.25c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Friday.	Last Yr.
Port receipts.....	12,517	20,341
Exports	1,510	9,285
Exports, season.....	3,048,000	4,295,836
New York stocks.....	146,018	113,109
Port stocks.....	1,550,027	1,170,846
Interior receipts.....	14,146	9,035
Interior shipments.....	15,976	10,990
New York arrivals.....	6,040	Holiday

The week-end statistics of the New York Cotton Exchange follow: Brought into sight for the week, 123,420 bales against 108,293 last year, and for the season, 10,612,562 bales against 11,489,-215 last year; visible supply, general, 4,740,934 bales against 4,624,829 last year; visible American, 3,467,934 bales against 3,468,829 last year; decrease in general 19,429 bales against 118,979 decrease last year; decrease American, 16,439 bales against a decrease of 76,979 last year; spinners' takings American for the week, 183,868 bales against 185,-272 last year, and for the season, 8,674,-444 bales against 10,254,627 last season.

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton in moderate demand; middling, old contract, 32 points higher at 24.95d; good middling, new contract, 30 points higher at 24.20d. Sales, 5,000 bales; American, 3,000. Imports nil. Futures opened steady at 25 to 30 points higher. Closed steady at a net advance of 11 to 14 points. April, 25.32d; May, 25.14d; June, 24.98d; July, 24.82d; August, 24.62d. Manchester: Yarns firm; cloths, the higher price asked checks business.

GUIDE TO EVENTS.

The history of our times is summarized form. Easy of access. Complete and reliable work of reference. The New York Times Index gives the world's news and locates every item by date and page. Issued quarterly. $2.00 an issue, $8.00 a year. The New York Times Index, Times Square.—Advt.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as most of the trading in the older issues of United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930.....	97⅛	98	3s, conversion, 1947.....	84	88
2s, coupon, 1930.....	97⅛	98	4s, registered, 1925.....105		105⅛
2s, coupon, '38, reg.....	97¼	97¾	4s, coupon, 1925.....105		105⅛
3s, registered, 1918.....	99	100	2s, Panama, '38, coupon.	97¼	97¾
3s, coupon, 1918.....	99	100	3s, Panama, '61, reg.....	84	87
3s, registered, 1946.....	84	88	3s, Panama, '61, coupon.	84	87
3s, coupon, 1946.....	84	88			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

		Yester-day. Bid.	Thurs-day. Bid.			Yester-day. Bid.	Thurs-day. Bid.
4½s	July, 1967....	94¾	95	3½s	Nov., 1954....	75½	75½
4½s	June, 1965.....	94¾	95¼	3½s	May, 1954.....	75½	77
4½s	Mar., 1963.....	94¾	95	3½s	Nov., 1953.....	80	....
4½s	Nov., 1957.....	94¾	95		The following are quoted on a percentage basis:		
4½s	May, 1957.....	94¾	95				
4½s	Mar., 1960-30.	88½	90	4½s	1924-1931 ....5.00	4.80	5.00
4½s	April, 1966.....	88½	89¾	4½s	1921-1923 ....5.00	4.80	5.00
4½s	Mar., 1964.....	88½	89¾	4½s	April, 1926....5.00	4.80	5.00
4½s	May, 1965.....	88½	90	4½s	1918-1919 ....5.00		5.00
4½s	Sept., 1960.....	88½	89¾	4½s	1924-1962 ....5.00	4.85	5.00
4s	May, 1950.....	85¾	86	4s	1918 .....5.00		5.00
4s	Nov., 1958.....	85¾	..	3½s	1940-1953 ....5.00	4.80	5.00
4s	May, 1957.....	85¾	86	3½s	1930-1939 ....5.00	4.80	5.00
4s	Nov., 1956.....	84½	85½	3½s	1922-1929 ....5.00	4.80	5.00
4s	Nov., 1955.....	84½	85¾	3½s	1919-1921 ....5.00	4.80	5.00
4s	Nov., 1938.....	89	..	3½s	1940-1953 ....5.00	4.70	5.00
4s	Nov., 1925.....	95½	..	3½s	1926-1930 ....5.00	4.70	5.00
4s	Nov., 1918.....	99	..	3½s	1918-1925 ....5.00	4.80	5.00
3½s	Nov., 1955.....	..	80				

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,000 ‡Aetna Expl.	8½	8	8
300 Br.-Am.Tob., pf.	..	..	..
Am.-B. Mfg.	4	6	6
Do pf.....	15	20	15
Am. W. Paper	2	2¼	2
Atlantic Fruit	17	15	17
Bth.-Am. Tob.	14	16	14
Car Lt.& Pow.	2¼	2⅜	2¼
Carwen Steel.	8	9	8
Chal. Motors.	6	8	8
Do pf.....	30	45	30
Charcoal Iron	8¾	8¾	8¾
Do pf.....	6	7	7
Cramp Ship..	77	81	77
Curtiss Aero.	7⅞	8	7⅞
Do pf.....	28	30	28
Cuprite Sulph.	55	65	55
Emerson Ph..	1	1⅛	1
Havana Tob..	2⅞	3	2⅞
Do pf.....	⅝	1½	⅝
Holly Sugar..	3	5	3
Do pf.....	40	40	40
Int. Agricul.	93	97	93
Interc. Rub..	97	97	97
Int. Trading.	8½	9¼	8½
Kresge pf.....	½	½	½
Lake Sup. Corp.	100	105	100
Do 1st pf...	3¾	3¾	2¾
L. Val. C. S.	3	6	3
Lima Loco....	77	82	77
Manhattan Tr.	43¼	46	43¼
Marlin Arms.	73	78	73
Manhattan Tr. pf.	⅞	⅞	⅞
N. Y. Ship...	39	41	39
N. Y. Transit	13¾	16	15¼
P.-Logan Coal	2¼	3¼	2¼
Peerless	14½	15½	14¾
Rep. Truck..	31	36	31
St.L.,R.M.&P.	34	38	34
Stand. Motors	12¾	13¼	12¾
U.S.L.& H.pf.	2	2½	2
Un. Profit S.	⅝	⅝	⅝
Unit. Zinc Sm.	1⅝	1¾	1⅝
Victory Gun..	1¾	1¾	1¾
Wright-Mar..	55	60	55

OIL STOCKS.

Allen Oil ...	⅞	⅞	⅞
Atlantic Pet..	2½	3	2½
Cosden & Co. pf	3½	3¾	3½
Cum. P. & R.	¾	1	¾
Dutbie Oil....	53	55	53
Int. Pet'm ..	14	14¼	14
Midwest Refg.	1¼	1⅜	1¼
Okla. Oil pf..	8¼	10	8¼
Pierce Oil ..	9	9½	9
Savoy Oil....	8	8	8
Standard Oil..	15	17	17
Somerset	½	½	½
Ventura Con.	8½	8¾	8½
Way O. & G.	3¼	3¼	3¼

MINING STOCKS.

2,500 ††Atlanta ...	10½	11	
850 ‡Aurora Sil.	4½	4½	
1,100 Big Ledge ..	54	55	54
5,000 †Bos.& Mont.	..	..	..
425 ‡Bradshaw ..	..	..	..
1,600 Butte-Det...	..	..	..
5,300 ††Caledonia..	42	40	40
1,200 ‡Cal. & Jet..	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
500 Canada Cop.	1½	1½	1½
3,500 †Cashboy	10	9½	10
1,500 ‡Cerbat Sil..	1	1	1
850 ‡Coco River..	2¼	2	2¼
1,200 Con.Ariz.Sm.	2	1½	1½
230 Con. Copper..	5¾	5¾	5¾
1,100 ‡Con. Mer'ad.	..	..	..
800 ‡Copper Val..	1¾	1¾	1¾
800 Cresson Con..	4¾	4½	4¾
300 ‡DupontCop..	½	½	½
4,000 ‡Eldorado	66	64	64
7,000 ‡Emma Con..	1	1	1
1,250 ‡Eur'kaCroe.	1½	1½	1½
4,800 ‡Gold'd Con.	1	1	1
1,000 ‡GreenMont..	2	2	2
2,000 ‡Great Bend	6	6	6
530 Hecla Min..	4½	4¾	4½
4,500 ‡Int. Mines.	14	14	14
1,000 ‡Iron.-Treas't	6	5	6
500 ‡Jer. Verde. (a.pros.)..	..	..	..
100 Kerr Lake..	5¾	5¾	5¾
400 ‡La Teonas..	4	3	4
2,300 ‡Lampazos..	1½	1½	1½
2,200 ‡Lib. Silver (a pros.)..	.32	30	30
1,000 Magma Cop..	40	38	39½
2,500 ††MarshMin.	6½	6	6½
100 Mason Val..	5	5	5
3,000 ‡Monst. Chief	3½	3	3
1,000 ‡Mt. Lede ..	36	36	36
4,000 ††Nat. Leas.	5½	5	5½
5,800 ††Nat.Z.&L.	30	24	30
1,000 ††Nev.Op.M.	18	17	18
1,100 ††Nev. Rand	21	21	21
200 ‡New Corn..	16½	16½	16½
600 Nixon Nev...	1	1	1
4,800 ‡Ohio Cop...	1	1	1
600 ‡Onon. Min.. (a pros.)..	3¾	3¾	3¾
800 ‡Ray Her.M..	4½	4	4½
1,000 ‡Rex Con.M..	11½	11½	11½
1,500 ‡Roch. Min..	84	83	84
800 ‡Senorita Cp.	⅝	⅝	⅝
900 ‡Sil. Fis. Sil.	7	7	7
2,150 ††Sil.Fl.Con.	75	72	75
1,000 ‡Std. Sil.-Ld.	⅞	⅞	⅞
1,600 Stewart	4¼	4¼	4¼
3,000 ††Success M.	16	14	16
1,200 Ton. Exten..	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
1,250 Un. Eastern..	4½	4½	4½
1,000 ††U.S.L.& Z. (a pros.)..	32	32	32
600 Unity G. M..	5¾	5¾	6
100 Washoe Cop.	1¼	1¼	1¼
500 Wh. Caps M..	¾	¾	¾

BONDS.

$1,000 ‡Am.T.& T.1-year 6s....	99½	99⅛	99⅛
$1,000 ‡Am.T.& T.1-year 6s..	99½	99⅛	99⅛
2,000 ‡Beth.S.5s.2-year notes.	98	97⅛	98
1,000 ‡Gen.Elec.6s.	100	100	100
5,000 ‡Procter & G. 7s, 1919....100½		100½	100½
$20,000 ‡Proc. & G. 7s, 1920...100¾		100¼	100¾
$1,000 ‡ Do 7s.'21.100¾		100¼	100¾
10,000 ‡ Do 7s.'23.100¾		100¼	100½
12,000 ‡Rus. Gov. new 5½s.. 87⅛		87	87½
2,000 ‡ Do 6½s.. 40		40	40
5,000 ‡U. S. L. & H 6s..... 75		75	75

*Odd lot. †Sells cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

Note—Omitted April 3: 300 Aetna at 8.

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CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of the previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.	Yesterday Thursday.			INDUSTRIALS. *Continued.*	Yesterday Thursday.		
	Bid.	Ask.	Bid.		Bid.	Ask.	Bid.
Air Reduc'n..	72	72	75	Peerless	14½	15½	14¾
Am.-B. Mfg..	4	6	6	Rep. Truck..	31	36	31
Am. Car & F.	79	79¾	79	St.L.,R.M.&P.	34	38	34
Am. W. Paper	2	2¼	2	Stand. Motors	12¾	13¼	12¾
Atlantic Fruit	17	15	17	U.S.L.& H.pf.	2	2½	2
Bth.-Am. Tob.	14	16	14	Un. Profit S.	⅝	⅝	⅝
Car Lt.& Pow.	2¼	2⅜	2¼	Unit. Zinc Sm.	1⅝	1¾	1⅝
Carwen Steel.	8	9	8	Victory Gun..	1¾	1¾	1¾
Chal. Motors.	6	8	8	Wright-Mar..	55	60	55
Do pf.....	30	45	30				
Charcoal Iron	8¾	8¾	8¾				
Do pf.....	6	7	7				
Cramp Ship..	77	81	77				
Curtiss Aero.	7⅞	8	7⅞				
Do pf.....	28	30	28				
Cuprite Sulph.	55	65	55				
Emerson Ph..	1	1⅛	1				
Havana Tob..	2⅞	3	2⅞				
Do pf.....	⅝	1½	⅝				
Holly Sugar..	3	5	3				
Do pf.....	40	40	40				
Int. Agricul.	93	97	93				
Interc. Rub..	8½	9¼	8½				
Int. Trading.	½	½	½				
Kresge pf.....	100	105	100				
Lake Sup. Corp.	2¾	3¾	2¾				
Do 1st pf...	3	6	3				
L. Val. C. S.	77	82	77				
Lima Loco....	43¼	46	43¼				
Manhattan Tr.	73	78	73				
Manhattan Tr. pf.	⅞	⅞	⅞				
N. Y. Ship...	39	41	39				
N. Y. Transit	13¾	16	15¼				
P.-Logan Coal	2¼	3¼	2¼				

OIL STOCKS.							
Allen Oil ...	⅞	⅞	⅞				

BARS SERVICE BOARD FROM RAISING FARES

Court of Appeals Upholds Rochester Contention Affecting Surface Lines.

CITY MUST CONSENT FIRST

Decision, Which Is Final, Disposes of Many Applications—No Transfer Charge.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 5.—Increased fares for traction companies which are limited to 5-cent fares by contract, franchise, or statutory provision failed to find favor with the Court of Appeals today. A decision handed down by the court denies the Public Service Commission, Second District, the right to consider the necessity of granting increased rates on application of surface lines so bound.

The decision was rendered in the case of the city of Rochester, which protested the right of the Utilities Board to grant the New York State Railways Company an increase in fare from 5 to 6 cents in Rochester. Judges Hiscock and Collin dissented.

The court of Appeals reversed the lower court's decision. Justice Wesley O. Howard at a Special Term of the Appellate Division, Third Department, denied a writ of prohibition to restrain the up-State Public Service Commission from taking any further proceedings in the application of the New York State Railways Company. The commission had ruled last November that it had jurisdiction over such cases under general powers granted by the Legislature.

No Legislative Intent.

The effect of the opinion, which was written by Judge Cuthbert W. Pounds, is that where a municipality and a street railway corporation have entered into an agreement to fix the fare at 5 cents, that agreement is binding. Judge Pounds points out that the court was unable to find anything in the statute which would disclose legislative intent whereby the Public Service Commission could overstep an agreement regulating local car fares. In the absence of this intent, the court held that it could not permit any action designed to destroy the nature of such an agreement.

The court granted an absolute writ of prohibition, which restrains the Commission from reviewing the Rochester case. The issuance of this writ leaves local railway corporations without any relief save an admentment to the Public Service Commission law, which would specifically vest these boards with authority to hear and determine applications for fare increases in cities where 5 cents has been fixed as the maximum rate.

"The power of local authorities to impose as a condition in giving their consent to the construction and operation of a street railway, that a stipulated rate of fare should be charged, has been repeatedly upheld," in the court's opinion.

Affecting the right of a city to stipulate with a corporation the maximum fare charge the Court of Appeals points out that the grant by a municipality of authority to use its streets is not a mere privilege or gratuity, but that once accepted it becomes a contract which neither the State nor its agencies can impair.

Affects Transfers Plea.

The Court of Appeals in the Rochester case disposes for the present of all of the applications for an increase in fares throughout the State, and in the opinion of the commission in this district it also disposes of the pending applications before the commission, asking that the surface railroad companies in this city be permitted to charge 2 cents for transfers.

The decision of the court is final, as it relates to a matter within the sole control of the State, and the United States Supreme Court is without jurisdiction.

In the North Shore Traction Company case before the Public Service Commission of this city, a decision by Commissioner Travis H. Whitney was practically the same as that in the Rochester litigation. In this case and in all similar cases the two commissions have been at variance, and the decision of the court sustains the opinion of Mr. Whitney and is in line with the brief prepared by William L. Ransom, chief counsel of the commission, who intervened in the case. Another brief filed by the Corporation Counsel, who also intervened, consisted mainly of Mr. Whitney's North Shore opinion.

Mr. Ransom said yesterday that the companies seeking an increase in revenues here by an increase of fare either have come to the wrong forum for transfers began at the wrong end. They should have applied first to the Board of Estimate for a modification of their franchises, and then, having procured the modification sought and thus opened a way for the commission to act, should have applied to the commission for the desired authority.

"Under this decision the Mayor and the Board of Estimate are likely to be confronted very directly by the problem of five-cent fare on the surface lines of this city," Commissioner Whitney said.

EARNINGS OF HUDSON TUBES

Company's Net $3,135,187 Against $3,142,079 Last Year.

The Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company, which operates the tunnels under the Hudson River, earned a gross income of $4,427,005 in 1917, an increase of $342,858 over the preceding year. Operating expenses, including depreciation, amounted to $2,219,903, an expansion of $303,660. The net return from the Hudson Terminal buildings brought the company's net up to $3,135,187, compared with $3,142,079 the year before.

After deducting bond interest and appropriating $685,000 as a reserve for contingencies, the company had a balance of $1,847, compared with $332,134 in 1916. The sharp drop in this item was caused by an additional increase in the reserve. Wilbur Fisk, President, said in the annual statement yesterday that the year had brought many unforeseen difficulties, which were met in an efficient way by the employes.

OIL FREIGHT RATE INQUIRY.

General Investigation Ordered by Interstate Commerce Board.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—A general investigation of railroad freight rates on petroleum and petroleum products was ordered today by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

The investigation was decided on in view of wide differences in the amounts and percentages of recent rate increases sought by the railroads. It appeared, said the order, that an equitable adjustment of rates could be effected only by a general investigation covering the whole situation.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—Forecast:

N. C.—Fair Sat. and Sun.
S. C. and Ga.—Fair Sat.; showers Sun.
Fla.—Showers Sat. and Sun.
Ala. and Miss.—Showers and thunderstorms Sat. and Sun.
Tenn. and Ky.—Showers Sat. and Sun.
Ohio—Fair and warmer Sat.; showers Sun.
Ind.—Showers Sat. and Sun.
Mich.—Showers Sat.; showers and warmer Sun.
La.—Local showers Sat. and Sun.
Ark.—Showers and warmer Sat.; fair Sun.
Okla.—Rain Sat.; fair Sun.
Tex.—Showers Sat.; fair Sun.
Ill.—Showers Sat. and Sun.
Mo. and Kan.—Sat. cloudy Sun.
Wis.—Unsettled Sat. and Sun.
Minn.—Showers Sat.; cloudy Sun.
N. Dak.—Cloudy Sat.; fair Sun.
S. Dak.—Fair Sat. and Sun.
Neb. and Kan.—Prudy Sat.; fair Sun.

Booth, Bregman and Sumberg,
Cotton Gingham and Fancy Voile Dresses,
$3.75 to $9.75.
129-133 WEST 27TH ST.

FINANCING
of manufacturers and jobbers by advances on accounts and on merchandise.
WORMSER & COMPANY,
95 Fifth Ave., New York, N. Y.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Any mill, for spot cash. Farragut 2924.

CHINCHILLA CLOTH Wanted.—Large quantity navy and heather. The Catalogue House, 182 West 21st St. Chelsea 3006.

COATS and SUITS Wanted.—Looking at taffeta coats and suits all week. Bramson Bros., 48 West 25th St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on Fall coats, medium and high priced. 4th floor, 16 West 25th. Farragut 9090.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Job of coats and suits for cash. Economy Co., care John. M. Biggins, 1,150 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted.—All fabrics, styles, and sizes; also infants' and children's lines. Call, with samples, Isidor Blumenfeld, 37 West 39th St. Formerly with Lane Bryant.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders, Friday and Saturday afternoons, with new style of cotton voiles, ginghams and silk dresses. 5th floor, 39 West 32d St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber will buy jobs, any quantity, Spring silk dresses; opportunity to realize cash; samples mornings. Wiener, 53 West 36th St.

JERSEY CLOTH Wanted.—All colors. Ganglo Bros., 23 East 20th St. 6450 Gramercy.

KHAKI Wanted.—Jullillard's, style 2073 or similar; also open for used wardrobe trunks for ladies' coats. Farragut 2770.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Any quantity; must be cheap; also velours, fancy lining. Farragut 9811.

POM POMS Wanted.—0816 American, all shades; highest cash prices paid. Greeley 8183.

SATINES Wanted.—Will buy any quantity, colored or black, at a price for cash; mail samples. T. E. Co., 29 Walker St.

SERGES Wanted.—7120, 54289, lingerie and lawn lining; cash. Farragut 9085. 84 West 17th, 8th floor.

SERGE Wanted.—Navy and red, No. 87, 6002, or its equivalent; cash. Greenpoint 4275.

SERGE Wanted.—Amoskeag 6120; state price for quantity. N 46 Times.

SERGES Wanted.—French and storm serges for cash. Farragut 3954.

TWEEDS Wanted.—Fischer & Kennedy 1600, all colors. Madison Square 920.

VELVETS Wanted.—Chiffon black at about $2.85. J. Helt & Sons, 99 Madison Av. Madison Square 8585.

WOOL JERSEY Wanted.—All shades and weights. Wilkin & Adler, 11 East 26th St.

Contracts Wanted.

CONTRACTOR with a number of double needle machines. Apply Harris Blumenfeld, 19 West 24th.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

CASHMERE.—Half wool, cream color, 150 pieces, 34-inch, at 55½c.; 41 to 42 inch at 64c. net. N 400 Times Downtown.

CELLULOID sheet materials of all kinds. D. L. L. Products Corp., Woolworth Building, New York City. Phone Barclay 1007.

COATS.—Children's coats. Will close out entire sample line consisting of 200 infants' and children's coats, in silks, serges, checks, &c., below cost. Rudinger & Oppenheim, 821 Broadway, New York.

COATS.—On account of making preparations for Fall season will close out spring coats, latest materials and shades, at reduced prices. J. Korostoff & Son, 36 West 20th.

COATS.—2,000 infants' and children's coats on racks; serges, silk poplins, wool poplins, and tan; ship today. Rosh & Mayers, 1,178 Broadway.

COATS.—1,000 at reduced prices; large variety, newest styles, cloths and silks. Louis Ginsberg Co., 28 West 27th St.

COATS.—Infants', children's, juniors'; immediate delivery. Cass & Rosenthal, 153 West 27th.

COATS.—Fall line ready for the jobbing trade only. Gottlieb & Lalkind, 38 West 21st St.

COATS.—Pile fabrics, for jobbing trade. N. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 26th.

COATS.—Ladies', special lot for sale, very cheap. 949 Broadway, 3d floor, 124.

COLLARS, Shirts, Pajamas, Overalls; other furnishings; big bargains. Lewis, 42 East 23d St.

DRESSES.—Desirable jobs, including road samples, at reductions. King & Applebaum, 39 West 32d St.

DRESSES.—Beautiful silk, serge, linen, gingham dresses; sacrifice. Emanuel, 43 West 27th St.

GARFIELD 5095 and 5096.—Chicago house will sell ten pieces, stripes and checks, at opening price, F. O. B., New York. X 368 Times Annex.

GINGHAMS.—In plaids, checks, and stripes; immediate delivery. L. M. Blumstein & Co., 150th St. and 3d Av.

OVERCOATINGS.—200 pieces 014C. McKenny, gray melton, $1.27½ net cash. Lester & Co., 216 Green St. Spring 8307.

POPLIN.—774-971 khaki poplin, three pieces at $1.87½ net; 602-871, one piece Nile Silvertone, $3 net; 4530-442, two pieces Pekin Gabardine at $2.25 net. The John Anisfield Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

POPLINS, Cora and Whitman's, also storm serge, navy and colors, to sell. Madison Square 8477.

POPLINS.—4768 Brightwood, tricotine 4718, Garfield, Duvet de Laine, F. & H. Madison Square 5699.

POPLIN.—All wool, black only; cheap. N 96 Times.

SERGE.—1,000 pieces of French and storm serges. Spitzer Woolen Exchange, 1,205 Broadway. Madison Square 1872.

SUITS of the better grade, in all prevailing materials, for immediate delivery. Gittelson & Steinhaus, 19 West 24th St.

SUITS.—1,000, at reduced prices; large variety, newest styles, cloths and silks. Louis Ginsberg Co., 28 West 27th St.

SUITS.—Jobs 50 navy serge. Louis Horowitz, 6 West 18th St. Chelsea 1911.

THIBET.—50 pieces Stoney 815 black thibet; 25 pieces C. R. Hurd 1317 and 1317. D. 405 Times Annex.

WOOL JERSEYS, SERGES.—White, navy, white with black stripes. Farragut 3190.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS wanted for silk poplin skirts. Call from 12 to 2, State Neckwear Co., 438 Broadway.

Help Wanted.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Schotz Powers Co., 471 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly experienced and responsible; prefer one familiar with piece goods jobbing business, anticipations, trade acceptances, &c., but not absolutely essential; must be accustomed to all office details and be positively accurate, with ability to work without supervision and to take entire charge of office in absence of manager; good, permanent position, with liberal remuneration for right party. Apply at once, 3d floor, Mendelson, care of R. Smith & Co., 103 West 34th St.

OFFICE SALESMAN who can also dictate some sales correspondence, for manufacturers of line of housefurnishing goods; compensation small until value demonstrated; young man preferred; state age, salary desired, with full details of experience and references. O 248 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted (men's neckwear) for New York, New England, and Middle Western States; those with a following only; commission. Apply to Nat Potar & Co., 804 Broadway.

SHIPPING CLERK wanted by an export house, downtown Manhattan, to work temporarily as assistant and later take charge under supervision of department head; applicants asked to state facts concerning education and experience, giving recommendations and all details. Address O 209 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Importing house wants young man as shipping clerk. Apply own handwriting stating experience and salary desired. N 396 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted.

SALESMAN.—Desire line of cotton waists, silk waists, house dresses for Southern territory; established trade; commission. L 75 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday.....6 p. c. for the best names
Thursday.....6 p. c. for the best names

The quotations are for six months' paper.

Corduroy Skirts and Suits.

According to some manufacturers corduroy in suits and in separate skirts has become more popular this Spring than for some time past. In sports skirts it seems to have attracted the most attention, and is actively sought in many sections. For this purpose it is usually preferred in white, though light blue, pink, tan, and very light yellow are also in good demand. Suit manufacturers also are said to have found models in this material big sellers. In this business a number of the dark shades are taken as well as the light colors.

Wash and Silk Skirts Selling.

While business in separate skirts is marking time at the moment, so far as woolen ones are concerned, there is apparently no dearth of demand for wash and silk skirts. In the wash skirts the favored materials so far have been tricotines, cotton garbardines, and piques, while in the silks the best business to date has been done on soft taffetas, foulards, satins, and silk ginghams. In the woolen skirt business passing appear serges, gabardines, poplins, and burella voiles. There is practically no telling the most popular colors, though in the wash skirts white is naturally a big factor. Quite a few of the woolen skirts are pleated, but most of the silk and wash skirts are made plain in this respect. Full and half belts, fancy pockets, and novelty button arrangements are among the trimmings seen.

Soft Collars for Men Popular.

Soft collars for men are in much greater demand this year than last, according to reports from the local trade. There is said also to be considerable popularity developing for colored soft collars. Irregular stripes of several harmonizing colors as well as solid shades are taken. There are some few in figured designs on a white or a very light colored background, but stripes, checks, and solid colors are generally preferred.

Men's Straw Hat Trade.

Straw hat manufacturers report that Spring business this year has been very good, considering the conditions which prevailed when the buying season started. Styles are not very different from last year's offerings, it is said, though in some cases brims are a trifle wider than they were last Summer and the crowns are somewhat lower. Narrow brims and high crowns, however, are still very much in evidence. Rough straws seem to be occupying the centre of the stage just now, though it is thought that when the retail season opens the smooth finished hats will come into their own as they have always done in the past.

Wash Dresses in Demand.

Now that the Easter season is past, it is said that buyers are turning their attention to wash dresses of every description. Ginghams, calicoes and voiles are prominent in this business, and there is said to be every indication that the demand is going to be unusually heavy. Very simple effects are preferred, and the surplice style in all its variations is among the leaders. There are a great many very smart looking fitted and semi-fitted dresses being shown. The colorings in most cases are light, and many bright combinations of colors in stripes and checks are among those which are selling most readily.

Gray Goods Prices Strong.

Buying was rather weak yesterday in the local market for gray goods, but the same could not be said of the prices asked and paid. Business was done on 39-inch 68-72s at 19¼ cents for this month's delivery, and, while many of the mills would not accept this price, the former figure was regarded as the real market. For April, lots of 38½-inch 60-48s, 16 cents was paid. Buyers still are not keen to pay 23 cents for 39-inch 80 squares, but the mills would take nothing less than that for any kind of nearby shipment. Shading on the other coarse goods continued rather quiet, but the former were firm on the bases of 22 cents for 84-square four yards, and 22½ cents for 56-60s of the same weight. Printcloth prices closed this way:

39-inch, 80-80s....23c | 38½-inch, 64-60s..17½c
39-inch, 72-76s....22c | 38½-inch, 60-52s..17½c
39-inch, 68-72s....19½c | 38½-inch, 60-52s..17½c
39-inch, 56-44s....15c | 38½-inch, 60-48s..16c
38½-inch, 64-64s..18c | 27-inch, 64-60s....13c
*Asked.

To Urge Standard Color Card.

Definite steps were taken yesterday, at a meeting held at the Waldorf-Astoria, to bring about the solution of the problem of coordinating colors in the textile fabrics of the women's ready-to-wear industries, as well as among makers of shoes, gloves, hosiery, &c. Representatives of all these industries were present. The chief decision of the meeting was to have representatives of these trade on the Color Committee of the Textile Color Card Association, Inc. Frederick Bode, who presided, read from a pamphlet which will soon be sent to 10,000 prominent retailers throughout the country urging upon them the advisability of using a standard color card. This plan met the unanimous approval of those present.

Glass Trade Active.

Manufacturers of glassware with offices in this city report that the Spring trade in this market is fairly active. Household glassware is being taken in liberal quantities by buyers from many parts of the country, though local retailers continue to pursue a policy of ordering their requirements more or less from week to week. The supply of heavy tumblers and glass jars on hand for immediate delivery, however, is very limited, and few factories are yet in a position to promise deliveries in these lines for nearer than five or six months from now. Cut glass is in good demand and blank shapes are also well taken.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AMARILLO, Texas—Jarett Fashion Shop; M. Jarett, skirts, waists, dresses; 1,139 B'way.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; G. V. Echort, notions; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—A. Whitehill, men's furn. goods, hats; Herald Square.
BALTIMORE—Hutzler Bros.; F. D. Cerf, shoes; Breslin.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Caheen Bros.; J. Caheen, ready-to-wear; 1,150 Broadway.
BOSTON—Morgan & Owen; Miss A. Morgan, millinery; Bretton Hall.
BOSTON—M. Cohn, mfrs. dresses; Brostell.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; H. S. Manchester, ready-to-wear; 1,107 Broadway.
CHICAGO—Baer, Hecht Co.; J. Hecht, mfrs. clothing; 37 W. 20th.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; C. M. Morgan, corsets, waists, raincoats; 115 5th Av.
COLUMBUS—Bornheim & Cohen; C. Cohen, L. Bornheim, jobs suits, dresses, coats, waists; 7th floor, 1,140 Broadway.
DENVER, Col.—May Co.; W. J. Mead, men's clothing; 37 W. 20th; Woodward.
DES MOINES, Ia.—"Carley's"; Mrs. Carley, sport skirts, jobs silk waists; 15 East 20th.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; J. McConnal, corsets, muslin underwear, negligees, ribbons, vellings, hdkfs., basement; 354 4th Av.
EVANSVILLE—Fowler, Dick & Walker; J. R. Duncan, dry goods, notions, furn. goods, ready-to-wear; 212 5th Av.; Grand.
GRIFFIN, Ga.—Blakely & Ellis; B. R. Blakely, M. J. Daniel, carpets, furniture; Collingwood.
HORNELL, N. Y.—Tuttle, Rockwell Co.; C. N. Gardner, clothing; Breslin.
LONG BEACH, Cal.—The Fair Cloak and Suit House; S. Spence, petticoats, children's dresses; 16 East 20th.
LOS ANGELES—Broadway Dept. Store; A. K. Keller, jobs cloaks, suits, dresses, skirts, shirtwaists, inserrent; 95 Madison Av.
LOS ANGELES, Cal.—A. Lettis; A. K. Keller, cloaks, suits, dresses, skirts, shirtwaists; 95 Madison Av.; Breslin.
LYNCHBURG, Va.—J. L. Millner Co.; B. K. Merryman, ready-to-wear; 1,150 Broadway.
MILWAUKEE, Wis.—E. Schuster & Co.; H. Greenblatt, mdse. mgr.; 404 4th Av.
NEW ORLEANS—Economy Co.; Mrs. A. Bloom, jobs cloaks, suits; 1,150 Broadway.
PHILADELPHIA—I. Stern & Sons; H. Stern, artificial flowers, feathers; Strand.
PITTSBURGH—M. A. Berman & Co.; L. Berman, wholesale men's furn. goods, notions, leather goods, mfrs. gloves; Herald Square.
PITTSBURGH—A. Smith, men's furn. goods; Grand.
PITTSBURGH—A. L. Rawlins Co.; A. L. Rawlins, housefurn. goods; Herald Square.
PORTLAND, Me.—Eastman Bros. & Bancroft; H. B. Eastman, general mdse.; 1,270 Broadway.
SACRAMENTO, Cal.—Weinstock, Lubin & Co.; S. J. Lubin representing; 220 5th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—Hale Bros.; Mrs. I. Aus-tin, Union Square.
SEATTLE.—MacDougall & Southwick Co.; C. C. Carpenter, gen. mgr.; 28 E. 26th; Woodward.
SPOKANE—Culbertson, Grote, Rankin Co.; W. H. Gray, ready-to-wear; 116 West 32d.
ST. JOSEPH—R. L. McDonald Mfg. Co.; G. A. Trenholm, mfrs. shirts, pants, overalls; Manhattan.
ST. LOUIS—Sonenfield Millinery Co.; L. C. Ackerman, cloaks, millinery; 864 5th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; E. Hirsch, millinery; 37 W. 26th.
TOLEDO, O.—Tiedtke Bros. Co.; S. P. Brown, mdse. mgr.; 72 Madison Av.; Brostell.
VICKSBURG, Miss.—Valley D. G. Co.; W. W. Leyens, furn. goods; 105 Grand.
WILLIAMSPORT, Penn.—F. H. Patchen Co.; F. H. Patchen, domestics, linens, white, wash goods, blankets, men's furn. goods; Wallick.
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—Strouss, Hirshberg Co.; H. Goldstein, bargain basement; 353 4th Av.; Park Avenue.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

GEORGE W. BREWSTER, a policeman of 1,377 Washington Avenue, Bronx, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $4,263 and assets of $250, consisting of cash, $5, and accounts, $237. Among his creditors are John Nagle, Jr., $2,000, secured; Andrew Neuschaefer, $882; Mary F. Mulcahey and others, $974, and Mary E. Lyons, $288.

MENZIES PUBLISHING COMPANY, book publishers at 110 East Twenty-third Street, have filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $3,858 and assets of $4,313, consisting of plant, $4,313; office furniture, $156; copyright of the "Call of the Bells," $1,141, and accounts, $77. Among the creditors are the American Book Bindery, $3,459, and Brown Brothers, $409.

HENRY STONE of 800 East 175th Street has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $443 and no assets.

FRANK MEANY COMPANY, printers, of 216 West Eighteenth Street, have filed schedules showing liabilities of $42,431 and assets of $35,993, consisting of plant and materials, $22,000, and accounts, $11,493. Among the creditors are Whiting, Paterson Company, $4,667; Charles Enu Johnson & Co., $3,687, and Frank Leahy, $12,396.

MINNIE FICLER, dealer in dry goods, at 1,144 First Avenue, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $4,788 and assets of $2,500, realized from sale by the assignee.

JOSEPH HERLOWITZ, dealer in clothing at 126 Hester Street, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $1,929 and assets of $411, realized from sale by the assignee.

ERNESTINE WEINBERG, dealer in women's wear at 3,488 Broadway, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $5,771 and assets of $1,093, realized from sale by assignee.

ROSE WINDSOR, manufacturer of gowns at 7 West Thirtieth Street, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $18,074 and assets of $16,188, consisting of stock, $7,614; machinery, $3,102; accounts, $5,275; deposit on lease, $143, and cash, $55. Among the creditors are the Chatham and Phenix National Bank, $5,100, and Edward E. Atwater, Poughkeepsie, $2,900.

MICHAEL SUSSMAN, dealer in paints, hardware, and house furnishing goods at 163 Sherman Avenue, has made an assignment to Harry I. Stein.

Weekly Failure Report.

Bradstreet's reports 167 business failures in the United States during the week, against 183 for the previous week and 214, 270, 372, and 309 for the corresponding weeks of 1917 to 1914. The Middle States had 88, New England 55, Southern 17, Western 51, Northwestern 12, and Far Western 14. Canada had 12, against 24 for the preceding week. About 91 per cent. of the failures had less than $5,000 capital, and 7 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

Out of Town.

UTICA, N. Y., April 5.—John Anderson, Jr., a lumberman of the town of Essex County, filed a petition in bankruptcy in the United States Court today, with liabilities of $287,042, and assets of $194,044. The bankrupt is well known in the northern part of the State as a lumberman, and his hotel properties include Mountain View Hotel, Lake Harris Hotel, and Wayside Inn. He is heavily interested in the Moose Pond Club.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.
Amounts of $100 and over.

Axtell, Silas B.—Morris Plan Co. of N. Y.....$111.70
Adams, Cushing—A. H. Colcord.....666.50
Benedict, Julian—M. P. Altman.....521.41
Burns, Zenas—I. MacLean.....515.20
Berger, Harry A.—A. Humphries.....809.78
Cronin, James F.—Cornell Sheehan, John W. Lynch, and Eleanor A. Freaney—Morris Plan Co. of N. Y.. 217.50
Callan, Harold A.—C. Helborn.....229.65
Celia, Paulmyra, and Linda Ferrero—S. May.....225.20
Cerrato, Michel—A. Manfredonio.....1,052.50
Crystal, Hyman S.—Cosmopolitan Bank.525.00
Same—Same.....1,035.72
Cohen, Mary—I. Rothkowitz et al.....109.21
Cross, Joseph W., Conrad Herzog, and Mary Falcone—Morris Plan Co. of N. Y.119.90
City of N. Y., Well et al.....114.38
Compagnie Francaise de Navigation a Vapeur de Cyrpien Fabre et Compagnie —N. Esposito.....106.30
Dunn, Wm., et al.—Morris Plan Co. of N. Y.....118.90
Dwyer, Henry J., et al.—Same.....113.70
Empire State Sightseeing and Trucking Co.—W. Wagner.....261.95
Ebert, Wm. F., et al.—Morris Plan Co. of N. Y.....114.90
Empire State Sightseeing and Trucking Co.—T. J. Kelly.....141.67
Fire Assn. of Philadelphia—E. B. Jenks.....2,874.44
Forward Assn.—L. Sanders.....$0,300.93
Fay, Wm. D.—E. Bernays.....102.77
Fox, Michael J., et al.—Morris Plan Co. of N. Y.....320.00
Falk, Louis A.; Arthur Makinson, Louis R. Jaffe, and Rebecca Falk—Morris Plan Co. of N. Y.....165.00
Friedman, Nathan or Nat—L. D. Newman.....489.41
Garfinkel, Benjamin, and Jacob Froelich —M. Jacobs.....594.62
Gozzi, Egidio—Lagomarsino Wire Co....561.18
Grand Terrace Const. Co.—Lawyers Title and Trust Co.....151.15
Hill, John R.—Dale Lighting Fixture Co.....1,470.22
Halsey, John K.—E. C. Halsey.....1,851.12
Hanrathy, Margaret M., admx.—Gimbel Brothers, Inc.....599.25
Husarek, Mary—Childs Co., costs.....118.28
Hartman, Richard C.—Hecht & Co....850.28
Hubbard, Robert J.—Scranton and Wyoming Coal Co., costs.....109.09
Jones, Evans M.—F. F. Gearn.....259.96
Inter-Ocean Marine Navigation Corp.—Fred Smith.....249.80
Kurth, Ernest—T. Minzer.....681.91
Knowles, Horace G.—Stern Bros.....639.51
Kleinberg, Tobe—E. T. Conry.....599.64
Mintz, Sarah—Farmers' Loan and Trust Co.....1,875.57
Killilea, Thomas R.—Charles Advertising Service.....248.27
Malisky, Mabel—McGraw Realty Co., costs.....109.09
Kearns, Annie—A. Finch.....1,732.88
Layson, Conrad S.—E. T. Smith et al.....131.90
Lavino, Alphonso—Southern Pacific Co.111.45
Lowe, John M.—A. H. Harrigan.....114.70
Leipert, John M.—D. J. Early et al.....328.70
Muller, Joseph; May Pflug, and Mary Pflug.....113.90
Mellman—Morris Plan Co. of N. Y.....113.90
Merker, Claude G.—Weber & Heilbroner.113.90
Metal Shelter Co.—C. H. Gallo.....321.70
Moore, David V.—Seeman Bros.....141.31
Quinn, Thomas M., and Walter E. Whitcomb—Morris Plan Co. of N. Y.....112.80
Rosenblum, Joseph—L. Broadwin et al...246.15
Reich, Lena and Jennie—Title Guarantee and Trust Co. et al.....3,762.64
Rodriquez, Alf. M.—O. K. Harry Steel Co.....382.92
Rosenstein, Isaac L., and Edward Cohen—Morris Plan Co. of N. Y.....112.80
Rubin, Jacob—William J. Burns International Detective Agency, costs..157.38
Riemer, Louis; Amos H. Spalding, Pauline Thomas, and Frederick D. Skinner—I. Dan.....331.55
Sullivan, Catherine—G. A. Harbauer.109.09
Sperlazza, Luigi—United Cigar Stores Co., costs.....108.95
Schmidt, Peter P.—T. O. de Ferradanes.757.83
Tucker, Speyers & Co.—Charter Const. Co., costs.....150.90
Windsor Land and Improvement Co.; Rockville Centre Terrace Co., Martin Joseph, and Isidor Rosenheck—W. Easterlein.....1,760.14
Weiss, Nathan—Morris Plan Co. of N. Y.....112.70
Wall, Roth Drug Co.—Philip A. Born Co.....847.68
Weisburst, Jacob—B. Ershowsky.....146.82

In Bronx County.

Cohen, Nathan—I. Weinbub.....$170.40
Charles T. Streeter Const. Co.—135 Broadway Holding Corp.....48.03
Same—same.....128.22
Fershing et al.....67.72
Prakin, Max—M. Prakin.....74.78
Tietjen, Henry—Stewart Distilling Co..140.50

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor and the date when the judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Musical Instrument Sales Co.—O. A. Gressing, April 1, 1918.....$2,717.12
Feldstein, Joseph—F. Goldberg, March 29, 1918.....1,211.69
Lajotte, Albert—M. Lajotte, March 8, 1918.....132.44
Batt, Jack; Isaac Davis, and Reuben Batt—Morris Plan Co. of N. Y., April 2, 1918.....113.90
Aeon Realty Co. and Lorne A. Scott—A. D. Creveling, Dec. 8, 1916.....1,121.80

In Bronx County.

Cooper, Herbert—P. Kemarovsky, Oct. 2, 1917.....$1,082.22
Esposito Realty Co., Inc., Alfonson Esposito, and Teresa Esposito—A. Anzalone, Feb. 28, 1916.....114.53

SUMMONSES.

COUNTY COURT KINGS COUNTY.—PHILIP DE ROND, Plaintiff against ISABELLA C. ERICKSON, PETER S. SMITH and WELDINA SMITH, his wife, defendants.

To the above-named defendants and each of them:

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney, within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated February 1, 1918.
PERCY MOELLER,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Office and P. O. Address, 26 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

To PETER S. SMITH and WELDINA SMITH:—

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Norman S. Dike, County Judge of Kings County, dated the 18th day of March, 1918, and filed on the 19th day of March, 1918, with a copy of the complaint, in the office of the Clerk of the County of Kings, Borough Hall, in the Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, County of Kings, State of New York, in the original complaint having been filed in said office on the 19th day of February, 1918.

(Signed) PERCY MOELLER.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 25631.

Notice is given that SAMUEL SHERMAN and HARRY W. MOND, doing business under the firm name of SHERMAN & MOND, Alleged bankrupts, have applied for a discharge from all their debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court, in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, April 15, 1918, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

COMMODITIES PRICES.

Week's Fluctuations Again Showed Excess of Advances.

While the fluctuations in Dun's list of wholesale commodities prices were more numerous this week than for some time, and while there was the excess of advances that has marked the list recently, the difference between the number of advances and declines was smaller than that shown last week. In the foodstuffs the chief interest laid in the contrast between dairy products prices and those asked for the major provisions at Chicago.

The following list gives the minimum wholesale prices quoted on forty-one standard commodities this week at this city, unless otherwise specified. They are corrected to yesterday, and with them are given comparative prices for last week and the corresponding week a year ago:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Year Ago.
Beans, mar., ch., 100 lbs.	$15.00	$15.00	$18.00
Coffee, No. 7 Rio, lb...	.09¼	.09¼	.09½
Coffee, Santos, No. 4, lb.	.11¼	.11¼	.09⅞
Stand. brown sheet., yd	.26½	.26	.12
Printcloths, 38½-in., 64	.17¾	.17	.08
Butter, creamery, ex... lb.	.41	.41⅜	.44
Cheese, f.c., held, sp., lb	.24½	.24½	.27
Eggs, West. lots, doz...	.33½	.37½	.33½
Apples, ev., ch., lb.....	.15½	.15½	.10
Peaches, Cal., dried, lb	.11¾	.11¾	.09¾
Prunes, 30-40 Cal., lb...	.14½	.14½	.11
Raisins, lb.....	.10¼	.10¼	..
Flour, Spg., 196 lbs....	†10.75	†10.75	..
Wheat, No. 2 red, bush	2.25	2.25	2.29½
Corn, bush.....	2.02½	1.97¼	1.41½
Oats, No. 3 white, bush	1.05	1.07½	.77⅞
Hay, pr. tim., 100 lbs..	1.60	1.60	1.15
Hides, Chi., pk., No. 1, lb	.24	.24	.29
Hides, Chi., cows, na., lb	.22	.22	.29
Leather, hem. sole, lb...	.43	.43	..
Leather, union bks., lb.	.50	.50	..
Iron, pig F. No. 2, Phil., ton	34.25	40.00	
Steel billets, Pitts., ton.	47.50	47.50	70.00
Copper, Lake, N. Y., lb	.23½	.23½	.34
Copper, Elec., N. Y., lb	.23½	.23½	.34
Lead, N. Y., lb.....	.07¼	.07¼	.09½
Tin, N. Y., lb.....	*..	*..	.54¾
Petroleum, ref. gal. in bbl	.16	.16	.12
Beef, live, Chi., 100 lbs.	10.10	9.80	9.25
Hogs, live, Chi., 100 lbs.	17.40	16.75	15.35
Sheep, live, Chi., 100 lbs.	12.25	11.50	10.40
Lard, pr. st., Chi., 100 lbs.	28.20	28.50	20.85
Short ribs, loose, 100 lbs.	23.42	23.87	18.60
Mess pork, Chi., bbl....	51.00	50.50	34.50
Tallow, city.....	.09¼	.09¼	.05¾
Rubber, Up-Riv. Para, lb	.61	.61	.76
Sugar, fine gran., 100 lbs	7.45	7.45	7.25
Tea, Formosa, fair, lb.	.28	.28	.20
Tea, Japan, low, lb.....	.24	.18	.18
Potatoes, 100 lbs. in.....	2.00	2.00	4.45
Wool, av. 100, Phila., lb	.754	.754	.379

*Nominal. †Government basis.

The foodstuffs part of the list showed

Kew Gardens Apartments

At the High Point of Long Island
16 Minutes from Heart of Manhattan

The most beautiful apartment house yet erected outside of Manhattan.

A four story mansion set in the spacious grounds of a gentleman's country estate.

All outside rooms. Interior fire stairs, no outside fire escapes. Elevator; all night hall service.

Each apartment in a separate wing, planned to afford every advantage of a country home with apartment service.

All tile baths with tiled-in fixtures; white, sanitary kitchens. Recessed radiators.

Four to seven rooms, one to three baths, pantries, etc.

Floor Plans submitted upon application

Edgeworth Smith
Renting Agent

One West 34th St., N.Y.C. Phone Greeley 5250

Office at Kew Gardens Phone Richmond Hill 1713

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

RENT UNFURNISHED $2500

New Elizabethan house of 12 rooms and 3 baths, 2 extra lavatories. Living room panelled with quartered oak, sleeping porch, garage, vegetable and flower gardens. Convenient to clubs, bathing, etc. 5 minutes to Stamford Station. F. L. Field, 18 East 41st St.

SPECIALISTS IN WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT PROPERTIES. INSURANCE.

Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

For Rent Furnished

Spuyten Duyvil-on-Hudson

Attractive 14-room house, with fine river view; artistically furnished, with 2½ acres grounds, beautifully planted with shade and fruit trees, shrubs, garden. Large garage and stable. Rent season $2,000. Seen by appointment. Northern Realty Company, 43 Cedar Street. Tel. John 4178.

A BEAUTIFUL NEW HOME

(38 Minutes from Grand Central.)

Near Country Club at Mount Vernon. Stucco, English style house, just completed. Fine lot, with trees. Eight rooms; extra bath and lavatory. Hardwood floors throughout. White woodwork. Tiled kitchen. Immediate occupancy. Rent $1,500. Price $13,000.

Anderson Realty Co. near New Haven Sta., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

COLONIAL HEIGHTS

For sale, almost new tapestry brick cottage; 10 rooms, 2 baths; many attractive features; lot 100x100; some good trees; all improvements on street, including gas and sewer; price $12,250 for quick sale; $14,000; little cash required. L. H. Tasker, owner, Tribune Bldg., N. Y. Beekman 4500.

The Most Complete List

best country homes, farms, estates, at the right prices, for sale or rent, furnished and unfurnished—White Plains, Scarsdale, Mt. Kisco, Bedford, Poundridge and vicinity.

WM. E. MORRELL, INC.,

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y. 'PHONE 1280

SPECIAL—Just Offered for Sale at

PELHAMWOOD

8 large rooms, 2 master baths, steam heat, oak floors & trim, big fireplace, garage, close to two railroad stations—for $9,800.

H. M. OLCOTT 51 East 42d St., New York Tel. Murray Hill 2326.

AT LARCHMONT

8 rooms, hot water heat; high ground, Sound view; old shade trees and shrubs. Owner leaving city. Must sell at once. Price $8000.

H. M. OLCOTT 51 East 42nd St., New York. Tel. Murray Hill 2326.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

AT FREEPORT L.I.

HOUSES & BUNGALOWS FOR SALE

8 to 16 Rooms. $2,500 to $12,000. Easy Terms. Send for List 15.

JOHN J. RANDALL CO., 47 W. 34th St., N. Y. Phone Greeley 3225.

$35 MONTHLY

Elegant California Bungalow, 8 rooms, bath, living room with open fireplace, paneled dining room, steam heat, gas, very large verandahs, screens, 8 shades, artistic decorations; 5 minutes' walk of station, select location. A. B. McCord, Bellmore, L. I.

Waterfront Bungalows

5 rooms, bath, all improvements, boating, bathing, and fishing; all-year home; plot 4,000 square feet of excellent soil; only $200 in cash needed. Address Estate, 243 West 34th St. Open evenings until 7.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SALE OR LEASE.

LEONIA, N. J.

Modern 8-room house, all conveniences. Half hour Manhattan. Owner leaving town. Phone Leonia 817-R, or write 149 Prospect, Leonia.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

BERKSHIRES

50 acre farm, 6 room house, 600 feet on 5 acre lake, $5,000. 150 acre farm, complete, less than $50 per acre; other properties. ARCHER, 10 East 43d St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

41 Park Row

and

147 Nassau Street

A corner office in this modern sixteen-story office building has unexpectedly come into our hands for rent. If in need of office room, it is worth your immediate inspection.

Apply on the premises to

B. A. TREDWELL, Agent.

299 Madison Av.

A few desirable

OFFICES

to be had from May 1st.

Also an Entire Floor; all very light; rent reasonable.

J. Romaine Brown Co.

ON PREMISES. Murray Hill 1481.

6th AVE. STORE 25 x 60

Near 49th St., Double Show Windows. Suitable for Men's Furnishings, Dry Goods, Ladies' Wear, Restaurant, etc. Basement included. 25x80, light front and rear.

J. EDGAR LEAYCRAFT & CO., 30 East 42nd St.

CORNER STORE, 20x65 Light Show Windows. 3d Av. at 57 St. N. E. Cor. Bank & Of. Bldg.

SUITABLE Barber, Restaurant, Clothing, Shoes, Retail Store. Splendid, busy section; crowds passing all hours. Premises or

F. E. Sturgis, 14 Wall St. Tel. Rector 8575

CORNER STORE, B'way, Nr. 57th St. Splendid Location for High Class Store or Show Rooms

James A. Dowd, 874 Sixth Avenue. Circle 33.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

THE ROCKINGHAM

216 West 56th St.,
S. E. Cor. Broadway & 56th St.
Sunny Corner Apartment
8 Large Rooms.....$1,600
7 Room Apts...$900-$1,300

Apply to Supt., on Premises, or

JAMES A. DOWD, 874 6th Ave. Circle 33.

ABERNETHY

540 West 189th St.

4 rooms, corner apartment, new building, all modern conveniences, $46.00. Apply on premises.

BROOKLYN.

OPPOSITE BEDFORD PARK

Beautiful large corner apartment, Kingston Ave. and Park Place, 8 rooms, doctor's suite with separate office entrance, rented $75, four families in house; other desirable apartments, 7 rooms. Rental $45. Apply to Supt., 220 Kingston Ave., or to undersigned.

Kings & Westchester Land Co.
350 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

QUEENS.

Jackson Heights

only 19 minutes from Grand Central Station via Queensboro Subway.

Garden Apartments

Have Parked Street Fronts and Large Parks, 45 ft. x 100 ft., in rear of Buildings.

60 New Apartments Ready for Occupancy May 1st

Reservations Now Being Made.

3 & 4 Rooms & Bath $30 to $50

6 Rooms, 2 Baths, $61 to $64

At Jackson Heights you will find Bowling Alleys, Basket Ball and Tennis Courts, Playgrounds, etc.

TAKE THE SUBWAY and transfer at Grand Central Station to Queensboro Subway, direct to 25th St. Station. (Free Transfers.) Time 20 Minutes.

Booklet, etc., on request.

THE

Queensboro Corporation

Renting Office at Jackson Heights. Opposite 25th St. Subway Station.

Telephone Newtown 708.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

166 West 72nd St.

An Apartment of FOUR ROOMS, all outside, consisting of large living room, 24x15.6; bedroom, 18.6x13.6; also dining room; tiled kitchen, with ice refrigerator, and particularly fine bathroom, with alcove shower and needle bath; if two bedrooms are required the living room can be utilized as a combination dining and living room; this apartment is sumptuously furnished, and will be leased for Summer at $200 per month; maid service will be supplied if desired.

APPLY TO MANAGER, ON PREMISES. Telephone 7640—Columbus.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Manhattan.

PRIVATE HOUSE FOR RENT.

2,013 Lexington Av., at 122d St.; attractive 3 story and basement; 10 rooms, bath; near new Lexington Av. subway express station; good neighborhood; vacancy discount; tenant left for service; yearly lease, $14 per week. Apply premises or F. E. Sturgis, 14 Wall St. Tel. 8575 Rector.

Complete furnished private house; 14 rooms, kitchenettes, and six baths; all rented and earning an income of $300 monthly; long lease; rent, $125 monthly; sacrifice for $1,000; easy terms; will rent furnished. 351 West 71st St. Phone Columbus 5844. McCabe.

321 WEST 139TH STREET. Near Edgecombe Avenue.

10 rooms and bath, in perfect order. J. Romaine Brown Co., 299 Madison Av. Tel. 1481 Murray Hill.

For rent to respectable family, house on 148th St., near Riverside Drive; rent, $80 per month; newly renovated; tiled bath room; new chandeliers. Owner living at 612.

Bargain.—Near Broadway subway station, nice apartment house, 3 and 4 room apartments; rent $8,000; price $45,000; elegant payer. H. T. Wood, 220 Broadway.

Sacrifice, completely furnished modern residence; 13 rooms, 4 baths, American basement; well heated; excellent condition; owner. River 4517.

FOR RENT.

25-room house, near Central Park. Address Merchant, B 281 Times Downtown.

Attractive 3-story high stoop brownstone dwelling; 67 East 124th St., near Madison Av.; rent only $65 monthly.

Large private house, near Central Park West. Address Zora, A 221 Times Downtown.

Brooklyn.

FOR SALE,
COMFORTABLE HOME
AMID IDEAL SURROUNDINGS.

Bensonhurst section of Brooklyn; house with wide porches; 12 rooms, 3 baths; stands in well-shaded plot, 128x200; garage for two cars on premises; must be seen to be appreciated. For further particulars and terms apply to E. H. Madison, P. O. Box 1977, New York.

Will sacrifice house; all modern improvements; 11 rooms, 2 baths, garage for 2 cars, furnished or unfurnished; on plot 50x100. Apply on premises, 240 Westminster Road, Flatbush, Brooklyn, near Beverly Road, Flatbush, Brooklyn. Telephone 1094 Flatbush.

Queens.

Richmond Hill; principal cross street, asphalted; near Jamaica Av. "L" and L. I. R. R. stations; two-family detached; easily converted into store property; 5c. fare to Manhattan; good investment; $5,000; 286 Johnson (Church) Av.

New seven rooms, all improvements, Queens; $440. Owner. Telephone Hollis 0283.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Westchester.

Mount Vernon.—Owner will sell beautiful new stucco and granite dwelling of 8 rooms and 3 baths, plot 50x190, situated in the finest restricted residential section of Mount Vernon; stucco garage for two cars; house has every modern improvement, and within a few minutes of New Haven Railroad and Westchester trains; price $11,000; principals only. Edward Crone, 26 East 22d St., city, store. Telephone Gramercy 529.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.

Attractive house, and grounds suitable for garden, excellent residential neighborhood, near the Sound and Hudson Park, about five minutes from station; eight rooms, all improvements, except electricity; rent very reasonable to suitable tenant. Apply to Franklin M. Clark, 27 Cedar St., N. Y. City.

For Sale—Modern 7-room cottage in woods of Larchmont; plot 50x123; beautiful view; must be seen to be appreciated; price $5,900, easy terms. Box 410, New Rochelle, N. Y.

Long Island.

Can give immediate possession of new 9-room Hy-tex brick house situated on plot 145x100 on the north shore of Long Island, 33 minutes on the expresses and 50 on the local trains from the Pennsylvania Station; house contains living room with Hy-tex fireplace, spacious hall, dining room with quarry tile floor, kitchen with combination coal and gas range, butler's pantry, inclosed porch with concrete floor, 3 sleeping rooms, 2 baths, one extra lavatory, attic, laundry in basement; fireproof 2-car garage under inclosed porch; house is steam-heated, connected with gas and electricity, telephone installed; 10 large trees on plot; water privileges for bathing and yachting; churches, excellent schools, 3 yacht clubs, 2 golf links, and tennis courts adjacent; all for $18,500, $2,500 down, balance easy. Telephone, call, or write C. E. Tuxill, 47 West 34th St. Telephone Greeley 6897. On Saturday afternoon and Sunday telephone Port Washington 206.

Just completed, ideal new 7-room house, on plot 40x100; very high ground; beautiful view; several trees on premises; North Shore, Long Island, 23 minutes from Pennsylvania Station; 4 minutes' walk from station; Hy-tex brick fireplace, parquet floors, hardwood finish, beamed ceilings, paneled walls, extra breakfast room with built-in Dutch table and benches; exceptional kitchen facilities; steam heat; tiled bath; large clothes presses and linen closet; open attic; small cash payment down and $45 a month; telephone, call, or write at once. Bayside Homes Co., Inc., 47 West 34th St., New York City. Telephone Greeley 6896.

Amityville.—Six-room cottage, furnished, garage and boathouse, with salt water front, for sale at big bargain to settle estate; all improvements, lawn, garden, hedges and boat landing; ¾ mile from station. J. P. Paret, 71 Broad St., New York.

AN OPPORTUNITY.

Woodmere, L. I., splendid little house; nine rooms, two baths; two minutes from station, at a bargain. Address S. H. Spear, 449 West 42d St.

FOREST HILLS, L. I.

Dwelling; 24 Gown St.; all conveniences; good condition; owner will lease for one year, privilege of renewal, very reasonable if taken quickly.

At Flushing.—12-room house, electric lights, &c.; large plot; $12,000 proposition; $7,500 if sold before April 1st. Particulars, Box 103, Flushing, N. Y.

Eight-room house, 50x138, bath, in best section; worth $9,000; $7,500 quick sale. Particulars, Box 103, Flushing. Phone 1981 Flushing.

For sale or rent, modern 11-room house, 2 baths, garage. Inquire at 14 Ash St., Flushing, L. I. Tel. 627-J.

New York State.

Handsomely furnished city and country combined home for the Summer or will sell at great bargain, furnished or unfurnished; eleven-room house, all improvements, large barn, tennis court, garden, fruit, fine lawn, shade, over an acre fronting on two avenues; Hill Top House, 50 Horton Av., (Orange County,) Middletown, N. Y.

FOR SALE—MY NEW MODERN COUNTRY HOME, NEAR SPRING VALLEY, N. Y., ON STATE ROAD; HIGH ELEVATION; 7 ROOMS WITH ATTIC; CITY WATER, ELECTRICITY, OPEN PLUMBING, HOT WATER HEATING SYSTEM; 5 ACRES; PARK WOODLAND. W. ELSON, 12 WEST 18TH ST. CHELSEA 6477.

Lake Champlain.—For sale or rent, cottage, six rooms, furnished; south of Essex; great scenic beauty; ideal location; 1¼ acres land; beach; $2,500. E. W. Leaning, 58 N. Pearl St., Albany, N. Y.

New Jersey.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $300 and small monthly payments less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 7 1-8c. commutation fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, bedroom in white enamel; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures; near schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 50 Maiden Lane. PHONE ME NOW John 5047.

ALL-YEAR 12-room house and improvements; 5 acres; garage, stable and other outbuildings; on Lackawanna, near Madison; reasonable. Address Owner, Room 710, 19 Liberty St., or telephone John 461, from 10 to 12 A. M.

Sacrifice, $5,500, easy terms, my home; 6 fine rooms, bath; up to date; plot 40x175 feet; Glen Ridge; 25 minutes on train to N. Y.; golf, country club nearby; restricted neighborhood. Owner, 41 Park Row, N. Y., Room 804. Tel. 6014 Cortlandt.

EAST ORANGE, N. J.

12-room residence, large grounds, stable and garage; owner will rent or sell at sacrifice. Call at Room 609, 115 Broadway. Phone Rector 5864; brokers protected.

Montclair.—Convenient house for rent; 6 bedrooms, 3 baths, living room, dining room, kitchen, pantry; hardwood trim; open fireplaces; hot water heat, gas, electricity; fine garden; owner leaving town. L 49 Times.

Attractive home in picturesque setting for rent ($100) about May 15th; 10 rooms, two baths; acre ground, garage; would sell very reasonable. Chatham, N. J. Phone 643. Address P. O. Box 397.

At Mountain Station, South Orange.—Two houses, 10 rooms each; all improvements; $8,500; rent $60. S. Thompson, 257 4th Av., New York. Telephone 3163 Gramercy.

Connecticut.

For Sale.—House, ten rooms, two baths; studio cottage on place, five rooms and bath; one-acre lot in gardens and terraces; on water. Address Mrs. Katherine Hicks, 184 East Av., Norwalk, Conn.

Miscellaneous.

CALIFORNIA BUNGALOW.

ALL IMPROVEMENTS ON CORNER PLOT, SEVEN ROOMS, BATH, SHOWER, LAUNDRY, HOT WATER HEAT, GARAGE; TWO BLOCKS FROM BATHING BEACH; 40 MINUTES FROM PENN. STATION; PRICE $6,000. C. M. VAN TASSELL, BALDWIN, LONG ISLAND.

House, Spanish Mission architecture, parklike surroundings, 4 baths; $125 a month; also one with sleeping porch and 2 baths and garage; $60 a month. X 371 Times Annex.

COUNTRY PLACES FOR RENT.

New Jersey.

New, eight rooms, bath, verandas, lawn, gardens; every convenience; Greenwood Lake. Apply Dr. Slade, 245 West 74th St.

Miscellaneous.

Ideal suburban homes to rent, furnished or unfurnished, Conn., Long Island, Larchmont. Hygrade Renting Co., Aeolian Bldg., 33 West 42d St. Phone Vanderbilt 5243.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

Richmond.

Modern cottages, all improvements; fine neighborhood; at Clifton, 40 minutes from the Battery. Talbot Root, 52 Broadway, N. Y. City.

Long Island.

Brightwaters, Lake Section, L. I., near Great South Bay; boating, bathing, fishing; splendidly furnished 8-room cottage; large inclosed veranda, screened; acre ground; garden, trees, &c. T 150 Times.

Southold, L. I.—Modern ten-room house, near water, station. Mrs. Benjamin Prince.

Connecticut.

On the water at Sound Beach, Conn., artistic house, 11 rooms, 2 baths, garage, and cottage, one-half acre ground; good boat landing; fifty minutes from Grand Central Station. M. C. Van Buren, 75 East 81st St. Tel. 8955 Lenox.

Massachusetts.

To rent in the Berkshire Hills, from July to October, new eight-room house, completely furnished, located in select residential section Pittsfield, Mass.; elderly couple preferred; references exchanged. Address X 287 Times Annex.

HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Long Island.

FLUSHING.—For rent, furnished, modern 11 room house; sun parlor, 3 baths; garage, grounds; excellent location; May-October. Phone Flushing 2209.

Two stucco houses, 10 and 15 rooms each; all improvements. Inquire 1908 Jerome Av., Sheepshead Bay.

New Jersey.

To rent, furnished, for Summer, house, at Montclair, N. J.; convenient to station; six family bedrooms, four bathrooms, sleeping porch, inclosed veranda; lawns, trees, small garden, planted; gardener; terms $200 per month; references exchanged. X 371 Times Annex.

HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Manhattan.

94TH ST., BROADWAY, WEST END. Small modern house; attractively furnished; desirable; sublet April-October; see by appointment only. Phone Far Rockaway 1273, or write X 365 Times Annex.

Miscellaneous.

SAKONNET POINT, R. I.
To Let—By Month or season—
Furnished Cottages,
Various Sizes and Prices.
Apply Joseph S. Norris,
Watch House, Little Compton, R. I.

FOR RENT,

Furnished cottage in the Berkshires. Boating, bathing, fishing. Terms, $300 for the season.

Lakewood, 723 DeGraw Av., Newark, N. J.

Unfurnished Houses Wanted.

To rent, Greenwich, Conn., or Port Chester, N. Y., furnished or unfurnished, thoroughly modern, desirable locality, four masters' bedrooms, one or more years, possession May 1. Address E., 91 Nassau St., N. Y. Telephone Cortlandt 8844.

Not more than hour from city; improvements; some acreage; walking distance from station; preferably near water; write full particulars, price, &c. Burger, Woolworth Building.

8-9-ROOM HOUSE wanted in suburb; rent $40; convenient up and down town. Toth, 1,270 2d Av.

REAL ESTATE.

Attention—Hudson River, 32-acre estate, $25,000; Westchester County estate, 128 acres, $55,000; both big bargains; particulars of Ernest Tribelhorn, 308 West 97th.

Ideal estates, $5,000 to $50,000, which cost $7,000 to $100,000; terms or trade; limousine service. Donnell-Holmes, 43 Cedar. Tel. John 5928.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Real estate for sale, Brooklyn; one of the most desirable factory corner sites in Greenpoint section; 100x200 feet; within three blocks New York State barge canal and five minutes' drive to thirteen railroads and piers; surrounded by laboring neighborhood; at a sacrifice. Thomas F. Reilly, 775 Forest Av., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE.

Factory sites, 50 and 75 by 100 and larger, in proposed free Federal zone, convenient to all shipping points. Garvey, 197 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, 873 Greenpoint.

Brooklyn, 24 acres valuable water front; Jamaica, 23 acres for sale or exchange for Manhattan income. Rohrer, 62 West 51st St.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

AM COMPELLED TO SACRIFICE modern 10-room house on corner plot in the heart of White Plains. Address Widow, P. O. Box 176, White Plains, N. Y.

Scarsdale, N. Y.—Fine house can be bought right; might exchange. Wolfson, 405 Lexington Av., (42d St.) Murray Hill 83.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

SAVE MONEY AND LIVE BETTER AT LONG BRANCH, N. J.

Fresh vegetables at farmers' market, and sea food cheap; room for poultry and home gardens; high land; fertile soil; New York commutation 35 cents a day; all city conveniences; cottages rent from $300 up; lots sell from $300 up. Write for information to P. O. Box 145, Long Branch, N. J.

Boonton.—Thirty miles from city; gentleman's estate, 90 acres; large, new 14-room house, 3 baths, gas, electricity; garage, gardener's cottage, barn, orchard, lake; $50,000, free and clear; make terms to suit. Irving H. Wolfe, 225 West 39th St., N. Y. Phone 8873 Bryant.

Your monthly rent will pay for my six-room modern dwelling, all improvements, half-hour express station; Oriental rugs; trolley. W. Brady, 21 Park Row.

Bargain.—Five rooms, bath, all improvements, large plot, near station and trolley, half-hour out, on Erie; $2,900; terms like rent. W. Butscher, 21 Park Row.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Beautiful stucco corner house, 9 and bath; 5 minutes to station; high-class restricted section; will exchange for Brooklyn; less than 30 miles out; price $10,000. RUSTIN & ROBBINS, 16 Court St., Brooklyn.

FARMS.

New York State—For Sale or to Let.

Orange County farm for rent or sale; six-room house, barn, and granary; is well fruited; located eight miles from Newburg; excellent summer home. For further particulars apply to Robert McCready, Tuxedo Park, N. Y.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

Beautiful 215-acre farm, stock, farm implements; large house; plenty water; near school; half mile from railroad. Write for particulars, Letan, West Willington, Conn.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

STORE TO LET. 111 WEST 31ST, 3 DOORS FROM 6TH AV., 20x120; CONCRETE EXTENSION IN REAR; 40-FT.-LONG SKYLIGHT; BEST BUSINESS LOCATION; $125 MONTH. INQUIRE 47 WEST 29TH. TELEPHONE MADISON SQUARE 10066.

May 1.—301-303 Adams St., near Borough Hall, third loft, very desirable, 48 by 90 feet; good light and air, steam heat, elevator, electric light, and power in building; rent $1,200 a year. Inquire of owner, KINGS AND WESTCHESTER LAND CO., 350 FULTON ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

SIXTH FLOOR, very light, over 3,000 square feet, passenger and freight elevator service, electric light and power. Apply 24 North William St., opposite Municipal Building.

LIGHT LOFT TO SUBLET

for two years, where lease may be continued; 11th floor; 25x135; light on four sides; 2 passenger and 2 freight elevators; adapted to showroom or light manufacturing; price $2,500. The Gill Engraving Co., 140 5th Av.

LOFT TO LET.

Size 50x100; light, airy; elevator service; steam, electric light, and power. Greenwalt Bros., 8d Av., 67th St.

Furnished offices and desk room with telephone and telegraphic service; high-class office building directly connected with subway express station. Room 212, 51 East 42d.

To Let.—Large, light room in lawyer's suite in the Woolworth Building; very desirable space for either lawyer or commercial firm. Address B 208 Times Downtown.

OFFICES

950 or 1,200 sq. ft.; light, outside rooms; near Equitable Building; furnished or unfurnished. B 372 Times Downtown.

Newly furnished private office; every facility; reasonable rent; also desk room; telephone, stenographer. Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

Nice loft to rent in 17, 19, and 21 West 31st St.; see elevator man in 17-19, or your own broker.

Top loft, 5,000 square feet, daylight, steam heat and power; low rent. "Engineer," 540 West 23d St. Telephone Franklin 1895.

Attractive, furnished or unfurnished; publisher, advertising or kindred line; large or small space; tenth floor, 450 4th Av.

Private office, with loft storage space, one minute from station of new B. R. T. subway. 4th floor, 441 Broadway.

ATTRACTIVE store, 76 East 125th St., low rent; excellent business neighborhood. Morris B. Baer, 81 East 125th St.

Light room, 8 windows, 15½x16½ feet, overlooking 5th Av.; reasonable. Apply Room 1,404, 516 5th Av., Corner 43d St.

Furnished offices and desk room; service. Suite 808, 51 East 42d St.

AUTOMOBILES.

Garage to let, 842 East 41st; available May 1.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

We want to rent a large, old laundry or a large, cheap shed for storing bales of rags; rent must be cheap. Write Albion Trading Co., Inc., 152 Nassau St.

ACCOUNTANT desires mail and telephone address; always out; state terms. J 250 Times Downtown.

Public stenographer desires small office in suite; below City Hall. B 349 Times Downtown.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

4TH AV., 429, (at 29th St.)—One room with bath, $40; two rooms and bath, $65; elevator, telephone. Tel. 2976 Madison Square.

8TH, 6 EAST.—Large studio bedroom and bath, furnished or unfurnished. Choate.

10TH ST., 39 EAST.—Suite four rooms, kitchen privilege, in large apartment; seen Saturday after 3, all Sunday, during week after 5:30. Smith.

15TH, 105 EAST.—Nicely furnished suite in modern apartment; all conveniences; references. Henderson.

16TH, 103 EAST.—Nine large, light rooms; elevator apartment; furnished or unfurnished. Phone Stuyvesant 3856, mornings or after 6.

19TH, 105 EAST.—7 rooms; doctor's home; completely furnished; $100. Call I-8. Dr. S.

34TH, 67 EAST.—Nicely furnished two rooms, bath; every convenience. Merritt. Murray Hill 9281.

57TH, 21 EAST.—To rent, handsomely furnished three rooms, bath, and kitchenette.

69TH, 20 EAST.—Two rooms and bath, $60. Apply Supt.

73D, 137 EAST.—All light corner apartment, 7 rooms and bath; southern exposure; very cool; rent $125 month. Phone Rhinelander 2094.

81ST, 75 EAST, (Corner Park Av.)—Seven rooms, elegantly furnished; $75 until Oct.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

82D ST., 129 EAST, Between Lexington and Park Avs.—Four rooms; three exposures, no obstructions; cool in Summer; 8th floor, new building; large dining room and living room combined; grand piano and victrola; rent $250, six months or longer. Telephone 7807 Lenox.

80TH, 111 EAST.—Handsome suites, rooms; hot water, electricity. Lenox 10241.

AN EXCEPTIONALLY attractive and cool apartment in delightful private residence. Phone Plaza 2200.

APARTMENTS HANDSOMELY FURNISHED

CLARK REALTY, 30 E. 42d. Vanderbilt 1450.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY to October, 1918.

64 East 86th St.; beautifully furnished new apartment; six rooms, two baths; twelfth floor; seen by appointment; $250 a month. Telephone 9484 Lenox.

ATTENTION!—Apartments, furnished; two rooms and bath; full hotel service; one block from subway; $14 to $17.50 weekly. Hotel St. Louis, 24 East 82d St., and Hotel Senton, 35 East 27th St.

ATTRACTIVE TWO-ROOM APARTMENT for bachelor in private house. Telephone Plaza 2200.

BACHELOR APARTMENT, TWO LARGE ROOMS, BATH, FIREPLACE, REFRIGERATION, MAID, VALET, RESTAURANT SERVICE, FIREPROOF MODERN BUILDING, 15 EAST 48TH STREET. HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., 402 MADISON AV.

Handsomely furnished living room, bedroom, and bath. Phone Plaza 6958.

MADISON AV., 902.—Beautifully furnished apartment; top floor. Boyd. Murray Hill 1441.

MADISON AV., 607TH ST.—Bright, airy apartment, 2 rooms, bath; linen, maid, tray, and elevator service. Plaza 6676.

MADISON AV., 1,190, (Corner 87th.)—Attractively furnished apartment 7 rooms, $100. Seen from 11 to 5. Apt. 14. Johnson.

ONE SMALL, one large apartment; unusually artistic; low rent to September. Gramercy 723.

STUDIO APARTMENT.—Large furnished studio, bedroom, kitchenette, bath, suitable for three persons; personal application or telephone from 2 to 4. Plaza 8537. Norman, 19 East 59th.

Furnished—West Side.

107TH, 20 WEST, (Near 5th Av.)—Beautiful duplex studio apartment, sublet furnished, May 1-Nov. 1 or longer; studio, 40x25x20; two sunny, airy bedrooms, bath, kitchenette, large gallery; very attractive; apply between 2 and 4 o'clock.

117TH, 133 WEST.—7 large rooms and bath, all outside, 6th floor, elevator, May to October. Hawks.

118TH ST., WEST.—Studio apartment; unique situation and yet comfortable; large enough for three men, if congenial; reasonable rates; this offer open to one or two; send credentials and statement regarding amiability of applicant to X 373 Times Annex.

131ST, 23 WEST.—One or two rooms; private bath and entrance. Madison Square 4286.

145TH, 341 WEST, (just off Broadway.)—New elevator building; 3 rooms, bath, kitchens or kitchenettes; $50 up monthly; references indispensable. Tel. Bryant 6255.

147TH, 132 WEST, (Felix Portland.)—Desirable suites, 2 rooms, bath; extremely reasonable; special monthly rates; American and European plans.

147TH, 112 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, completely furnished 2, 3 rooms, bath, $80-$100, including service; modern building; elevator. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th St.

151ST ST., near 8th Av.—Comfortably furnished two rooms, bath, and kitchenette; service; electricity; references. Call Circle 2883.

52D, 43 WEST.—Exclusive apartment, large room, bathroom; also single room.

55TH, 124 WEST.—Attractively furnished four-room airy apartment; Oriental rugs; inspection 2-4.

56TH, 139 WEST.—Duplex studio apartment, 5 rooms, 2 baths, furnished; housekeeping; June 1 to Oct. 1; references. Gardner.

59TH, 36 WEST.—Charming two-room, kitchenette, and bath apartment; southern exposure; 9th floor; bath, phone; excellently furnished. Telephone Plaza 9480.

64TH, 1 WEST.—Handsomely furnished 7 rooms, 2 baths, overlooking Central Park; can be seen between 1:30 and 5.

67TH ST., 50 WEST.—Four rooms, handsomely furnished; terms six months to one year.

69TH, 245 WEST.—$30 up; 1-2-3 room apartments; kitchenette; completely furnished; latest improvements; references necessary.

70TH ST., (at Broadway, The Nevada.)—Six sunny, airy, comfortably furnished rooms and two baths; for rent from April 15 to October to small, responsible family. Inquire Apartment 2D or of Manager.

72D ST., 118 WEST.—Handsomely furnished 2 rooms, bath, restaurant, maid service; reasonable; seen daily, 1 to 4. Inquire Dean.

73D ST. AND BROADWAY.—Corner apartment, three rooms and bath; exceptionally large and light; non-housekeeping; maid service. Apartment 23, 2,102 Broadway.

84TH ST., Broadway.—Six rooms, three baths, in modern apartment; tenth floor; south exposure; completely furnished; for rent till Oct. 1; moderate. J 261 Times Downtown.

84TH, 40 WEST.—Sublet until September, housekeeping apartment, four large, outside rooms, ninth floor; newly furnished; piano, silverware, and linen; $125 a month.

88TH, 1 WEST.—Handsome four-room housekeeping apartment; rent reduced; excellent maid.

88TH, 200 WEST.—High class, very attractively furnished 7 rooms; piano. O'Neill.

87TH, 150 WEST.—Six rooms and two baths, newly furnished, from May 1 to Oct. 1, at $150 per month. Telephone 3405 Schuyler. Walter Rosenberg.

87TH, 340 WEST.—Sublet my handsome suite, parlor, dining, bedroom, kitchenette; $100 monthly.

91ST ST., 27 WEST.—1-3 room apartment; high class; furnished; latest improvements; maid service; $25-$90; references necessary.

92D, 206 WEST, (Apartment 6C.)—Five beautiful outside rooms, furnished complete, southern exposure, fire and sound proof; newly renovated; exceptional opportunity.

97TH, 306 WEST.—Five immensely large rooms, furnished; southern exposure; elevator; $85.

111TH, 528 WEST.—Beautifully furnished four-room apartment; references; no agents.

113TH, 562 WEST.—To sublet until Sept. 20, high-class apartment, comfortably, completely furnished, 7 rooms, 2 baths. Rothschild, Tel. 8955 Morn.

113TH, 530 WEST.—Artistic five-room apartment; Steinway grand; $110. Morningside 4874. Adams.

116TH, 616 WEST.—New, attractively furnished five-room apartment until October, $150 a month. Apt. 62. Morningside 6704.

116TH, 620 WEST.—Attractive furnished five-room front apartment, $115; May till October.

116TH, 616 WEST.—Attractively furnished five-room apartment, April 15 to Oct 1. Apply superintendent.

118TH, 400 WEST. (Apt. 52.)—Seven rooms and bath; all outside rooms; $100; occupancy May 1.

119TH, 435 WEST.—Two rooms, kitchenette; entirely front, south; opposite Columbia. Hildreth.

121ST, 421 WEST.—Attractive 5 rooms near Columbia University until Sept. 15. Mead.

127TH, (Riverside.)—Elevator; three rooms, kitchenette, and bath. Phone Morningside 5280. McConaughy.

141ST, 617 WEST.—Three rooms, elegantly furnished, between Broadway and Riverside Drive. Inquire Superintendent.

163D, 549 WEST.—Handsomely furnished elevator apartment, 3 rooms and kitchenette; $50 monthly. Apt. 1D.

APARTMENTS—Beautifully FURNISHED, 2 TO 5 ROOMS AND BATH, with or without kitchen; attractive restaurant, table d'hote and a la carte; best food, reasonable prices; complete hotel service; $60 monthly up; near Riverside Drive, Central Park; two blocks from 96th subway. HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS, 305 West 98th St. Near Broadway. Telephone Riverside 6100.

APARTMENT in West 67th St., furnished with unusual beauty and distinction, to rent from April 15 to Oct. 1; large sitting room with fireplace, two bedrooms, kitchen, bath, and hall; maid's room; seen by appointment only. Mrs. Conwell. Telephone Columbus 7575.

Artistically furnished apartment, 7 rooms, 2 baths, all outside rooms, best location on Riverside Drive, $250 month. V S Times.

ATTRACTIVE Apartments. Hotel Conveniences. Apartment Rates. Inspection Invited.

CATHEDRAL PARKWAY,
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments, $35, $45, $55, $65 UP MONTHLY.

Fully furnished, dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions, lease, or unfurnished; near subway and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 913. 5th Av. bus stops at door.

Attractively furnished seven-room apartment; piano; 109th St. and Riverside Drive; three front rooms overlooking Hudson; May 1 to October, $175 monthly; seen by appointment only. Phone Holt, 6366 Cathedral.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS for Rent.—Two rooms, bath, $70 and $75 monthly; entirely new furniture; all modern improvements. Inquire at 64 West 11th St.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 302.—Attractively furnished two-room apartment; maid service; restaurant.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 390, (69th.)—Attractively furnished apartment, 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 378.—Six sunny rooms, sublet to October, $100. River 7220.

CLAREMONT AV., 39.—Overlooking Columbia Campus, near Hudson River; exceptional Summer apartment, 7 rooms, completely furnished; 3 master bedrooms, 2 baths; May 1 to Oct. 1. Phone Morningside 1110. E. L. Brazilly.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

DESIRABLE two floors, luxuriously furnished, private house, West Nineties; one, sitting room front, bedroom back,

6 o'Clock Tonight.

All want advertisements intended for insertion in The Times tomorrow must be in The Times Building before 6 o'clock tonight.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

88TH, 29 EAST.—Large, sunny room with private bath; also small room studio.

65TH ST., EAST.—Exceptional opportunity; refined, private home, near Park Av. Plaza 6631.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th.)—For refined women Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Beautiful atmosphere; outside rooms; telephone; elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $13 weekly up. Tel. Madison Sq. 6160.

IRVING PLACE, 53.—Desirable light rooms, with or without board; references.

MADISON AV., 228.—Large, sunny rooms; private bath; electricity; excellent table; table guests.

West Side.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms, well furnished; unexcelled board. Phone, 49TH ST., 16 WEST.

Double and single room, with board.

81ST, 11-13 WEST.—Two rooms, bath; southern exposure; with board; table guests accommodated.

54 WEST 54TH ST.
Rooms, with board; references.

16 WEST 55TH STREET.
DINNER—1 O'CLOCK.

57TH, 32 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with excellent board; table guests accommodated.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Attractive, sunny rooms; private baths; parlor dining; convenient location.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Suit particular people; handsomely furnished rooms, private bath, electric light; Southern cooking; also smaller rooms.

72D, 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATH, ELECTRICITY; TABLE BOARD; SUBWAY. COLUMBUS 6396.

72D, 318 WEST. (Riverside.)—Large front room, overlooking river; private bath; excellent table.

72D, 228 WEST.—Steam heat, electricity, elevator; large room; April 1; subway express.

72D, 269 WEST.—High class suite with bath; small room; excellent table.

72D, 261 WEST.—Attractive large room, with private bath; also small room.

72D, 253 WEST.—Rooms, with board, with and without private bath, table guests.

72D, 122 WEST.—Attractive parlor suite; bath; other rooms; electricity; fine table.

73D, 150 WEST.—High class house; comfortable, large room; excellent table; convenient location; table guests.

78D, 154 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private bath, electricity; between subway express, and "L."

78D, 142 WEST.—Handsome suite in select home; electricity; best home cooking.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Rooms with private baths, electricity; private phone; table guests accommodated.

74TH, 5 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; private house; excellent home cooking; table guests accommodated.

75TH, 56 WEST.—Large room, with private bath, electricity; references; table guests.

76TH ST., (344 WEST END AV.)
Beautiful third floor en suite, single; private bath; twin beds; home cooking; electricity.

76TH, 57 WEST.—Attractive rooms, suitable two; excellent cuisine; table guests. Schuyler 9725.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Large, medium, well-furnished, front rooms; excellent table; table guests.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.
Large room, with private bath; references.

237-243 WEST 76TH ST.
Room, with, without bath; single room.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

80TH, 124-128 WEST.—Attractive, large, small rooms, adjoining bath; electricity; good home cooking.

80TH, 123 WEST.—Large front room; twin beds; private bath; meals optional.

82D, 29 WEST.—Large, front room, also smaller room, parquet floors, electricity; absolutely clean; back parlor dining room; best of food service; references.

82D, 124 WEST. (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

84TH, 87 WEST.—Desirable single and double rooms; superior table; homelike surroundings. Blumenfeld.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Large, small rooms; all conveniences; excellent board; table guests accommodated.

85TH, 125 WEST.—Attractive, sunny front room, bath; smaller room, parlor dining; reasonable.

86TH, 139 WEST.—Few attractive rooms, private baths; electricity; excellent table; Southern family.

87TH, 138 WEST.—Attractive room, southern exposure; private bath; other rooms; excellent table.

89TH, 309 WEST.—Refined Jewish home can accommodate couple or gentlemen; excellent table.

89TH, 305 WEST.—Large second floor, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, electricity, service, $90.

90TH, 16 WEST.—Attractive, large, small rooms, adjoining bath; refined Jewish boarding house.

93D, 303 WEST.—Beautiful, sunny front basement; private bath; high-class house; board.

93D, 265 WEST.—Attractive large room, with private bath, electricity; liberal, good table.

93D, 21 WEST.—Large, front room, park, L, French cuisine; board optional.

95TH, 65 WEST, (The Roselle.)—Elegantly furnished room, suitable for couple; table board.

105TH, 168 WEST.—Large room, bath adjoining, $17 for two; private house; telephone.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside and Broadway.)—Luxurious private residence; two large rooms, bath; no stairs; exceptional table; moderate terms.

121ST, 157 WEST.—Attractive large room; southern exposure; electricity, telephone; home cooking; references.

MADISON ARMS,
58th St., 41-45 West.—elevator.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE AND 110TH ST.
Attractively furnished large room; best home cooking; exclusive surroundings. Morningside 4302, Apt. 3N.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 740.—Single room and bath, suitable gentleman; private family. Apt. 6B.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549.—Large, sunny double rooms, running water, $12-$15. Payne.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 147, (87th.)—Pleasant room; running water; suitable couple; exclusive boarding house.

THE EVELYN LODGE,
Charming Family House of Highest Standard.
20 Minutes Downtown N. Y. Fare 5c.
Fifty Lovely Rooms. Exquisitely Furnished.
Excellent Chef and Service. Small Tables.
Abundance Sunlight, Good Air. Quietness.
Social Parlors, Smoking Rooms, Cafeteria.
Weekly, $11-$18 per adult, with meals.
No Enemy Aliens Admitted.
71 CEREAL PL., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WASHINGTON SQUARE NORTH, 21.—Large front room, private bath; table guests accommodated.

WEST END AV., 693, (94th.)—Large, newly furnished; private bath; also suite; twin beds; table guests accommodated; references.

WEST END AV., 524, (86th St.)—Beautiful rooms; house thoroughly appointed; excellent table; references.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Large rooms, private baths; meals; also singles. Columbus 1747.

Brooklyn.

PIERREPONT ST., 76.—Attractive rooms, excellent table; convenient New York. Phone 1159W Main.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Westchester County.

Beautiful large double room, Colonial furniture, excellent table, private family; near station; Bronxville, N. Y. Telephone Bronxville 216.

Miscellaneous.

Nervous patients, incurables, and elderly persons cared for in our fine country home. A. Theodor Saunders, 117 Park St., New Canaan, Conn.

Country Board Wanted.

Refined couple with girl of 8 want one sitting and two bedrooms, with full board and attendance; electric light, hot bath; anywhere in commuting distance; good cooking essential. Write J 248 Times Downtown.

Country board and room wanted in a quiet home for five adults and child; must serve well-cooked food and fresh vegetables and have fresh, airy rooms; references exchanged. X 339 Times Annex.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER, capable taking charge correspondence and office; efficient, trustworthy. Box J 249 Times Downtown.

NURSE, graduate, wants shorter hours; disengaged Tuesday; $15 weekly. Phone 1839 Morningside.

STENOGRAPHER-CORRESPONDENT.—Ten years in last position; some knowledge French. L 130 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, $9; competent, accurate. Estelle Chuck, 202 West 116th. Morningside 1480.

STENOGRAPHER, four years' experience, desires position. Madison Square 7078.

WOMAN of experience desires position as manager of small hotel or boarding house; salary or profit-sharing basis; excellent references. V 2 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ABLE YOUNG MAN, (27,) draft exempt, seeks opening with promising future; capable by past experience selling, corresponding, executive, secretarial and office detail; qualified assistant to busy man; references. L 119 Times.

ACCOUNTANT. — Income tax reports, trial balances, $5 monthly, upward; books opened, closed, audited. Friedlander, Tribune Building. Beekman 998.

ACCOUNTANT.—Tax reports. Call me to rectify your tax reports should you be obliged to file corrected or amended returns. 'Phone Murray Hill 4077.

ACCOUNTANT, tax reports; call me to rectify your tax reports should you be obliged to file corrected or amended returns. Phone Murray Hill 4077.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER (25) seeks permanency; thoroughly competent. Herbst, 1,448 5th Av.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, wants temporary work; can start now; undeniable references. T 161 Times.

ADDRESSING, typewriting work wanted at home, evenings; multigraphing, etc.; best references. D 493 Times Annex.

A GENTLEMAN of highest character, educated, single, absolutely dependable, good correspondent and general office man, past draft age, travelled, speaks Spanish, unquestionable references, desires position. Confidential, L 72 Times.

AUTOMOBILE EXPERT.—Capable, all-around man wants position as superintendent or service manager; long and practical experience, both mechanical and executive. B. D., 909 6th Av.

BOOKKEEPER, age 35, married, good all-around office man, executive ability, experienced in machine shop, foundry, heating and plumbing business, good mechanic, capable of superintending mechanical work, desires connection with reputable establishment where ability and conscientious work will be appreciated; moderate salary, with advancement. J 270 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT. — Financial statements, part time bookkeeping; reputable business men's recommendations. B 344 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 20, experienced controlling accounts, trial balance; best references. Charles Levine, 95 Monroe St., city.

BOOKKEEPER.—Hebrew-American, 23 years' experience as bookkeeper, desires position. B 361 Times Downtown.

BOY, 16-19, in the accounting department of a newspaper; will be advanced as rapidly as his application and ability permit; state salary expected. J 243 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 38, married, wishes to change position; references; wages $35. Merkin, Society Professional Automobile Engineers, 1,947 Broadway.

CHAUFFEUR.—AMERICAN; EXEMPT; FOUR YEARS LAST POSITION; PERSONAL REFERENCES; ALL HIGH GRADE CARS. T 160 TIMES.

CHAUFFEUR, aged 33 years, 17 years driving and machinist, experience foreign and domestic cars; salary $30. Byrd, 126 West 75th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Commercial, 2 years' experience; reliable and industrious; best references. B 215 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.—19, on Ford car; private or commercial; best references. P 513 Times Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position; good mechanic; careful driver; best of references. T 192 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic; six years' experience; $30 per week; married man. T 190 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—12 YEARS' EXPERIENCE; PRIVATE; REFERENCES. CIRCLE 2428.

CLERICAL WORK.—Young man, age 20, with 3 years' high school education, is desirous of connecting with a reliable house in a clerical capacity; references. J. M. Smith, 43 Harrison Av., Brooklyn.

CLOTHING SALESMAN desires outside selling position, clothing or other line. B 359 Times Downtown.

DETECTIVE, 42 years of age, 25 years' practical experience, desires connection with reliable concern, either to take charge of detective system, reorganize or install same, or in a consulting capacity; can furnish references as to character, results of former accomplishments, etc.; for 10 years have been in charge of such work for large transportation company; have executive ability and trained to make changes without disorganizing forces. Box 269 Times, 2 Rector St.

EXECUTIVE.—The services of an office executive (38) with up to date ideas and experience are available to a concern offering a permanent connection; record of 12 years with last employer; full business history and references if interested. T 173 Times.

GARDENER, (Head.)—Practical life experience, all lines; 14 years last place; married; A1 references. Jos. Francis, 63 East End Av.

MAN, all-around, would like to connect with an estate; collecting, plumber, steamfitter; first-class references. Box 63, 304 Willis Av.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, twelve years' experience in gasoline engines, Diesel engines, Russian, age 84, worked 18 months in U. S. A. inspecting gasoline engines, desires position; can start immediately. 157 West 113th St.

MECHANICAL SUPERINTENDENT, general foreman, have complete experience in commercial auto body work, taking charge of large factory, blacksmith, woodworking, painting department, trimming department, also do all estimating. O 231 Times Downtown.

PHYSICIAN and surgeon, 18 years' experience, will devote entire time to hospital and hygienic welfare work in manufacturing plant. Address J 290 Times Downtown.

RENTING AGENT, experienced, desires houses for management; can furnish book references and bond; can produce good results. B., Box 210 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, successful traveling, Ohio, W. Va., fourteen years calling on department and dry goods stores with nationally advertised line, would like to make connection with responsible concern on on a commission basis with guaranteed drawing account. X 343 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Desire line of cotton waists, silk waists, house dresses for Southern territory; established trade; commission. L 75 Times.

SPLENDID EXECUTIVE.

A man who has worked his way to the top and earned from $8,000 to $10,000 a year, account war conditions must change vocation; willing to start at $2,500 to $3,000 a year in another business, where merit and hard work will meet with recognition in remunerative advancement; most familiar with purchasing end, but adaptable, with broad experience, and can efficiently adapt himself to "fit" your business; age 41; Christian. For interview, T 129 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.

Young man, (20,) college education, 2½ years' experience, wishes connection where tact and expressiveness are essential. X 327 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced law stenographer; well educated, reliable; permanent or temporary. B 283 Times Downtown.

STEWARD.—All-around working; wife first-class cook; country club; best references; would cater on own responsibility; English; exempt. Ansell, 300 West 112th St.

UNIVERSITY PRESIDENT, UNDER 40, ENTERING BUSINESS, VIGOROUS, ADMINISTRATIVE TYPE, PRACTICAL, GOOD MIXER, WITH ORIGINALITY, INITIATIVE, AND LITERARY ABILITY, PREFERS OPENING UTILIZING BROAD EDUCATIONAL EXPERIENCE AND HIGHEST SCHOLARSHIP FROM BEST UNIVERSITIES. X 334 TIMES ANNEX.

VALET.—Entire charge, or visiting cook; competent; Japanese; references. Oduteh, Plaza 6752.

YOUNG MAN, bright, (24,) desires responsible position that will afford a chance for advancement; draft exempt; can furnish good reference. T 151 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 7 years' building experience, estimating, and administrative, draft exempt, seeks responsible position. B 338 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20; college accounting student; experienced bookkeeping, typewriting, clerk. T 166 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires position at anything leading to salesmanship. B 363 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 17, American, desires position in downtown office; $10. J 289 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, well educated, draft exempt, has four or five spare hous daily. T 110 Times.

YOUNG MAN, third class draft, wishes position evenings. 621 Broadway, Room 504.

HELP WANTED—Female.

A NEW OCCUPATION
for
YOUNG WOMEN
between 16 and 25 years of age.

HANDLING TELEGRAMS BY TELEPHONE.

Telephone operators at the Western Union earn good pay handling telegrams by telephone; the messages are telephoned to the customers and received from customers on the typewriter.

Training is given in Western Union practices and in touch typewriting.

$8.00 PER WEEK WHILE LEARNING.
9.50 PER WEEK IN THREE MONTHS.
15.00 PER WEEK IN ONE YEAR.

Former telephone experience desirable, but not essential.

Apply to
Room 1702, 24 Walker St., one block west of Broadway, two blocks south of Canal.

THE WESTERN UNION.

A NEW OCCUPATION
FOR
YOUNG WOMEN
Between 16 and 25 years.

Enter as a Student
in
AUTOMATIC TELEGRAPHY.

$8.00 PER WEEK WHILE LEARNING.
9.50 PER WEEK IN THREE MONTHS.
15.00 PER WEEK IN ONE YEAR.

Apply in Person.
Between 9 A. M. and 4 P. M.,
ROOM 1,702, 24 WALKER ST.,
(One block west of Broadway,
two blocks south of Canal.)
THE WESTERN UNION TEL. CO.

AIR BRUSH ARTISTS wanted; only girls with experience need apply. Rotograph Co., 512 West 41st St.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and stenographer for ledger work; excellent opportunity for advancement; permanent position. Call 30 Church, Room 1805.

BILLING CLERK.—Wanted, young woman, 19 to 20, in office of a large Brooklyn manufacturing concern; must be able to operate Underwood billing machine; accurate and quick at figures; some experience; good permanent position and chance for advancement; state age, nationality, experience, and salary desired. O 228 Times Downtown.

FILING CLERK.—Prefer one familiar with index filing system. Silverberg Import Co., 239 4th Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly experienced and responsible; prefer one familiar with piece goods, jobbing business, acceptations, trade acceptances, &c., but not absolutely essential; must be accustomed to all office details and be positively accurate, with ability to work without supervision and to take entire charge of office in absence of manager; good permanent position with liberal remuneration for right party; apply at once. J. S. Nicolson, care R. Smith & Co., 103 West 34th St.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, double-entry, trial balance, financial statements, credits, and to manage office; $25; good opportunity. Write full particulars in confidence to D. P. Co., 48 West 4th St.

BOOKKEEPER, must have experience double entry, controlling account, trial balance; exceptional opportunity for advancement. Munter, 54 East 8th St.

BOOKKEEPER AND CLERK.
State age, experience, and salary wanted. A. S., 242 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant. Schotz Powers Co., 471 5th Av.

CLEANERS WANTED FOR OFFICE BUILDING; SALARY $7 WEEKLY. CALL SUPERINTENDENT, 51 CHAMBERS ST.

CLERICAL WORK.—Young woman, who is willing to help herself useful. Write, stating salary desired and references. N 55 Times.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR wanted; good position, with excellent opportunity, for girl with proper qualifications; Bronx office. Answer, stating fully your experience, and furnish references, X 278 Times Annex.

COOK. — Wanted, good cook, general, for English family of 4 at Bronxville; good wages to girl furnishing first-class reference; comfortable home, own bath, and bedroom, &c.; gas range and every modern convenience. Apply to Mrs. March, Pondfield Court, Bronxville.

DICTAPHONE OPERATORS $15-$20 weekly, immediately. Miss Kelly, 309 Broadway, Room 209.

GIRLS
to work on scientific apparatus; high school graduates preferred.
GOOD PAY; SHORT HOURS.
Employment department will be open on Saturday until 5 P. M., and Sunday from 1 to 5 P. M.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
near West St. 6 blocks south of 14th.

GIRLS WANTED.

over 16 years, to fill mail orders; bonus paid in addition to salary; no previous experience necessary; also wanted for packeting seeds. Peter Henderson & Co., 35 and 37 Cortlandt St.

GIRL, BRIGHT, CAREFUL, for clerical work.
KROWER-TYNBERG CO.,
46 West 23d St.

GIRL for plain cooking and laundry; one in family; only personal references accepted. 295 West 89th St., Apt. E2.

HOUSEKEEPER. Wanted, a Thirteen-room house; no cooking; $18 and room. Call Saturday 10-11. 251 West 75th.

HOUSEWORK.—Woman for general housework; good home; good salary. Loewenstein, 178 5th Av.

INVOICE CLERK and typist; must be accurate and quick at figures; excellent opportunity for advancement; permanent position. Call Room 1805, 30 Church St.

MAID.—Young girl, either white or colored; must be exceptionally neat, for small 3-room apartment. Call Saturday, between 2 and 5 o'clock, 100 West 59th St., Apt. 2C.

NURSE, experienced, for baby 20 months; references; Long Island, 35 minutes from city; $40 month. Telephone 1816 Springfield.

NURSE. — Practical, experienced nervous cases; $50 per month. Phone or call Jenkins, 906 Summit Av.

NURSEMAID, French, well recommended, wanted for a position family with two children, living in Quebec, Canada. Apply by letter, Mrs. A. Paquet, Waldorf-Astoria, New York.

OFFICE ASSISTANT to do important detail work in fine, light office, pleasant surroundings; only refined American girls who want permanent work with opportunity to advance need apply; state age, salary, experience, &c. M 257 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT for busy office of manufacturing house; quick typist and stenographer, conversant with office routine; salary $12; state experience. C. S., 210 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT in a large, well-known downtown wholesale paper house; good opportunity. Address, stating experience, &c., Dunne St., 284 Times Downtown.

OFFICE GIRL in law office; must be 16 years old and reside with parents. Address in own handwriting, stating experience, if any, S. C., 209 Times Downtown.

SALESLADY.—Refined girl or woman; high-class personality; exceptional opportunity; experience unnecessary; $35-$50 week salary, commission; permanent; excellent future. Suite 2338, 15 Park Row.

SALESLADY.—Experienced in bakery; good position for capable person; agreeable hours; references. H. B. Cushman & Co., 43 Church, near Dey St.

STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly capable young woman, preferably with magazine or advertising agency experience. Address, stating age, references, and salary expected. X 356 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; reply in own handwriting, stating age, nationality, name of former employer; salary $14 to $15; chance for advancement. O 245 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER by machinery and supply house; good opportunities; salary $15 to $17; must be experienced; answer, stating experience and references. J 282 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST, with five years' experience, and accurate. Apply, stating age, nationality, and experience; good salary. 266 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER experienced drug line; must be bright, active, and reliable; good opportunity; $18. Write full particulars to Drugs, 48 West 4th St.

STENOGRAPHER for financial office of high-class real estate house; state age, religion, experience, and salary expected. Box N 52 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Spanish-English, accurate and rapid worker; state salary; references. L 102 Times.

STENOGRAPHER experienced in mail order work. Write full particulars and state salary to 7th floor, 48 West 4th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; wholesale cloak house; steady; state salary. L. B., 220 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and stenographer; must be experienced. Apply A. E. Vaughan, 165 Remsen St., Brooklyn.

TEACHER, Gregg shorthand, day and evening; Brooklyn school. O 240 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female.

TEACHER.—Wanted, a young Jewish woman, capable, refined, with ability to teach academic work, assist with club work, &c., in an institution for girls in New York City. Reply N 65 Times.

TYPIST wanted; permanent position. Silverberg Import Co., 239 4th Av.

TYPIST and OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Young lady; must have experience as switchboard operator, to act as substitute for regular operator; salary $10 to start. J 286 Times Downtown.

TYPIST.—Insurance agency desires services of fast typist who can learn to write policies; salary $10; answer by mail. O 247 Times Downtown.

TYPIST and OFFICE ASSISTANT.—State age, experience, and salary wanted. B 314 Times Downtown.

WAITRESS wanted from 5 to 10 P. M. daily; hourly pay; American or English; also hourly work Sunday; written applications only. Patterson, 130 East 62d St.

YOUNG LADY WANTED BY A LARGE FIRM OF CONVERTERS AND MANUFACTURERS WITH EXPERIENCE IN STATISTICAL WORK; GIVE DETAILED EXPERIENCE, S. W., 203 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG LADY as assistant cook in cafeteria; domestic science graduate preferred; no Sundays. People's House Cafeteria, 7 East 15th. Phone Stuyvesant 3094.

Instruction.

COMPLETE secretarial course; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists; day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1853,) Broadway at 72d St.

GOVERNMENT SERVICE FOR WOMEN.—A free lecture, April 8, and the opening session of a special course of training exclusively for women. Write for Booklet 10, giving details and ticket of admission. Pace Institute, 30 Church St., N. Y.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—Free Booklet 73, "Your English," enables you to test your knowledge and suggests method for overcoming defects. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

TYPISTS, $12-$15-$18-$20-$25; we quickly prepare you; positions guaranteed. Call, write, phone Worth 3964. Dictaphone Secretarial School, 309 Broadway, corner Duane.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST.
INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

Employment Agencies.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, $15-$20; stenographer, Spanish-English dictation, French-English dictation; 17 soda fountain girls, 5 ft. 6, $10-$12; correspondent, (5) typists. Warner & Bromley, 160 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS, typists, clerks, various salaries; good positions. Business Opportunities Co. Coulthus & Masterson, Prop., agency, 208 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS, law and commercial, $25. Law-Commercial Employment Agency, Room 819, 299 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers; good openings daily. Florence Bloch Agency, 47 West 42d.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ABLE SEAMEN,

MARINE OILERS,

FIREMEN;

also coal passers and ordinary seamen, experienced, for foreign and coastwise trade; must show proof of previous experience, have passport and identification card. Apply U. S. SHIPPING BOARD, SHIPPING BUREAU, 5 Greenwich St., near Battery Place, N. Y. C.; office open every day, including Sundays, from 7 A. M.

ACCOUNTANT.—Wanted, by firm of public accountants, experienced accountant; state age, experience, and salary desired. J 225 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING AGENCY BOOKKEEPER.

A successful growing New York Advertising Agency wants an experienced advertising bookkeeper who is familiar with newspaper, magazine and trade journal billing and understands the charging of drawings, engravings, booklets, &c., Elliott Fisher machine; double entry; prefer one who has had experience with big agency; good salary and good opportunity. All letters will be treated strictly confidential. N 71 Times.

ADVERTISING MAN to represent live magazine; write qualifications and detail. N 70 Times.

ARMATURE WINDERS.

Experienced in hand winding and repairing of SMALL and LARGE MOTORS; 48 hours a week.
Employment department will be open on Saturday until 5 P. M., and Sunday from 1 to 5 P. M.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE STREET,
near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

BILLING.

Thoroughly experienced man to take charge of billing department in large wholesale house; one hour from New York; good salary and opportunity.. W. W., 216 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPERS.—Two practical double entry bookkeepers experienced in handling all ledger work and all details connected therewith; to be able to analyze accounts, and take off trial balances; must be exempt from draft; highest recommendations required. Address, stating salary expected and experience, J 210 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER in real estate department of large contracting company; draft exempt; familiar with balance sheets; operate typewriter; real estate experience desirable; excellent opportunity and good future for the right man; salary to start, $100 per month. Apply in own handwriting, with full particulars, L 100 Times.

BOOKKEEPER of experience, handle control accounts, trials, trial balances, &c.; salary start, $25; promotion as deserved; Christian firm; prefer married man; references. J 285 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, married, to take charge of books and cashier's desk; must not be over 40 years of age; installment house experience preferred. Apply Lauter Piano Co., 149 Newark Av., Jersey City.

BOOKKEEPING ASSISTANT in office of large manufacturing concern; state references, experience and salary expected. J 287 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, young man with knowledge of typewriting, in contractors' office. Apply McCloskey Bros., 694 3d Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Ledger keeper; good penman; $20 per week; hours 9 to 5; downtown. O 208 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—A large American fire insurance company has a few vacancies for bright boys. Write, stating age, experience, and salary expected. J 226 Times Downtown.

BOY by head office of large manufacturing concern; experience not necessary; state age, experience if any, education, salary expected, and nationality of parents; good opportunity for the right kind of boy. J 229 Times Downtown.

BOY

wanted by large manufacturing concern; a young, well educated boy for general office work. Apply, stating age, salary expected, and references. S. S. 209 Times Downtown.

BOYS, (four,) not under 16 years of age, bright and neat of appearance, wanted in office of large corporation; excellent opportunity for willing and energetic youths. Call 8:30 A. M., Ajax Rubber Co., 241 West 58th.

BOY to assist young man in storage file room, large insurance company. Address, specifying age and salary desired. J 268 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—New York Stock Exchange house; start as runners; chances for advancement; state age, references, education, and salary to start. Box 265 Times, 2 Rector St.

BOY who lives in the Bronx wanted for office work and errands; good opportunity for advancement. Cutler Hammer Co., 144th St. and Southern Boulevard.

BOY

to take care of mail in large wholesale business; $8; good opportunity. B. T., 310 Times Downtown.

BOY, willing, intelligent, preferably from high school, to run errands and make himself useful. Call Underwood & Underwood, 6 East 39th St.

BOY wanted at once by New York Times Current History, Room 1716, Times Building, Times Square. Apply by 9 A. M. Saturday.

BOY for office work in large publishing concern; opportunity for advancement; state salary desired. X 386 Times Annex.

BOY to run errands for art concern, chance for advancement. Ethridge Co., 25 East 26th.

BOY wanted, office work; good chance for advancement. 15 William St. Wall Street Financial Bureau.

BOY.—Wanted, bright boy in law office; salary $8 per week. Inquire Room 804, 48 Cedar St.

BOY, bright, wanted as office boy; good opportunity. Apply Room 1805, 48 Exchange Place.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOYS AND YOUNG MEN

wanted for various positions; both day and night work;
GOOD SALARY AND BONUS;
RAPID ADVANCEMENT.
Apply
Between 9 A. M. and 4 P. M.,
ROOM 1702, 24 WALKER ST.,
THE WESTERN UNION TEL. CO.

BOY, 14 TO 16 YEARS OF AGE, IN LARGE ADVERTISING AGENCY; ONE WHO IS ANXIOUS TO LEARN THE ADVERTISING BUSINESS TO START AS ERRAND BOY; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT; SALARY TO START, $6.

APPLY TO
Mr. J. E. SAGAN, 12TH FLOOR,
381 4TH AV., N. Y. C.

BOY WANTED.
LARGE MACHINERY DEALER OFFERS BRIGHT FUTURE TO AMBITIOUS BOY, OVER 16 YEARS OF AGE, FOR OFFICE DUTIES; SALARY $8 TO START; ADVANCEMENT RAPID TO SUCCESSFUL APPLICANT. O 241 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY wanted; the New York Times Current History requires the services at once of a boy for messenger duties, who will be advanced if he deserves it; $7. Apply to Mr. Neumann, Room 1710, Times Building, Times Square, at 9 A. M. Saturday.

BENCH HANDS.
Experienced men will receive high pay; day and night shifts, 48-hour week.
Employment Department will be open on Saturday until 5 P. M. and Sunday from 1 to 5 P. M.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th.

BUTCHERS wanted; competent, first class, absolutely reliable, thoroughly experienced men for fine trade. Apply by letter, stating age, salary, previous experience, must furnish reference, McCann & Co., 415 Market St., Pittsburgh, Penn.

CABINET MAKERS.

FIRST-CLASS BENCH HANDS; THOSE EXPERIENCED ON FINE GRADE CABINET WORK.
Apply
STANDARD AIRCRAFT CORP.,
Brunswick Av., Elizabeth, N. J.

CASHIER.—Man capable of taking a head cashier's position in a large manufacturing establishment operating a chain of stores in and around the City of New York; must have first-class experience, A1 references, and be capable of taking entire charge of the payroll, covering 2,000 people and upward; salary $2,000 a year to start. O 215 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEURS wanted. Reliable Chauffeurs' Exchange, 61 West 51st. Good positions open.

CHEMICAL ENGINEERS
FOR
EDITORIAL WORK.

A magazine devoted to chemical engineering desires to fill two vacancies on its editorial staff.

The position of assistant editor is open to a man with technical training and some practical experience, office and field work; editorial experience not necessary, but should have some literary ability.

A place as office assistant is open to a young man with some technical knowledge; good ability for development in editorial work.

In applying state age, experience, and salary expected. N 53 Times.

CHEMIST, thoroughly familiar with improved methods of manufacturing phenol, picric acid and other derivatives, by chemical plant; one attending productions of raw materials. O 236 Times Downtown.

CHOCOLATE MAN capable of superintending, mixing, tempering, and molding room in chocolate factory; good opportunity for right man; state age, experience, and salary expected. Address L. L. W., P. O. Box 229, New York City.

CLERK.—Married, 40 to 50 years, night duty, Y. M. C. A.; fair salary; permanent. Apply business Secretary, 215 West 23d St.

COLLECTORS for city route; age, 25-35; $2.25 daily; commission and expenses. Call between 10 and 11 A. M., Room 801, 3 West 29th St.

COUPLE, white, middle aged preferred; woman as cook and general housework, man for garden and general work; two in family; 20 miles out of New York; must be neat, clean, and of good character; wages $60 monthly. Apply Room 827, 2 Rector St., New York.

CYLINDER PRESSMEN, job pressmen, helpers, and cylinder feeders; permanent employment; wages for pressmen, $18 to $30; wages for helpers and cylinder feeders, $18 to $23; 10 per cent. bonus in addition; 48-hour week; 5-day week. Apply at once, George Simmons, International Representative I. P. P. and A. U., 1,305 Arch St., Philadelphia, Penn.

CYLINDER PRESSMEN, job pressmen, helpers, and cylinder feeders; permanent employment; wages for pressmen, $18 to $30; wages for helpers and cylinder feeders, $18 to $23; 10 per cent. bonus in addition; 48 hours week; 5-day week. Apply at once, Curtis Publishing Company, 7th and Sansom Sts., Philadelphia, Penn.

DAIRYMAN. — A dairy corporation has opening at its certified farm 45 miles from New York City for a single man to assist Superintendent in office and make himself generally useful in all branches of farming; salary, $60 per month, with good opportunity for advancement. Apply by letter, P. O. Box 12, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

DRAFTSMEN.

Wanted, experienced men on telephone equipment and electrical apparatus; steady work and good pay.
Employment department will be open on Saturday until 5 P. M., and Sunday from 1 to 5 P. M.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th.

DRAFTSMAN, TOOL DESIGNERS.
Several first-class men on instrument work for United States Government; must be thoroughly experienced on jigs, fixtures, and gauges for small-size high-grade machinery; state age, experience, nationality, and salary expected. K. J., 114 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, knowledge of airplane design; must be first-class man; good wages; steady employment. Apply Room 1705, 257 4th Av.

DRAFTSMAN wanted, one for electrical work; also one detailer. Apply the Simms Magneto, East Orange, N. J.

DRIVERS, CHAUFFEURS, HELPERS,
ADAMS EXPRESS CO.
WANTS YOUNG MEN.
GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO SECURE PERMANENT POSITIONS.
APPLY WAGON SERVICE DEPT,
30 TRINITY PLACE.

DRY KILN MEN wanted, day and night work. Apply Storeroom Astoria Veneer Mills and Dock Co., foot of Blackwell St. and 9th Av., Steinway, L. I.

ELEVATOR MAN.
Experienced apartment house work. See superintendent. Call all day at 370 Park Av. Plaza 6771.

ENGINE LATHE HANDS,
MUST BE CITIZENS
AND ABLE TO USE MICROMETER AND READ BLUEPRINTS.
E. W. BLISS CO.,
76 54TH ST., BROOKLYN.

EXECUTIVE CLERK wanted by long-established manufacturer and exporter, with ability to supervise work of several clerks in order and billing office in near future; ambitious young man will eventually secure position of greater responsibility than the one now under consideration; applicant need not be a bookkeeper, but his duties will entail general knowledge of office practice; initial salary $15-$20, more when earned. T 147 Times.

FANCY GOOD SALESMEN, (Western,) carry side line of ostrich feather furs; largest house in country; commission basis. Address A. B., 219 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

GAS WORKS FOREMAN.—Experienced and capable; licensed engineer preferred, though not necessary if otherwise qualified; must be thoroughly familiar with gas production, plant construction, and general operations; state age, experience, and wages or salary desired; give reference. Applications will be considered confidential if requested. X 359 Times Annex.

GAUGES AND TOOLMAKERS,
first-class men only; no others need apply; 70c to 75c per hour; 48-hour week; time and a half for overtime; American born and over draft age preferred. Employment Department, Slocum, Avran & Slocum Laboratories, Inc., 531 West 21st St.

GRINDERS,

First-class Americans, over draft age, who are thoroughly competent on surface grinding on tools and gauges, 65 to 68 cents per hour, 48-hour week, time and a half overtime.

Classified Advertising Rates

The New York Times

Count six words to a line.

Telephone Bryant 1000. Per Agate Line.
Agents Wanted.....50c
Apartments to Let and Wanted....42c
Automobile Exchange.....45c
Boarders and Board Wanted.....30c
Business Opportunities.....50c
Country Board.....40c
Employment Agencies.....50c
For Sale.....50c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted.30c
Help Wanted.....30c
Lost and Found.....50c
Mortgage Loans.....50c
Real Estate and Houses to Let....42c
Situations Wanted.....25c

OFFICES:

Times Building.....Times Square
Times Annex, 42d St. west of Broadway
Downtown.....7 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem.....2,109 Seventh Avenue
Bronx.....3,914 Third Avenue
Washington Heights...3,525 Broadway
Brooklyn, Room 605, 367 Fulton Street

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

STUTZ 1917 ROADSTER.
MILEAGE 2,000.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY.
665 5TH AV. PLAZA 4837.

STUTZ 6-cylinder, 45 H. P. runabout; fine condition; magneto, storage battery. Hengstenberg, 30 Church St. Telephone 2915 Cortlandt.

STUTZ Bulldog 4-passenger 1916, perfect mechanical condition; original paint; owner drafted. Weisberg, 30 East 23d St.

STUTZ 1917, 4 and 6 Pass. Touring. Packard Auto Exchange, 10 West 60th.

STUTZ 1916 4-passenger; like new; exceptionally fine car. Harris, 1,700 Broadway.

STUTZ 1916 roadster; wire wheels; fine condition. Harris, 1,700 Broadway.

STUTZ, 1916, sold for claim, $985. Phone 1081 Murray Hill.

WHITE UNUSUAL BARGAINS.
"White" Town Car,
6 and 7 Passenger Touring Car.
White Co., Park Av. and 57th St.
Used Car Dept. M. R. Greene, Mgr.

WILLYS KNIGHTS; several overhauled bargains in the most desirable Knight motored cars. Willys-Overland, Broadway and 50th St.

Miscellaneous.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
MERCER SPEEDSTER; condition like a brand new car.
1917 CADILLAC touring; like new.
1917 FRANKLIN 4-passenger brougham.
1917 CHANDLER Chummy Roadster; excellent condition.
1917 MITCHELL touring.
1918 STUDEBAKER 7-passenger; like new.
1917 CHALMERS town car, little "6"; almost new.
CHALMERS speedster, special C. T. Silver body; brand new; big discount.
1916 MERCER speedster; elegant condition.
NATIONAL 4-passenger chummy roadster.
1917 STUDEBAKER roadster; like new.
1917 PULLMAN touring.
STUTZ 4-passenger; $950.
1916 PACKARD landaulet.
1916 STUTZ runabout.
1917 DODGE touring and roadsters.
1917 FORD landaulet; suitable for taxi.
1917 EMPIRE chummy roadster.
TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
TRADES CONSIDERED.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
1,700 Broadway. One flight up.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
Open Sundays and Evenings.
Phone 967-968 Circle.

RIGHT PRICES.

1917 LIBERTY, small "6" touring.
1917 OLDSMOBILE, "8" touring.
1917 DODGE, seeing exceptional.
1917 STUDEBAKER, "6", seven-passenger.
1917 CHALMERS, small, "6" runabout.
1916 COLE touring, model "6M."
1916 LEXINGTON, seven-passenger.
1916 CAMPBELL, 7-passenger touring.
1916 CHALMERS, 7-passenger, cheap.
1916 HUPMOBILES, touring, special.
1916 CADILLAC, Victoria, 5-passenger.
1916 BUICK, 7-passenger, seven-passenger.
1916 STUTZ roadster, exceptional.
1916 STUDEBAKER, 5-passenger roadster.
1915 COLE, "8" touring, like new.
1915 OVERLAND, small touring.

CHOICE OF FIFTY OTHERS.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING AND SUNDAY.

THE BRIGHTON AUTO EXCHANGE, INC.,
Appraisers to the Trade,
1,077 Atlantic Av., cor. Franklin Av.,
BROOKLYN.

SURRELLE, (entire building,) 1/680 B'way.
ROLLS-ROYCE 1914 4-pass. touring.
PIERCE 1918 "38" limousine.
PIERCE 1918 "38" touring.
PIERCE 1917 "38" touring.
PIERCE 1917 "38" limousine.
PIERCE 1917 "38" roadster.
CADILLAC 1918 touring.
CADILLAC 1917 touring.
CADILLAC 1917 suburban sedan.
LOCOMOBILE 1917 4-pass. touring.
STUTZ 1916 4-pass. touring.
STUTZ 1917 "16-valve" speedster.
STUTZ 1917 Bulldog Special.
FIAT sedan; latest importation.
FIAT 4-pass. touring; latest importation.
FRANKLIN 1918 touring.
FRANKLIN 1918 brougham.
FRANKLIN 1918 sedan.
HUDSON 1916 4-pass. speedster.
HUDSON 1917 4-pass. speedster.
MANY OTHERS. OPEN EVENINGS.

EMPIRE MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
1,700 Broadway. One flight up.

1918 STUDEBAKER Roadster.
1917 CASE Touring.
1917 OLDSMOBILE Touring.
1917 OVERLAND Roadster.
1917 OVERLAND Touring.
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH.
1917 MAXWELL Roadster.
1917 CHEVROLET Touring.
1916 OLDSMOBILE Sport Touring.
STUTZ Racebout.
MERCER Touring.
EMPIRE MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
1,700 Broadway. One flight up.

A FEW CADILLAC SPECIALS.

1917 Brougham, 5-pass. Sedan.
1917 Victoria, 4-pass. convertible coupe.
1916 CADILLAC, 7-pass. touring.
LANCIA Roadster, Special, Brewster Body. All these cars are in exceptionally good condition and ready for immediate use.

DETROIT CADILLAC MOTOR CAR CO.
536 Broad St., Newark, N. J.
Used Car Dept. Tel. Mulberry 3240.

CADILLAC 1917 Touring.
PIERCE 1917 "38" Touring.
SIMPLEX 50, Latest Fleetwood Touring.
MERCER 1917 Touring.
STUTZ 1918 4-Pass. Touring.
STUTZ 1917 Speedster.
STUTZ 1917 Touring.
NATIONAL 1917 Touring.
DE DION Touring. Latest Importation.
LANCIA "35" Touring.
Schoonmaker & Jacod. 1,700 Broadway.

TOURING CAR.—Am compelled to sacrifice my late model 6-cylinder 7-passenger touring car; has powerful, full equipment; Westinghouse shock absorbers; used only privately; cannot distinguish from new; cost $4,200, sells for $1,500. Please write Mr. Isaacs, 1,664 West 171st, or call evenings, Audubon 8013.

Storage batteries at special prices; six volt lighting battery, $12; twelve volt starting and lighting battery, $20; guaranteed for 1 year. B. Shoots Co., 257 West 54th.

Will buy your car for cash or sell it for you quickly on consignment; buyers always waiting; large store; efficient service. 1,891 Broadway. Phone 8690 Col.

Motor Trucks.

KNOX TRACTORS.—Two Knox tractors in first-class condition, with 3 trailers equipped with rubber-tired wheels, ball-bearing axles; capacity, 12 tons each; perfect condition; will be sold at bargain. Hillman, 438 East 23d St. Gramercy 4183.

MOTOR TRUCKS to rent, new, 2½, 3½, 5 tons; yearly contracts. Lawrence Corp., 136 West 52d. Circle 190.

Automobiles for Rent.

AUTOS.
Rent private service at taxi rates.
HOUR, DAY, WEEK, OR MONTH.
Touring, limousine, and landaulets.
HOPE! AUTO RENTAL SERVICE,
411 West 55th St. Columbus 2892.

BUICK, 1918, touring; $1.50 hour; special rates for trips; owner drives; expert chauffeur-mechanic. Phone 1443-M Newtown.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire; hour, day, week, trip; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-5350 Bryant.

PACKARDS, Twin Sixes, Pierce-Arrows.—Hour, day, week; moderate. Muldoon, Columbus 7261.

PACKARD for rent, beautiful twin six, landaulette; reasonable rates, hour, week, or month. Telephone Riverside 5316. O'Neil.

PACKARD twin sixes, hour, week, or month. Wilmarth, 8030 Columbus.

G. V. LANCIA landaulettes, beautiful town cars, high-class monthly service, moderate. Kline, 425 West 54th. Columbus 398.

Automobiles Wanted.

FORD.—I want a Ford or other make, late model; must be a bargain and in perfect running order; please give lowest price and full particulars to receive attention. Address Principal, O 257 Times Downtown.

STUTZ speedster or touring; must be late model; will pay spot cash if price is right; no dealers. Behrman, Hotel Hargrave, 112 West 72d.

WANTED.—Almost new, used Hudson Super Six, Peerless or Cadillac light 7-passenger; must be in good condition; will pay cash. Sugar, 394 Broadway. Phone Franklin 2380.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Automobiles Wanted.

STUTZ, Mercer, Cadillac, Packard, Buick, Hupmobile, &c., wanted spot cash ready. Bring car, or telephone to Circle 2476. Jandorf Automobile Co., 1,763 Broadway.

ELECTRIC BROUGHAM wanted; late model; state full particulars; no dealers. X 354 Times Annex.

WILL pay $500 to $5,000 cash for good cars; 911 Portland. Preston. 245 West 55th. Phone Circle 1293.

CADILLAC 8-cylinder or Packard Twin Six Touring in good condition. F. McGill, 593 Riverside Drive.

HIGH-CLASS AUTOMOBILES wanted; late models only; immediate cash purchase. Columbus 8863.

AUTOCAR TRUCK wanted, 1916 or 1917; give particulars. B. L., Times Bronx.

WILL PAY highest prices any make car. Karp, 1,790 Broadway. Columbus 5322.

STUTZ four passenger, 1916 or 1917; state price; no dealers. L 91 Times.

Automobile Bodies.

MARMON auto bodies—Limousine, landaulette and touring; bargain prices. Jandorf, 1,763 Broadway.

STEARNS auto bodies—Landaulettes and limousines, cheap and swell. Jandorf, 1,763 Broadway.

Automobile Repairing.

WHY A NEW CAR? Auto welding, repairing, quality workmanship; estimates given. Washington Heights Shop, 528 West 162d. Audubon 5201.

Automobile Instruction.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL. Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write 235 West 50th St. for booklet. Ladies' classes.

Auto School Largest and best school in the WEST SIDE U.S. Send for booklet and pass Y. M. C. A. to school. Telephone Columbus 302 W. 57th St. 7920. Special classes for ladies.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Manufacturing Proposition. - Cotton batting business for sale; line well known and in high standing; equipment complete for making both small batts and three-pound goods, batch and garnett; also special fine numbers; price low and includes good will; investigation invited and full information furnished. J. Brondbent & Son, Inc., Unionville, Conn.

Am looking for an article of merit to manufacture that has daily consumption, to be sold through specialty salesmanship. My plant is located in Rochester. Have well trained sales force. John G. Elbs, 1,037 Jay St., Rochester, N. Y.

Wanted—Part of window, good location; will advertise your store and increase your business; article can be manufactured until soon. New York Table Bed Co., 333 East 26th St. Madison Square 2390.

Laundry business and property on plot 85 ft. by 200 for sale; price $24,000; yearly business over $27,000; up-to-date plant in every particular; ill-health forces sale. X 330 Times Annex.

Barber wishes to contract for privilege in first-class hotel, or will rent space in good business district; 2 chairs; cutting rent and other particulars by A. Sileo, 1,730 Broadway.

CHAUFFEURS wanted who can invest a few hundred dollars in a good paying motor truck contract. Room 902, 1,457 Broadway.

Rare Chance.—For sale at great sacrifice, wholesale jobbing millinery in new millinery section. Reason illness. L 120 Times.

BENEVOLENCE.—Campaigns managed and financed; less than half usual cost. D 456 Times Annex.

For Sale.—11,000 names, women mail order buyers; $50. T., Box 86, Station F.

FOR SALE.

Thirty tons soft C., R. steel in coils, ranging in thickness from .014 to .062 and from ⅝ inch to 7 inches wide, 7c. pound; 2 tons Pope Island red metal from .051 to .052 thick, 2⅝ inches to 6 inches wide, 45c. pound; 500 pounds 5 per cent. G. S. soft .020x8 inches by lig feet, polished one side, 40c. pound; 3,500 pounds 80 per cent. G. S. soft .017x3⅝ inches by 10 feet, 45c.; one 8-head polishing bench, $400; all prices net f. o. b. Providence and subject to prior sale. Metal Products Corporation, Providence, R. I.

Purchase and Exchange.

Highest cash prices paid for furnishings, pianos, Oriental rugs. Baisley, 115 University Place. Tel. 2200 Gramercy.

Contents houses; pianos, carpets, antiques bought. Miles, 155 E. 126th St. 1299 Harlem.

ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Signal Reserve Corps.

Following to participate in flights:
Rouillot, 1st Lt. J. P.
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Fort, F. B. | Hauschen, J. G.
Morehead, J. L. | Thomas, W. F.
Rosson, J. R. | Camp, J. W.
Smith, L. R. | Tommers, A. E. B.
Burris, C. A. | Fuhrman, D. C.
McCue, J. B. | Andrews, E. W.
Crummey, J. J. M. | Chadwick, S.
Byerly, F. W. | Lanfall, J. T.
Peddycoart, C. M. | Coyle, F. J.
Walker, C. L. | Jolly, J. S.
Hostetler, W. D. | Lautz, T. V. V.
Kelly, F. W. | Moore, W. E.
Lawyer, S. E. | Scantlin, T. E.
Roth, A. F. | Dole, A., Jr.
Sultan, T. P.

Following to Brooks Field:
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Kilburn, J. B. | Reade, G. W.
King, R. W.
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Taylor, N. L. | Lodewyck, A. G.

Following to Taylor Field:
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Pelk, P. G. | Perry, M. G.
Robinson, B. B. | Allen, G.
Gibson, P. | Fraser, K. G.
Cutts, G. B. | Harris, W. L.
Walker, C. R. | Orfutt, M. W., Jr.
Hoffman, V. W. | Reber, A. D.
Pyne, H. R.

Following to Camp Dick:
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Oliver, R. S. | Whitman, J. B.
Sinn, F. R. | Linder, J. E.
Rossin, J. R. | Smith, L. R.
Sturdivant, E. R. | Goss, C. N.
Thomas, W. F. | Morehead, J. L.
Black, R. O. | Fields, C. P.
Reed, H. S. | Carlin, J. F.
Wallace, E. S. | Zeisenheim, J. R.
Chisay, J. C. | Burch, M. P.
Potrilli, J. M.

Birdsall, 2d Lt. C. A., and Clark, 2d Lt. J. G., Jr., to Chanute Field.

Following to Tallaferro Field:
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Arthur, R. P. | McDonald, H.
Clark, G. S. | Patterson, F. S.
Clement, F. P. | Roberts, J. S.
Davis, R. E. | Wallace, E. S.
Floyd, G. D. | Weeks, J. S.
Johnston, D.
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Aaron, R. L. | Mack, D. L.
Beehler, O. H. | Merrick, L. M.
Bell, G. E. | Miller, M. B.
Bigelow, J. L. | Montgomery, J. E.
Brenneke, A. M. | Morse, C. L.
Brooks, E. J. | Munn, J. C., Jr.
Burrall, H. J. | Norton, A. W.
Clark, H. L. | Osborne, L. A., Jr.
Cleveland, R. L. | Payne, O. S.
Crawford, D. M. | Rollins, R.
Curry, J. T., Jr. | Sears, L. A.
Dudley, L. M. | Shirey, W. H.
French, J. | Smith, H. G.
Garomi, R. | Smith, M. L.
Gray, R. C. | Speer, D. M.
Hanp, C. W. | Stephenson, A. B.
Hodgson, H. C. | Stithen, E. A., Jr.
Horrell, C. R. | Willis, J.
Humphrey, W. S. | Charlton, D. H.
Jones, F. L. | Feuchtwanger, P. J.
Judge, J. B. | Bittinger, H. P.
Libscomb, MacD. E. | Schadt, W. F.
Lodge, W. H.

Following to Rich Field:
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Cole, D. W. | Rowe, J. A.
Ladd, M. | Scales, G. W
Scoville, I. N.

Following to Eberts Field:
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Southwick, P. O. | Tainall, E. R.
Stoddard, J. C. | Stein, L. H.
Burke, F. X. | Hosmer, F. E.
Swift, R. F. | Vancamp, A. H.

Following to Kelly Field:
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Murphy, J. L. | Drake, J. W.
Markham, J. A. | Parsons, C.
Gillin, J. M.
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Logan, H. B. | Lavender, F.
Cunningham, B. W. | Davis, E. L.
Ford, J. B. | Frans, E. W.
French, J. T. | Gamble, H. C.
Jackson, B. E. | Jackson, H. C.
Lackey, C. R. | Luczon, G. L.
Hopper, C. E. | Markham, A. W.
Moore, S. M., Jr. | Nason, R. S.
Otis, R. R. | Flaherty, M. J.
Gilmore, O. L.

Following to Carlstrom Field:
Turner, Capt. W. J.
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Smith, W. L. G. | Potter, C. M.
Clarke, DeF. | Skidmore, A. A.
Snyder, D. V. E. | Steele, J. L., Jr.
Sloss, L., Jr. | Taylor, C. G.
Robertson, LeR. | Valentine, H. W.
Dimmick, H. E. | Williams, P. L.
Ferguson, W. W. | Wright, E. F., Jr.
Gillett, J. D. | Snodgrass, M. H.
Horner, H. R. | Jenk, F. H.
Boyd, L. | Snyder, E. MacG.
Meyen, B. P. | Austin, F.
Murphy, M. H. | Caraway, T. E.

Following to Call Field:
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Dillin, F. H. | Glenn, C. E.
Wright, J. R. | Burch, M. H.
Crissey, J. C. | Jackson, B., Jr.
Peterson, P. C. | Riley, S. S., Jr.
Rogers, L. H. | Sanders, W. C.
Collins, R. B. | Mann, A. C.
Petrilli, J. M. | Robinson, M. G.
Todd, E. T. | Charles, W. K.
Gardner, R. B. | Little, F. E.
Morrison, W. F. | Turner, R. W.

Following to Gerstner Field:
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Thompson, T. W. | Trent, S. V.
Trevithick, F. W. | Wadsworth, P. E.
Warner, H. O.

Owens, Capt. M. F., to Taylor Field.

Following to Hazelhurst Field:
Udy, 1st Lt. H.
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Culp, A. B. | Geib, W. F.
Cramer, I. W. | Taylor, W. A.
Forsyth, J. M. | Gwyer, A.
Merrick, L. F. | Ucker, H. C.
Palmer, H. | Gottschall, R. W.
Green, N. I.

Sage, Capt. A. G. C., to School of Mil. Aeronautics, Columbus, O.

Murrell, 2d Lt. C. W., to Ft. Monroe.

Walkup, 1st Lt. T.; Horrell, 1st Lt. W. A.; Lipscomb, 2d Lt. W. H., and Murphy, 2d Lt. E. A., will report to Chief Sig. Off.

Peterson, 2d Lt. J. A.; Adler, 2d Lt. G. W.; Rohstroh, 2d Lt. C., and Rhinehart, 2d Lt. J. B. G., to Taylor Field.

Nelson, 2d Lt. C. E., to Garden City Av.

Wallace, 2d Lt. J. A., to Indianapolis.

Mayo, 1st Lt. E. H., orders of Feb. 14 amended; take station at Indianapolis and report by wire to Chief Sig. Off.

Caulfield, 2d Lt. S. W., to New Haven Duesenberg Motors Corp.

Kiesewetter, 2d Lt. E. W., to Waco Av. Camp.

Frindel, 2d Lt. S., to Fairfield, Ohio, Av. Supply Depot.

Buchanan, 2d Lt. J. D., to Dallas Engine & Plane Repair Depot.

Janda, 1st Lt. G. W., to Camp Sevier.

Taylor, 2d Lt. W. W., to Scott Field.

Carson, 1st Lt. O. L., to Little Silver.

Aldredge, Private S. R., and Black, Private O. B., orders of Mar. 25 amended to announce their appointment as 2d Lts. in Sig. R. C.

Trapp, 1st Lt. W. C., orders of Feb. 11 amended; he will take station at Detroit and report by wire to Chief Sig. Off.

Waterman, Sergt. A. T., appointed 2d Lt. in Av. Sec., at Langley Field and will report by letter to off. in charge, Science and Research Division of Sig. C.

Carlin, 2d Lt. J. F., Wallace, 2d Lt. E. S., and Zeisenheim, 2d Lt. J. R., to Love Field.

Medical Reserve Corps.

Carlyle, Capt. W. L., orders of Mar. 22 revoked.

Pickhardt, 1st Lt. O. C., orders of Mar. 18 revoked.

Stetten, Capt. DeW., orders of Mar. 18 revoked.

Lyle, Maj. W. C., orders of Mar. 16 revoked.

Lewis, Maj. D. D., orders of Feb. 25 revoked.

Fox, 1st Lt. R. T., orders of Mar. 19 revoked.

Kane, 1st Lt. W. J., orders of Mar. 19 revoked.

Miller, Capt. G. H., orders of Mar. 13 revoked.

Saylin, 1st Lt. W. H., orders of Mar. 9 revoked.

Noel, Capt. H. L., orders of Mar. 23 revoked.

Following are hon. discharged:
Noel, Capt. H. L.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Jourdan, V. J. P. | Porch, E. H.
Doggett, S. | Greenstein, C. J.
Lackner, F.

Following to Ft. Riley for inst.:
CAPTAINS.
Ferguson, J. C. | Ten Broeck, L. L.
Johnston, E. A. | Warren, F. S.
Morrow, W. H. | Wylie, D. C.
Smith, C. F.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Bassett, W. G. | Muir, J. W.
Cowart, R. W. | Murray, L. F.
Cowern, E. W. | Phillips, W. H.
Cyr, A. | Polk, W. T.
Daniel, D. C. | Rumreich, E. A.
Dawson, J. L. | Sammons, G. W.
Enfield, J. D. | Sapper, H. V. L.
Foster, J. W. | Schiele, W. C.
Germo, C. | Schoen, E.
Hinkle, C. G. | Shepard, C. O.
Holland, B. P. | Spencer, R. T.
Hollis, L. W. | Stevens, J.
Kerr, C. C. | stormel, J.
Lockey, S. B. | Strickler, A. F.
Longmire, V. M. | Travis, R. T.
Lucas, R. T. | Twiss, H.
Malley, J. A. | Von Der Meyer, W. H.
McCann, G. E. | Weinburgh, H. B.
McDougald, D. W. | Withrow, M. E.
Milford, E. St. C. | Swodenburg, A. W.

Following to Camp Greenleaf for inst.:
MacPherson, Capt. G. S.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Beadles, C. H. | Talmage, J. B.
Yeo, G. H. | Gehrmann, G. H.
Minker, M. J.

Following to Camp Meade with Base Hosp. No. 42:
MAJORS.
Gamble, C. B., Jr. | Murphy, J. A.
CAPTAINS.
White, W. K. | Osborne, H. S.
Haynes, H. H. | Patterson, D. C.
Hayward, E. H. | Piggott, J. B.
Looper, E. A.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Galvin, T. K. | Gott, E. F.
Marino, F. C. | Stein, H. M.
Bailey, C. L. | Cutler, I. H.
Jennings, F. L. | Johnson, E. S.
Nale, H. L. | Schultz, E. W.
Whitaker, Maj. H. J., to Camps Grant, Dodge, and Base Hosp. at Ft. Riley, for conference with Chiefs of Surgical Service, then to his station.

Following to Camp Pike:
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Dixon, W. L. | Van Schaick, H. D.
Lane, J. F. | Watson, W. A.
Schott, W. H. | Yancy, E. R.
Sherwood, R. G.

Following to Ft. Allen, in Hosp. No. 68:
CAPTAINS.
Kingsbury, J. | Wood, W. A.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Brobst, J. R. | Parness, S.
Chumley, C. P. | Platt, M. W.
Cox, O. F., Jr. | Rydell, C. B.
Ewing, L. H. | Sawyer, A. R.
George, S. | Severance, R. N.
Lingle, C. P.

Following to Camp Upton:
CAPTAINS.
Miller, I. H. | Milkowski, C. W.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Levy, S. K. | Rainu, W.
Low, W. E., Jr. | Rivenbaugh, W. T.
Huber, J. G. | Siegel, F. F.
MacNaughton, W. F. | Roberts, P. F.
Oppermann, G. M. | Mollenhauer, H. J.
Carter, W. | Sayres, G. A.
Dimock, A. R. | Schenck, G. W.
Fordyce, A. W. | Somerville, J. W.

Following to Ft. McPherson at Army Hosp. 6:
Hanes, Maj. F. M.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Bortz, W. M. | O'Malley, H. C.
Dattner, A. A. | Price, C. E.
French, J. H. | Ransone, A. T.
Holsenberger, J. C., Jr. | Rowan, W. S.
Lewis, W. D. | Snively, C. F.
Long, M. | Stubbs, L. E.
Manley, J. R. | Tibbins, P. McD.

Following to Camp Dix:
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Bieber, E. | Kistler, R. H.
Doescher, T. F. | Sinon, M. L.
Gillson, H. V. | Udinsky, H. J.
Greutzner, E. T. | Wechsler, J.
Fox, E. | Wishnack, M.
Hendleman, S.

Davisson, Capt. A. H.; Conway, 1st Lt. R. E.; Harrison, 1st Lt. C. H., and Perliman, 1st Lt. L., to Camp Wadsworth as members of Tuberculosis Board.

Jump, Maj. H. D., to following places, duty re Med. Dept.: Albuquerque, Angeles, San Diego, Sacramento, Del Monte, San Francisco, Fresno, Salt Lake City, Cheyenne, Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Ft. Dodge, La Crosse, Minneapolis, Mitchell, Davenport, Madison.

Pickhardt, 1st Lt. O. C., to Army Hosp. 16, Biltmore, N. C.

Bell, Capt. R. D., to Mass. Inst. of Tech. for temp. duty, then to his station.

Stevenson, Capt. A. W.; Sauer, 1st Lt. W., and White, 1st Lt. W. B., to Hazelhurst Field, and will report by letter to Chief Sig. Off.

Macdonald, Maj. J., Jr., to Newark, N. J., as President of Board of Examiners there, vice Maj. D. A. Kraker.

Taylor, 1st Lt. W. H., to Camp Grant.

Street, 1st Lt. D. C., to Base Hosp. 42, at Camp Meade.

Johnson, 1st Lt. H. W., to Hosp. 2, at Ft. McHenry.

Stowe, 1st Lt. O. P., to Chicago for inst.

Botz, Capt. W. H., to Ft. Omaha.

Quick, 1st Lt. R. W., to Ft. Bliss.

Berger, 1st Lt. E. L., to Williamsbridge Hosp.

Batson, 1st Lt. T. T., to Camp Beauregard.

Brewster, Capt. R. B., to revert to inactive list.

Lewis, Maj. D. D., to Hoboken, with Base Hosp. 13.

McFarland, Maj. J., to Lakewood, N. J., at Army Hosp. 9.

Bruce, 1st Lt. E. A., orders of March 5 amended to direct him to report to Supt., Experiment Station, Am. Univ., for duty.

Smith, 1st Lt. F. M., to Camp Upton to examine troops for cardio-vascular diseases.

Habliston, 1st Lt. C. C., to Camp Meade.

Metcalf, 1st Lt. E. H., to Camp Wadsworth to examine command for tuberculosis.

Pike, Capt. N. J., to camp Logan.

Middlebrook, Capt. R., to Ft. Totten with 58th Art., and by letter to Eastern Dept.

Cavalry.

Briggs, 2d Lt. R. A., 11th, promoted to be a 1st Lt.

Moulston, 1st Lt. J. E., orders of March 12 revoked.

Brennan, 1st Lt. J. J., and Pinsenchaum, 1st Lt. A., to Ft. Bliss, with 314th.

Hoagland, 2d Lt. G. B., 1st, temporarily promoted to be a 1st Lt. in Sig.C.

Following of N.G. to Ft. Bliss, with 314th.
Stoner, Maj. L. P.
CAPTAINS.
Alpers, G. F. | Spencer, H. H.
Donaldson, H. H. | Harbinson, 1st Lt. J. R.
Barrett, A. McC.

Following temporarily promoted to be 1st Lts. and assigned as indicated:
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Ellis, M. H., 12th. | Twichell, N.D., 13th.
Hayes, W. P., 12th. | Wiener, H.C., 16th.
Lamber, J. I., 13th. | Benson, T.M., unas'g'd.
Rogers, L. W., 18th. | Prescott, L.E., Jr., 17th.
Medlar, W. P., 5th. | Kelley, A.S., 8th.
Shafer, L. A., 8th. | Connell, R.T., 11th.
Bubb, C. B. B., 17th. | Mead, G.R., 10th.
Guenthar, G. S., 1st. | Wilson, D.McK., 8th.
Forster, H. W., 2d. | Williams, E.A., 14th.
Ketler, F. C., 14th. | Kingsbury, S., 6th.
Pope, C., 2d, 3d Cav. | Platt, G.S., 11th.
McDowell, J. V., 16th. | Dunkle, D.R., unas'g'd.
Hart, H. L., 3d. | Paullin, H.G., 16th.
Bogman, J. H. B., 10th | Smith, M.P., 12th.
Gallier, R. H., 7th. | Irving, J.H., 14th.
Haydon, S. S., 12th. | McLaughlin, W., 12th.
Chaille, D. J., 16th. | Meador, M.F., 5th.
McIntosh, A. E., 1st. | Davis, S.W., 11th.
Kinney, J., Jr., 11th. | Werts, C.B., 13th.
Nelson, H. H., 11th. | Reilly, H.H., 18th.
McAuley, L. C., 2d. | Tabor, W.D., 17th.
Johnston, C. R., 2d. | Fickett, E.M., 12th.
Batchelor, V. W., 13th. | Palmer, C.H., 5th.
Boudinot, R. E., 8th. | Mishou, T.F., Jr., 1st.
Boon, S., Jr., 6th. | Strawn, C.C., 12th.
Gunther, W., 17th. | Breitinger, J.R., 2d.
Morledge, R. V., 10th. | DeLorimier, A.J., 10th.
Noble, J., 6th. | Coleman, W.O., 3d.
Torrence, J. E., 3d. | Baltzer, A.C., 10th.
Dorland, C. P., unassigned. | VanCleave, W., 12th.
McQueen, E. D., 2d. | Tallant, R.E., 18th.
Groff, A. E., 17th. | Cheshire, H.H., 8th.
Zerbee, A. F., 11th. | Wood, J.A., unassigned.
Wood, J. B., 5th. | Whitmore, M.T., 17th.
Wehr, A. J., 14th. | Leask, S.J., Jr., 17th.
Apeldorn, L. F., Jr., 10th. | Husted, J.W., Jr., unassigned.
Heavey, T. J., unassigned. | Elliott, W., Jr., unassigned.
Stangell, J. A., 5th. | Daniels, M.S., Jr., 3d.
Williamson, R. E. S., unassigned. | Sawyer, E.W., 18th.
Simmonds, R. E., unassigned. | Sutton, A.F., Jr., 2d.
Diehl, J. R. W., 3d. | Elnkley, V., 1st.
Bertholet, F. E., 5th. | Lawrence, J.O., 2d.
Garity, R. H., 16th. | Galley, J.K., Jr., 10th.
Jedlicka, C., 6th. | Shugrue, J.V., 13th.
Conner, L. B., 7th. | Welch, H.A., 1st.
Saunders, J. S., 12th. | Hammond, R.L., 1st.
Custis, A. B., 1st. | Harrison, E.W., Jr., 7th.
Brownson, A. R., 8th. | Pattison, G.P., 17th.
Reed, P. D., 1st. | Cocker, J.L., 12th.
Warren, G.S., 11th. | Ransdell, J.H., 2d.
Ketchum, J.E., 17th. | Gibbs, R.C., 17th.
Ewing, J.W., 2d. | Isker, R.A., 1st.
Rankin, C. B., 11th. | Maxwell, R.R., unassigned.
MacDonald, J.A., 17th. | Blanham, R.L., 2d.
Reynolds, N.R., 8th. | Jenkins, J.W., unassigned.
Torrey, A.H., 18th. | Wideman, F., 11th.
Gatchell, W.C., unas'g'd | Donald, J.T., 15th.
Bishop, H.D., 2d. | Hollyday, G.T.O., 11th.
Dissinger, C.E., 16th.
Breaks, H.M., 4th.
Rink, 2d Lt. A., appointment terminated.

Following provisionally promoted to be 1st Lts.:
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Kelly, D. C. | Silkman, J. M.
Jones, C. L. | Mickelsen, S. R.
Chase, E. F. | Morse, L. B.
Wheeler, R. A. | Glasheen, R. E.
Savage, W. W. | Vigneron, E. M.
Schaefer, C. J., Jr. | Meredith, H. C.
Whittaker, LeR. A. | Beatley, R.
Kramer, H. W. | Farnham, G. W.
Datwiler, H. P. | Barry, E. F.
Horstetter, C. F. | Clyde, R. A.
Vandenburgh, J. J. | Tucker, F. G.
Roper, P. S. | Holland, S. L.
Beck, J. S. | Bultman, H. F. E.
De Swarte, C. G. | Pearson, W. B.
Brown, B. B. | Sykes, E. P.
Combs, M. A. | Lum, B. A.
Kibbe, L. A. | Fleet, R. S.
Clayton, L. L. | Whittlesley, L. M.
Ashford, S. D. | Murphy, J. G.
Mayer, W. | Miller, J.
Craig, J. L. | Mulcahy, G. F. A.
Stough, G. H. | Jones, W. J.
Loucks, C. E. | Saecker, C. E.
Tazewell, E. B. | Harshman, C. C.
Cochran, H. M. | Orr, P. H.
Cox, A. C. | Harris, J. M.
Hunt, P. J. | Middlebrook, P. H.
Smullen, C. K. | Webster, S.
Pettigrew, M. W. | O'Neill, F. E.
Hilton, H. H. | Warren, M.
Knaus, W. F. | Spann, R. D.
Levy, M. M. | Hawkins, A. C.
Taylor, D. M. | Kew, R. M.
Rosenblatt, S. H. | Campbell, E. R.
Mavell, N. | Card, J. W.
Woody, G. A. | Gibson, J. B.
Gowing, M. R. | Hardwick, H. R.
O'Connell, G. M. | Cone, M. S.
Goeppert, L. W. | Gooch, R. K.
Rawson, F. R. | Rader, C. B.
Bell, F., Jr. | Marshall, G.
Overend, H. G. | Ricker, G. W.
Gewer, A. W. | Pollock, M. W.
Smith, G. C. | Landon, S. W., Jr.
Moore, O. C. | Clyde, L.
Tinsley, G. C. | Jenkins, J. S., Jr.
Gilmore, A. F. | Hart, W. LeR.
Hobson, T. E. | Lee, J. P.
Lewis, J. T. | Oglesby, E. J.
Upham, W. A. | Riggs, C. G.
Conover, J. D. | Barbour, D. L.
Gresh, R. A. | Thornburg, H. W.
Conklin, A. P. R. | Tinkhall, L. M.
Jeffords, W. Q., Jr. | Tallaferro, E. S.
Gilchrist, F. W. | Patterson, A. F.
McCrorkey, S. L. | Evans, H. T.
Patrick, G. A. | Ainsworth, W. P. E.
Powers, H. H. | McClure, D. F.
Thee, W. C. | Case, H.
McCaustland, G. G. | Ray, J. V.
Davis, W. E. | Vaughan, W. S.
Bucher, O. B. | Hawkins, R. D.
King, E. W. | De Witt, R. P.
Dillard, J. W. | Collet, W. J.
Mattocks, J. K. | McSherry, J. J.
Armstrong, W. E. | Hammond, C. S.
McGarraugh, R. E. | Whittelsey, C. S., Jr.
Etheridge, F. H. | Adams, R. B.
Beale, | Taylor, L. J.
Trickey, C. T. | Christman, J. K.
Bruner, A. P. | Littlefield, W. B.
McKinnis, F. M. | Montagne, W. W.
Swett, F. S. | Roberts, G. B.
Huston, A. C. | Moreland, B. G.
Mengert, U. J. | Ralston, J. M.
Dalsheimer, H. | Crowell, D. G.
Coward, R. W. | De Lorenzi, O.
Browne, R. T. | Campbell, A. G.
Merrill, J. O. | Pringle, J. G.
Levinson, H. C. | Phinizy, J.
Howe, P. S., Jr. | Hagelstein, C. H.
Kreeger, M. W. | Jordan,

EXPECTS NEW BLOW ON WESTERN FRONT
War Department Thinks Germans Are Determined to Force a Decision
ASKS U. S. TO RUSH TROOPS
Lloyd George Sends Urgent Appeal to Lord Reading
NEW YORK, March 27.—A message from David Lloyd George, prime minister of Great Britain, calling upon the United States to send "American Atlantic in time"
EARLY GERMAN PLOTS IN U. S. DISCLOSED
Documents Show Use of and Anarchists 1914.
FEAR OF AMERICANS SPEEDS HINDENBURG
or Never," Is Watchword of Germans, Captured Prisoners Reveal.
NERVE UNSHAKEN
GERMANY ANXIOUS, BUT DETERMINED
GO THE LIMIT NEXT LIBERTY LOAN SLOGAN
City and Ninth Federal Reserve District Asked to That
SEE SPY HAND IN EXPLOSION
MOVED BY ALLIED DEMAND FOR MEN
Question of Shortening Training Period Here Divides Military
MUST SPEED SHIPS TO BEAT THE KAISER
Allies Will Lose If America Fails, Maj Bo
Bet the Men Overseas Urges at Bost
RUSH SUPPLIES TO FEED THE
ATING GERMANS
RESTED
SPIES BLOCKING
GRAM
PERSHING CABLES THAT AMERICAN ENGINEERS ARE ON BATTLEFIELD
ree Companies in Swept Area, But He Has Had No Report From Them
BLY FOUGHT
OTHERS IN
T CAMBRAI
ENGLAND ASKS QUICK U. S. AID
Rush Americans to Front, George's Plea
Says Message
Dinner
MEN FROM AMERICA THE REAL NEED NOW
Million Fresh Troops Be- the Lines Germany's led.
100,000 U. S. Troops May Strike Back at Germ
Officials Expect Great Coun
Army of 800,000 Allied
To-Day or To-Morro
ALL BUSINESS MUST BOW TO WAR DEMAND
Nonessential Produc- tion Will Hal
Speed U.
NOW
'WE ARE AT THE CRISIS, HASTEN U. S. TROOPS, CRIES LLOYD GEORGE
Premier Sends Appeal for Help Thru Baron Reading
March 27. George.
MARCHING AMERICANS FILL THE HIGHROADS
Pershing's Men, Eager for Open Fi Envied by Comrades the Way.
ARMY IN
AMERICAN WOMEN KILLED IN PARIS
Mrs. Lucy Landon, and Mrs. Marie Grinnell Among Shell Victims in Paris Church.
POPE SENDS OFFER OF AID
nt of City Continues claims Responsibility e of Life.

I Will Do It Today

And Do it Before the Sun Goes Down Tonight

IF I do not get another thing done today, I will do this one thing—as a fitting remembrance of that day, just a year ago, when America entered this war.

I will go *today* and buy a Liberty Bond.

I'll buy a Liberty Bond whether I *think* I can or not. I'll buy one although I had already bought a dozen. I'll do it no matter what kind of obstacle stands in my way. That is the only way we Americans can win this war—it's by doing the things that other people say "can't be done."

DON'T let's allow another year to roll 'round and find us still wondering *who* is going to win this war—let's decide that question today, once and for all. And we *can* decide it if you and I and every American will jump right into this thing and say "I WILL do it."

There is not another thing we can do that will help our boys to win this fight as much as the fact that we here at home are *ready to back them up*—right to our last cent.

There is not another thing that will so stem the tide of German confidence as the knowledge that they have gone up against a nation that *will not* back down—a united nation that they cannot overwhelm—that is made of sterner stuff than they are.

GO to the nearest bank, trust company, department store or other authorized agency and make application for your Bonds. Convenient terms of payment will be arranged. Some banks and employers will let you buy Liberty Bonds on payments as low as $1 per week.

The Third Liberty Loan for $3,000,000,000 pays 4¼% interest semi-annually, payable March 15th and September 15th. Bonds of this loan are non-convertible and will be accepted at par and accrued interest in payment of Federal Inheritance Taxes. The wealth of the whole nation stands back of these bonds. The Government has established a 5% Sinking Fund to protect the market value of *all* Liberty Bonds.

No fee of any kind will be charged whether you buy for cash or on the installment plan—every dollar you invest goes directly to the Government and will be used to help win the war.

Don't let us wait until heavy casualty lists bring home to us the fact that we are at war. Let's do our part today to *keep* the war *itself* from "coming home" to us on this side.

FORGET that you are a laborer—forget that you are an employer—forget that you are anything except an American—the kind of an American that says "I WILL"—and *does* it.

Buy that Liberty Bond today. *Not* alone because it's a good investment—*not* alone because you want to save a few dollars—*not* because you'd be ashamed not to buy one—but buy it *because you want to end this war.*

If you and I and every other American takes that stand today—there will be no war on next April 6th.

READ the full details of the Third Liberty Loan. You can buy on the installment plan or for cash. Read how to buy—and then before you do another thing, say:—

I'll Buy My Liberty Bond Today

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